

THE TARBORO' PRESS.

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The Tarborough Press,

By GEORGE HOWARD, Jr.

Is published weekly at *Two Dollars* per year if paid in advance—or, *Two Dollars and Fifty Cents* at the expiration of the subscription year. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time on giving notice thereof and paying arrears. Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at *One Dollar* the first insertion, and 25 cents for every continuance. Longer advertisements at that rate per square. Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements 25 per cent. higher. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise directed, and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they may not be attended to.

M'ILWAINE, BROWNLEY, & CO.,

Petersburg, Va.,

ARE now receiving their *Fall Supply of*

GROCERIES,

Which is very general and extensive—to which they invite the attention of purchasers. In their assortment may be found,

- 160 hds brown Sugars, common to fine,
- 75 packages loaf and lump Sugars,
- 50 barrels clarified, crush'd & powdered do.
- 750 bags Rio, Laguira, Cuba and Java coffee,
- 1000 casks cut nails and brads,
- 40 hds and tierces Molasses, part *Superior*,
- 60 tons Swed., English and American irons,
- 350 ps. cotton bagging, various wts. and qualities,
- 300 coils bale rope, hemp, flax and jute,
- 1500 lbs sewing, wrapping and seine twine,
- 2000 " ball and hank shoe thread,
- 1500 sides oak and hemlock sole leather,
- 150 dozen, upper leather, calf, kip and sheep skins,
- 2000 sacks L'Pool fine and ground salt,
- 1000 reams wrap'g. writ'g & letter paper,
- 20,000 lbs. western Bacon, sides and shoulders,

- German, blist'd, cast and shear steel,
- Hoop, band, nail rod, and horse shoe iron,
- Patent horse shoes in kegs, spring steel,
- Cart and waggon boxes, trace chains,
- Gunpowder in kegs, qr. kegs & canisters,
- Shot & bar lead, of Virginia manufacture,
- Cotton Yarns, best N. Carolina manuf'ce,
- Bed cords and plough lines, Manila rope,
- Harness and skirting leather,
- Saddles, bridles and horse collars,
- Cotton cards, Whittemore's best, and common kinds,
- Teas, imperial and gunp'd, Y. Hyson and blacks,

- Indigo, madder, copperas, and saltpetre,
- Salts, borax, brimstone and alum,
- Best winter sperm and tanner's oil,
- Pepper, spice, ginger and nutmegs,
- Candles, best sperm and tallow,
- Soap, brown and pale, washing and shaving, &c. &c.

Their best attention will be given to the sale of produce, consigned to their care.

August 12, 1845.

New and Beautiful

SPRING AND SUMMER

MILLINERY, &c.

Mrs. A. C. HOWARD,

HAS just received her *Spring* supply of Goods, which as usual comprises a general assortment of the most neat, useful and ornamental articles, in the

Millinery line.

All of which will be sold on her usual liberal and accommodating terms. Tarboro', May 6, 1845.

Brinkleyville

VINEYARDS.

TO SUIT hard times entrance therein is reduced to 20 cents a person, and commutation for companies and children. And for selected grapes to carry away, at the rates of 10 cents per quart, 40 cents per gallon and 2 dollars per bushel. Specimens of wines, for visitors choosing to partake. Wines sold from 25 to 75 cents per bottle, from 50 cents to \$1 50 per gallon, and from 12 to 15 dollars per bl. according to quality, age, &c. Cordials higher than wines. Entertainment on moderate terms. Specimens of upwards of 100 best kinds of grapes in our country, if not the world, may be seen and tried. Vineyards (of about 6 acres) very fully loaded. If many visitors as heretofore, and quantities of grapes sold; yet 40 bls. of wine calculated on the coming vintage. Some grapes ripen about the middle of July. Most kinds ripen middle of August. Fine eating ones till hard frosts, or say for about three months.

SIDNEY WELLER, Prop.
Brinkleyville, N. C. Aug. 2, 1845.

DR. D. JAYNE'S Family Medicines.

THESE medicines are recommended and extensively used by the most intelligent persons in the United States, by numerous Professors and Presidents of Colleges, Physicians of the Army and Navy, and of Hospitals and Almshouses, and by more than five hundred Clergymen of various denominations.

They are expressly prepared for family use, and have acquired an unprecedented popularity throughout the United States; and as they are so admirably calculated to preserve HEALTH and cure DISEASE, no family should ever be without them. The proprietor of these valuable preparations received his education at one of the best Medical Colleges in the United States, and has had twenty years experience in an extensive and diversified practice, by which he has had ample opportunities of acquiring a practical knowledge of diseases, & of the remedies best calculated to remove them.

