

THE TARBOROUGH PRESS.

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The Tarborough Press,

BY GEORGE HOWARD, JR.

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Fare Reduced.

THE Stage Fare from Rocky Mount to Washington is reduced to \$5—or,

From Rocky Mount to Tarboro'	\$1 50
" " " Sparta	2 00
" " " Falkland	2 50
" " " Greenville	3 00
" " " Paoctolus	4 00
" " " Washington	5 00
" Tarboro' to Sparta	1 00
" " " Falkland	1 50
" " " Greenville	2 00

For seats, &c. apply to H. Wiswall, Washington—Goold Hoyt, Greenville—or to **GEO. HOWARD, Tarboro'.** February 1, 1848.

Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines.

Hooping Cough and Croup.

To Parents.—Jayne's Expectorant, is without exception the most valuable preparation in use, for the above diseases. It converts hooping cough into a mild and tractable disease, and shortens its duration more than one-half, and produces a certain and speedy recovery. From half to one tea spoonful, will certainly cure croup in infants and young children, in half an hour's time. The lives of hundreds of children will be saved annually, by always keeping it on hand ready for every emergency.

Bowel and summer complaint.

Dr. Jayne, No. 8 South Third street, is willing to guarantee that his Carminative Balsam will cure diarrhoea, colics, cramps, griping pains, cholera morbus, summer complaint, and other derangements of the stomach and bowels, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, and in less than half the time that can be effected by any other means.

It is extremely pleasant, and children are fond of it. It is equally as effectual for adults as children, and when the directions are followed, and a cure is not effected, the money will be cheerfully returned.

—\$—

Another Physician's opinion.

The following additional testimony in favor of Dr. Jayne's Medicines has recently been received from a physician of high standing in Lauderdale Co. Miss., under date of August 9, 1846.

"Dr. D. Jayne—Dear Sir—I am intimately acquainted with some of your preparations, and can safely recommend them. Your Expectorant and Carminative Balsam I have used extensively in my own practice, and I state unhesitatingly that I have used no article, or combination of medicines, that have better answered the purpose for which they were prepared than the above, &c.

W. W. JOHNSON, M. D.

Lauderdale Co. Miss."

Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by

GEO. HOWARD.

Tarboro', Nov. 9, 1847.

Where may be had the *American Hair Dye*, warranted to change the hair to a beautiful auburn or perfectly jet black, without staining or irritating the skin.



Cotton Yarn.

THE subscriber has just received a quantity of Cotton Yarn, different numbers, which he will sell very low

For cash or barter.

Persons desirous of purchasing cheap will do well to call and see.

Feb. 4.

Geo. Howard.

Just Received,

A FRESH SUPPLY of Whittemore's concentrated vegetable syrup, a sure remedy for diarrhea and bowel complaint—also, Hemsley's worm-destroying syrup, anti-mineral pills, Whittemore's American plasters—do. on paper, Durkee's Green Mountain vegetable Ointment, For sale by **Geo. Howard,** Tarboro', March 6.

DR. KUHLE'S Abyssinian Mixture.

FOR GONORRHEA, GLEET, FLUOR ALBUS, GRAVEL, &c.

Letter from Dr. James R. Callum, dated Milton, N. C. August 14, 1847.

Dr. J. Kuhl—Dear Sir: Your medicines have given entire satisfaction in this section of country, the Abyssinian Mixture especially, is highly approved of, it has never failed to cure in every case. It sells like hot cakes. I have never had enough to supply the demand. You will please send me a large supply of it as soon as you arrive at home. Yours, respectfully, **J. P. CALLUM,** Milton Drug Store.

From the Milton Chronicle.

Laurel Grove, (near Milton) Jan. 15, 1848.

Dr. Kuhl—Dear Sir: We have now been about seven years, Agents for the sale of your Restorer of the Blood, and other Medicines, and are happy to state they have given in all cases general satisfaction, particularly the *Abyssinian Mixture* has given universal satisfaction, so that every one, who has used it, has received that relief that you guaranteed in your directions. Mr James M. Vernon, to whom you recommended your *Aromatic Extract*, for Rheumatism, bought a bottle of it at 50 Cents, and two embrocations cured him entirely, and the disease has never returned. Yours, respectfully, **KIRBY & ANDERSON.**

AGENTS—**GEO. HOWARD,** Tarboro'; F. S. Marshall, Halifax; James Simmons, Weldon; C. C. Pugh, Gaston; E. Cook, Warrenton; Henry Goodloe, Warrenton; P. C. Brown, Louisburg; John H. Brodie, Franklin; Louis H. Kittle, Henderson; R. H. Mitchell, Oxford. • May 16.

Notice.

SARSAPARILLA, Comstock's compound extract; there is no other preparation of sarsaparilla that can exceed or equal this. If you are sure to get Comstock's, you will find it superior to all others. It does not require puffing.

