

The 8th Congressional District.

Mr. Editor: In looking over the returns, as published in the newspapers, of the recent election of Governor of the State, it appears that whilst Democracy has sustained more or less in every other District in the State, it has not only maintained itself in our District, but has gained considerably; upon the Governor's vote of 1844. Whilst this loss is some 80 in one district (the 9th) & some 1500 in another (the 7th) the gain in this District (the 8th) has been some 130. I speak of majorities. This gain is the more remarkable because it has taken place in a District, where the opponents of Democracy have resorted to the most extraordinary, not to say unscrupulous means to advance their cause; where personalities, instead of principles, have formed the burden of their song and where, even the sanctity of private & confidential correspondence is unblushingly invaded. What a compliment does this vote pay to the intelligence and correct moral feeling of a large majority of the citizens of our District? What a commentary does it furnish upon the success of the electioneering tactics of our opponents. Such has been the steady result of their management for the last 8 or 9 years. In 1838, they had in the counties of our old Congressional District some 600 majority. In 1845, the majority against them in those same counties was some 20, shewing a loss of over 600 in some seven years, nearly or quite a loss of 100 a year. So much, in the way of rebuke, to that spirit which seeks, by abuse and slander and such like resorts, to promote its interest. So much in the way of encouragement to the Democracy to pursue, as heretofore the manly & decent advocacy of correct principles. P.

From the Union.

The telegraphic bulletin, which appears in the New York papers, from Washington, September 22, repeats the statement of the 15th, from the New Orleans Picayune, "that Lieut. Hunter, of the navy, took passage in the Princeton at Pensacola, on the 19th instant, bound for Chagres, with despatches to Commodore Sloat. According to the correspondent of the Picayune, the purport of these despatches is to countermand those so recently sent forward from N. York by Commodore Nicholson, of the Vixen; and that the Commodore's despatches, are supposed to breathe war to the knife against Mexico; but those of Hunter, "peace to the bosom." We have already stated that these despatches, which were originally placed in Lieut. Hunter's hands, were ultimately passed into those of Lieut. Lee, but that their character is entirely mistaken in the account from Pensacola; that they produce no such change as is asserted in the tone of the instructions, which had been previously transmitted to our Pacific Squadron.

The telegraphic bulletin further states, "the Union newspaper is silent in relation to the reply, understood to have been received by the President on Saturday, from the Mexican government." The "important letter" to which the bulletin refers, stated "that the Mexican government had refused to enter into negotiations for peace, until the United States had withdrawn her land and naval forces." On Tuesday night we noticed the report; and remarked, that "whatever decision Mexico has made, has not yet transpired before the public," as far as we were advised.

From the Raleigh Standard.

Federal Court.—At the late session of Congress a change was made in the times for holding the Federal Court in North Carolina. The Circuit Courts will hereafter be held in Raleigh on the first Monday in June and first Monday in December, instead of the times now prescribed by law.

Wilmington Journal.—This able and unflinching Democratic paper comes, to us much enlarged and improved in its appearance. It is now one of the largest papers in the State, and we are glad to learn that its subscription list is constantly increasing. We wish its conductors all the success they desire or deserve.

One of the first duties of the Democratic party of the State is, to sustain liberally their newspaper press. This duty, we are pleased to believe, is attracting more at-

tention than it formerly did; but our friends in all sections still have much to do in this respect. How can we expect to see North Carolina permanently a Democratic State, so long as the Whigs have two papers to our one?

Health of the Roanoke Valley.—The whole Roanoke country is a prey to Fever. In Halifax county, Va., there are a number of densely populated neighborhoods where scarcely a man, woman or child has escaped the scourge. Milton has escaped, so far, with the exception of a few cases.—But as these are of recent origin, and as the weather continues dry and exceedingly warm, we are almost afraid to say a single word complimentary of the health of our town. Our oldest citizens tell us that they never knew so much sickness to exist in the Roanoke country as does the present season.—*Milton Chron.*

From the Wilmington Journal.

Fire in New York.—By our Northern exchanges we learn that the splendid Summer resort, *Niblo's* spacious and magnificent Garden—together with its Theatre, Concert Saloon, and numerous outbuildings, were totally destroyed by fire on the morning of Friday last. The loss is immense, but it is believed that the greater portion was insured.

