Tarboro' Southerner.

(Established in 1822.)

CHARLES & BATTLE,
Publishers and Proprietors.

DOSSEY BATTLE, - - - Editor.

TARBORO', N. C.

Friday, : : : Jan. 28, 1876

It is thought at Washington that neither Eustis nor Pinchback will get the vacant seat, but that as soon as the Louisiana Legislature adjourns Kellogg will supplant them both with that dear Brother-in-law Casey. The plan includes the purchase of Pinchback with the mission to Hayti.

The Cincinnati Commercial, which has come to be a sort of army and navy journal, jogs Grant's memory with the fact that if it hadn't been for the present editor of the New York Sun he would have been removed from the command of the Army of the Tennessee in 1863. That would account for the liberties Mr. Dana now and then takes with his protege—if it were true. But the fact is Grant had no friend then but Lincoln.

The majority of the committee on militaay affairs has reported against the reduction of the army. No doubt they came to this conclusion in view of the powers of the President to plunge the country into a war with Spain, Mexico or any other Nation without the authority of Congress. Certainly the present army is not a very formidable one, but if its use were to be confined, as for several years past to the purposes of waiting upon politicians and carrying Southern elections, or setting up State governments, the whole of it could be dispensed with. In its legitimate place, there will be no objection to the army at its presen tsize.

Official returns for the past year show that France contains about 21,000,000 acres of wood land, of which thirteen and a half belong to private individuals, five to the Communes and public establishments, and two and a half to the State. The average value of the State forests is estimated at about £15 an acre, which would be £375,000,000 for the whole two and a half million acres. In comparison with other countries France is very badly off for forests, as Germany has nearly twice as much, and the Austro-Hungarian empire half as much again. Sweden has about 45,000,000 acres of woodland.

Holden as a Martyr.

There is but little in the composition of W. W. Holden of that stuff of which martyrs are made. The attempt made by Blaine to elevate such a man to the position of martyr has recoiled with cruel force on his own head. The Philadelphia Times aptly says:

'Holden signed the North Carolina ordinance of secession, and reveled in and profited by the rebel camp as there was anything left for profit. Then he crawled into the carpet-bagger's camp, was elected Governor by bayonets and fraud, joined a gang who squandered twenty millions of bonds, utterly bankrupted the State by venality, and was clearly proven guilty and justly deposed and punished by disqualification for public trust. Did Mr. Blaine forget that this is a land of telegraphs, newspapers and schools?'

Mr. Blaine did not forget that; but like Garfield, he is 'ignorant of the history of his own country.'

Death of a Noted Man.

Ex-Governor Francis Thomas, of Maryland, and late minister to Peru, was accidentally killed near his home, on Saturday last, by collision with a hand car on the railroad.

Ex-Governor Francis Thomas was born in Frederick county, Md., February 3, 1799, and was nearly 77 years of age. He was educated at St. John's College, Annapolis, was admitted to the bar about the year 1820, and acquired a large practice in the counties of western Maryland. He was at one time the possessor of a comfortable fortune, the most of which he acquired by the practice of his profession. He was a member of the House of Delegates of Maryland in 1822, 1827 and 1829, serving the last term as Speaker. He was president of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal in 1836–49.

Ex-Governor Thomas was the second Governor of Maryland elected by the people. He succeeded William Grason in 1841, held the office three years, and was succeeded by Thomas G. Pratt. He was a Representative in the Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Congresses. While in Congress he applied to the legislaure for a divorce from his wife, who was Miss Sallie McDowell, a daughter of Gov. McDowell, of Virginia, and a lady of rare accomplishments. Gov. Thomas failed to obtain a divorce in Maryland, but Mrs. Thomas was subsequently divorced from her husband by the legislature of Virginia. She was afterwards happily married to Rev. Mr. Miller, a Presbyterian clergyman of Philadelphia, and it is believed is now a widow.

Our Washington Letter.

What the South is Doing—Mess Hill and Tucker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27th, 1876.

