

THE TARBORO' PRESS.

Whole No 1049.

Tarborough, Edgecombe County, N. C. Wednesday, April 15, 1846.

Vol. VII. No. 15.

The Tarborough Press, By GEORGE HOWARD, JR.

Is published weekly at Two Dollars per year paid in advance—or, Two Dollars and Fifty Cents at the expiration of the subscription year. Subscribers are at liberty to discontinue at any time on giving notice thereof and paying arrears. Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted at One Dollar the first insertion, and 25 cents for every continuance. Longer advertisements at that rate per square. Court Orders and Judicial Advertisements 25 per cent. higher. Advertisements must be marked the number of insertions required, or they will be continued until otherwise directed, and charged accordingly. Letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they may not be attended to.

Volunteers for Oregon. Attention! rheumatic battalions!

IN anticipation of a war with England, the individuals composing the *Rheumatic Battalion* are each and every one notified and warned to appear (armed as shall hereafter be directed,) before Orderly Surgeon GEO. HOWARD, in Tarboro', and purchase a bottle of

Hewes' Liniment and Elixir.

which is warranted to cure all the old cases of chronic or inflammatory Rheumatism that have remained uncured up to the present time. This without delay, so that you may be in readiness to march, if called upon. To the Universal Rheumatic Battalion! Given this day at Head Quarters by

COMSTOCK & CO.

Commanders General.
The above article is sold wholesale by Comstock & Co. 21 Cortlandt st. New York—by Geo. Howard, Tarboro'. M. Weston, Gaston—F. S. Marshall, Halifax—Burnett & Hyman, Palmyra—F. W. Moore, Williamston—and by one person in every village in U. States and Canadas
March 13, 1846

More Brandreth's Pills.

WE have just received a fresh supply of this valuable Medicine, which is recommended by thousands of persons whom they have cured of Consumption, Influenza, Colds, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Head Ache, and a sense of fullness in the back part of the Head, usually the symptoms of Apoplexy, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Billious, Scarlet, Typhus, Yellow, and common Fevers of all kinds; Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Pleurisy, Inward Weakness, Depression of the Spirits, Ruptures, Inflammation, Sore Eyes, Fits, Palsy, Dropsy, Small Pox, Measles, Croup, Cough, Whooping Cough, Quinsey, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Gravel, Worms, Dysentery, Deafness, Ringing Noises in the Head, King's Evil, Scrofula, Erysipelas, or Saint Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, White Swellings, Ulcers, some of thirty years standing, Cancers, Tumors, Swelled Feet and Legs, Piles, Costiveness, all Eruptions of the Skin, Frightful Dreams, Female Complaints of every kind, especially obstructions, relaxations, &c.
Also, Brandreth's Liniment, for sores, swellings, wounds, &c., at 25 cents a bottle. Those Pills are for sale in every County in this State, and by the following gentlemen in this vicinity.

Geo. Howard, Agent, Tarboro'.
R. & H. Belcher, Sparta.
Isaac Scarborough, Oak Grove.
Daniel & Rountree, Stantonburg.
Peebles, Fenner & Co. Clarksville.
J. L. & R. W. Hyman, Palmyra.
Wm. W. Jones, Reed's Roads.
D. H. Holland, Smithfield.
May 14, 1844. 21

PETERS' PILLS.

THE universal celebrity which this medicine has gained in every section of the country, and the many astonishing cures it has effected, have established its efficacy beyond all doubt; as a general family medicine it has no rival. In all cases of indigestion, bilious fevers, dyspepsia, liver complaints, sick headache, jaundice, asthma, dropsy, piles, colic, worms, Disease of the heart, and in all affections of the stomach and bowels, Peters' Pills will be found a never-failing remedy.

Peters' Pills are purely vegetable, and so innocent that the infant of a month old may use them, if medicine is required, not only with safety, but with a certainty of receiving all the benefit medicine is capable of imparting. Females may use them during all the critical periods of their lives. Peters' Pills will insure their health and produce regularity in all the functions of life.

Price 25 and 50 cts per box. For sale in Tarboro', by
GEO. HOWARD, Agent
Tarboro', Aug. 18, 1842.

Patterson & Wills, PETERSBURG, Va.