Names and Prices of Dr. D. Jayne's Family Medicines, viz: Jayne's Expectant, per bottle, \$1 00
" Hair Tonic " " 1 00
" ALTERATIVE, or Life Preservative, per btl. 1 00
" Tonic Vermifuge " " 0 50
" Carminative Balsam, 25 and 50
" Sanative Pills, per box, 0 25
" American Hair Dye, 0 50

All the above mentioned Medicines are prepared ONLY by Dr. D. Jayne, Inventor and Sole Proprietor, No. 20 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa. who has no hesitation in recommending them to the community as preparations worthy of their entire confidence, and is fully persuaded from past experience, that they will be found eminently successful in removing those diseases for which they are severally recommended. For sale in Tarboro' by

JAS. M. REDMOND, Agent.
July 12, 1845.

Jayne's Ague Pills,

Are WARRANTED to make a perfect and lasting cure of *Fever and Ague.*

These Pills are put up in vials containing from 25 to 30 Pills each, and being thus excluded from the air, never deteriorate or undergo any change, and are WARRANTED, if used according to the directions, to be an INFALLIBLE REMEDY for

Fever and Ague.

During twelve years extensive Practice in a low marshy district of country, where Fever and Agues were very prevalent, the Proprietor was always enabled to effect radical cures, of the most inveterate cases, by the use of these Pills.

Messrs. Jayne & Pancoast of St. Louis, Mo., found these Pills so uniformly successful in curing Fever and Ague, that they sold several hundred bottles to various persons in Missouri, Illinois, &c., agreeing to return money in all cases where they failed to effect a cure, and such was the universal satisfaction the Pills gave of their value that they were never called upon to refund for a single bottle.

These Pills may also be used in all cases where a tonic or strengthening medicine may be required. Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, No. 8 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

JAS. M. REDMOND, Agent.
Tarboro', July 12, 1845.

Notice.

GRAY'S invaluable Patent Ointment, for the cure of white swellings, scrofulous and other tumors, ulcers, sore legs, old and fresh wounds, sprains and bruises, swellings and inflammations, scalds and burns, scald head, women's sore breast, rheumatic pains, tetter, eruptions, chilblains, whitlows, piles, corns, and external diseases generally.

Billard's Oil Soap, for cleansing coat collars, woolen, linen and cotton goods, from spots occasioned by grease, paint, tar, varnish, and oils of every description, without injury to the finest goods. It also possesses very healing and penetrating qualities, and is used with perfect safety for bathing various external complaints upon man or beast.

Condition Powders, for the cure of yellow water, botts, worms, &c. in horses. For sale by GEO. HOWARD. Tarboro', Feb. 25.

Cotton Yarn.

THE subscriber has just received a quantity of Cotton Yarn, different numbers, which he will sell

At Reduced Prices,

On reasonable and accommodating terms. GEO. HOWARD.
Tarboro', Jan 25, 1845.

POETRY.



From *Athur's Ladies Magazine.*

THE STAR OF HOPE.

"HOPE ON, HOPE EVER,"
When the sunshine of gladness
Has passed from the soul,
And the dark clouds of sadness
Unceasingly roll—
When the dim future only
A wide waste appears,
Where some thought winging lonely
Far shadows the years,
The Star of Hope streaming
Through tempest and night,
Is kindly left beaming
Our pathway to light—
Inspiring and cheering
The lone and oppress'd,
To the weary appearing
A heaven of rest.

Whose calm light reposes,
'Mid sadness and gloom,
On the lilies and roses,
That bend o'er the tomb—
Like a seraph, sweet-smiling
'Midst blight and decay,
Through the cold world beguiling
Our wearisome way—
In ill all sustaining
To mortals below,
And shining and reigning
Wherever we go,
Forsaking us never.
Companion and friend—
Then "hope on, hope ever,"
And trust to the end. J. S. F.
St. Louis, Mo.

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the *Raleigh Standard.*

REPORT

Of the Secretary of the Historical Society of the University of North Carolina; prepared for the Anniversary Meeting, June 4th, 1845.

(continued from last No.)

NEWSPAPERS.

Boston Gazette and Country Journal, No. 245, Dec. 10, 1759.
Connecticut Journal and New Haven Post Boy, No. 124, March 2, 1770; No. 126, March 16, 1770; No. 153, September 21, 1770.
Connecticut Courant, Sept. 17, 1771.
New London Gazette, vol. 9, No. 246, January 10, 1772.
Connecticut Gazette and Universal Intelligencer, vol. 12, No. 599, May 5, 1775.
Massachusetts Spy, or American Oracle of Liberty, vol. 6, No. 270, June 28, 1776.

Continental Journal and Weekly Advertiser, [Boston] Nos. 72 to 107, Dec. 19, 1777, to June 11, 1778.
Independent Chronicle & Universal Advertiser, vol. 9, No. 479, March 27, 1777.
Continental Journal and Weekly Advertiser, [Boston.] April 3 to Oct. 3, 1777.
Independent Chronicle and Universal Advertiser, July 16, 1778, to January 14, 1779.
American Mercury, from vol. 1, No. 1, [July 12, 1784.] to vol. 2, No. 59, Aug. 22, 1785.

