The Tarborough Southerner.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT; THEN GO AHEAD.—D. Crockett.

VOL. 59. TARBORO', N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1881. NO. 33.

Religious Appointments.

Calvary Episcopal Church—Rev. Dr. J. B. Cheshire, Pastor, holds divine services every Sabbath, forenoon and afternoon. Services Wednesday morning at 9:30 and Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. L. H. Baldwin, Pastor, will preach morning and evening in Tarboro on 1st and 3rd Sabbaths; in Scotland Neck on 2nd, and Rocky Mount on 4th. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

Missionary Baptist Church—Rev. Jos. E. Carter, Pastor, will preach, morning and evening, in Tarboro, on 2d and 4th Sabbath in each month.

Methodist E. Church—Rev. Joseph D. Arnold, Pastor, will preach morning and evening every Sabbath. Prayer meeting every Monday evening.

Primitive Baptist Church—Elder P. D. Gold, Pastor, preaches on 1st Saturdays and Sundays in each month.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HOWARD & NASH,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
TARBORO N. C.
☞ Practice in all the Courts, State and Federal. nov.5-1y.

DOSSEY BATTLE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
TARBORO', N. C.
Practices in all State and Federal Courts. Regular circuit Nash, Edgecombe and Pitt. Will keep an office at Rocky Mount.
☞ Special attention given to collections. Feb. 20, 1879.

A Card.

I have removed my DENTAL OFFICE to the new building recently erected by Mr. C. C. Lanier, next door to Tarboro House, where I will be glad to receive my friends or any one desiring Dental work. I am permanently located here, having leased the second story of this building for a term of years.
Yours, &c.,
ISAAC N. CARR,
Dec. 4, 1879. 1y.

TONSORIAL DELIGHTS.

WOULD you be soothed by the softest touch and keenest razor when your beard is hardest? Would you enhance your personal pulchritude so that your wife or sweetheart wouldn't recognize you? Then apply to Nathan Williams, whose Barber Shop is in Tarboro House on Main St. Solicing Shampooing done. Hair Oil, of his own manufacture, for sale.

KEEP COOL!

THANKING the citizens for their past patronage, I beg leave to call their attention to the fact, that I will keep a plentiful supply of ICE on hand during the coming season at my old stand and opposite the Court House. I will sell as low as it can be possibly put here for.
W. J. EDWARDS.
Tarboro, April 7, 1881.

RAILROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company.

Condensed Schedule.
TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated July 29, '81	No 48 d'ly	No 40 d'ly
Leave Weldon	3:30 p m	6:15 p m
Ar've Rocky Mount	4:59 p m	7:23 p m
Arrive Tarboro	7:40 p m	7:40 p m
Leave Tarboro	9:50 a m	9:50 p m
Arrive Wilson	5:38 a m	:5 p m
Arrive Goldsboro	6:34 p m	8:48 p m
Arrive Warsaw	7:42 a m	.....
Arrive Burgaw	8:43 a m	10:43 p m
Arrive Wilmington	9:45 a m	11:25 a m

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 47 d'ly	No 43 d'ly
Leave Wilmington	6:40 a m	6:25 p m
Arrive Burgaw	7:26 a m	7:20 p m
Arrive Warsaw	8:41 a m	9:04 p m
Arrive Goldsboro	9:48 a m	10:22 p m
Arrive Wilson	10:43 a m	11:17 p m
Ar've Rocky Mount	11:23 a m	11:55 p m
Arrive Tarboro	8:50 p m	*6 10 a m
Leave Tarboro	9:00 a m	†8:30 p m
Arrive Weldon	12:50 p m	1:25 a m

*Feaves Rocky Mount Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
†Leaves Tarboro Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.
Train No 48 North will stop only at Rocky Point, Burgaw, Magnolia, Warsaw, Mount Olive, Dudley, Goldsboro, Wilson Rocky Mount, Enfield and Halifax.
Train No. 40 South will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.
Train No 47 makes close connection a Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.
No. 43 runs daily and makes close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington.
All trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.
JOHN F. DIVINE,
Gen'l Sup't.
A. POPE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
mh 13-tf

Petersburg Railroad Company.

Office of General Sup't.
Petersburg, Va, May 12, 1881.