Editor Southerner:

All who desire a return to conservative government, and who feel satisfied that the people of the South have honestly returned to the Union with the desire and intention to remain in it, as loyal upholders of the flag, regret the tone of the two gentleman named above in their late speeches. While there is nothing really objectionable in them, their words are subject to misconstruction, and the radicals of the North will not fail to use them to great advantage in the coming election. Facts as they exist should be better understood by the southern people, and these mistakes would be avoided.

There are two elements among the voters of the country without which the republican party could hardly maintain a national organization, deprived of which it could have no hope in the next presidential election. These are the soldiers of the North and the negroes of the South. Anything which tends to ailenate these classes from the party it is the political duty of the South to do, and it is equally for her interest to abstain from doing what will have the contrary effect.

I venture to assertion that no class of citizens in the North can more readly be won over to the support of the South in her struggle for her rights *in the Union* than those who were the soldiers in the late war. That they practically vote as a unit on the republican side is not because of harsh feeling towards the southern people, or bitter recollections of the war, or sentimental devotion to the negro; or because they receive special honors at the hands of republicans, but because throughout the North there is a widespread fear, kept alive by designing men there, and injudicious ones in the South, that the war is not over; that the South waits only for the occasion, and will then renew its struggle of force. That such an idea should have weight with the million and-a-half of voters who put their lives in peril in the previous struggle is not to be wondered at. That such speeches as those of Representatives Hill and Tucker in the late debates will have an unfortunate effect on this class of men is not to be doubted. Plain men who have just laid down the musket are not accustomed to make distinctions fine as those which exist between the doctrines of these gentlemen and the arguments used to justify the act of secession. The object of this letter is not to discuss the doctrines themselves but to state the effect of their enunction at this time; and I know that no dozen radicals in the North can do so much injury to the South, in consolidating the soldier element, as one prominent, injudicious southman.

The negro question seemed to be approaching a settlement when this Congress assembled State after State had come under the controll of white men. The prospect of a united South supporting a conservative national ticket was certainly good, and, indeed, republican politicians seem to have feared it. Else why has Mr. Blaine a man hoping to be nominated and elected President, taken the only apparent means of preventing such a result? He has commenced to lay a foundation for *federal military interfence* in southern affairs, and those who remember the history of the past 10 years should think well before doing or saying anything which may give to this wily politician and his associates the opportunity they are trying to secure. Remembering Louisiana, Arkansas, and Mississippi, it becomes all southern men to hold secure what they have, and to seek further success in a way not to bring upon themselves certain defeat and the miseries that they have endured in the past.

The northern democratic and independant papers are, as they should endeavoring to impress these facts upon the southern mind. The New York Tribune is speaking out boldly, and its warnings are being repeated by many of the western papers. The West is as largely interested in a change from radical rules as the South. Its material prosperity is crushed by tariffs that rob its people for the benefit of eastern manufactures, and their words on this subject, spoken as they are for the benefit of all, and in a spirit of candor, should be heeded.

But little legislation has been accomplished; in fact, not much could be expected thus early. One thing is sure; the expenditures will be largely reduced, and no subsidies or jobs will be permitted to pass the house. The Centennial Appropriation and the Texas Pacific Railroad Bill are not looked upon as either jobs or subsidies. The first is demanded to make fitting preparation to receive the foreign nations who will come to see the progress we have made in our first century of existence; and the guarantee of the interest on its bonds, which is all that is asked by the Texas Pacific, and the payment of which is amply secured is the only way to break down an arrogant and odious monopoly that levies tribute upon the industry of the whole country. The South and West are peculiarly interested in this work, and should urge it forward.

All kinds of rumors are afloat as to the Cuban question. It is said that the President has a message prepared on the subject which will be sent in very soon, and that he calls upon Congress to intervene and close the war. The tone of Secretary Fish's letter to Minister Cushing at Madrid would indicate that unless Spaine speedily shows her power to crush the rebellion that a message of that import will be sent to Congress. One thing is sure, great activity is shown in getting the navy ready for sea, and numbers of vessels, one being sent to the southern coast. The Members of Congress opposed to the specie resumption are talking about a caucus to prepare some measure of which, if they have the requisite number of votes, they will ask the consideration. They seem to be doubtful of anything meeting their views being reported by the committees. MERC.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

For the past six months, Mr. Josiah Turner of the *Sentinel* has been pleased to allude to me in his paper in terms not very complimentary.