Connecticut Courant, June 19, 1786; and same paper, June 16, 1788, to March 23, 1789.

Independent Chronicle and Universal Advertiser, (broken file,) for 1793 and 1794.

Columbian Centinel, one number, 1793, two numbers 1794.

Connecticut Courant, 1796, 1797, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, and 1805.

Columbian Centinel, (complete files,) 1793, 1794, and 1806, 1807.

Hampshire Federalist—a few numbers for 1809.

Weekly Messenger, (broken file,) 1813.

[The above form the valuable collection of Newspapers presented to the Historical Society, by Rev. Simeon Colton, of Fayetteville.]

North Carolina Chronicle; or Fayetteville Gazette, from Sept. 13, 1790, to March 7, 1791. [From Dr. James Webb, of Hillsborough.]

North Carolina Mercury, and Salisbury Watchman, vol. 2, No. 62, June 27, 1799. [From Archibald Henderson, esq. of Salisbury.]

Four Supplements to the Cape Fear Mercury, Nos. 48, 50, 51, 52. (Presented by J. Derosset, and transmitted by Griffith J. M'Ree, esq. of Wilmington.)

MANUSCRIPTS.

Order-Book, kept by the late Col. Thomas Brown, of Bladen, under the command of Gen. Waddell, from 5th May to 11th

June, 1771, during the expedition against the Regulators. Presented by A. A. Brown, esq. of Wilmington.

Order-Book, kept by English Officers under the command of Sir Henry Clinton, Gen. Leslie, and Lord Cornwallis, from September 2, 1780, to March 20, 1781: found among the papers of the late William Hooper, (one of the signers of the Declaration of American Independence,) and presented by his grandson, the Rev. Dr. Hooper, Professor of the Roman Language and Literature in the College of South Carolina.

Biographical sketch of Gen. John Ashe, and other interesting manuscripts; by A. M. Hooper, esq. of Chapel Hill.

Historical sketch of the Town of Wilmington, and other valuable manuscripts; by Griffith J. M'Ree, esq. of Wilmington.

Extracts from the Letter-Book of the late Wm. Hill, esq. of Brunswick; [from letters written during the years 1774 and 1775: communicated by his grand son, Frederick C. Hill, esq. of Wilmington.]

Communication in relation to the Revolutionary services of Col. Murphy, father of the late Judge Murphy; by Jonathan Haralson, esq. of Haywood, Chatham.

Letters and papers written during and subsequent to the Revolution; from the collection of the late James Hogg, esq., of Hillsborough, selected and presented by his daughter, Mrs. Helen Caldwell.

Manuscripts of Gov. Richard Caswell: preserved by his daughter, the late Mrs. Gatlin, of Lenoir.

A large collection of letters and manuscripts, comprising the correspondence of Gen. John Steele, of Salisbury.

Gen. Steele was an efficient member of the Convention which rejected the Constitution of the United States, in July 1788, at Hillsborough, and of the Convention which adopted it at Fayetteville, in November 1789. He represented the Salisbury District in the first Congress assembled under the Constitution—received the appointment of Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States from Gen. Washington—served throughout the administration of the elder Adams, and resigned, in opposition to the earnest & repeated remonstrances of Mr. Jefferson, in 1802. He subsequently represented the town of Salisbury in General Assembly on various occasions, &c. as successor of Gen. Davie, conducted with great ability, the protracted discussion with respect to the disputed boundary between this State and South Carolina; which, after a contest of more than half a century, was formally settled in 1813. His public correspondence commences with the adoption of the Constitution, and exhibits interesting and luminous views of the operations of the Government, by himself and other distinguished individuals of both the great political parties that divided the country, during the first twenty-five years of our national existence. Among his correspondents were Presidents Washington, Adams and Jefferson; Alexander Hamilton, Oliver Wolcott, Albert Gallatin, Joseph Habersham, and Judges Iredell and Moore; Nathaniel Macon, Gen. Davie, William Barry Grove, and Archibald Henderson, of this State. North Carolina has produced few individuals, whose public services offer more interesting topics for history and biography; and it is hoped, that under the auspices of the Society, some attempt to do justice to his memory will be made at no distant day. The Society is indebted for this valuable contribution to their collections, to Archibald Henderson, esq. of Salisbury.

The Letter-Books, manuscripts and correspondence of Thomas Burke, a member of the Continental Congress, and Governor of North Carolina in 1781-'2, presented to the Society through Dr. James Webb, of Hillsborough, by Miss Mary W. Burke, daughter and only child of Governor Burke, at present residing in Marion, Alabama.