COMMENCING Sunday, May 15th, 1881, trains on this road will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
Boston and Savannah Fast Mail.
L've Petersburg daily at ..... 4:00 P. M
Stops only at Belfield.
Ar've at Weldon ..... 5:58 P. M
New York Express.
L've Petersburg daily at ..... 12:52 P. M
Ar've at Weldon ..... 3:10 P M
Through Freight.
L've Pet'sburg d'y, except Sunday 9:05 P. M
Ar've at Weldon ..... 2.55 P. M
GOING NORTH.
Boston and Savannah Fast mail.
L've Weldon daily at ..... 1:30 A. M
Stops only at Stony Creek.
Ar've at Petersburg ..... 4:05 A. M
New York Express.
L've Weldon daily at ..... 1:20 P. M
Ar've at Petersburg at ..... 3:32 P. M
Southern Express.
L've Weldon daily at ..... 4:20 A. M
Ar've at Petersburg at ..... 6:50 A. M
Through Freight.
L've Weldon d'y except Sunday at 6:00 P. M
Ar've at Petersburg at ..... 11:25 P. M
Local Freight—Mon'y, Wedn'y & Fri'y.
L've Weldon at ..... 3:50 P. M
Ar've at Petersburg at ..... 9:35 P. M
Sleeping cars and first-class coaches on night and day trains.
No change of cars between Wilmington and Washington.
Through tickets sold to all Eastern and Southern points and baggage checked through.
Passengers going South will purchase tickets and check baggage at Washington street depot
Passengers going North and stopping at Petersburg, will claim their baggage at Washington street depot.
R. M. SULLY,
General Superintendent.
W. P. TAYLOR,
General Ticket Agent.
W. J. BROWN,
Dispatcher of Trains
1Y mg

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

GEO. L. CROW,
Manufacturer
TIN, SHEET IRON and COPPER-WARE,
Stoves, Ranges, Heaters, Furnaces, Lamps, Lanters, Lamp Goods, Cleine Oil, &c.,
13 Commercial Row, NORFOLK, VA.
SAM'L L. PEED, Supt.
Dec 2, 1880.-1y.

S. MARX,
Dealer in
Hides, Furs, Wool & Beeswax,
No. 19 Roanoke Dock,
NORFOLK, VA.
The highest cash prices paid. Consignment solicited. Guarantee prompt returns.
Sept. 2, 1880. 1y.

M. L. T. DAVIS. B. D. THOMAS
ESTABLISHED 1865.
M. L. T. DAVIS & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PROVISIONS, FISH & SALT,
South-East Cor. Water & Commerce Streets,
NORFOLK, VA.
Sept. 2, 1880. 1y

W. C. Y. PARKER, Late of Warrenton, N. C. W. K. CARR, Late of Edgecombe, N. C.
PARKER & CARR,
COTTON FACTORS AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Room 9, Cotton Exchange,
NORFOLK, VA.
Cotton, Country Produce generally, Hides, Staves, &c, sold. Orders for merchandise promptly attended to. Guano a specialty.
Jan. 6, 1881.-1y.

BATTLE, BUNN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General
Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, VA.
We make the sale of Cotton a specialty, and promise always to obtain highest market prices. Bagging and Ties at lowest market rates, free of commissions.
Very liberal advances made on cotton to be held. aug.11-1y.

Luther Sheldon,
DEALER IN
SASHES, DOORS, BLINDS
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
And Building Material of every description
NOS. 16 W. SIDE MARKET SQUARE & 49 ROANOAKE AVE.,
NORFOLK, VA.
November 18, 1880 1-y.

LOCATED AT LAST!

I HAVE JUST OPENED IN MY NEW Store, No. 144½ Main Street, (between Peter Smith's and E. B. Blamire's, opposite Market Square,) with a new and beautiful stock, consisting of JEWELRY, GEMS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, &C., purchased for cash from manufacturers and importers, which will be sold at prices hitherto unknown in this city.
Special attention paid to repairing, and the best workmen employed.
A call is solicited and satisfaction in every respect guaranteed.
ARTHUR C. FREEMAN,
Jeweler, 144½ Main Street,
NORFOLK, VA.
On exhibition for a few days longer fac similes of all the noted diamonds of the world Well worth seeing. sep.2-tf