To those who know both myself and Mr. Turner, explanation is unnecessary; but to those at a distance I deem it necessary to make some explanation, notwithstanding my great dislike to a newspaper quarrel.

I will now give my version of the story and leave the matter for the public to judge:

Mr. Turner calls me stockholder Blacknall, and alleges that I am run in both the Hotel and News by Ring men.

My connection with the News amounts to simply this: When Messrs. Stone & Uzzell sold out their interest in the paper, they were owing me for board five hundred and twelve dollars and eighty eight cents; this amount they proposed to pay by note, or I should take five hundred dollars stock in the paper. I accepted the latter, thereby giving Mr. Turner so much cause for complaint. Previous to that time, (about July 1874,) I had no connection direct or indirect with the paper.

Mr. Turner says the ring, through stockholder, Blacknall, set up Bob Furman of the Asheville *Citizen* to vilify and abuse him. About the latter part of the year 1865, Mr. Robt. M. Furman, a mere youth, commenced the publication of a small paper in Henderson;—having but limited means—he came to me for help. I loaned him two hundred dollars, which he promptly paid. A few years thereafter, Mr. Furman sold out his interest in Henderson to go to Portsmouth, Va., and start another enterprise. This time I advanced him four hundred dollars, which he afterwards paid.

After I moved to Raleigh Mr. Furman was at his home in Louisburg, out of employment, and frequently sought my advice as to starting a paper in Raleigh or Charlotte. Finding the Asheville *Citizen* for sale, he negotiated for its purchase, and the third time called on me for aid. Having *faithfully* paid me all back dues, I felt no hesitation whatever in helping him again and I feel no hesitation in saying Mr. Furman has more contempt for anything like rings or corruption than Mr. Turner *pretends to have.*

Mr. Turner has much to say about my trying to buy him out for the ring. A few years since a party of gentlemen, six or seven in number, sent for me to room No. 8 in the Hotel. When I walked in one of them asked me, 'What will buy the *Sentinel*?' My reply was, 'I have no idea, and do not know even if it is for sale.' Another added, "Will you see Mr. Turner and find out, and let us know to-night?" I replied, "I will; but would first like to know what object you have in view?" A gentleman who was lying on the bed, and had not spoken up to this time, arose and said, "My object is to get the money Turner borrowed to make the purchase."

This is all I know about buying out Mr. Turner; nor have I ever known and ring or combination for any purpose whatsoever.

Mr. Turner says, 'Stockholder Blacknall claims that I owe him five hundred and seventy five dollars for board—but I have an account against the stockholder, and when we settle there may be nothing coming to him.' Mr. Turner boarded himself and family with me until his account ran up to near eight hundred dollars. When we settled, after deducting his account in full, he gave his note for five hundred and seventy-five dollars which I now hold.

Some time after he left some mention was made in the *Sentinel*, about my owing him. Mr Fuller, my clerk, called at his office and asked for a statement of account so that he might settle. Mr. Turner replied: 'I will get Mr. Dudly to have it made out by to-morrow.' Mr. Fuller called again and again, probably ten or twenty times, and every time receiving the same reply from either Mr. Turner, his son, the manager, that he should have the statement in a few hours, but up to this time I have never had it.

Mr. Turner says, 'How could stockholder Blacknall if not run by the Ring, set up newspapers, and furnish the Yarborough House with forty five thousand dollars worth of new furniture, when he cannot or will not pay Mrs. Happer for the rent of her Hotel at Weldon?' In 1866, I rented the Weldon *Hotel* of Mrs. Cornelia Happer and put Capt. J. C. Howard there to manage it. After two years had elapsed, finding the business neither pleasant or profitable, I proposed to her agent that I would for the unexpired term relinquish my furniture in the house if he would annul the contract with me. This he consented to do, and if the party taking my place has failed to pay any part of the last year's rent, why, it is no fault of mine. And as to buying twenty-five thousand dollars worth of furniture for the Yarbrough House—let me assure Mr. Turner that I had no difficulty in buying what furniture I needed, having dealt for the past twenty years in most of the Northern cities and promptly met every engagement *I* had at the time I made the purchase; and *I* have now unlimited credit, and furthermore, outside of my bankers I have never sought nor had the aid direct or indirect of any one towards helping me meet my payments; notwithstanding, I have many kind friends who would cheerfully aid me were I to ask it.

