



FOR PRESIDENT,
LEWIS CASS of Michigan.
 FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WM. O. BUTLER, of Kentucky.
Election on Tuesday, 7th Nov.
 Districts. ELECTORS.
 1st, THOMAS BRAGG, Jr., of No. ampton.
 2d, ASA BIGGS, of Martin.
 3d, PERRIN BUSBEE, of Wake.
 4th, GEORGE S. STEVENSON, of Craven.
 5th, WILLIAM S. ASHE, of New Hanover.
 6th, SAMUEL J. PERSON, of Moore.
 7th, CADWALLAD. JONES, Sr., of Orange.
 8th, JUNIUS L. CLEMMONS, of Davidson.
 9th, G. W. CALDWELL, of Mecklenburg.
 10th, W. W. AVERY, of Burke.
 11th, WILLIAM H. THOMAS, of Haywood.

TARBOROUGH:
 SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1848.

The Election.
 On Tuesday, the 7th of next month, the Presidential election takes place. Below the reader will find an account of a spirited Cass and Butler meeting in this county, and on our first page a description of a similar one in Halifax. We have been requested to call the attention of the Inspectors of the Polls in this county to the propriety of keeping the Polls open until sunset, as they are allowed by law, instead of closing them at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, as has been the practice heretofore. Our citizens feel deeply interested in the result, and the democracy may rely on Edgecombe doing her duty in the support of Cass and Butler.

We find the following spirit-stirring appeal in the last Raleigh Flag:—
Fellow Citizens:—We address you without distinction of party. The present is a crisis of more importance to the South, than any perhaps, that ever preceded it. The Whig and Van Buren parties at the North are squabbling with each other, as to which is our greatest enemy—which the most free soil party. Their papers and orators all, denounce Gen. Cass as a friend to Southern Institutions—as a friend to compromise. General Taylor is represented there as having expressly approved the Wilmot Proviso, and pledged as indeed he is, not to veto it. This is uncontradicted by him. His letters, public and private, are confirmation strong as holy writ, that his Northern friends represent him truly. He has already endorsed Fillmore's soundness! He has already declared through Southern Journals, that he believes "slavery to be an evil, and blight upon the agricultural prosperity of the South." If these are not his opinions, he is deceiving his Northern friends. If he believes what he thus declares, he is unworthy of Southern support. A Southern President with such notions, will contribute to encourage Northern fanaticism. Such opinions find no response, and ought not, in the bosoms of his neighbors.—They prove what the Rev. Mr. Lamb, once his chaplain, says of him: that his Government has kept him at the South, but he prefers Northern institutions. He would, (continues Mr. Lamb,) prefer to have his farm on the banks of the Connecticut instead of the Mississippi. If what Mr. Lamb says is true, he is a Southern man with Northern feelings. Such a man we want not, particularly at this juncture. Is his position helped by his association with Millard Fillmore? Who, if abolition votes, abolition sentiments, abolition speeches, and abolition letters, constitute an Abolitionist—himself is one. Can the South,—can North Carolinians—conscientiously support this ticket? Can they surrender the only great security they have against usurpations by Congress, by endorsing the pledge of these nominees, to suspend the veto power? By endorsing a pledge by Genl. Taylor to approve whatever Congress shall do?—Is not this a dangerous doctrine—incalculably dangerous to minorities?
 Gen. Cass nor Butler—neither of them—sanctions such a sentiment. They go for the constitution as it is, without mutilation, modification or abridgment. They take the high and patriotic ground that Congress cannot rightfully interfere, directly nor

indirectly, with the question of slavery. They stand up to the great fundamental compromises of the constitution. These are their positions, and the only conservative and safe positions on which we can rely. We care not where they reside—their lives have illustrated their devotion to the country's honor and interest, and afford a guaranty that they will be true to their principles and true to the Union.
 Choose then, fellow citizens, between the two. The principles of the former, Taylor and Fillmore, with the exception of what we have alluded to, are not known, but deliberately concealed. The principles of the latter are promulgated to the world—universally known; and have repeatedly received the approbation of the Republican people. We believe that they will be again approved, & for the reasons stated, we earnestly appeal to the freemen of North Carolina, to assist in their election, and give to the State that position among her sisterhood of the South, which will present to the Free States one solid and invincible phalanx of democracy—the entire South standing upon the same ground—the Constitution of the country.