A. WRENN & SON,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of
Carriages, Harness, Saddles,
Bridles, Collars, Carts, Wheels,
Axles, Farm Wagons & Gear,
Horse Clothing, Lap Robes, &c.
Nos. 14, 16, 24 & 26 Union Street,
Norfolk, Va.
Full line of Carriages and Harness Material. My Buggies and Carriages are sold by J. H. BROWN, Tarboro N. C. sep.2-1y

ECONOMY!
SECURITY!
CLEANLINESS!
COMFORT!
THE
CHARACTERISTICS
OF THE
MALTBY HOUSE,
BALTIMORE,
Which still continues the
HEADQUARTERS
—OF—
SOUTHERN MERCHANTS
Prices always to suit the times and defy competition.
C. R. HOGAN, Pro'r.

ART.
PORTRAIT PAINTING
IN
OIL AND CRAYON.
MRS. DOSSEY BATTLE is prepared to paint Portraits in Oil or Crayon at very reasonable rates for that class of work. Having obtained several first Prize Medals from each of the American schools—Cooper Institute and the Academy of Design of New York—she proposes to give satisfaction in goom likenesses, provided a sitting be given or good likeness furnished.
References—Hon. E. G. Reade, Dr. Richard H. Lewis, Raleigh; Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Chapel Hill; Hon. George Howard, Capt. Fred. Phillips, J. L. Bridgers, Jr., C. O. Lanier, Esq., D. Lichtenstein, Esq., J. H. Brown, Esq., Gen. W. G. Lewis, and Jos. Zander, Esq., of Tarboro, B. H. Bunn, Esq., of Rocky Mount, and many others, who have her work. Her address is Tarboro, N. C.
Jan 19,-81.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Sample worth free. Address Stinson & Co. Portland, Maine mr

MEDICAL.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for malarial fevers on the Isthmus of Panama."

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
A Purely Vegetable MEDICINE
An effectual specific for malarious fevers
Bowel Complaints, Jaundice, Colic, Restlessness, Mental depression, Sick Headache, Constipation, Nausea, Billiousness, Dyspepsia, &c.
If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver, or billiousness, and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.
It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.
Buy only the genuine in white wrapper with red Z, prepared only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO.
Sold by all Druggists.

J. M. Baker, M. D. J. M. Rowe, Ph.G.
BAKER & ROWE,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Tobacco and CIGARS,
Main St., Tarboro, N. C.
Next door to H. Morris & Bros.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night.
As seen from above, I have' formed a copartnership with Mr. J. M. Rowe for the purpose of carrying on the Drug Business, at the old stand formerly occupied by myself. Mr. Rowe is a graduate from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and he has had eleven years experience in some of the largest stores in the country. By strict attention to business, we hope to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage of the public.
JULIAN M. BAKER, M. D.
After an absence of eleven years I have returned to my old home and formed a copartnership with Dr. J M Baker for the purpose of carrying on the Retail Drug Business. I shall devote my time and attention to the business, and hope that my friends and the public generally will give us a fair share of their patronage.
JOHN M. ROWE.
Tarboro, N. C., May 12, 1881-tf.

LAM LAWRENCE. J. J. BRITT
Lawrence & Co.,
Druggists & Apothecaries,
[NEXT TO J. M. SPRAGINS.]
Having opened a fresh stock of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, GARDEN SEEDS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO, we are prepared to serve the public with any article in our own line. We trust that by strict attention to business, and moderate prices, to win your confidence and patronage.
MR. J. G. M. CORDON, our efficient clerk, will have sole control of the Prescription Department, to which he will give his personal attention.
☞ Prescriptions prepared Day & Night.
Respectfully,
LAWRENCE & CO.
Tarboro, March 3, 1881.-3m.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY
Treat all Chronic Diseases, and enjoys a national reputation through the curing of complicated cases.
INDISCRETION—EXPOSURE Producing affections of the blood, skin or bones, treated with success without using Mercury or Poisonous Medicines.
YOUNG MEN who are suffering from the effects of a disease that unfits its victims for business or marriage, permanently cured.
PATIENTS TREATED by Mail and Express, personal consultation is preferred, which is FREE and invited. List of questions to be answered by patients desiring treatment mailed free to any address on application.
(Persons suffering from Impotency should send their address, and learn something to their advantage. It is not a trusse.)
Communications strictly confidential, and should be addressed
DR. BUTTS, 12 North 5th St., St. Louis, Mo.