Magical Pain Extractor,

The most extraordinary salve ever invented for the cure of new or old burns and scalds, and sores and sore eyes. It has delighted thousands. It will take out all pain in ten minutes and no failure. It will cure the piles, &c.

Indian Vegetable Elixir, a sure and safe remedy for rheumatism, acute and chronic, gout, and all the chronic pains of bones, joints and muscles, arising from a too free use of mercury, &c.

Dr. Spohn's Elixir of Health, for the certain prevention of fevers or any general sickness, keeping the stomach in most perfect order, the bowels regular, and a determination to the surface. Colds, coughs, pains in the bones, hoarseness, and dropsy, are quickly cured by it. Know this by trying.

Dr. Spohn's Aque Pills, warranted to cure if taken according to directions; thousands have in one year been cured of ague and fever by them.

Dr. Lin's celestial balm of China a positive cure for the piles and all external ailments—all internal irritations brought to the surface by friction with this balm; so in coughs, swelled or sore throat, tightness of the chest, this balm applied on a flannel will relieve and cure at once. Fresh wounds or old sores are rapidly cured by it.

Lin's temperance bitters, on the principle of substituting the tonic instead of the stimulant principle, which has reformed so many drunkards.

The celebrated compound Chlorine Tooth wash, renowned for its efficacy in purifying the breath, and preventing the decay of teeth, and keeping the gums healthy and sound.

For sale by **GEO. HOWARD.**

Reduced to 75 cents.

Dr. Champion's

Vegetable Aque Medicine,

A safe and certain cure for Fevers of every description—ALSO,

Dr. Champion's anti-bilious pills

PURELY VEGETABLE.

For sale by **GEO. HOWARD,**

Tarboro', Nov. 9.

Names and prices of Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, viz:

Jayne's Expectorant, per bottle, \$1 00; Hair tonic, 1 00 tonic vermifuge, 25 cts. carminative balsam, 25 cts. sanative pills, per box, 25 cts. American hair dye, 50 cts. alterative, 1 00; aque pills, 1 00. For sale by **GEO. HOWARD.**

Tarboro', Nov. 9.

POLITICAL



Democratic National Convention.

The following are the Resolutions, adopted by the Baltimore Convention, as prepared by a Committee consisting of one Delegate from each State, (the Hon. J. R. J. Daniel being on the Committee from North Carolina,) and reported to the Convention by Mr. Hallett, of Massachusetts:

Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence, the patriotism and the discriminating justice of the American people.

Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our political creed, which we are proud to maintain before the world, as the great moral element in a form of government, springing from and upheld by the popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of federalism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the will of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrous for the popular credulity.

Resolved, therefore, That, entertaining these views the Democratic party of this Union, through their delegates assembled in a general convention of the States, coming together in a free representative government, and appealing to their fellow citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert, before the American people, the declarations of principles avowed by them when, on a former occasion, in general convention, they presented their candidates for the popular suffrages:

1. That the federal government is one of limited powers, derived solely from the constitution, and the grants of power shown therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the government; and that it is inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful constitutional powers.

2. That the constitution does not confer upon the general government the power to commence and carry on a general system of internal improvements.

3. That the constitution does not confer authority upon the federal government, directly or indirectly, to assume the debts of the several States, contracted for local internal improvements, or other State purposes; nor would such assumption be just and expedient.

4. That justice and sound policy forbid the federal government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of another, or to cherish the interests of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen, and every section of the country, has a right to demand and insist upon an equality of rights and privileges, and to complete and ample protection of persons and property from domestic violence or foreign aggression.

5. That it is the duty of every branch of the government to enforce and practice the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more revenue ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenses of the government, and for the gradual but certain extinction of the debt created by the prosecution of a just and necessary war, after peaceful relations shall have been restored.

6. That Congress has no power to charter a national bank; that we believe such an institution one of deadly hostility to the best interests of the country, dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people, and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and the will of the people; and that the results of Democratic legislation, in this and all other financial

measures upon which issues have been made between the two political parties of the country, have demonstrated to candid and practical men of all parties, their soundness, safety and utility in all business pursuits.

7. That Congress has no power under the constitution to interfere with or control the domestic institutions of the several States, and that such States are the sole and proper judges of everything appertaining to their own affairs, not prohibited by the constitution; that all efforts of the abolitionists or others made to induce Congress to interfere with questions of slavery, or to take incipient steps in relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most alarming and dangerous consequences; and that all such efforts have an inevitable tendency to diminish the happiness of the people, and endanger the stability and permanency of the Union, and ought not to be countenanced by any friend of our political institutions.

8. That the separation of the moneys of the government from banking institutions is indispensable for the safety of the funds of the government and the rights of the people.

9. That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferson, in the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned in the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty, and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith; and every attempt to abridge the present privilege of becoming citizens and owners of soil among us, ought to be resisted with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws from our statute books.

