

THE TARBORO' PRESS.

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The Tarborough Press,

By GEORGE HOWARD, JR.
It is published weekly at Two Dollars per year if paid in advance—or, Two Dollars and Fifty Cents at the expiration of the subscription year. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time on giving notice thereof and paying arrears. Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion, and 25 cents for every continuance. Longer advertisements at that rate per square. Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements 25 per cent. higher. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise directed, and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they may not be attended to.

M'ILWAINE, BROWNLEY, & CO.,

Petersburg, Va.

ARE now receiving their Full Supply of GROCERIES,

Which is very general and extensive—to which they invite the attention of purchasers. In their assortment may be found, 160 hhds brown Sugars, common to fine, 75 packages leaf and lump Sugars, 50 barrels clarified, crush'd & powder'd do., 750 bags Rio, Laguira, Cuba and Java coffee, 1000 casks cut nails and brads, 40 hhds and tierces Molasses, part Superior, 60 tons Swed., English & Amer'n irons, 350 ps. cotton bagging, various wts. and qualities, 300 coils bale rope, hemp, flax and jute, 1500 lbs sewing, wrapping & seine twine, 2000 yds hall and hank shoe thread, 1500 sides oak and hemlock sole leather, 150 dozen, upper leather, calf, kip and sheep skins, 2000 sacks L'Pool fine and ground salt, 1000 reams wrap'g. writ'g & letter paper, 20,000 lbs. western Bacon, sides and shoulders, German, blist'd, cast and shear steel, Hoop, band, nail rod, and horse shoe iron, Patent horse shoes in kegs, spring steel, Cart and waggon boxes, trace chains, Gunpowder in kegs, qr. kegs & canisters, Shot & bar lead, of Virginia manufacture, Cotton Yarns, best N. Carolina manufac'e, Bed cords and plough lines, Manilla rope, Harness and skirting leather, Saddles, bridles and horse collars, Cotton cards, Whittemore's best, and common kinds, Teas, imperial & gun'p'd, Y. Hyson & blacks, Indigo, madder, copperas, and saltpetre, Salts, borax, brimstone and alum, Best winter sperm and tanner's oil, Pepper, spice, ginger and nutmegs, Candles, best sperm and tallow, Soap, brown and pale, washing and shaving, &c. &c.

Their best attention will be given to the sale of produce, consigned to their care.

N. M. Martin & Donnan,

PETERSBURG, VA.

WILL, as heretofore, give particular attention to the sale of all produce sent to them.

They offer for sale, Cotton bagging, Rope, and other articles in their line, on reasonable terms.

Petersburg, September 25, 1845

CROW & SCOTT,

Commission Merchants, and Forwarding Agents,

IN THE TOWN OF PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA, HAVE removed to the large and commodious Store, nearly opposite to Friend's Hotel and the Post Office, and next to West Hill Ware House.

They give prompt and personal attention to the selling of Cotton, Tobacco, and all kinds of Country Produce, and always intend obtaining the best market prices and have the money ready when Sales are made. They have now in Store, the following:

- 150 Sacks Salt,
- 75 Bags Rio, Java and Laguira Coffee,
- 10 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar,
- 50 Bbls. Maine Merrer Potatoes,
- 50 " New York Apples,
- 50 Boxes Cheese,
- 30 Kegs Goshen Butter,
- 20 Chests various Teas,
- 100 Bbls. Family and Superfine Flour,
- 20 Boxes Adamantine tandles,
- 25 " Sperm
- 20 " Mould
- Pepper, Ginger, Starch, Soaps, Wrapping Paper, Twine, &c., &c.

W. H. CROW,

JAMES D. SCOTT.

November 1, 1845.

Cotton Gins

THE subscriber offers for sale, cheap, two second hand Cotton Gins.

GEORGE HOWARD.

Tarboro', Nov 7.

Patterson & Wills,

PETERSBURG, Va.

August 25th, 1845.

HAVE in Store and are receiving the following Goods, to wit:

- 60 hhds P. Rico, N. O., St. Croix and refined Sugars,
- 200 bags Laguira, Rio and Java coffee,
- 20 hhds P. Rico and Cuba molasses, part prime,
- 1000 sacks L. P. and G. A. salt,
- 200 ps. cotton bagging, part sup'r qual.
- 400 coils Bale rope,
- 10000 lbs. Virginia cured bacon,
- 10000 " Western sides and shoulders,
- 250 sides "good" and "damaged" Sole Leather,
- 50 doz. Russet upper do.,
- 500 lbs. Shoe thread,
- 150 bls. No. 1 and 2, N. Ca. herrings,
- 100 boxes Sperm and Tallow candles, approved Brands,
- 20 boxes & bls. Loaf & Crushed sugar,
- 5 bls. superior Pulverised do.
- 100 bags Drop and Buck shot,
- 100 kegs D. P. powder,
- 30 tons Swedes and English Iron,
- 5 " band and hoop do.
- 3 " blistered, German & Cast steel,
- 256 kegs cut and box nails,
- 10 doz. Wells & Co. approved axes,
- 50 casks London porter—q'ts & p'ts,
- 10 hhds Baltimore whiskey,
- 50 bls. do. do.
- 50 " superior Northern A. Brandy,
- 15 " N. E. Rum,
- 10 " Scuppernong Wine,
- 1 qr. casks Teneriff and S. M. do.
- 1 pipe superior old Madeira,
- 5 qr. casks Port wine,
- 5 half pipes superior Cognac & Champagne brandy, warranted genuine,
- 30 bls. old Monongahela whiskey,
- 2 puncheons best Jamaica Rum,
- 3 pipes H. Gin,
- 100 nests Iron and Wood bound tubs,
- 20 bags pepper, spice and ginger,
- 5 half chests superior G. P., Imperial and Y. H. Tea,
- 50 doz. Bed cords best Hemp,
- 100 " Cotton Lines,
- 100 reams Wrapping paper,
- 50 " Writing & Letter do.
- 20 boxes Whittemore's genuine Cotton and Wool cards,
- 100 bls. new City ground, family flour,
- 100 " " S. F. ditto—ditto & country,
- 25 " superior Cider Vinegar,
- 100 bushels best Clover seed—selected.

Together with other articles usually kept in the Grocery line: all of which we offer for sale, upon such terms as we think a fair examination cannot fail to approve. We are agents for the sale of Jabez Parker's

Thrashing Machines, FAN MILLS, STRAW CUTTERS & Corn Shellers;

Which are sold at the same prices as by the Manufacturer.

We also solicit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore received in the way of Consignments of Produce say Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Bacon, &c. and pledge ourselves to be unwavering in our terms of Commissions, as we place all on an equal footing. Say *Thirty cents per Bale for Cotton*, and all other kinds of Produce 24 per cent. Also, the receiving and forwarding of Merchandise.

Just Received,

By the Subscriber, A LARGE ASSORTMENT Swedes, American and English Iron, German and cast Steel, cut & wrought Nails, Castings, consisting of ovens, pots, spiders, skillets, tea kettles, andirons, cart and wagon boxes, ploughs, points & heels, Spades, long handled shovels, hoes, trace and halter chains, sulky springs, Turke Island salt, blown & ground salt, White lead, linseed and train oil, 8 x 10 and 10 x 12 window glass—putty.

ALSO, a very large & general assortment of GROCERIES, Hardware and Cutlery, China, Glass, Crockery and Stone ware, For sale on accommodating terms.

JAS. WEDDELL.
Tarboro', Nov. 12, 1845.

Notice.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his customers and the public in general, that Beverly H. Howerton is his only authorized travelling agent at the present time, to sell MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, in his name for him of his Manufacture: and that his former agents for the said business, John Dillard and Thomas H. Campbell, are not so now. Therefore he (the said undersigned) positively forewarns all others whatever, (except the said agent Howerton) not having his (the said undersigned's) certificate of agency in possession, from selling or manufacturing tobacco in his name, under the penalty of the law. Given under his hand on the 15th of November, 1845.

WILLIAM P. LONG.

POETRY.



[SELECTED]

OLD WINTER.

"You're welcome, Old Winter!" the rich man cries,
With a bosom of proud content,
As round his carpeted halls his eyes
With a meaning glance are sent:
For the fire burns bright, and the casements tall
Are curtained with drapery rare—
The winds may howl and the snows may fall,
But what doth the rich man care?
"You're welcome, Old Winter!" the gay lad cries,
As he plunges into the snow,
Or o'er the ice bound streamlet flies,
Like a shaft from the twanging bow;
For garments warm are about his form,
And his sport is rich and rare!
Old Winter may bluster and rave and storm,
But what doth the urchin care?
"Oh, Winter is drear!" the poor man cries,
As he wends along the street,
While the snow in his frost-nipped visage flies,
And benumbs his unshod feet!
"Oh, Winter is drear!" But there's no one to hear,
The plea of the poor and old;
Straight on goes the crowd with an unlist'ning ear—
Who cares if the beggar is cold?
"Alas, it is Winter, and wo is me!"
The widow exclaims, and clasps,
The shivering orphans round her knee,
In a wild and phrenzied grasp:
Through the frosted pane on the life-threatening way,
A laughing crowd she sees;
And merrily jingle the sleigh bells gay,
While the widow and orphans freeze!
Ay, Winter is drear! O, ye rich ne'er smile,
At my simple and comely muse,
Nor the tale of the poor man's woes revile,
Nor a helping hand refuse:
For heaven has blest you with stores of gold,
And should not your thanks appear,
By shielding the poor from hunger & cold,
And making their lives less drear.
C. M. S."