Vennor's Predictions!
For this Month's Weather, prepared expressly for TODDART REVIEW.
ample copy mailed for 3c. stamp.
J. M. TODDART, Pub., New York, Phila., or Chicago.

Tarboro' Southerner.

Thursday, - - August 18, 1881

SOUTHERN GIRLS VIEWED THROUGH NORTHERN SPECTACLES.

Mrs. Helen Campbell Tells What She Don't Know About Our Women.

From the Charlotte Observer.

Mrs. Helen Campbell will be remembered in Charlotte as the lady who some time ago taught a "cooking class" at the Female Institute. While in the South she gained a superficial insight into Southern society, and in a letter to the Boston Herald thus puts her thoughts into words:

"I fell into meditation on Southern girls and Southern women in general. It is useless to bring Northern standards to bear in such judgment. The Southern girl of to day owes her chief characteristics to forces set in motion 200 years ago. The delicate hands owe their dimples and baby-like softness to generations of immunity from any personal labor. The tiny feet have small knowledge of the uses of feet, and falter if urged to a walk of a mile. The slender figures are corseted and made still more slender in a fashion now happily nearly unknown at the North, and from babyhood up delicacy, fragility, helplessness, are taught as the proper expressions of womanhood—the only expression that can insure the interest or sympathy of manhood. The first duty of every woman, from childhood on, is to make the most of every personal attraction. Paint and powder are brought into requisition long before girlhood is passed, and with the love of colors and passion for dress in general, a set of girls from even the "first families of Virginia" have slightly a Bowery or shop girl expression, which they, however, would be the last to recognize—The slender hands are loaded with rings of varying values; gold chains, lockets and every imaginable possibility of guilt and tinsel for hair or general ornament make the breakfast table in a large school more suggestive of an evening party than of quiet work, or the simplicity of genuine girlhood. Each one bears with her an immense "slat sun bonnet," into whose depths no rays of sun can reach, and which helps to preserve the waxy pallor dear to the feminine Southern mind. Brilliant coloring, or the last tendency toward *embonpoint*, are deadly offenses against the unwritten but powerful code under whose laws all women must come.—There are exceptions, of course, but my generalization comes, not from the knowledge of a few here and there, but from long watching of many representing the best blood of the South, and gathered into many schools, in which the chief aim seems to be to give as many showy accomplishments as possible, and rush each one through the course of study quickly enough to allow graduation at sixteen or seventeen. The course of study is often the same as in the most advanced Northern school, and many heads of Southern ones deplore the haste which makes thoroughness impossible and urge slower methods. But, in this mad race toward early marriage as the one only goal of life, there is little room for long continued, steady work. A large proportion of girls are engaged from fifteen to seventeen, and, if unmarried at twenty, are set down as hopeless old maids. Young men from twenty-five to thirty I found often the fathers of half a dozen children, and marriage before the first vote had been cast not at all uncommon. As to the mental calibre of the Southern girl, a judgment has already probably been formed.—Sweet voiced, supple, graceful creatures, the most of them, with a curious self-possession, and yet a certain timidity and shrinking which gives an indescribable charm. There is little or no self reliance—none of the sturdy qualities, the ownership of which is stamped upon the Northern, and especially the New England girl ineffaceably. To reason with a Southern girl is a useless and hopeless undertaking. the emotional nature, strong in any case, is cultivated to the highest pitch. They are full of sweet and generous impulses; affectionate and demonstrative to excess; passionate and enjoying their own capacities from storm, and the calm that follows storm. Clinging, dependent, conservative in thought, so far as they may be said to think—loving old ways, simply because they are old, and with a wild and compassionate loyalty to every Southern belief and practice, simply because it is Southern, you may know what type of women these girls become, and how slow must be the process which undoes the work of generations. I quote here, as confirmation of the judgment given, a sentence or two from a letter written recently by a native born in Virginia, who, having taught in Virginia for some years, went to the West, and sends back impressions.

