# Tarboro' Southerner

Published Every Thursday.

J. G. CHARLES, : : : Lessee and Manager

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50

Advertisements among local matter 10 cents a ne for each insertion to regular advertisers.

Transient advertisements' in local columns parties having no regular advertisements, 15 cents a line and none inserted for less than 50 cents.

Advertisements, discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, will be charged transient rates for time actually published.

Notices of marriages or deaths, not to exceed ten lines, will be inserted free. All additional matter will be charged 10 cents per line.

Payment for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Regular advertisements will be collected promptly at the end of every month. Communications containing news or a discussion of local matters, solicited. No communications will be published that contains objectionable personalities, that withholds the name of the author, or that will make more than one column in this paper.

The editor is not responsible for views expressed by correspondents.

☞All business with this office, in order to insure prompt attention, should be addressed to

THE SOUTHERNER.
TARBORO, N. C.

Entered at Postoffice as second class matter.

THURSDAY.....April 12, 1894


The White Oak has been selected as the State Tree.

Our Congressmen do not intend letting the Silver question rest. Mr. Henderson has introduced a bill to coin the seigniorage in the Treasury. It has no bond recommendation to it.

Mr. Coxey says he thinks of coming South to visit Mr. Butler, who is President, of the National Alliance. We hope he will make his visit to North Carolina a brief one.

The SOUTHERNER is glad to note that Mr. W. R. Henry is meeting with so much success as a lecturer. He made quite a reputation as a stump speaker during the last campaign.

The action on the part of some of the State militia in South Carolina, in refusing to obey the Governor in the Darlington trouble is severely censured by the National Guards.

Although he had two more years to serve as Postmaster at Rockingham, yet the citizens of that place have succeeded in getting relieved of the Republican, who holds this position. Mr. Harrison gets the plum.

Some Democrats are doubting the success of the party in 1896. They judge too quickly. Let our Legislators pass a genuine Tariff bill and cleave to the platform, which will be done, and the success of the party is insured.

North Carolina Congressmen have followed the Chicago Platform strictly to the letter. They have done what they were sent to Washington City for. The Windsor Ledger says:

Mr. Woodard is carrying out his promise to the letter. He has lately introduced a bill to repeal the ten per cent bank tax. He is for that measure, voted for free silver, for low tariff and against all propositions to protect the rich at the expense of the poor. Mr. Woodard is as popular in this county as if he lived here. Our people like him because he is true to his promises and true to his duties.

Harold Frederic, who is a close observer in English politics, is of opinion that the resignation of Mr. Gladstone is due not to the fact that his eyesight is failing or to the fact that he is growing feeble, but to the fact that he has been losing influence with his own administration. The theory is that his cabinet was out of sympathy with him in many things and went its own way regardless of his wishes. Rosebery was becoming more of a power than the Grand Old man, and so the latter dropped a hint of retirement after the manner of Bismarck, and, like Bismarck, was surprised to find that there was no clamor against his going.

The following represents the true sentiment at Washington City as to the Pollard-Breckinridge trial.

Mr. Breckinridge has been on the witness stand all the week. His own testimony is enough to establish his guilt and duplicity, if not to prove Miss Pollard's goodness. It is a sad thing to see so noble a man brought to disgrace because of his lack of moral strength. He thought he could lead a double life without detection. He did for a time, but the old adage, "Be sure your sins will find you out," has again proven true. His own confessions show the baseness of his conduct, and no wonder he said a few days ago that he had suffered the tortures of hell and doubtless deserved it.


In the Spring

Nearly everybody needs a good medicine. The impurities which have accumulated in the blood during the cold months must be expelled, or when the mild days come, and the effect of bracing air is lost, the body is liable to be overcome by debility or some serious disease. The remarkable success achieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the many words of praise it has received, make it worthy your confidence. We ask you to give this medicine a trial. We are sure it will do you good. Read the testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla, all from reliable, grateful people. They tell the story.


### GIVE US MEN.

Not that we would speak at all disparageingly of the past or of those who have heretofore held public offices, but it does occur to us that if we ever wanted first-class men at the helm to guide the Democratic party through the coming campaign, we need them now. The party wants men, whom they can trust to carry out the strict letter of the platform, men of character and honesty. The times demand it. The people will see to it, for they are tired of nominating men for offices who promise so much, seem so well and do so little, and thereby disappoint those whose servants they are.