"For California."—The California Regiment, which has been encamped on Governor's Island, New York, for several weeks, are nearly or quite ready for embarkation. Three of the companies sailed a few days ago, and the balance are by this time ready to embark. They number about 800, officers and men, with the same number of percussion muskets, and flint muskets, with 200 rifles and 6 pieces of artillery. They carry out machinery for Saw and Grist Mills, Mechanic's tools, &c. &c. A large number of Mechanics are amongst them. The company has been organized under the direction, and at the expense of the Government. Its object being to improve and defend as well as to colonize the country.—*ib.*

The Branch Mints.—From an advertisement of the Superintendent of the Branch Mint at Charlotte, in this State, we learn the Mint will be ready to receive, assay and coin gold bullion on the first October next.

That's right, Mr. Caldwell, give us the "yellow boys." The Branch Mint at Dahlonega, Ga., coined, in the month of August, 7,373 half Eagles; 1,863 quarter Eagles; amounting to \$42,522 50. It is supposed all out of American gold.—*ib.*

Storm on the Coast.—On the 8th and 9th inst's, a severe storm was experienced on the coast. We learn from the North State Whig and Newbernian, that out of 20 sail of vessels lying at their moorings at Ocracoke bar, one only rode out the gale; two were driven out to sea, and the remainder either foundered or was drove on shore and bilged. The Norfolk papers contain sad accounts of the damage experienced by the shipping at sea.—*ib.*

The Storm.—Much damage has been done by the late storm to the shipping on the coast. Our Bay presented quite a novel appearance; nearly all the water was blown out of it, except immediately in the channel. The water in Perquimans River, near Hertford fell seven feet, which was, as a gentleman living in that vicinity informs us, four feet lower than he has ever known it before. At Nag's Head the tide rose about nine feet higher than common tide, and destroyed the warehouse of Mr. Russel, proprietor of the Hotel, together with nearly all the stores which it contained, carrying it down the Beach about half a mile; swept away the market-house; the house belonging to Dr. Wright was blown from its blocks; and nearly all the Trees on the hill was destroyed. Several families were compelled, for safety, to leave their houses and seek shelter in the Hotel. All the boats belonging to the place were carried off, depriving them of the means of fishing for a time. Persons living some four miles below Nag's Head, on the sea beach, found it necessary to flee to the garrets of their houses to save themselves from drowning! They lost all they had to survive on—their clothing was all destroyed, and also their cooking utensils.

Edenton Sentinel.

Civil War in Illinois.—From a letter published in the St. Louis Republican, dated, Carthage, Sept. 10th, we learn that the Anti-Mormons had determined to drive the Mormons out of that section of coun-

try, and that a bloody fight was expected to take place between the two parties. Since the above was in type, we learn from the St. Louis Republican of the 14th inst. that a battle had been fought, and that the Mormons had gained the day. The Republican says:

By the steamer Ocean Wave, which arrived here yesterday morning, we learn that a messenger arrived at Warsaw about 11 o'clock on Friday evening, a few minutes before she left, who stated that a battle had taken place about 3 o'clock that afternoon near Nauvoo, which lasted two hours, and in which from twelve to fifteen men were killed and wounded. The particulars, so far as can be ascertained are that on Friday, the Nauvoorites hearing that the Anti-Mormons were on the march to their city, marched out to the number of from three to five hundred, and posted themselves at the distance of about one mile east of the Temple, having an open plain in front and an extensive corn field in the rear, their line being formed near and parallel with the fence. Here they waited the approach of the Anties, who arrived about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, said to be eight hundred in number, with five or six pieces of cannon. They were posted on an eminence, and opened their fire on the Mormons, but at too great a distance to be effective. Soon after, the action was continued with small arms, and lasted until 5 o'clock, when the Anties either retreated or withdrew. Their loss is stated to be from eight to fifteen killed, but that is uncertain, and the Nauvoorites had one man killed and two wounded; the latter had no cannon. It was expected that the battle would be resumed the same evening, or on the following morning.

Wilmington Market, Sept. 24.

Naval Stores.—The supply arrives somewhat slowly, and prices have ranged for Turpentine during the last week at \$2 50, \$2 40 and \$2 45. Sales were made at the latter mark to-day, at which we quote. Only one house in the market to purchase for shipment. *Spirits Turpentine.* We hear of sales within a few days, which was put in extra order for a foreign market, at 35 cts. A fair quotation for the article, for ordinary shipment, is about 33 and 34c., at which we understand sales have been made. *Tar.*—None arrived—prices nominal.