August 25th, 1845,

HAVE in store and are receiving the following Goods, to wit:
60 hhds P. Rico, N. O., st. Croix and refined Sugars,
200 bags Laguna, Rio and Java coffee,
20 hhds P. Rico and Cuba molasses, part prime,
1000 sacks L. P. and G. A. salt,
200 ps. cotton bagging, part sup'r quat,
200 coils Bale rope,
10000 lbs. Virginia cured bacon,
10000 " Western sides and shoulders,
250 sides "good" and "damaged" Sole Leather,
50 doz. Russet upper do.,
500 lbs. Shoe thread,
150 bis. No. 1 and 2, N. Ca herrings,
100 boxes Sperin and Tallow candles, approved Brands,
20 boxes & bis. Loaf & Crushed sugar,
5 bis. superior Pulverised do.
100 bags Drop and Buck shot,
100 kegs D. P. powder,
30 tons Swedes and English Iron,
5 " bid and hoop do.
3 " blistered, German & Cast steel,
250 kegs cut and box nails,
10 doz. Wells & Co. approved axes,
50 casks London porter—q'ts & p'ts,
10 hhds Baltimore whiskey,
50 bis. do. do.
15 " superior Northern A. Brandy,
50 " N. E. Rum,
10 " Scuppernon Wine,
10 qr. casks Teneff and S. M. do.
1 pipe superior old Madeira,
5 qr. casks Port wine,
5 half pipes superior Cognac & Champagne brandy, warranted genuine,
30 bis. old Monongahela whiskey,
2 punch-ons best Jamaica Rum,
3 pipes H. Gin,
100 nests Iron and Wood bound tubs,
20 bags pepper, spice and ginger,
5 half chests superior G. P., Imperial and Y. H. Tea,
50 doz. Bed cords best Hemp,
100 " Cotton Lines,
100 reams Wrapping paper,
50 " Writing & Letter do.
20 boxes Whitmore's genuine Cotton and Wool cards,
100 bis. new City ground, family flour,
100 " " S. F. ditto—ditto country,
25 " superior Cider Vinegar,
100 bushels best Clover seed—selected,

Together with other articles usually kept in the Grocery line; all of which we offer for sale, upon such terms as we think a fair examination cannot fail to approve. We are agents for the sale of Jabez Parker's

Thrashing Machines, FAN MILLS, STRAW CUTTERS & Corn Shellers;

Which are sold at the same prices as by the Manufacturer.

We also solicit a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore received in the way of Consignments of Produce: say Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Bacon, &c.; and pledge ourselves to be unwavering in our terms of Commission; as we place all on an equal footing. Say fifty cents per Bale for Cotton, and all other kinds of Produce 25 per cent. Also, the receiving and forwarding of Merchandise.

The unparalleled popularity of Hay's Liniment,

is a surety of its virtue—the genuine Hay's Liniment has cured over twenty thousand cases of PILES in the United States. It is the only article used and prescribed by the Faculty of New York, and it is recommended by every Physician in the country who has used it or seen its effects on others. The genuine has Comstock & Co.'s name on each wrapper.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co. 21 Cortlandt st. New York—by Geo. Howard, Tarboro'—M. Weston, Gaston—F. S. Marshall, Halifax—Burnett & Hyman, Palmyra—F. W. Moore, Williamston—and by one person in every village in U. States and Canadas. March 19, 1846.

Just Received, By the Subscriber,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT Swedes, American and English Iron.

German & cast Steel, cut & wrought Nails, Castings, consisting of ovens, pots, spiders, skillets, tea kettles, andirons, cart and wagon boxes, ploughs, points & heels, Spades, long handled shovels, hoes, trace and balt chains, sulky springs, Turck Island salt, blown & ground salt, White lead, linseed and train oil, 8 x 10 and 10 x 12 window glass—pully.

ALSO, a very large & general assortment of

GROCERIES, and Hardware and Cutlery,

China, Glass, Crockery and Stone Ware
For sale on accommodating terms.

JAS. WEDDELL.
Tarboro', Nov. 12, 1845.

POLITICAL.



From the Fayetteville Observer.

March 20, 1846.

My Dear Sir: Enclosed you have a letter which speaks for itself. I know that politically I have no claims upon your columns, but cut off as I now am from access to the "Standard," I throw myself upon your magnanimity, well knowing that you fully appreciate the sentiment contained in the couplet, that

"When truth and justice an affront endures,
The cause is mine, my friend, and should be yours."

I have addressed a copy to the "Jeffersonian," but I wish it to make its appearance also in the East.

Yours truly,
W. P. LEAK.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF N. CAROLINA.