"There is such a difference in the Southern and Western girls. The former are impulsive. enthusiastic, demonstrative; either very hilarious or exceedingly depressed. The latter are bright, energetic, even dignified, industrious, intelligent and ambicious. The former will devour you with embraces and caresses one moment, and be a sworn enemy the next. The latter is never very demonstrative, but always reliable; and friend once, a friend forever. 'Gush' and "spoons' are unheard of here. Be sure I do not intend to disparage the Southern girl. I have strong affection for some of our old pupils, but speak of them now as a class, in comparing them with our present pupils. * * * We are among a progressive and intelligent people, and their daughters are 'chips of the old block,' only more so."

Written for the TARBORO SOUTHERNER

Pencilings by the Sea.

BY MRS. ANGELINE E. ALEXANDER.

There is a peculiar charm about the sea that possesses fascination for all ages. Those who are looking out of "life's western windows" regard it with love and veneration as one of the grandest creations of their Heavenly Father. The young revel in the delightful dreams and moonlit strolls along the strand with an intelligent aye, perhaps a loved companion. The little children flounder and play in the foam of the soft white breakers. They gather shells and mosses, wade into the shallows and bury themselves into the glistening sand. The benign sun smiles on all with a browning beam and the vigor of the natural vitalities is evolved and developed for a sturdier manhood, a better womanhood, and a healthier childhood. At low tide the beach for some distance is left by the receding waters; and having been hammered upon so long by the breaking waves is as hard and smooth as a marble floor. On a fine breezy afternoon in 'the season' this beach presents a most exhilarating spectacle. The inspiriting influence of the scene extends itself to bipeds and quadrapeds. Little children race about on the fascinating wet sand enjoying the coolness and moisture under their bare feet. Softer pedestrians unvoluntarily quicken their pace. Equestrians dash along at full gallop. Wheels roll over the strand with scarcely an indentation. Let the waves curl and break in long lines of dazzling foam, scatter here and there a snowy sail for the setting sun to linger and play upon, hang over all a beautiful sky dappled with drifting clouds; and all these elements combined form so animating a scene that a man must be very moody or apathetic not to feel his heart grow lighter as he gazes upon it.

The public are beginning to realize the natural advantages of Nag's Head. The increased facilities for transit here, the remarkably low rate of charges; the universally admitted excellence of the fare; the courtesy of the proprietors and their assistants make this place a very desirable summer resort. To attempt a description of the guests congregated here requires a facile pen. Many distinguished men and beautiful young ladies are pointed out. Medicine, law and theology find here a place of rendevous for their votaries. The disciple of Esculapius, however, will fail to perceive much improvement in his finances at the close of the season. The lawyer lays aside his brief and legal documents, and with his gentle wife who is all too glad to have him near her, and his nimble-witted children, smokes the calumet of peace with his fellow men as calmly as if he had never stood up in court and painted his client's cause in colouer *de rose* when he knew in his heart it ought to have colouer *de soot*. Judging by the sprinkling through the crowd or clergymen of different denominations ecclesiastical differences must find a place of common union by the surf or on the fishing grounds. The new billiard saloon and bowling alley have their devotees. After supper a delightful walk may be enjoyed on the substantial pier that extends out a quarter of a mile over the sound. With a little stretch of imagination and a very great stretch of plank one might fancy they could reach Roanoke Island lying so peacefully opposite the head of the pier.

"The scene is more beautiful far to the eye,
Than if day in her glory had rayed it."

The sinking sun dances and flickers over the waves making them brilliant as with precious stones. The purling and gurgling of the water as it flows through the abutments of the pier has a soothing and lulling effect. Little pleasure boats glide joyously along, freighted with the happy and the gay, while the brilliant beacon of each lighthouse in full view suggests the poet's 'star in eternity's ocean.'

"Come out and hear the waters shout,
The sea-gull scream, the sea-gull scream!
Yon crescent moon a silver boat,
Hangs dim adown the scene, O!"

When you tire of these delights you can retrace your steps to the hotel, where you'll find the ballroom lighted, the music discoursing inspiriting strains and happy couples threading the mazy dance.