Mr. Turner says: 'His bills for entertaining editors and railroad men must be five thousand dollars for five years.' Now, really, this is the unkindest cut of all. I commenced the hotel business at Kittrell Springs in 1860.—and have been in it off and on ever since, and if I have met with success in the business, most is due to the aid received from my good friends of the press,—the pulpit and railroad: and when in my power I have gladly reciprocated their kindness—being determined they should never accuse me of ingratitude, called one of the meanest traits in a person's character. I will never turn back on old friends. If Mr. Turner will take the trouble to refer to the account rendered him by Mr. Fuller he will find a deducation of twenty-five per cent. allowed him on account of being an editor.

In conclusion, both Mr. Turner and myself have lived in Raleigh for the past five years, and have dealt with dry goods men, butchers, bankers' grocers, hucksters, labores—and they can tell who pays debts and who dodges them. Talk is easy; but only have many transactions with a man for a number of years and you will see of what material he is made.

I make the above statement not apologetically, nor in deprecation; but that the public may see upon what absurd foundation Mr. Turner has erected the fabric which has been the staple of his paper so long. He may possibly, by repeating it so often, believe it is true. None who know me are so weak as to do so, and for those who do not, the above will furnish sufficient refutation.

Very respectfully,
G. W. BLACKNALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO

FARMERS & GARDNERS

OF EDGECOMBE AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

I have just received a fresh stock of Seeds for 1876, such as

POTATOE SEEDLINGS, Picked EARLY AND LATE PEAS of all varieties.

Cabbages, Collard

AND ALL OTHER KINDS FOR THE GARDEN.

Also GRASS AND HERB SEEDS.

At A. H. MACNAIR'S Drug and Prescription Store.

Tarboro, Jan. 28, 1876. tf

U. S. Internal Revenue,
Dept. Collector's Office,
2nd District, North Carolina.
Tarboro', N. C. Jan. 24th 1876.

To all whom it may Concern:

The following named goods having been seized by me for violations of Internal Revenue Laws, viz:

Two boxes of Manufactured Tobacco, one 40 lb box and one 60 lb box, in possession of T. B. Gilliam and supposed to be the property of C. A. Strother, said Tobacco had been manufactured by L. W. Hunter, Granville, N. C., for violation of Section 67 Act of July 20th, 1868.

One box of Manufactured Tobacco 40 lbs in possession of T. D. Gay and supposed to be the property of C. A. Strother, said Tobacco had been manufactured by O. W. Blacknall of Granville County, for violation of Section 67 Act of July 20th 1868.

The Claimants of the above described property are hereby notified to appear before me at my office within 30 days from the day of the first publication hereof, make claim and give Bond or else the said property will be advertised and sold according to Section 63, Act of July 13th, 1866.

EDWARD ZOELLER,
3t. Deputy Collector.

DEPOT

FOR

Drugs, Chemicals & Patent Medicines.

JUST received another FRESH supply of Ayer's Reliable Medicines for which I am sole Agent.

A. H. MACNAIR, Agent.
Jan. 21, 1876. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Year, 1876!

The undersigned having greatly increased his facilities for business and added largely to his stock of GROCERIES, can offer for sale very low for cash, the following:

JUST RECEIVED, FRESH, SOUND & PURE,
50 Bbls. Mess Pork.
50 Bbls. Rump Pork.
10 Boxes Bulk Meats.
5 Hhds. do.
25 Boxes Asst. Tobacco.
25 Bbls. Molasses, diff grades.
100 Bbls. Flour from $5.50 to $10 per barrel.
500 Bushels Seed Oats, white & black.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Coffee, Rice, Sugar, Soap, Candles, Con-
CENTRATED LYE, CAN FRUIT, LARD, STARCH AND FISH.