I owe it to myself, as well as to the party with whom it has been my pride and boast to have acted through life, to make the following statement of facts justifying my present position before the public; not doubting that upon a candid review of the whole ground, it will be seen by all unprejudiced minds, that whatever of schism may be produced in our party by the recent nomination of the State Central Committee, cannot rightfully be attributable either to myself or friends. I begin, then, by stating, that early in Feb'y there was a meeting held in the county of Anson, in which my friends thought proper to present my name to the State at large, as a suitable person to be run as a candidate for Governor, and at the same time they appointed a committee to notify me thereof, and ask my acceptance. On the 21st Feb'y, there were meetings in the counties of Lincoln and Catawba, in which my claims were favorably urged; on the 24th of the same month, a meeting was held at Charlotte, of the citizens of Mecklenburg and Union counties, expressing a decided preference in my favor, and urging upon the State Central Committee to apprise me thereof and my acceptance: all of which were published in the Jeffersonian, and of which I was immediately apprised by letters. In this state of affairs, I visited Lawrenceville, Montgomery county, at which place I met friends from the adjoining counties, who warmly urged upon me to come out as a candidate; and on the 27th day of Feb'y, I made known to them that I would do so, and that I would announce it to the State at large, in a letter to the "Anson Committee," accepting their nomination.

On the next day, the 28th, I communicated to the Hon. Robt. Strange the fact of my having come out, and then for the first time learned that he had received a letter from Doctor Watson, one of the Central Committee, asking him to repair to Raleigh on the 4th of March, for the purpose of making a nomination. Finding myself thus awkwardly placed, I asked of Judge Strange to address a letter to Dr. Watson, informing him of my position, that I had come out in good faith, and that I would in no event be driven from the step I had taken, under the advisement of my friends the day previous. Judge Strange on that day, the 28th, informed Dr. Watson thereof, and advised that, forasmuch as the step had been taken, that there should be no collision, but suggested the propriety of the State "Central Committee" lending all the aid in their power. He further stated that there was much diversity of opinion as to the propriety of the Committee's taking upon themselves the right of nomination, & expressly stated that he thought that the exercise of this power was at least very questionable: which letter he read in my presence. Fearing that a collision might be brought about, and well knowing that I was not in high favor with the "Raleigh Clique," on the same day I wrote a letter to the Editor of the "Standard." This letter, with the one written by Judge Strange, was mailed in Cheraw, S. C., on the 1st of March. In my letter to

W. W. Holden, who was one of the Committee, I informed him of what had taken place, and authorized and requested him to make known to such of the Committee as might meet on the 4th, my position, and expressly stated, that coming out as I did, and at the time I did, that I would give place to no nomination the Committee might make. On returning home from Lawrenceville, I wrote my letter of acceptance to the Anson Committee, and enclosed it directly to the "Standard" for publication. This letter was mailed on the 2d of March, at Cheraw, S. C., and must have reached Raleigh on the 3d at night; and on the 5th of March I again addressed him a letter, fearing a miscarriage.

On the 9th of March I visited Anson Superior Court, when and where I again made it known that I was a candidate.

On the 12th of March, John W. Ellis and Judge Strange, two of the Central Committee, at my request again addressed a letter to the Editor of the Standard. The letters were handed to Mr. Guion of the city of Raleigh, and by him I presume were delivered at least by the 15th.

What the letter of Mr. Ellis contained I know not, but I was informed by Judge Strange, that he stated in his letter, that I was then attending Anson Court, and was fairly in the field, and that he again advised that there be no collision of interests.

On my return home from Anson Court, I found a letter from the Editor of the Standard, dated the 8th of March. He acknowledged the reception of my two letters, but said nothing about my letter of acceptance, which I know he must have received, for both letters referred to it. He stated that the Committee about Raleigh had written to the other members of the Committee in different parts of the State, requesting among other things, that they would express a preference between Jas. B. Shepard and myself, and that as soon as they were heard from, a Candidate would be brought forward.

These are the facts of the case. I regret exceedingly that any collision should be brought about, for we require our whole and undivided strength at the present crisis. I owe it, therefore to those friends who have been most active in bringing me out, as well as to my own character, not to withdraw, and will canvass the State if I do not get 500 votes.

In conclusion, it will be seen whether the Democratic party of the State, the men who do the battles of Democracy at the ballot boxes, who neither seek or desire office will suffer to be put down an humble individual, who under every variety of shade, has been true to their principles; or whether they are mere puppets, in the hands of political wire-workers in and about the city of Raleigh, who now, as heretofore, really seemed impressed with the belief that Raleigh, like Paris, is the State, and that every citizen must bow to their dictation.