Our own county Democracy should place before the people men who are tried and true, who are known as Democrats and will do their duty.

The campaign is to be a brisk one. It needs the united efforts of all Democrats to gain victory. Let the convention nominate first-class men, elect a good Executive Committee, and with good management the county can be held in line.

Otherwise the Republicans will put in a full pledged delegation. If there is any discord among us put it aside for the party's sake. Edgecombe Democracy united and thoroughly organized means Edgecombe county Democracy triumphant.

### THE ELECTIONS.

On next March 5th 1895 the terms of eleven Senators go out, and of course their successors are to be elected next year, as Legislatures of the different States meet. The names of those whose terms expire are as follows:

Those namely, of Senators Morgan, of Alabama; Berry, of Arkansas; Lindsay, of Kentucky; Caffrey, of Louisiana; McLaurin, of Mississippi; McPherson, of New Jersey; Ransom, of North Carolina; Butler, of South Carolina; Harris, of Tennessee; Coke, of Texas; and Camden, of West Virginia. The successor of the late Senator Colquit, Democrat, of Georgia, will serve only the remainder of his predecessor's term, which ends March 4th, 1895.

The Republican Senators whose terms expire are as follows:

Therefore, there will be on that day twelve vacancies among the Democrats in the Senate. These are the Republican Senators whose terms expire: Woolcott, of Colorado; Perkins, of California; Higgins, of Delaware; Shoup, of Idaho; Cullom, of Illinois; Wilson, of Iowa; Frye, of Maine; Hoar, of Mass.; McMillan, of Michigan; Washburn, of Minnesota; Power, of Montana; Manderson, of Nebraska; Chandler, of New Hampshire; Pettigrew, of South Dakota; Dolph, of Oregon; Dixon, of Rhode Island; and Carey, of Wyoming 17 in all.

The Populist Senator Mr. Morton, of Kansas; goes out of office. There are in the Senate 44 Democrats, 37 Republicans and four Populists. It is sure that for the Democrats to hold their own, they must secure a return of the Democrats in twelve States, where vacancies exist. And it is probable now, that there will be no great change.


Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c.


Our townsman Mr. W. R. Henry, has been appointed United States Consul at Curacoa, West Indie Islands, by President Cleveland. The place is not one of Mr. Henry's choosing and we assume is not of such dignity and importance as he wished. Certainly it is not as desirable a post as his friends hoped he would receive, and such as his ability and party services would seem to entitle him to. Whether or not he will accept we do not know.—Henderson Gold Leaf.

### "Sweet the Pleasure"

"Sweet is pleasure after pain" says Dryden, while Young tells us that "A man of pleasure, is a man of pains." Possibly so, no doubt, a man must sometimes take pains if he would secure pleasure. But when pains take the man there is no pleasure for him. If he wants pleasure let him take pains to get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a certain cure for all diseases of the blood and skin. It should be tried by all afflicted with tetter, salt-rheum scald head, St. Anthoney's erysipelas, ring-worms, pimples, blotches, spots, eruptions, boils, carbuncles, sore eyes, rough skin scrofulous sores, swellings, blood-taints, affection of the skin, throat and bones, ulcers of the liver, stomach, kidneys and lungs. Puryfy the blood, and health will return.

Captain Thomas W. Mason, of Northampton county, has been invited to deliver the address at the laying of the cornerstone of the Confederate Monument at Raleigh, May 20th....The Third party people of the county will have a meeting at Halifax Saturday and invites every one, regardless of former party affiliations, to meet with them.—Weldon News.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, April 7, 1894.

Senator Patrick Walsh, of Georgia, will take his seat in the Senate Chamber next Monday.

In the midst of great confusion, the House voted on a proposition to pass the Bland bill over the President's veto. The effort was a failure. A series of explanations respecting failures to go on record on the veto of the Bland bill were made in the House yesterday. Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, said he had been informed by Mr. Bland that a vote would not be asked until Saturday and not realizing the possibility of a vote yesterday had obeyed a summons and left the House. "If I had been present" he continued "I should have voted to pass the bill over the President's veto, and would have favored a reasonable time for debate."

"If you had been here yesterday," interjected Mr. Boutelle "you would not have had a chance to say that."

Mr. Swanson, of Virginia, said that if he had been present he would have voted "earnestly and sincerely to pass the bill over the veto, and would like to have submitted a few remarks."

Mr. Bartholdt, of Missouri, and Mr. Draper, of Massachusetts, said they would have voted against passing the bill over the veto.