500 Tons Agricultural Lime.
50 " Patapsco Guano.
50 " Peruvian "
25 " Grange Mixture.
10 " Kanit Potash.
50 Kegs Nails.

Rock Lime, Irish Potatoes, Bran Bagging & Ties, Cement, Hay, Ground Alum Salt, Liverpool Blown Salt, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags.

I also have for Sale
100 Bushels of the
JORDAN PROLIFIC COTTON SEED,
from South Carolina.

From one acre (specially prepared) planted in these seed last year, 1875, the yield in lint cotton was 1700 pounds. The stalks with the boles can be seen in my office, and information given to all who may wish to purchase.

I am prepared to supply farmers on credit to be paid out of the crop next Fall. Will sell Guano for Cotton.

☞ Please inquire prices and terms before purchasing elsewhere.

N. M. LAWRENCE.
Tarboro, Jan. 28, 1876. 2m.

To Physicians and Druggists of Edgecombe and Surrounding Counties.

HAVING ESTABLISHED IN ADDITION to my regular Drug business, a

DRUG AND COMMISSION BUSINESS,

I am prepared to furnish those desiring DRUGS, CHEMICALS, OILS, PAINTS, WINDOW GLASS AND DRUGGIST'S SUNDRIES, &C., with such goods, all of which I warrant pure at manufacturer's prices:

Country Physicians

will find it to their advantage to call on me before ordering elsewhere.

A. H. MACNAIR, Agent.
Tarboro', Jan. 21, 1876. tf

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

THE STOCK OF GOODS OF

M. Weddell & Co.,

WITH THE

Good Will of the Business,

IS OFFERED

FOR SALE!

and the Store House can be leased for

ONE OR MORE YEARS.

This is one of the oldest and

Best Stands

IN THE PLACE.

Apply to

M. WEDDELL & CO.

Tarboro, Dec. 17, 1875. tf

Tarboro' Male Academy.

OUR 33rd Session will begin January 6th, 1876. Prompt attention at the opening is highly important both to pupils and teachers. Terms payable half in advance. A few boys can get board with the Principal.

For further particulars, refer to
F. S. WILKINSON, Principal.
December 24, 1875. 1m

Cigars & Tobacco.

JUST received a fine assortment of Cigars and Tobacco, which will be sold at moderate prices. Call and examine.

MACNAIR BROS.
Jan 21 1876. tf.

15 to $20 Per Day at home. Terms free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland Maine.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Advertisement.

We return our sincere thanks to the good people of Edgecombe and surrounding counties for their liberal patronage during the past year, and we trust that by strict personal attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. We still continue to keep on hand a large stock of FAMILY SUPPLIES, such as

Pork, Flour, Bacon, Salt, Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Butter, Cheese, &c.,

and will furnish all good paying customers with supplies on as liberal terms as any one else in town. We also keep a good stock of

Dry Goods, Hats, Clothing, Shoes, &c., Ladies and Gents Fine Shoes and Gents Furnishing Goods,

thereby making it to the advantage of Farmers to deal with us as we keep every thing they want from a paper of pins to a hogshead of bacon, saving them the trouble of going to so many different stores to get what you want. We are now getting in a good supply of

Hardware, Farming Utensils, Hoes, Axes, Shovels, Plows, Hames, Trace Chains &c.

We make specialty of TOBACCO AND SNUFF, which we sell at New York Prices. We keep Ball Rod, Lorillard's and Miller's Snuff always on hand. We are Agents for ETIWAN GUANO, DISOLVED BONE and CROP FOOD CHEMICALS, manufactured in Charleston, S. C. These Fertilizers have had a fair trial in Edgecombe, and we can safely recommend them as the best in the country. We are also Agents for the Celebrated Utica Wagons.

O. C. FARRAR & CO.

Tarboro, Jan. 14, 1876.-1m.

"Our House"
Bar and Restaurant.

I KEEP THE CHOICEST LIQUORS, Wines and Cigars, that ever soothed the suffering, or revived the weary.

And then, after swallowing one of my exhilarating beverges my customers can get a

Meal at any Hour,
ON SHORTEST NOTICE.