For one, I am to be dictated to by no such irresponsible clique; and when I say this I mean what I say, for the Convention never having authorized by resolution the providing for any such contingency the exercise of this right was nothing but a naked assumption of power, without any responsibility whatever.

In truth, the Convention had not this power to give; they were but themselves the reflection of the people, and when they had nominated, their power was at an end. In any thing I say, I do not intend to censure, in the most remote degree, those members of the Committee who reside out of the city of Raleigh. They are not in the slightest degree, responsible for what has been brought about; and from my knowledge of the gentlemen, altho' they may have preferred Mr. Shepard to myself, yet I cannot but think, had they been present when the Raleigh "clique" were assured of my being in the field, that no opposing claim would have been set up. In this I feel partly warranted, from the high minded and honorable course which Judge Strange pursued; for although not having the least agency in bringing me out, yet, when notified of the fact, he magnanimously attempted to pour oil upon the political waves.

To you the subject matter is referred, and I most cheerfully abide your decision.

Respectfully yours,
W. P. LEAK.
March 18, 1846.

Mr. David Fulton, of the Wilmington Journal.

Elizabethtown, Bladen, March 29th.
Dear Sir: Your paper of the 27th inst., has just been placed in my hands by a friend. In looking over the strictures which you have been pleased to indulge in, touching my present position before the public; you have done me injustice, (unintentional I have no doubt.)

You represent me as styling the "Central committee" a "clique" wishing to dictate to the State; whereas no such inference can be fairly drawn from my circular letter.

I simply attempted in my letter an exposition of all the circumstances under which I came out, and in doing so, writing under the indignity offered me, I used (as is my habit) plainness of speech, such as should not fail of its effects, by being so refined and so laboriously delicate, as to cover the enormity which I sought to expose. I felt then as I feel now, that the language employed, was justified by the usage received; but I expressly confined it to a "Clique" in and about the city of Raleigh.

I intended it for those, and those only, whether in the Committee, or out of the Committee, who, after a full knowledge of all the circumstances, advised the step of which I had reason to complain. If the language used, has a broader construction, the excitement under which I wrote is the apology I now offer.

If you will again look over my letter, you will find that it concludes as follows: "In any thing I say, I do not intend to censure in the most remote degree, those members of the Committee who reside out of the city of Raleigh."

They are not in the slightest degree responsible for what has been brought about, and from my knowledge of those gentlemen, although they may have preferred Mr. Shepard to myself, yet I cannot but think, had they been present when the "Raleigh Clique" were assured of my being in the field, that no opposing claim would have been set up. In this I feel partly warranted by the high minded and honorable course pursued by Judge Strange, &c. &c.

To you, individually, I am a stranger; yet, nevertheless, allow me to say, that as a political brother, I have some claims upon your columns. We all profess to be democrats, and therefore all have an equal right to be heard. Yes; equality is democracy, the reverse is federalism; the principle which I have been combating from youth to manhood, and from manhood to ripeness of years.

I will thank you to give this letter, if not my former Circular, a place in your columns. Respectfully and truly yours,
W. F. LEAK.

Information Wanted.—Mrs. Mary Oliver, near Rollin's Store, P. O., Moore county, N. C., requests us to notice the disappearance of her son, John Oliver, who left home on the 17th ult. and has not since been heard of. He was subject to fits, and his mind was impaired, being constantly possessed with the idea that some person was pursuing him to shoot him, &c. He is about 31 or 32 years old, weighs 170 or 180, is well proportioned, strong, hale, and hearty looking. Before he was afflicted he had been to Alabama, and other places, and has recently talked of going to Tennessee.

Any information of him will be thankfully receive by his distressed mother,
Fayetteville Car.

A Doctor Killed by his own Prescriptions.—We have just seen a private letter from Macon, Ga. stating that Dr. Ambrose Baker, an old and highly esteemed physician of that place, died on the 8th inst. from the effects of his own medicine. He wrote a prescription for a dose composed in part of Prussic acid, to be administered to a patient. The druggist sent the medicine, with a message that whoever took it would be killed. The patient thereupon refused to take it, when the Doctor, to convince him that there was no danger, swallowed it himself. He died in half an hour. The prescription was copied exactly from a medical work, but the quantity of Prussic acid was eight times greater than it should have been. So much for the effect of a typographical blunder.

New York Tribune