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.
 At a meeting held at William Harrell's in District No. 10, on Saturday the 23rd Sept. 1848—F. D. LITTLE, Esq. was unanimously called to the chair and Jesse HARRELL appointed Secretary.
 The following Resolutions were unanimously adopted.
 RESOLVED, That this meeting appoint eleven persons to act as a Cass and Butler committee for said district, whose duty it shall be to encourage the democrats to do their whole duty and go to the polls, and to ascertain those who are not able to attend and to make arrangements to bring them to and carry them home from the Polls on the day of election.
 RESOLVED, That we recommend to our democratic brethren throughout, to organize and bring their whole strength to the Polls on the day of election.
 RESOLVED, That we view in Gen. Cass and Butler, talents and qualifications of the highest order, and qualified to serve their country in any office in the gift of the people, whether in the field, the cabinet, or the Presidency; and worthy of the confidence of a free and independent people.
 RESOLVED, That we cannot support Gen. Taylor (to say nothing about Mr. Fillmore the abolitionist on the same ticket,) for President who in his letter surrenders the veto power to a party majority in Congress, and thereby if elected would become the tool of Congress and not the President of a great and patriotic nation.
 RESOLVED, That to abolish the veto power from the constitution, would tend to disunion and ultimately destroy the rights and liberty of the South.
 RESOLVED, That Congress has no right to interfere with slavery in the District of Columbia or the Territories—it would be a breach of faith entered into by the States, and a violation of the constitution and the compromises, and therefore dangerous to the liberties of the people.
 RESOLVED, That the proceedings of this meeting be assigned by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Tarboro' Press.

Under the 1st resolution, Mayo Worsley, J. T. Eason, Wm. Harrell, Jesse Leigh, David Cobb, R. C. Thigpen, E. Cromwell, and Joseph Cobb, were appointed the committee.
 F. D. LITTLE, Ch'n.
 JESSE HARRELL, Sec'y
Georgia Election.
 Savannah, Oct. 6—3 P. M.
 The following are the members of Congress elected on Monday:
 1st Dist.—T. B. King, whig, re-elected.
 2d Welborn dem., no change.
 3d Allen F. Owen, whig, no change.
 4th Harralson, dem., no change.
 5th Thomas C. Hackett, dem., no change.
 6th Howell Cobb, dem., re-elected.
 7th Alex. H. Stevens, whig, re-elected.
 8th Robert Toombs, whig, re-elected.
 The popular vote shows a majority of about 1,500 for the democrats