Senator Vance's trip from Florida had a bad effect on him. He has not been to the Capitol since his return. He has enlargement of the liver and cannot walk. He sits up however, and converses cheerfully. He has written Senator Voorhees not to wait for him in the matter of Simmons' confirmation but to go ahead with it. He is paired against Mr. Simmons but I infer from trustworthy information that this is as far as his opposition will go. Senator Jones and Senator, I know are for Simmons. The attitude of Senator Joe Blackburn is the only one about whom I have any doubt.

The appropriation bills will be steadily pushed in the House. It is expected that all of them will be disposed of by the 1st or the middle of May. The House will be ready to adjourn by the 1st of June and that fact will be duly announced to the country. This is the programme of the Democratic leaders.

Of course the House will not adjourn then. No one expects it. The Democratic managers of the House, however, do expect that by closing up their most urgent business the attention of the country will be rivited upon the Senate, which at that time will, in all probability be struggling with the Tariff. To be sure, the Senate is a part of the Democratic administration and must bear the burden of criticism for non-action, even if the delay is due to the Republican tactics. At the present time, however, the slowness with which the Senate is moving is chargeable to both parties. It is sure that Senator Harris is doing all in his power to hasten the day when the Tariff bill shall come to a vote, but when his appeals are disregarded, as they were yesterday, and the Senate goes into executive session instead of proceeding with the Tariff debate, very much progress cannot be expected to be made. There is said to be a combination among the Republican Senators to pursue with regard to the Tariff bill, the same tactics that the Democrats followed in the famous fight against the Force bill, and they are greatly encouraged in their stand by the overwhelming Republican victories that have lately occurred. Some surprise has been expressed on the part of Democrat member of the House at the apparent indifference of the Senators who have charge of the Tariff bill to the necessity of prompt action. Not the slightest move has as yet been made in the Senate toward prolonging the daily sessions. Nearly a whole week has passed and but two speeches have so far been made. Debate does not begin until 2 o'clock and ends before 5. At this rate, the consideration of the bill be amendments will not begin for two months. In the House things wsre managed differently. Sessions began at 11 o'clock in the morning and ended at 10:30 or 11 o'clock at night.

Mr. George offered a resolution, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, instructing the Committee "in view of the present depressed financial condition of the people, the low prices of agriculture and other products, the indebtedness of many of the people and the increased value of money." To prepare and report a bill reducing, by 20 per cent, all official incomes not protected from reduction by the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. Thomas R. Jernigan, the newly appointed Consul General to Shanghai, left Tuesday night for his new position. He was accompanied by Mr. Erwin Avery, son of Associate Justice Avery, who goes as Consular Clerk, Mr. Avery's salary will amount to about $2,600 a year. Hugh Dortch will go to Shanghai later.

Mr. Crawford has secured an appropriation of $3,000 for star routes in Western North Carolina.

The removal of the Postmaster at Rockingham will cause great rejoicing among the Democrats of Richmond county. He has always been an offensive Republican partisan, and according to his commission had two more years to serve. But on Monday morning Senator Ransom, in company with Congressman Alexander, Col. Jno. D. Shaw and Sol. C. Weill, Esq., called on the Postmaster General who, upon hearing the case, decided to recomend his removal. The new appointee is Mr. W. E. Harrison, editor of the Rockingham Rocket, and a vigorous and aggressive young Democrat. Mr. Harrison was endorsed by Senator Ransom and Capt. Alexander.

The Williams vs. Settle contested election case is the next one on the docket.

Mrs. George Kidder, Mrs. Adam Empie and Miss Eliza Potter, of Wilmington, are here attending the meeting of the Colonial Dames.

The Capitol of this city says: "The proposition carried in the Postoffice appropriation bill to award nearly $200,000 or $196,614.22 to be exact, to certain "trunk lines from Springfield, Massachusetts, via New York and Washington, to Atlanta and New Orleans," "for necessary and special facilities" seems likely to meet with vigorous opposition. The presence of the railroad lobby has served to attract attention to it.