The hotel is a large three story building to which has been made an addition of the same height containing the parlor and suits of rooms all well finished and furnished in modern style. The dining-room and ball room occupy the entire lower floor of the main building; and with varandahs and windows opening on ocean and sound present a most inviting prospect for refreshment and pleasure. From this great central heart all the substance and enjoyment of the place is sent forth. There is no caste or ostracism about Nag's Head, and you are an adopted member of the family of visitors as soon as you enter this delightful resort. The habitues of the place engage their rooms from year to year, if possible, so that name and place become somewhat identical. The gentlemanly proprietors are all that they ought to be. Mr. Perry seems almost ubiquitous. His thoughtful consideration for the comfort of his guests, and his evident efforts to gratify them leave nothing to be desired. All the other offices of the hotel are filled by efficient managers. The table is abundantly supplied with the delicacies of the season and served by attentive and polite waiters. The best way is to come down and test all these excellencies for one's self.

WORSE THEN DEVILS.

How the Apaches Tortured to Death Young Pugh.

A Las Vegas correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirier deals with the outrages committed upon Pugh before his death, some of which, however, he is unable to describe because of their revolting indecency. He says:

"I went to the place where the stage was stopped and where young Pugh was captured. There were with me some of the party who had found the young man's body, and they took me over the trail that led to the spot where the murder was committed. This was two miles from the scene of the capture. Every five hundred yards or so there were imprints in the ground of a man's knees, and the guides explained that at these intervals the prisoner had sunk down from exhaustion and to implore his savage captors to spare his life or put him out of misery by killing him. If he pleaded for life at first, he begged as hard for death at last, for over the last mile of trail was sprinkled a copious stream of blood, and sequel showed that the Indians had committed such an attrocious outrage upon their prisoner that no human thus mutulated could hope or wish to live a minute thereafter. The body was found by the Mexican soldiers on the day succeeding the murder. It was swoolen to prodigious proportions, and an examination revealed the sickening extent of the mutilations perpetrated by the dastardly cowards. It was while suffering from such barbarous torture that the demons, his captors, had forced him to walk over a mile When he could no longer drag himself along, the brutal Apaches filled his body with bullets and left him to rot. When the Mexican soldiers found the corpse they dug a hole with their bayonets, the only tools they had, and burried the swoolen, distorted remains as best they could. Returning the next day the Mexicans discovered that the coyotes had dug the body up and had stripped it of the greater portion of its flesh. The soldiers again made a grave, and interred the remains in a decent and safe manner, after which a stone and cross were placed in position to mark the grave.

"The Indians who committed this outrage were supposed to be good Indians, and were out of their own bailiwick on a special leave from the government to hunt. They seemed to have taken it for granted that they were licensed to hunt human beings, and to murder in cold blood all they found unprotected. A couple of weeks prior to the murder of young Pugh the same band of cutthroats captured a body of emigrants, among whom were six women. The hellhounds violated the persons of the women in a most fiendish manner, after which they hung them up by the heels. Then they secured red hot lynchpins from the wagons they had burned, with which the monsters tortured the women to death. The manner in they applied the heated pieces of iron to their victims is too disgusting to be mentioned. The United States government might make a mistake of one or two Indians if it were to exterminate the whole Apache nation, but it is thought by some very humane people that it is time that the government should vary its mistakes by the one proposed.