From the Raleigh Register.
 We understand that the Hon. Richard Hines has been elected a member of the Literary Board in place of the late W. R. Gales.
Kidnapping.—At the Fall Term of Wayne Superior Court this week, two bills of indictment were returned by the Grand Jury against John P. Williams, of Wayne county, and Needham Stephens and Bryan Sanders, of Johnston county for kidnapping of slaves.—We learn from a gentleman just from Wayne, that the prisoners have succeeded in having their trial removed to Sampson county.
Wilmington Jour.
Fatal Accident.—A negro man, spike-driver on the Rail Road, fell asleep on the track, and the passenger train going up on Saturday morning ran over him, and severed his head from his body. The accident happened at the curve between Big Bridge and Rocky Point.
Wilmington Com.
Foreign.
 The steamer Cambria arrived at Boston having sailed from Liverpool on the 23d ult.
 The Irish still foil the vigilance of the police and the military to suppress their movements or to capture them, although they are scouring the mountains in large force. They have not been able to capture Doheny or others of the leaders.
 Frankfort has been the scene of a sanguinary revolt. Thirty barricades were erected in the streets, and desperately defended by the people. The Government had not been able to suppress the revolt at the last accounts.
 The Continental politics still exercise an injurious influence on commerce, creating doubt and anxiety.
 The manufacturing business has diminished and prices are receding. The factories are again adopting the short time principle—that is to say, only allowing the workmen to labor a part of each day.
 The armistice between Denmark and Prussia has been ratified by the Frankfort Assembly.
 Paris presents rather a gloomy aspect. It is stated that Cavaignac and the assembly cannot establish a republic, and yet none have offered a remedy without encountering that kind of conflict which the friends of order deprecate. Military conspiracies are threatening and much feared. The great body of the people place much confidence in the honesty and patriotism of Gen. Cavaignac and assert their belief that he could give them an excellent government, based upon republican principles.
 Vienna has become the scene of fresh outrages and bloodshed.
 Hamburg had suffered numerous local outbreaks.
 Hostilities have been suspended in Northern Italy, notwithstanding the determination of Chas. Albert not to renew the armistice. This suspension proceeds from the acceptance of the Anglo French mediation; but it was feared that influences were at work that would lead to a renewal of hostilities.
 France will oppose further efforts upon the part of the Neapolitans to subjugate Sicily.
 In looking over the foreign files, we see nothing more of particular interest.
 I have just received the case of a medical gentleman, who resides at Sherbrook, Canada, who for twenty years was sorely afflicted with a disease, which came out in blotches and scabs all over his body. This gentleman so far forgot his prejudices, which too often curse his profession, as to apply personally to Dr. Brandreth, and his course proved a happy one. Within six months he was entirely cured of his miserable and tormenting disease by the use of the
Brandreth Pills.
 Time would fail me were, I to go on enumerating the many cures of diseases, considered incurable by Physicians, which have been effected solely by the use of the
Brandreth's Pills.
 Be exceedingly afraid of COUNTERFEIT PILLS. The Agent is the only person from whom Brandreth's Pills should be purchased.
 For sale by **GEO. HOWARD.**
 Washington, North Carolina.
 Mr. Fowle,
 Dear Sir:—"Mr. Hervey Hill, whose certificate is given below, is one our most respectable and honest farmers, and his wife now enjoys good health.
 "Very respectfully yours,
 "WM. A. SHAW, M. D."
 Beaufort County, North Carolina.
 Chocowinity, near Washington, }
 12th Aug. 1847. }

all others considered Consumption, would have probably been, ere this, in her grave. But all the dangerous and unpleasant symptoms have been removed by the use of a few bottles, and she now attends to her daily avocations as usual.
HERVEY HILL.
 None genuine, unless signed I. BURTS on the wrapper.
 For sale by Dr. A. H. Macdonair, Agent for Tarboro', and by dealers in medicine generally.

Cures! Cures! Cures! are constantly being performed by Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines. Mrs. Sabra, wife of Capt. John Dunham, No. 6 Galbraith's Court, Philadelphia, had a very bad cough, soreness of the breast and side, sore throat, costive habit, lowness of spirits, with weakness and pain in the small of the back. Spitting of blood and liver complaint has been entirely cured by using Dr. Jayne's Sensitive Pills, Alterative and Expectorant.
 [From the Great Falls, (N. H.) Northern Light.]
 It is with pleasure that we give place to the following letter from Mr. Ira Huckins, of Tamworth, who was supposed to be past cure of a Consumption, but was restored to health by the use of "Dr. Jayne's Expectorant." We can speak with confidence of this medicine, as we know of many of our friends who have been greatly benefited by it.—Editor.

Tamworth, N. H., Dec. 10, 1845.
 Dear Sir—I feel it my duty to make known to you, for the benefit of the public, the aid I received from the use of a bottle of Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, which I purchased of you. I had been sick between five and six months, caused by the lung fever, which left me in a very low state of health, with a very bad cough, and for about three months I could only speak in a whisper. My friends all thought me to be in a decline. My physician said he had done all for me he could. About this time I fortunately saw advertised in the papers, "Dr. Jayne's Expectorant," for sale by you. I immediately sent to you for a bottle, and in two days after using I began to feel better,—in about ten days I recovered my voice and could speak tolerably well, and before using the whole bottle I was nearly as well as ever. My health is now good.
 I attribute my cure wholly to Dr. Jayne's medicine. **IRA HUCKINS.**
 To Mark Noblo, Esq., Great Falls, N. H.
 Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by **GEO. HOWARD.**


MARRIED.
 In this county, on Thursday evening last, by Rev. T. R. Owen, Mr. David B. Bell to Miss Margaret Petway, daughter of Wm. D. Petway, Esq.

