



FOR PRESIDENT,
LEWIS CASS of Michigan.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
W. O. BUTLER of Kentucky.

FOR ELECTOR, SECOND DISTRICT,
ASA BIGGS of Martin county.

Election on Thursday, 1st Nov.

TARBOROUGH:
SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1848.

The Volunteer Dinner.
On our first page we have published the Correspondence of the Committee of Arrangements—and the Speech of Col. Clark and Reply of Lt. Pender. Unadorned by high-flown language, or any of the inuendoes of fancy, they speak in the plain heart-felt terms of citizen soldiers, and fully possess the important merit of being truly appropriate.

The Presidential Election.
We have hitherto refrained from saying much concerning the approaching election, but we think it is time we should give to our readers a few of our sentiments, as respects the claims of the different candidates. The coming election is one of a peculiar stamp, and the contest doubtful only so far as we are unable to ascertain the trickery of the game. The whigs have met us before on the platform of principles, and have found themselves too weak—they now come forward under the precarious banner of "Men not Principles;" and hope upon the popularity of a military chieftain to raise again their sinking cause. They have brought forward one more the humbuggery of '40, and we think, if success should possibly crown their efforts, with a much greater probability of being Tylerized.

Gen. Cass, the "standard-bearer" of Democracy, appears before the people as one who has served them "long and faithfully." With a political life of 40 years, untarnished by a single injudicious act, but embellished by many a mental display, evincing the superior talents of the statesman—with a private career, which none condemn but all admire, he, in the name of Democracy, solicits the support of the people of his country. If he, rising by degrees from the private citizen and faithfully performing every trust, should not now deserve the highest office, who within the political arena does? In consideration of services, who has so fully earned any honor they can bestow? We answer, that no man has claims to the Presidential chair superior to Lewis Cass.

And who are those who claim the office in preference to our candidate? One is Zachary Taylor, whose only pretension is, that, amid the victories of what his party style an "unjust and damnable" war, and with volunteers whom he curses as "thieves and robbers," he has won for himself the laurels of a warrior—and of a warrior only. To confer on him the highest military honors, we consider not more than his deserts; but to think of raising to the highest civil office, one who acknowledges and proves himself to be wanting in ability, and who is perfectly inconsistent, we think is too unreasonable ever to be sanctioned by the American people. To place in the Presidential chair one who would be swayed by every political faction, and moved by the false logic of any demagogue, surely can never happen.

Read but a few of the inconsistencies of this "mighty production," which will illustrate his "exceeding honesty and firmness." In his letter to James W. Taylor, dated Monterey, May 18, 1847, he says: "For the high honor and responsibilities of such an office, (as the presidency,) I take this occasion to say that I have not

the slightest aspiration." The substance of this remark he reiterated in several other letters, yet we find the old General is far from being free from the influence of ambition, for in a letter to the editors of the Richmond (Va.) Republican, dated Baton Rouge, April 20, '48, we find him fully in the field. How different are his sentiments! He says: "I do not design to withdraw my name, if Mr. Clay be the nominee of the Whig National Convention." And further, "It has not been my intention at any moment to change my position, or to withdraw my name from the canvass, whoever may be the nominee of the national convention, either of the whig or democratic party." Before writing the above quotations, Gen. Taylor in one of his letters declared, that he had rather see Henry Clay President than any man living. We suppose however, he intended, "present company excepted." We find also that he is not more consistent, in relation to his political principles (if he has any;) for in a letter to Wm. E. Russell, Esq., Editor of the New Lisbon (Ohio) Palladium, dated July 21, 1847, he emphatically says: "I am a Whig," yet in a letter written to George Lippard, July 24, '48, he says: "I am not a party candidate, and, if elected, shall not be the President of a party." On the 15th of July, 1848, he accepted the nomination of the Whig National Convention—on the 24th of the same month, he writes the following letter:

Baton Rouge, La., July 24, 1848.
Dear sir: Your letter of the 5th instant, asking of me a line or two in regard to my position as a candidate for the presidency, has been duly received. In reply, I have to say that I am not a party candidate, and if elected shall not be the President of a party, but the President of the whole people. I am, dear sir, with high respect and regard, your most obedient servant,
Z. TAYLOR.
Geo. Lippard, esq., Philadelphia, Pa.

We could bring forward many more of Gen. Taylor's letters to prove how recklessly he has chosen and pursued his course, but we consider it needless. The question now is, whether the people of the United States will vote for Cass, whose principles and ability no one can doubt, or for Taylor, who acknowledges and proves himself to be wanting in both these essentials.

Of Martin Van Buren we can merely say, he has proven himself unworthy of the support of freemen. While in our service he acted faithfully and we rewarded him; for his future course he must seek his reward among his new partizans. It is enough for the people of the South to know, he is now the advocate and representative of the Abolition faction.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.
Chapel Hill, Aug. 19th, 1848.
By the inscrutable will of the Almighty, FRANCIS L. DANCY, of Tarboro', has been removed from the number of the living. Though death levels his shafts at all mankind without distinction, yet when the aged are cut off with all their wisdom, and experience, and example, it is especially fit that the young should deplore their loss and express their sorrow. Be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the Philanthropic Society does sensibly feel and deeply lament the loss of Mr. Dancy, who was one of their oldest and worthiest members.
Resolved, That we do sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family of the deceased, and the community in which he lived, in the irreparable loss which they have sustained; and in token thereof, we do wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.
Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the family; also to the Tarboro' Press, Raleigh Register, and Standard, with a request for publication.