MISCELLANEOUS.

ADMISSION OF TEXAS.

House of Representatives, Washington, Dec. 16, 1845.

As soon as the Journal had been read, the Speaker announced the special order of the day to be the joint resolutions reported from the Committee on Territories, for the admission of the State of Texas into the Union. Before the resolutions had been read, Mr. McConnell, of Alabama, moved the Previous Question, on their engrossment and 3d reading. The motion was sustained. The resolutions were then read and are as follows:

Whereas the Congress of the U. States, by a 'joint resolution,' approved March the 1st, 1845, did consent that the territory properly included within and rightfully belonging to the Republic of Texas might be erected into a new State, to be called the State of Texas, with a Republican form of government, to be adapted by the people of said Republic by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent of the existing government, in order that the same might be admitted as one of the states of the Union; which consent of congress was given upon certain conditions specified in the 1st and 2d sections of said joint resolution: and whereas the people of the said Republic of Texas, by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent, of the existing government, did adopt a Constitution, and erect a new State, with a Republican form of government, and in the name of the people of Texas, and by their authority, did ordain and declare that they assented to and accepted the proposals, conditions and guaranties contained in the said 1st and 2nd sections of said resolution; and whereas the said Constitution, with the proper evidence of its adoption by the people of the republic of Texas, has been transmitted to the President of the United States and laid before Congress, in conformity to the provisions of said joint resolution: Therefore

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the State of Texas shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever.

Be it further resolved, That until the Representatives in Congress shall be appointed according to an actual enumeration of the inhabitants of the U. States, the State of Texas shall be entitled to choose two Representatives.

After a few preliminary questions, the question on the passage of the resolutions, without debate, was put and carried as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Stephen Adams, Anderson, Atkinson, Baker, Barringer, Bayly, Bedinger, Biggs, James Black, Jas. A. Black, Bowlin, Boyd, Brinkerhoff, Brodhead, Milton Brown, William G. Brown, Burt, Cabell, J. H. Campbell, Cathcart, A. A. Chapman, Reuben Chapman, Chase, Chipman, Clark, Cobb, Cocks, Collin, Constable, Crozier, Cullum, Cummins, Cunningham, Daniel, Jefferson Davis, De Mott, Dillingham, Dobbin, Dockery, Douglas, Dromgoole, Dunlap, Elsworth, Erdman, Faran, Ficklin, Foster, Fries, Gavin Gentry, Giles, Goodyear, Gordon, Graham, Grider, Grover, Hamlin, Harolson, Henly, Hilliard, Hoge, Hopkins, Hough, George S. Houston, E. W. Hubbard, Hungerford, James B. Hunt, Hunter, Charles J. Ingersoll, Jenkins, J. H. Johnson, Joseph Johnson, George W. Jones, Scaborn Jones, Thomas B. King, Lawrence, Leake, Leib, Ligon, Lumpkin, Maclay, McClean, McClelland, McClernard, McConnell, McCrate, McDowell, McHenry, McKay, John P. Martin, Barclay Martin, Morris, Morse, Moulton, Niven, Norris, Owen, Parrish, Payne, Pendleton, Perrill, Perry, Pettit, Price, Rathbun, Reid, Relfe, Ritter, Roberts, Russell, Sawtelle, Seddon, A. D. Sims, L. H. Sims, Simpson, Thomas Smith, R. Smith, Stanton, Stephens, St. John, Strong, S. Ykes, Thibodeaux, Thomason, J. Thompson, Jacob Thompson, Thurman, Tibbatts, Toombs, Treadway, Trumbo, Wentworth, Wick, Williams, Wilmet, Woodward, Woodworth, Yancy, Yell, Young.—141.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, John Q. Adams, Arnold, Ashmun, Blanchard, Bufington, W. W. Campbell, John G. Chapman, Gollamer, Cranston, Culver, Darragh, Delano, Dixon, Ewing, Foote, Giddings, Grinnell, Hampton, Harper, Herrick, Elias B. Holmes, J. W. Houston, Samuel D. Hubbard, Hudson, Washington Hunt, Joseph R. Ingersoll, D. P. King, Preston King, Lewis, Levin, McGaughey, McIlwaine, Marsh, Miller, Pollock, Ramsey, Julius Rockwell, John A. Rockwell, Root, Runk, Schenck, Seaman, Severance, Truman Smith, Cabel B. Smith, Stewart, Strohm, Benjamin Thompson, Tilden, Vance, Vinton, Wheaton, White, Winthrop, Wood, Woodruff.—56.