Commercial Bank
 Of Wilmington.
 A GENERAL meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House in this place, on Monday, the 6th of November.
T. SAVAGE, Cashier.
 Oct. 9th. 41-3

State of North Carolina.
 Gideon Ward and Clarissa Askew vs.
 Needham Ward, Whitmell Beman and wife Susan, Willie Ward and Turner Ward.
 Petition for partition and sale of Slaves—filed in the Clerk's office of the County Court of Edgecombe, on the 13th day of October, 1848.

THE defendants in the above stated case, are hereby respectively notified that said petition was duly filed in my office as above stated, the plaintiff's attorney having made oath that they are not inhabitants of this State; and that unless they severally appear before the Justices of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said County, at the Court to be held at the Court House in Tarboro' on the 4th Monday of November next, and then and there plead, answer or demur to said petition, judgment pro confesso will be taken against them, and the cause heard ex parte.
JNO. NORFLEET, Clerk.
 Tarboro', Oct. 13th, 1848. 41-8

Notice.
 THE undersigned, pursuant to a decree of the Court of Equity, will offer for sale at public auction, before the Court House door in the town of Tarboro', on Tuesday, the 28th of November next, the following tracts of Land, late the property of Col. Louis D. Wilson, dec'd, "viz,"

1st, "The Grove,"

 Or, Blount tract, well known as the residence of the late Col. Wilson, immediately adjoining the town of Tarboro', and containing two hundred and ninety-six acres, more or less.

2nd, The Collins' Tract,
 Lying and being in the county of Edgecombe, on the south side of Tar river, between two and three miles from the town of Tarboro', and containing four hundred and sixty-one acres, more or less.
 Terms—the purchaser of "The Grove" will be required to pay seven hundred dollars in cash, and give bonds with surety payable in one and two years with interest from the 1st of Jan'y next.
 The purchaser of the Collins' tract will be required to pay three hundred dollars in cash, and give bonds with surety payable in one and two years with interest from the 1st of Jan'y next.
KENELM H. LEWIS, C.M.E.
 Oct. 10th, 1848, 41-5

Notice
 IS hereby given, that application will be made at the next General Assembly to establish a new county by the name of Wilson, composed of a part of Edgecombe, Nash, Johnston and Wayne counties.
 October 7, 1848. 41-5
 The Raleigh Standard will insert above until meeting of Legislature, and forward a bill to this office for payment.

A Glorious Victory,
 Achieved triumphantly over all opposition to
HOME INDUSTRY.
 FROM the IMMENSE SALES that I have made for the last season, I am compelled to believe that my patrons are satisfied that they can buy
CABINET FURNITURE
 As cheap and as fashionable from a Home Manufactory, as can be bought at any of the Northern markets; and that my customers may have an opportunity of buying the best for the least money, I have laid in from the markets of Philadelphia, New York, and Boston the very best stock of materials and secured the best style of antique and modern furniture.
 Through this medium I return my sincere thanks to my patrons, and I do assure the public that the articles below named will be manufactured and kept constantly on hand, and sold at the lowest prices for
The style of Furniture:
 Marble and mahogany top Sideboards,
 Mahogany and stained wood Wardrobes,
 Marble and plain top Bureaus,
 Sofas, Divans, and Couches,
 Mahogany Bedsteads, gothic style,
 Mahogany and marble top Centre Tables,
 Rush and cane seat CHAIRS,
 High and low post Bedsteads,
 Ladies' dressing Bureaus, all patterns,
 Portable writing Desks,
 Mahogany and parlor Chairs,
 Mahogany dining and tea Tables,
 Ladies' work Tables and Boxes,
 Portable writing Desks,
 Ladies' sewing Chairs,
 Secretaries, Book cases, and writing Desks,
 Walnut dining and breakfast Tables,
 French Bedsteads,
 Crib, Cradles, and children's Chairs,
 Marble top wash stands and pier Tables,
 Cottage Bedsteads, all patterns,
 Mahogany rocking chairs, spring seats
 Looking Glasses, picture Frames, &c. &c.
 Any article of Furniture manufactured at the shortest notice. Furniture will be packed safely for transportation. The above articles may be found at the same Old Stand.
F. L. BONE
 Tarboro', Sept. 29, 1848.



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