Corn.—Three cargoes, (about 3,400 bushels) have arrived since our last, one of which was sold at 56c., and the others at 54c.

Bacon.—The market is better supplied than it has been for some weeks, but prices have not fallen. We quote for Sides, \$1. Hams 9, Shoulders 7 a 7 1/2, and Hog round 8 1/2 cents.

Lard.—Scarce. Sales at 8 1/2c.—*Jour.*

The *New York Sun* says—Brandreth's Pills have been used among many of our friends, and in our own family we have used them nearly four years when we required medicine; in that period no Doctor save Dr. Brandreth has crossed our threshold, and no medicine besides the Doctor's Pills used. Our belief is, "keep your bowels and blood pure," and every kind of disease will be prevented or cured. The Brandreth Pills are eminently calculated to do this, and thereby much lessen the sum of human misery.

Honesdale, Penn., April 22, 1845.

Dear Doctor,—This is to certify that I have been afflicted for a number of years with a disease of the lungs, which had reduced me to the verge of the grave. All medical aid proved unavailing, and owing to the weakness of my constitution, which age had materially impaired, felt that I could not much longer baffle the disease. At this time I was recommended to try Dr. Taylor's Genuine Balsam of Liverwort, from 375 Bowery. I did so, and by its efficacy can with safety say, I have been almost restored to health, as much so as the infirmities of old age would permit. All those who are afflicted with diseases of the Lungs and Liver, I would especially urge to avail themselves of this sovereign remedy. This certificate can be relied upon, and comes from one of the oldest inhabitants of this town. JOHN GARRET.

The above certificate we have the pleasure to send you, with permission to publish. Yours truly, J. & A. SNYDER. Sold by G. Howard, Tarboro'—J. Waldo, Hamilton—T. E. Smith, Williamston.—Large bottles \$1.50, or six bottles for \$7.50; small bottles \$1.00, or six bottles for \$5.

COMMUNICATED. Elders G. W. Carrowan and Arnel Walters, are expected by appointment to

preach in Tarboro' on Friday, the 2nd Oct. on their way to the Kehukee Association.

DIED.
In this county, last evening, Dr. Thom as Hopkins.

Drugs, Paints, Oils, DYE-STUFFS, &c.

THE undersigned have now in store a large and general assortment of the above named goods, which they offer for sale on the most accommodating terms. They enumerate a few leading articles, to which they invite the attention of country merchants, physicians, druggists and the trade generally:

Calomel, English and Am.	Quinine, French and Am.	Amphor, Cantharid.	CREAM TARTAR	OPIMUM	Morphine Sulph.	Do acet and muriate	Rhubarb Root	Do do, powdered	GUM MYRRH	Do Arabic	Epsom and Glauber Salts	Roll Brimstone	Arrow Root	Refined BORAX	Mace, Cloves	CASTILE SOAP	Balsam Copaiva	Sup Carb Soda	NUTMEGS	White Ginger		
SALERÆTUS	Oil Bergamot	Do Lemon	CASTOR OIL	Spirits Turpentine	Copal VARNISH	Japan do	Leather do	Chrome Yellow	Do Green	Prussian Blue	Spanish Annetto	Cochinial	Dye Woods, all kinds	GLUE	WHITE LEAD	Linseed Oil	Red Lead	LITHARGE	Tooth Brushes	SOAPS	COLOGNE WATER	Bay Water.

G. J. THOMAS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
No. 5 South Charles street, Baltimore
Sept. 17, 1846 39 5

N.M. Martin & Donnans
Petersburg, Va.

(Store opposite Powell's Tavern.)
CONTINUE THE

COMMISSION
And Grocery Business.

Prompt and faithful attention will be given to the sale of COTTON and other PRODUCE consigned to them. They offer for sale Cotton Baggings, Bale Rope, &c. on reasonable terms.
Petersburg, Sept. 25, 1846.