Of the 141 AYES, 120 are Democrats, 20 Whigs and 1 Native, (J. H. Campbell, of Penn.)

The twenty Whigs are Messrs. Pendleton, (Va.) Barringer, Graham and Dockery, (N. C.) Tom. Butler, King, Stephens, and Tombs (Ga.) Hilliard, (Ala.) Cabel, (Flor.) Thibodeaux, (La.) Baker, (Ill.) Crozier, Cocks, Gentry, and Milton Brown, (Tenn.) McHenry, Grider, Young, Thomason, and Trumbo, (Ky.)

Of the 56 Nays, 48 are Whigs, 8 Natives, Messrs. W. W. Campbell, Levin, Miller, Seaman and Woodruff, and three Democrats, Messrs. Preston King, Wheaton and Wood of New York.

From the Union.

Translated from the National Zeitung.

THE TYPE-COMPOSING MACHINE.

Vienna, Oct. 23, 1845.

The article in your paper of the 29th of last month, on the invention of a type-composing machine, by Tschulic, has created an agreeable surprise, especially in Bohemia, the native country of the inventor. Those who have been too precipitately inclined to consider his invention as among the transient humbugs of the day, will not a little be taken aback by the information that already a call, on advantageous terms, has been extended to the inventor by one

of the most celebrated printing establishments in the north of Germany, (F. A. Brockhaus, at Leipsic) and that even still more flattering advances have been made to him. As to the supplementary apparatus for distributing and assorting the letters, the construction of which is just now engaging the attention of Mr. Tschulic, and already so far advanced as to render complete success certain, at present only the following measure idea can be communicated, viz: that the distribution and replacing of the letters is also effected by means of keys, at the same time that a vehicle on rails is moving forward and backward over the form, the matter of which is to be distributed and replaced. A mechanician at Presburg, by the name of Peter von Klingel, had, in 1837, constructed a distributing and assorting apparatus, and, after having accomplished this, took to the constituting of a type-composing machine, for which he, in 1844, received a bounty of 6,400 florins currency from the Emperor of Austria, whilst, at the same time, a joint-stock company had been formed for the prosecution of the same object. Of both of these machines nothing has been heard since.

Mr. Tschulic, reversing the order of proceeding, did not undertake the contrivance of a distributing and filling machine before he had done with that of a type-composing one; and has, we repeat, succeeded most triumphantly. Most ingenious and to the purpose is, as we have been informed, the principle invented by the superintendent of the imperial and state-printing establishment at Vienna, on which a distributing and assorting apparatus, based on cylindrical motion, is to be constructed, and which apparatus can be attached immediately behind and over Mr. Tschulic's composing machine, so as to perform, during the day, its two-fold operation simultaneously with the former, and by means of the same steam-power. On the other hand, when the composing machine is at rest, as at night, the apparatus could be wound up like a clock-work; when left to itself alone, and without any aid whatever from human hand, it would work on throughout night, until the whole matter—such as, for instance, that of a mammoth sheet like the London Times—had been taken up and distributed.

Augsburg Allgemeine Zeitung.

The Charleston Mercury draws the following melancholy picture of the distress in some portions of South Carolina. The citizens of Charleston have held a meeting, to devise means of relief to their suffering neighbors.

"The citizens of Charleston have heard with unfeigned regret of the suffering in the upper districts of our State, occasioned by the failure of the provision crop of the last season. The distress which such a calamity must produce, is increased by the fact that our country has been so peculiarly blessed with abundant grain crops, that the people are entirely unprepared to meet so rare and unexpected an emergency. The first and immediate effect which it has produced, has been a hasty emigration of those whose necessities were stronger than the ties which bound them to their domestic hearths. From the district of Spartanburg alone it is ascertained that upwards of two thousand persons have already fled from the destitution which awaited them, to seek in the west some means of support. The condition of many of those who remain may be conceived, when it is known that in the whole district, not more than one-sixth of the usual provision crop has been made, while in many neighborhoods, there are entire fields which have produced scarcely a single ear of corn. In this calamity several of the adjacent districts have shared, and though perhaps, not to the same extent, yet so great the destitution, that they are unable to provide for the sufferers among themselves, much less for those in other districts. Throughout this region of country, with the exception of Greenville, and perhaps of Pendleton district, the distress is such as to call forth the active sympathies of our people."

Elizabeth Van Valkenburgh, in Fulton county, New York, has been convicted of poisoning her husband, and sentenced to be hung on the 24th of January, instant.