The Induction Balance

N. Y. Herald.

The aparatus used to locate the ball in the President's body consists of two flat coils about four inches in diameter and one half an inch in thickness, of insulated copper wire, a battery, a condenser, an interrupter or circuit breaker, and a telephone. The ends of the primary or inducing coil are connected with the poles of the battery, and in the same circuit are a condenser and a small interrupter whose vibrating tongue opens and closes the circuit with great rapidity. The ends of the secondary coil, in which the current is to be induced' are carried to the binding posts of a Bell telephone. When the connections have all thus been made, the secondary coil is laid on the primary or inducing coil so that their respective circumferences exactly coincide. The circuit breaker is then set in motion, and the rapidly interrupted current through the primary coil induces another current of higher intensity in the secondary coil, and as it does so a loud musical tone is heard in the telephone, with which the secondary coil is connected. As long as the current is maintained and the circumferences of the two coils are kept in exact coincidence the musical note in the telephone does not change its pitch or intensity. If, however, the experimenter slides the upper coil along an inch or so upon the lower, so that their circumferences no longer correspond, the intensity of the musical tone is diminished, and just in proportion as the centres of the flat coils are separated by a greater or less distance the intensity of the musical tone is lessened or increased. When the upper coil has been slidden over the lower so that they simply overlap, the centre of one corresponding nearly with a point on the circumference of the other, the musical tone in the telephone ceases. If the upper coil be pushed a little further to one side, so that it overlaps still less, the tone is again heard. By delicate manipulation it is possible to adjust the centres of the overlapping coils at such a distance one from the other that a perfect balance is brought about, and when this is the case the telephone makes no sound whatever. The centres of the overlaping coils cannot then be moved either toward or away from one another without causing the telephone to break its silence. When the coils are thus balanced, and the telephone is mute, it is found that what may be called the area of coincidence, or, in other words, the area of the overlapping parts of the two flat coils, has become highly sensitive to the approach of metal, and manifests its sensitiveness by a low note in the telephone. As long as metal is kept away from this area the telephone remains silent, but if a piece of lead, for example, is brought within a distance of four or five inches from the overlapping parts of the coils there may be heard in the telephone a faint but clearly perceptable note, which becomes louder and louder as the metal approaches the sensitive surface and throws the coils more and more out of balance. It will readily be seen that under the guidance of the telephone the small area bounded by the intersecting circumference of the overlapping coils can be placed exactly above a bullet or other piece of metal imbedded in the body, provided the metal does not lie at too great a depth. As soon as the balance coins begin to feel the disturbance caused by their approach to the imbedded bullet the telephone announces the fact by a faint continuous musical note, and this note grows louder and louder until the overlapping ports of the coils are directly above the disturbing metal, when the sound reaches its maximum. For convenience of application to the body the coils used by Professor Bell were mounted in a rectangular piece of walnut; about seven inches in length by four in breadth, with screw posts at the corners for the wires and a handle at the back by which it could be held.

Caswell Day in Kinston.

KINSTON, N. C., Aug. 5th, 1881.

EDITOR TARBORO SOUTHERNER:

Knowing that you will get full particulars of the Caswell Monument Celebration before this letter can reach you, I forbear entering into a minute account.

Our mutual friend, Capt. W. W. Carraway, Chief Marshal, carried himself gloriously on the occasion. His regalia became him elegantly. His waving plume floated gracefully from his looped chapeau. His large and graceful fignre owes much to Edgecombe fare in days not long gone by. Major Elias Carr and Gen. Lewis of your county can testify *in propria persona* concerning this.

While our Chief Marshal was sitting on his horse near the monument, a bystander, who had been inspecting the parsphernalia, inquired:

"Captain, where did you get your bridle?"

"Sir," gravely replied the marshal, "this is the bridle that Gen. Caswell had when he rode into the battle of Moore's Creek Bridge."

The man seemed to be somewhat incredulous; but his eyes brightened and he became convinced when Arachel showed him the letter "C" on either side of the bit. Capt. Carraway looked his thanks to A. and ordered off a lot of little darkies who were pressing up rather close.

Ten thousand people were present; and there were present about the same number of watermelons. Lemonade — so called — flowed in every direction adown the thirsty throats of the surging masses. All the town pumps were going all day. Soda water and ice were favorites. No house was a private house, for the crowd poured in and up into the upper rooms to get a view of the procession. Men were present from all parts of the State. You would come face to face with an old acquaintance, grin and bow to each other, neither one being able to recognize. The crush was horrible, the heat simply awful. Six soldiers sunstruck, one, Adam Hang of Raleigh, died in two hours.

THE MONUMENT.

It stands beautiful and white at the intersection of Queen and Caswell streets. Parallel to Queen street, on the east is McIlvane street, on the west is Heritage street, both named for Caswell's wives. The stone is of Richmond granite, beautifully chiselled, a prominent mark for every one to see who passes through our town in the cars.

Kinston is now the "Monumental City." ARACHEL.

Wicked for Clergymen.

New York Baptist Weekly.

Rev. ——, Washington, D. C., writes: I believe it to be all wrong and even wicked for clergymen or other public men to be led into giving testimonials to quack doctors or vile stuffs called medicines, but, when a really meritorious article made of valuable remedies known to all that all physicians use and trust in daily, we should freely commend it. I therefore cheerfully and heartily commend Hop Bitters for the good they have done me and my friends, firmly believing they have no equal for family use. I will not be without them."