Benj. Y. Beene,
Samuel T. Iredell } Committee
C. R. Thomas,

From the Raleigh Standard.

Governor and Legislature.—The official vote for Governor is not yet in, and will not be, probably, under two or three weeks. All the counties, however, have

been heard from, and we give the following as the unofficial result:

	Manly.	Reid.
	39658	38770
Currituck		406 maj.
Cherokee	582	217
	40240	39393
	39393	

847
When the official vote comes to hand, we shall obtain it and then republish our table in a corrected form.

Vote for Governor.—The following is the reported vote in the different counties:

Counties.	Reid.	Manly.
Anson	460	1056
Ashe	782	551
Bladen	517	281
Brunswick	194	301
Bertie	370	524
Buncombe	m.	286
Beaufort	612	857
Burke	m.	903
Camberland	1023	578
Cabarrus	375	735
Chatham	781	935
Columbus	440	174
Caswell	1081	263
Chowan	228	293
Craven	730	742
Carteret	331	372
Clearland	727	421
Camden	83	490
Ravie	380	513
Davidson	669	1096
Duplin	921	226
Edgecombe	1406	104
Franklin	638	290
Guilford	442	1567
Greene	315	207
Granville	945	1016
Gates	m.	22
Hertford	178	330
Henderson	236	621
Halifax	507	601
Haywood	m.	40
Hyde	m.	160
Iredell	259	1042
Johnson	814	720
Jones	181	215
Lenoir	m.	259
Lincoln	1877	832
Moore	556	544
Mecklenburg	1068	693
Montgomery	86	608
Martin	546	339
Nash	990	106
New Hanover	1015	275
Northampton	500	512
Onslow	663	175
Orange	1726	1714
Pasquotank	174	416
Person	578	360
Pitt	571	589
Perquimons	m.	60
Rockingham	968	340
Rutherford	419	1279
Richmond	65	545
Robeson	623	581
Randolph	313	1199
Rowan	696	827
Stanly	26	746
Stokes	1230	1003
Surry	1236	1090
Sampson	692	530
Tyrrell	106	336
Warren	630	172
Wake	1293	991
Wayne	1089	260
Wilkes	309	1299
Washington	182	353
Yancy	m.	315
	38770	39658

From the Wilmington Review.

Presentation of a Sword to Major Stokes, by the No. Ca. Regiment.—The non-commissioned officers and privates of the North Carolina Regiment, on Sunday afternoon last, presented Major Stokes with a sword in testimony of their sense of his high civil and military qualities. At the hour previously appointed, the Major was requested to appear in the garrison. The Regiment was drawn in a line, and on his approach, received with cheers. Sergeant Champ then in the names of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the North Carolina Regiment presented him with the sword, accompanied by a few remarks, expressive of the affection and confidence of the members of the Regiment, in their favorite officer, and of the honor which had been conferred upon himself in being the fortunate instrument of conveying their wishes. Major Stokes accepted the sword, with warm thanks for their attention. He alluded eloquently to the moment as one full of interest to both. He had pledged his honor and good name in attending them to Mexico, and after eighteen months of

privations and sufferings, which had laid many a gallant spirit low, he was proud to say he had never regretted the step. They had the misfortune never to have been called upon to meet the enemy, but he was satisfied that if the occasion had been suffered them a good account would have been heard. He alluded feelingly to the death of so many brave soldiers, to the sufferings and hardships of the campaign, and asked leave of the Regiment to assure the people of North Carolina, that if the occasion ever again presented itself when their services would be required, every man of them if not too old or feeble would rush to the standard of his country; he trusted it would be long before the citizen soldiers would ever again be needed; alluded in complimentary terms to the good feeling and harmony which had ever prevailed between himself and the Regiment, to their good order and discipline, and closed with his best wishes for a happy return to their homes.

At the close of the Major's remarks, hearty cheers were given for Stokes and North Carolina—and the assembly quietly dispersed. The sword has been gotten up by the rank and file exclusively, and the compliment must be the more grateful to the recipient.

Foreign.

The steamer Cambria has arrived at New York, with Liverpool dates to the 5th inst. The whole of the European Continent is represented to be in a ferment and preparing for war.

In Ireland the dreadful struggle has commenced, but with disastrous results to the insurrectionists. The next arrival is looked for with intense anxiety.

Washington Market, Aug. 23.

Bacon, 6 a 7 cents; Lard, 8 a 8 1/2; Corn, \$1 85 a \$2 00; Peas, 45 a 50 cents.

Naval Stores—turpentine, \$2 00 a 2 10; scrape, 90 a 95; tar, 1 40 a 1 50.