The opponents of the item point out that this is the only railroad subsidy ever allowed in this country in recent years, and that the subsidy is therefore, a discrimination against all other railroads; that, ar a matter of fact, the mail service provided for under it is not fast but slow, and that as another matter, two other North and South through mail lines, which are not subsidized make quicker time. They point out, moreover, that a pretty web is women around this allowance in order that it shall be not merely put through but protected and paid out; for the item in the bill provides that no part of the appropriation shall be spent unless the Postmaster-General deems it necessary. For example, Senator Ransom, who is avowedly the candidate of the Richmond and Danville people for re-election, is warmly for the sobsidy. Congressman Henderson, of Salisbury, N. C, an important Richmond and Danville town, is Chairman of the House Postoffice Committee, is also strongly for the appropriation: and Hon. Keer Craige, Third Assistant Postmaster-General, who is evidently wrongly supposed by some to have to do officially with Department recommendations touching the transportation of mails, is also a citizen of Salisbury, appointed to his present place largely through the influence of Senator Ransom and and Mr. Henderson. It is further pointed out that Mr. Henderson as well Mr. Craige is an Ex Attorney of the Richmond and Danville and that Mr. Henderson counts upon the support of this powerful corporation in his fight for Senator Vance's seat."

Marshall Cushing the editor of the "Capitol is one of the cleverest yankees I ever knew. He edits two or three papers here and "edited" John Wanamaker while he was in the Postoffice Department. But he is in grave error in the above. The R. and D. services is fast very fast and Senator Ransom and Mr. Henderson advocate the fast Southern mail because it is of great benefit to the entire South.

The ancestral home of Hon. Hoke Smith's maternal progenitors is Montpelier, Granville county, N. C. It was built prior to the Revolutionary War by Judge John Williams, the great grand-father of Mary Brent Hoke, who married Professor Smith, of New Hampshire, the father of the Secretary. It is one mile from Williamsboro, one of the three post towns in North Carolina during the war of the Revolution. Montpelier is approached by an avenue a mile long cut through a primeval forest of giant oaks. This avenue is wide enough for four carriages to drive abreast down its entire length. It is perfectlo straight, and the view of the old house in the large lawn about the size of Franklin square, is very imposing.

The house is built of the heart of the pine, but is finished inside with hand carved oak. The drawing room and library open on a central hall, as wide as the average Washington House. The ball room on fhe second story is nearly as large as the East room of the White House. The hedge of ancient box trees, in which Mrs. John Williams hid her silver from Lord Tarleton's troops, is still standing. Across tne hall from the ball room is a triangular-shaped bed room, which is said to be haunted by the ghost of a reckless son of the house of three generations past, who met with an untimely and unnatural death. This room overlooks the old family burying ground, and there are strange noises to be heard coming from the graveyard when the wind is in a certain direction. They probably come from the limbs of a tree which strike the tall Carara marble monument of Agatha Williams Burton the beautiful only daughter of Judge Williams and great-grandmother of Hon. Smith. The poorer white people and the negroes do not accept this solution of the "ghost" however, and many of them assert to this day that they have seen lights burning in the haunted room when Montpelier was untenanted, and that they have seen the "ghost" flitting about the graveyard. Montpelier's ghost is as fixed an institution among these people as the pension roll is at the Interior Department.

In this old graveyard is the unmarked grave of Chief Justice Leonard Henderson, the father of President Andrew Johnson. When Andrew Johnson was President he was invited to Raleigh to unveil the monument which some of the citizens of that State saw fit to erect to the memory of an estimable tailor, who was the husband of President Johnson's mother. Andrew Johnson went, but referred to him as "my reputed father." He, as well, as the friends and descendants of Chief Justice Henderson, knew whence Andrew Johnson got his brain. A son of Chief Justice Henderson has called my attention to the strong resemblance between the family portrait of Chief Justice Henderson and the picture of Andrew Johnson. The monument paid for by the State of North Carolina marks the worthy Tailor Johnson's grave at Raleigh, but a heavy stone, which was pointed out to me with the request that I should remember the spot "in case future generations should care to mark the grave of the distinguished Chief Justice" is the only headstone to show where the father of Andrew Johnson rests. Mrs. John Williams was the sister of Judge Richard Henderson, the father of Chief Justice Henderson. Henderson and Hendersonville, N. C. Henderson, Ky. and various other towns in the South were named for Judge Henderson and his numerous descendants, nearly all of whom have attained either local or national distinction. The Hon. Archibald Henderson was a brother of Chief Justice Henderson and grandfather of Hon. John Steele Henderson, now member of Congress from North Carolina and Chairman of the Committee on Postoffices and Postroads.


Said Nature to Physic "what pity that we
Who ought to be friends should so seldom agree.
My strength is exhausted my energy dead,
From the volley of blue pills discharged at my head."