An Altoona barber breathes thro' his cars. After eating onions he must be doubly offensive to his customers.

A Man Marries His Sister.

Some years ago a man and wife of Somerset, Ky., on account of family troubles, separated, an only daughter going with the father, while the son stayed behind to share the lot of his mother. The gentleman removed to a neighboring State and engaged in an agricultural life, and accumulated considerable property. His wife in the meantime had drifted away to San Francisco, Cal. Years rolled by, and the gentleman died without ever revealing the blight of his early life to his daughter, she being too young at the time of the separation to remember anything about it. Soon after the mother died, and the son, having no friends in California and yearning for the love and confidence of the friends and relatives of his boyhood, came back and settled in Kentucky. Last summer the young lady went to Kentucky on a pleasure trip, and while spending the season at one of the watering places met this young man, and, attracted by his polished manner and cultivated mind, fell in love with him. He, equally charmed by her winsome face and feminine graces, reciprocated the feeling, and after a short courtship they were married, both totally ignorant of the terrible mistake they were making. A few days ago the old family lawyer of the young wife's father, who, by the way, knew all the past life of her father, came to see the young married couple, and during his stay learned the history of the young man. Struck by the similarity of the young husband's history and that of his wife's father, and half believing the horrible truth, he set himself to work and learned enough to convince him that the daughter of his old friend had married her brother. The few friends who have learned the young couple's sad predicament have concluded to keep the secret and let them live as man and wife.

Wive's Money.

Raleigh Farmer and Mechanic.

From half a dozen recent illustrations that have figured in the newspapers it would be easy to prove that any man is a fool to marry a woman who has an independent income of her own, unless she be loving enough to transfer it all to her husband. No true wife should have interests separate from her husband; and no woman with the secret feeling of pride and independence which a separate income fosters and develops can hope for a lifetime of peaceful domestic union. Sooner or later, there will arise difference; sooner or later the money will make quarrels, accompanied by the cutting retort which slays love, dead as a door nail! We know, of our own knowledge, at least one dozen marriages that have been turned into mockery and misery by a few thousands of dollars. Of course it is very common for husbands to mis manage, or squander or speculate with, the property brought to them by their wives; but that is the fault of the latter. Because, no woman, having means to support herself, ought to marry until she meets a man whom she can trust to the utmost, rely upon fully, and find pleasure in placing her person and property forever in his control. Any other sort of marriage is a mere convenience, a little more permanent and solemn than the agreement between a rake and his mistress who keep house together.

WICKEDNESS.—Not a bad heart, but a diseased liver, is often the cause of violence of temper, vindictiveness, and sometimes crime; for, when the spleen is affected, the heart is clogged in its better impulses, for want of action to carry off the bile.

"I have used Simmons' Liver Regulator, not only once but often, and can confidently assert it has done me more good than any other medicine I have ever used. I think it is the greatest medicine for diseased liver made in the world. Many of my neighbors have used it, and all will say as much if not more than I do for its virtues. "JOHN J. ALLEN,
Bibb County, Ga."

A stranger in St. Louis, thinking he recognized his coat on the back of a pedestrian, shouted "Stop thief!" and about thirty of the inhabitants suddenly disappeared down a side street.

"No Words in the English Language," writes a lady in Michigan, who is using the Compound Oxygen Treatment, "can express the gratitude I feel for the benefit I have received and the hope I have of possessing tolerable health again. It will be ten years, January, 1880, since I was taken sick, and the mental agony alone has been indescribable. I have two little girls who have never seen me walk. * * I think I shall be able to walk alone after a time. I have been so hungry this summer that I have scarcely been able to wait for meals. * * * Every one remarks upon the improvement in my complexion, and I am putting on flesh rapidly. My bowels, which have been constipated all my life, and terribly so since my sickness, are now better than I have ever known them to be." Our Treatise on Compound Oxygen, its nature and action, and full information for use, sent free. Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 and 1111 Girard Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

"Will you move this spring?" asks as exchange. No, we will not. If you want this spring moved, move it yourself, or petition the Legislature to have it moved.

Cured of Drinking

"A young friend of mine was cured of insatiable thirst for liquor, which had so prostrated him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst, took away the appetite for liquor, made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups; I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it."—From a leading R. R. Official, Chicago, Ill.—Times.