OYSTERS, served up in any style, and all the delicaces of the season will be found at my table.

OYSTERS

furnished to families at LOW RATES by the measure.

A splendid stock of GROCERIES always on hand.

J. L. COKER.
Tarboro', Oct. 1st, 1875. tf

NEW
RESTAURANT
AND
Boarding House.

MEALS at all HOURS!

OYSTERS SERVED IN EVERY STYLE.

A good stock of CIGARS and TOBACCO always on hand.

Soliciting your patronage.

Yours respectfully,
S. E. SPIER.

☞ Good accommodation for Transient Customers and Table Boarders.

Tarboro', Sept. 1st, 1875. tf

WARD'S
BAR & RESTAURANT!

I HAVE JUST OPENED A RESTAURant in connection with my Bar.

MY TABLE

will be constantly supplied with OYSTERS, and all other edibles usually found in First-Class Establishments. After the 15th,

Oysters on the Shell,

can be had at any time.

MY BAR

will be furnished with the finest Liquors and Cigars every called for in the market.

TERMS CASH.

JOHN F. WARD.
Oct. 1st, 1875. tf

Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Edgecombe County,

TARBORO', N. C., Jan. 20th, 1876.

To Whom ti May Concern:

Whereas, John A. Davis, Mark B. Pitt, Jas. H. Exum and L. W. Reasons, on the 4th day of January, 1876, filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Edgecombe County, a writing signed by them in which they proposed to form themselves, with such others as might thereafter unite with them, into a private corporation under the corporate name of "Sparta Grange Loan Association;" and whereas, it has been represented to me by John A. Davis, one of the subscribers to the capital stock of the said proposed corporation, that two thirds or more of the capital stock of $2,000 has been subscribed, and the said John A. Davis, having requested me to call a meeting of the proposed corporators and subscribers according to the provisions of Section 5, Chapter 26, of Battle's Revisal, entitled "Corporations."

Now Therefore, Be it Known, That I have in accordance with said request appointed Saturday, the 12th day of next month, as the time, and Sparta in this county as the place for holding said meeting, and notice thereo is hereby given accordingly.

H. L. STATON, JR.,
Clerk Superior Court Edgecombe Co.
Jan. 21, 1876. 3t

MARYLAND EYE AND EAR INSTITUTE, 60 N. CHARLES ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

GEORGE REULING, M. D., late Prof. of Eye and Ear Surgery in the Washington University, Surgeon in charge.

The large handsome residence of the late Charles Carroll has been fitted up with all the improvements adopted in the latest of Schools in Europe, for the special treatment of this class of diseases. Apply by letter to

GEORGE REULING, M. D.,
3m Surgeon in Charge.

WANTED.—The Manhattan Manufacturing Company are now reorganizing their general agencies. Energetic men may secure the control of all sales in a specified territory of a staple article. A permanent cash business and a monopoly that may be made to pay $5,000 per annum. For particulars address, with stamp enclosed,

G. A. LUMPKIN, President,
2t. 147 Reade Street, New York.

Liebig's Liquid BEEF,
EXTRACT OF
AND TONIC INVIGORATOR,

Recommended by the best physicians in England and America for Consumption, Debility, Loss of Appetite, Fever Ague, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Female and Children maladies.

OPINION OF DR. R. S. STEUART, Pres't, Md, Insane Hospital, Baltimore, Md.

"* * * I can recommend Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef as the most sufficient preparation I have ever met with. It combines the virtues of food and tonic in a remarkable way."

OPINION OF Dr. WM. H. STOKES, Physician to Mount Hope Retreat, Baltimore,

"* * * I have great pleasure in adding my testimony to the virtues of Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator, as the very best preparation used, and therefore confidently recommend it to the medical profession."

AND MANY OTHER TESTIMONIALS. PUT UP IN PINT BOTTLES—$1.00 EACH, TAKE NO OTHER.