This is the most interesting, extensive, and valuable collection of papers which has rewarded our exertions to collect Revolutionary records. Ample materials are here afforded for the elucidation of the hitherto most obscure period of our Revolutionary history. From the era of the Mecklenburg Declaration, to the capitulation of Yorktown, there is none on which our future annals will dwell with more patriotic pride. Among the letters to Gov. Burke, will be found communications from Gen. Greene, Gen. Wayne, Gen. Lee, Gen. La Fayette, Count Rochambeau, (the English,) Gen. Leslie, Maj. Craig, commander of the British forces at Wilmington, and from Gov. Caswell, Gov. Nash, Gen. William Caswell, General Butler, Gen. Robert Howe, Gen. Davie, Gen. Allen Jones, Cornelius Harnett, William Hooper, Archibald McLain, (North-Carolina Whigs,) and a characteristic despatch from Col. David Fanning, the most energetic, remorseless and cruel of American Tories.

Letters of Charles W. Harris, Principal Professor in the University in 1795 and 1796. [The series commences in 1793 and closes in 1801. The letters were addressed, with a few exceptions, to his uncle, the late Charles Harris, M. D., and to his brother, Robert W. Harris. They reflect considerable light on the history of the Institution, and on that of the political parties which at that time divided the State.] Presented by Chas. W. Harris, esq. Mill Grove, Cabarrus county.

List, so far as ascertained, of the Members that have represented each county in the General Assembly of this State, from 1776 to the present time. Prepared under the direction of Col. John H. Wheeler, late Public Treasurer of this State, and presented by him to the Society.

As a means of more fully carrying out its designs, the Historical Society has begun an interchange of courtesies with various kindred associations in different States of this Union; and, with this view, the introductory Address, delivered before this Society on the 5th June, 1844, by L. Silliman Ives, D. D., L. L. D., Bishop of Diocese of North Carolina, together with several pamphlets of historical value in North Carolina, have, under the direction of this Society, been arranged and bound for the purpose of being transmitted to their archives.

Having thus given some account of the operations of this body since its organization in January 1844, this report will be properly concluded, by advertent to its prospects for the future. A method of giving an increase of effect to the prosecution of its grand object; is an evident desideratum. The particular means by which this intention shall be carried out, has not as yet been determined. Among the various schemes which have been suggested, however, it is supposed that the following is the most feasible: That branch Associations be constituted through the different sections of the State, the members of which shall be appointed by the parent Society, or by its President. In the absence of a better plan, it is confidently believed that the efficiency of this Institution will, in this way, be greatly increased. Although the contributions as yet received have exceeded our warmest hopes, it must be clear that, from our peculiar constitution, much valuable material may never reach our archives. Many persons in the State may never, or not until too late, so much as bear of the existence of a local body of such limited numbers as ours; some may unreasonably distrust our motives; others again, be wholly unaware of the value of manuscripts in their possession. To remedy this evil, it will be proper to invest some among the neighbors of these persons with more than merely an intelligent interest in our success. This end, it is conceived, will be best attained by incorporating them into our number, and in this way, clothing them with an *ex officio* authority to make collections in our name; at the same time, it is believed that a membership will inspire them with a peculiar interest in the welfare and prosperity of the Historical Society. That in every portion of the State, there will be found gentlemen who are willing and even happy to act under such a commission, our pride in the North Carolinian character will not permit us to doubt. North Carolinian modesty has for so long a time been made the butt of ridicule by the forward sons of other States, that at last, the heretofore silent pride of her citizens, in her ancient sobriety and time-hallowed character for honor, begins to present an appearance which is better defined, and more tangible. After our Revolutionary conduct had, for years together formed the subject of railery and derision on every hand; and again and again been thrown in our teeth as a matter of never dying reproach and disgrace; after we had, repeatedly, but in vain, endeavored to defend our reputation by the argument that it was no part of human justice to visit the transgressions of the parents on the heads of the children; we have at length, every other refuge proving insufficient, taken courage to examine the authentic records of our Revolutionary days, and, to our unspeakable surprise, have discovered that, so far from their exhibiting the smallest ground for the accusations so recklessly made on our patriotism, every thing contributes to produce the belief, that there was no State engaged in that great struggle, which was "more fixed of more forward" than that of North Carolina. It is for the vouchers of this fact, long suspected, and which every day's experience goes to render more undoubted, that the Historical Society is now engaged in making assiduous search. So far as it has yet gone, fresh light has been found to break upon the eye at every step; the confirmation grows more and more irrefragable.

In the end of its association, it must be clear that the members of the Historical Society cannot be more particularly interested than are any other intelligent citizens of the State. All should unite in the production of an issue in which all are equally concerned. By a sort of *monstrum* on the part of her citizens, North Carolina