Resolved, That the proceeds of the public lands ought to be sacredly applied to the national objects specified in the Constitution; and that we are opposed to any law for the distribution of such proceeds among the States, as alike inexpedient in policy, and repugnant to the Constitution.

Resolved, That we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified veto power by which he is enabled, under restrictions and responsibilities, amply sufficient to guard the public interest, to suspend the passage of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval of two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives until the judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, and which has saved the American people from the corrupt and tyrannical domination of the Bank of the United States, and from a corrupting system of general internal improvements.

Resolved, That the war with Mexico provoked on her part, by years of insult and injury, was commenced by her army crossing the Rio Grande, attacking the American troops, and invading our sister State of Texas,—and that upon all the principles of patriotism and the laws of nations, it is a just and necessary war on our part, in which every American citizen should have shown himself on the side of his country, and neither morally or physically, by word or deed, has given "aid and comfort to the enemy."

Resolved, That we would be rejoiced at the assurances of peace with Mexico, founded on the just principles of indemnity for the past and security for the future; but that while the ratification of the liberal treaty offered to Mexico remains in doubt, it is the duty of the country to sustain the administration in every measure necessary to provide for the vigorous prosecution of the war, should that treaty be rejected.

Resolved, That the officers and soldiers who have carried the arms of their country into Mexico, have crowned it with imperishable glory. Their unconquerable courage, their daring enterprise, their unflinching perseverance and fortitude when assailed on all sides by innumerable foes, and that more formidable enemy—the diseases of the climate—exalt their devoted patriotism into the highest heroism, and give them a right to the profound gratitude of their country and the admiration of the world.

Resolved, That the Democratic National Convention of the thirty States composing the American Republic, tender their fraternal congratulations to the National Convention of the Republic of France, now assembled as the free suffrage representatives of the sovereignty of thirty-five mil-

lions of Republicans, to establish government on those eternal principles of equal rights for which *their LAFAYETTE* and *our WASHINGTON* fought side by side, in the struggle for our own National Independence; and we would especially convey to them and to the whole people of France, our earnest wishes for the consolidation of their Liberties, through the wisdom that shall guide their councils, on the basis of a Democratic Constitution, not derived from the grants or concessions of kings or dynasties, but originating from the only true source of political power recognized in the States of this Union; the inherent and inalienable right of the people, in their sovereign capacity, to make and amend their forms of government in such manner as the welfare of the community may require.

Resolved, That in the recent development of this grand political truth, of the sovereignty of the people and their capacity and power to self-government, which is prostrating thrones and erecting republics on the ruins of despotism in the old world, we feel that a high and sacred duty is devolved, with increased responsibility upon the Democratic party of this country, as the party of the people, to sustain and advance among us Constitutional liberty, equality and fraternity, by continuing to resist all monopolies and exclusive legislation for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and by a vigilant and constant adherence to those principles and compromises of the Constitution which are broad enough and strong enough to embrace and uphold the Union as it was, the Union as it is, and the Union as it shall be in the full expansion of the energies and capacity of this great and progressive people.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded through the American Minister at Paris to the National Convention of the Republic of France.

Resolved, That the fruits of the great political triumph of 1844, which elected **JAMES K. POLK** and **GEORGE M. DALLAS** President and Vice President of the United States, have fulfilled the hopes of the democracy of the Union; in defeating the declared purposes of their opponents to create a National Bank, in preventing the corrupt and unconstitutional distribution of the land proceeds from the common treasury of the Union, for local purposes, in protecting the currency and the labor of the country from ruinous fluctuations, and guarding the money of the people for the use of the people, by the establishment of the Constitutional Treasury, in the noble impulse given to the cause of Free Trade, by the repeal of the Tariff of 1842, and the creation of the more equal, honest and productive Tariff of 1846, and that, in our opinion, it would be a fatal error to weaken the bands of political organization by which these great reforms have been achieved,—and risk them in the hands of their known adversaries, with whatever delusive appeals they may solicit our surrender of that vigilance, which is the only safeguard of liberty.

Resolved, That the confidence of the Democracy of the Union, in the principles, capacity, firmness and integrity of **James K. Polk**, manifested by his nomination and election in 1844, has been signally justified by the strictness of his adherence to sound democratic doctrines, by the purity of purpose, the energy and ability which have characterized his administration in all our affairs at home and abroad; that we tender to him our cordial congratulations upon the brilliant success which has hitherto crowned his patriotic efforts, and assure him, in advance, that at the expiration of his Presidential term he will carry with him to his retirement the esteem, respect and admiration of a grateful country.

Resolved, That this Convention hereby present to the people of the United States, **LEWIS CASS**, of Michigan, as the candidate of the Democratic party for the office of President, and **WILLIAM O. BUTLER**, of Kentucky, as the candidate of the Democratic party for the office of Vice President of the United States.

Nearly fifteen thousand immigrants arrived in New York in five days, ending 30th May, says the correspondent of the Union.