Our duty to ourselves, our duty to our connections, require we pay due attention to the healthy condition of the body. The recent hot weather, and the influenza, have left many subject to be affected by the changes of temperament and contagious influences common to this month; but, by the timely use of

Brandreth's Pills
Even now this susceptibility can be in a great measure removed, and powers given the system to resist those morbid poisons, and the sudden changes in the weather with which it may be brought in contact during the next fifty days. Nature has formed the bowels for the evacuation of all unhealthy humors; and if man would but use common sense, he would take care they performed this office faithfully.
For sale by **GEO. HOWARD.**

IMPORTANT LETTER FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 2, 1847.
Dr. Seth W. Fowle—Dear Sir: For years past I have been more or less troubled with a cough. During the past year, I was taken with a severe pain in the left side, accompanied by a very bad cough, and a raising of blood—probably a quart or more. In addition to this, I sweat profusely at night, which induced me to apply to a physician, but received no permanent benefit. I then procured a bottle of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which seemed to have the desired effect. I continued to use it, and my appetite, which had been very poor, returned, and with it my strength was restored. After taking four bottles I was completely cured, and have enjoyed good health since.
DAVID R. BELL.

The editor of the North Carolinian, albeit strongly opposed to puffing "quack medicines," but believing that **Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry**, ought not to be classed with that sort, cheerfully testifies to his knowledge of the truth of Mr. Bell's statement, in regard to the efficacy of the Balsam.
None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.
For sale by **Dr. A. H. Macnair**, Agent for Tarboro', and by dealers in medicines generally.

Bowel complaints, Colics, &c.
POSITIVELY CURED BY
Jayne's Carnivative Balsam.
Chicago, Ill., March 27, 1845.
Dr. D. JAYNE—Dear sir, You ask me what proofs I meet with of the efficacy of your Carnivative. I can safely say that I never prescribed a medicine for Bowel complaints that has given me so much satisfaction, and my patients so speedy

and perfect relief as this. Whenever introduced into a family, it becomes a standing remedy for those ailments, and is called for again and again, which I think a pretty good proof of its efficacy and usefulness. In the summer complaint of children, it has frequently appeared to snatch the little victims, as it were, from the grave. "It saved the life of my child, and of such and such a child," I have repeatedly heard said. In dysenteric affections of adults, I have time and again seen it act like a charm, and give permanent relief in a few hours, I may say in a few minutes. In fine it is a valuable medicine, and no family should be without it.

Respectfully,
M. L. KNAPP, M. D.
Professor of Materia Medica in the Laporte University, Indiana.
Prepared only by **Dr. D. JAYNE**, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by **GEO. HOWARD**, Tarboro', Nov. 2, 1847.

A two days' meeting.
The Rev. Robert J. Carson and James L. Cotten are expected to preach in this place on the second Saturday and Sunday (the 9th and 10th) of September.—Com.



MARRIED.
In this county, on Thursday evening last, by Kenneth Thigpen, Esq., Corporal **Elisha Abrams**, of the Edgecombe Volunteers, to Miss **Mary F. Dupree**, daughter of Mr. Wm. R. Dupree.
"None but the brave deserve the fair."

DIED.
In this place, on Thursday last, Mrs. **Louisa Mariner**, wife of Mr. William Mariner, leaving two children to mourn her loss. The deceased was bitten by a spider the preceding Friday—the wound inflamed, and finally caused her death.

Piano Tuning and Repairing.

Charles Eyle,
FROM the Piano Factory of Messrs. Knabe & Gaeble, Baltimore, (whose testimonials of ability he bears,) offers his services to the citizens of Tarboro' and vicinity, in **Repairing and Tuning Pianos** of every description. Having been regularly bred to the business, and thoroughly understanding its requirements, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with employment. Mr. EYLE will remain sometime in Tarboro', if suitably patronized, and will return again next spring. Orders may be left for him at the Printing Office in Tarboro'.
August 25, 1848.

Tarboro' Academy, Female Department.

THE VACATION will begin on the 12th of August, and the duties of the School will be resumed on the 1st Monday in October, 1848.
By order of the Trustees,
TH. R. OWEN, Prin.
26th July, 1848. 31-6

Tarboro' Male Academy.

THE VACATION in this Institution will commence on the 12th inst. and continue till first Monday of Oct. next. An efficient Assistant will be engaged before the time of re-opening.
By order of Trustees.
R. B. LINDSAY, Prin.
Tarboro', 4th August, 1848. 32

Swift Creek Land FOR SALE.

OFFER for sale the tract of Land I formerly lived on, lying on the south side of Swift Creek, within three miles of Battle's Depot, adjoining the lands of Samuel Marshbourn, Eli Cutchin & others, **Containing 409 Acres**, well adapted to the culture of corn, cotton and wheat—there is

A small Dwelling house,

And good out houses, with a good well of water—and is a healthy situation. Persons wishing to buy, can view the premises and judge for themselves.
ALSO, one other tract, lying on the north side of Tar river, containing 60 Acres, adjoining the lands of Richard Harrison, Col. David Williams and others.
F. H. KNIGHT.
August 12th, 1848. 33