Lewis Bond,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to his patrons, and hopes a continuance of their patronage. My business will be conducted by my son,

Francis L. Bond,

He will continue to manufacture and keep constantly on hand, Sashboards, Dressing and plain Bureaus, Secretaries, China Presses, Book Cases, Breakfast and Dining Tables, Ladies' work, Candles and Wash Stands, Bedsteads and Picture frames of all styles, Sofas and Mahogany rocking chairs, rush, cane and stool chairs. Any of the above if not on hand, will be made at the shortest notice.
Main Street, Tarboro' N. C.
Sept. 15, 1846 37 4

Wanted Immediately,

A BOY, fourteen or fifteen years of age, in good health and of good character, to learn *Cabinet Making*. Apply to **FRANCIS L. BOND**, Tarboro', Sept. 15, 1846

Mellwaine, Brownley & Co.,
PETERSBURG, VA.

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR
Fall Supply of

GROCERIES,

Which is very general and extensive, embracing nearly every thing in their line of business. They particularly invite attention to their
Stock of Cotton Baggings,
Bale Rope and Twine—Also, sole and upper Leather, shoe Thread, &c.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention, and will be furnished at prices that will not fail to give satisfaction. Their best attention will be given to the sale of COTTON, and other Produce consigned to their care—and prompt returns made for the same.
Petersburg, Sept. 5th, 1846.

Head Quarters, Tosnot Depot,
Aug. 24th, 1846.
Brigade Orders.

THE Colonels Commandants of the several Regiments composing the 5th Brigade North Carolina Militia, will parade their several Regiments at their respective parade grounds, equipped according to law for General Review, (as follows):
The 20th (Upper) Edgecombe Regiment, at Jas Bridgers's, on Friday, 16th October.
The 21st (Lower) Edgecombe Regiment at Tarboro' on Saturday 17th Oct.
The 13th Regiment, at Williamston, on Monday 19th Oct.
The 15th (Lower) Halifax Regiment, at Dawson's X Roads, on Wednesday 21st Oct.
The 16th Regiment, at Jackson, on Thursday, 22nd Oct.
The 14th (Upper) Halifax Regiment, at Mrs. W-hb's, on Saturday, 24th Oct.

By order,
JOSHUA BARNES,
Brigadier Gen 5th Brigade Militia, N.C.
JOHN L. BRIDGERS,
Adj. de camp.

The Roanoke Republican will insert above until 16th Oct and forward acc't to this office for collection.



Head Quarters, 21st Regt. N. C. M.,
Tarboro', Sept. 10, 1846.

THE Officers, Musicians, and privates of this Regiment are hereby ordered to assemble at the parade ground in Tarboro', on Saturday the 17th October, armed and equipped as the law directs for General Review and inspection.

The Officers will meet on Friday, the day previous, for Officer drill and for Regimental Court Martial.

All persons having business with the Regimental Court Martial are hereby notified to attend. By order,
HENRY T. CLARK, Col C
Robt. H. Bridgers, Adj.

Fall Stock,
DRUGS, MEDICINES, & DYE STUFFS.

THE Subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to Merchants, Physicians, Builders, and the Public generally, that he is now conducting the Apothecary and Drug business, as agent for Mr. Francis Major, and has, by the last arrivals, received a large and well assorted stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Paints, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

Together with a choice selection of Brushes and Fancy Articles, as well as Surgical and Dental Instruments—in a word, all articles usually kept in an establishment of the kind. I invite my old customers, as well as others who purchase in this market, to give my Stock an examination before purchasing; as all of those articles have been purchased in person from the Importers and Manufacturers by the package with special reference to quality and on the very best terms.

I would say to Merchants who go farther North, that they may find it to their interest to examine my Stock, as I am confident, after taking Exchanges, Freight and Commission, into consideration, that I can supply them on equally as good or better terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with despatch. Articles warranted and carefully packed.

WM. R. HILL, Agent
For Francis Major,
Sycamore St., Petersburg, Virginia.
September 9. 37 4

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly, for the purpose of modifying the laws respecting the town of Tarboro', so that a Magistrate of Police can be again appointed for the same.
Sept. 17, 1846.

Lin's Temperance Bitters,

On the principle of substituting the tonic in place of the stimulant principle, which has reformed so many drunkards. To be used with LIN'S BLOOD PILLS, superior to all others for cleansing the system and the humors affecting the blood, and for all irregularities of the bowels, and the general health.
For sale by **GEO. HOWARD,**