SOLD BY

Druggists and Dealers.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Thomson, Lilly & Co., Baltimore, Md.
Purcell & Ladd, Richmond, Va.
Wm. R. Burwell & Co., Charlotte, N. C.
Dec. 10, 1875. 1y

GEO. L. PENDER,
WITH
Bruff, Faulkner & Co.,
Wholesale Dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Dry Good, Notions & White GOODS.
275 W. BALTIMORE STREET,
J. E. Ruff, A. B. Faulkner, Wm. R. Hallett, } Baltimore.
nov19-1y.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP!

I HAVE ESTABLISHED IN TARBORO' a Boot and Shoe Shop on Pitt Street, next to R. H. Rowe's, where I am prepared to do all work in the best style. Just received some of the most fashionable lasts, and also a good stock of material, and am satisfied that I can please the most fastidious. I ask the public to give me a trial.

Dec. 24.-tf. M. T. GWATNEY.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE neat and comfortable dwelling o east side of Church street, recently occupied by Mr. John N. Vick, is for rent, or it will be sold privately on reasonable terms. The house has four rooms nicely finished, and adjoining it is a kitchen. There is also a splendid Garden spot and Stables. The lot is neatly enclosed and is one of the most comfortable and desirable places in Rocky Mount, N. C.

Oct. 29-tf. W. L. THORP.

PERIODICALS.

Pitt County—In the Superior Court.

R. W. Singeltary, Adm'r. of W. W. Gay, dec'd
against
James W. Davis and Susan his wife, Thomas D. Gay and James S. Woodard his Assignee, M. M. Oates, Moses Rountree and F. A. Rountree his wife, Edward S. Thigpen, Fanny Thigpen and other of Lucinda Thigpen, dec'd, and Thomas Edmondson and Kinchen Edmondson and other children of Elizabeth Edmondson, dec'd, whose names and place of residence is unknown to Plaintiff,

Summons for Relief.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
To the Sheriff of Pitt County—Greeting

YOU are hereby commanded to summon Jas. W. Davis and Susan Davis his wife, Thomas D. Gay and James S. Woodard his Assignee, M. M. Oates, Moses Rountree and F. D. Rountree his wife, Edward S. Thigpen, Fanny Thigpen and other of Lucinda Thigpen, deceased, and Thomas Edmondson and Kinchan Edmondson and other children of Elizabeth Edmondson, dec'd, whose names and place of residence is unknown to Plaintiff, the Defendants above named, if they be found within your county, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for the County of Pitt, within twenty days after the service of this summons on them, exclusive of the day of such service, and answer the complaint, a copy of which is served with this summons, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof fail not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this 6th day of December, 1875.

H. SHEPPARD,
Clerk Superior Court Pitt County.
Dec. 10, 1875. 6w

BETHEL COLLEGE
INSTITUTE.
Four Miles from Littleton, Halifax Co., N. C.

THIS School offers superior advantages fo the education of Boys and Young Men.

To meet the demands of this *practical age*, a New Curriculum has been arranged for 1876.

The Departments are Agricultural, Practical, Commercial, Scientific and Classic.

The advances are: An elevated and perfectly healthy country (340 feet above the sea-level;) a moral and refined community; freedom from all temptation to vice; cheap board and tuition; a thorough general or special education, or preparation to enter the advanced classes of Trinity or Randolph Macon Colleges or the University of North Carolina or Virginia. Students may make choice of the course of studies.

Expenses per Session of 20 Weeks:

Board, including washing, fuel & lights, $00 00
Tuition, ... 25 00

No extras, and students need no "spending money." One-half the expenses payable in advance and the other half at the middle of the session. Students charged from date of entrance to end of session, and no deduction made except in cases of protracted sickness. For further particulars, address

C. G. DAVENPORT, Principal,
Jan. 7, 1876.-4t. Littleton, N. C.

1876. 1876.

SUPPLIES FOR THE NEW YEAR.

WE are now prepared to furnish Farmers with their annual supplies of

HEAVY MESS PORK.
" RUMP PORK.
BACON SHOULDERS.
BULK "
FAMILY FLOUR.
EXTRA FLOUR.
SUPER FLOUR.
SUGARS, all grades.
COFFEES, all grades.
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Tarboro', N. C., Jan. 7, 1876. tf.

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Feb. 19, 1875. 1y

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CHARLES PHILLIPS, Chairman.
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