It is not strange that Nature should remonstrate against the use of those griping and drastic blue marbles, with which old fogies of medicine persist in dosing their patients. They are not only revolting in appearance, but oftimes actually injurious in their affects. Yet Nature needs some help in overcoming obstinate dyspepsia, constipation and liver troubles, and fortunately she has a very valuable assistant in Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, which, small as bird seed and sugar-coated, never fail to act effectively though soothingly.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS



Skin Eruptions

and similar annoyances are caused by an impure blood, which will result in a more dreaded disease. Unless removed, slight impurities will develop into Scrofula, Eczema, Salt Rheum and other serious results of

Bad Blood

I have for some time been a sufferer from a severe blood trouble, for which I took many remedies that did me no good. I have now taken four bottles of SSS with the most wonderful results. Am enjoying the best health I ever knew, have gained twenty pounds and my friends say they never saw me as well. I am feeling quite like a new man. JOHN S. EDELIN, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



$1000 Worth

Of Other Medicines Failed

But Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

Mr. Arthur McConnell
Pensacola, Florida.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"One thousand dollars' worth of other medicines, prescriptions, etc., have failed to do for me what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done. My home is in Florida, but in 1884 I went to California and lived there four years. I was taken sick in 1886 and had medical assistance, but found no relief. The doctors said I had chronic bronchitis. I was in the Marine Hospital at San Francisco several months and at Rush Medical College, Chicago, 11 months, but still did not get better, so came back to Pensacola. My weight was then 139 pounds with a heavy overcoat on.

My Friends Did Not Know Me,

I was so thin and broken down. But the climate and being at home gave me a little courage and I began trying various medicines. In August, 1890, I was appointed to a position in the United States custom house. My friends urged my wife to have me try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took it three times a day just to please her. But to my surprise I commenced to feel differently after a week on Hood's. I found I was hungry and that I could sleep better; that tired feeling also left me. So I continued taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; have used nine bottles and four boxes of Hood's Pills, with the result that

I am Now in Good Health,

weigh 189 pounds, have a good appetite, sleep well, and have not lost a day's work since I began to take this medicine. When everything else has failed, I found that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures." ARTHUR MCCONNELL, United States Barge Office, Pensacola, Florida.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.



DEAF NEIMAN'S & DEAF SPEAKS PERFECTLY. Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR DRUMS, Without Wires, Head, Cons. Suitable, Comfort where all Remedies fail. Sold by F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York. Write for book of proofs FREE.



CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



HOWARD & CO.,

Hardware!

Plows and Plow Castings.
Paints, Oil and Varnishes.
Lime, Plaster and Cement.
Wagon and Cart Material.
Heaters and Cooking Stoves.

Tarboro, January 25, 1894. 1y



McILHENNY'S - PHARMACY,

UNDER HOTEL FARRAR.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Drugs and Medicines.

A full stock of everything on hand, or will order anything wanted by customers.

Physicians Precriptions A Specialty.

Filled by experienced Pharmacists any hour of DAY or NIGHT. Call and see us when in need of anything in our line.

Respectfully,

JOHN K. McILHENNY & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries



Special Announcement

Having had repeated calls for a change in our Pattern Department, we have secured the Agency for the celebrated

Standard Fashion Co. of New York

All the very latest designs and representations of this country and Europe, can be secured at our store at all times.

☞ We have a special privilege to offer for the first 60 days for the months of April and May, namely: THE LADIES' STANDARD MAGAZINE, monthly edition, for one year's subscription for only 25 cents, regular price 50 cents after that time.

Every lady reading this announcement should avail themselves of this liberal offer.

THE MORRIS COMPANY

☞ Just received a full line of LOW CUT SHOES AND SLIPPERS of the Latest Styles and Colors.



E. W. RAWLS. J. FRANK MARTIN

RAWLS & MARTIN,

Watchmakers - and - Opticians,

TARBORO, N. C.

Rawls & Martin, successors to Chamberlain & Rawls, have moved their Jewelry store next to the post office, where they will keep a full stock of goods in ther line.

REPAIRING WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELS A SPECIALTY

☞ Will give prompt and special attention in the better grade of Watches and guarantee our work shall be first-class.

☞ We will give the benefit of our long experience in adjusting SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES. 10tf



JAMES R. GASKILL,

Notary Public,

Life, Fire & Accident

Insurance Agent.

In connection with my Insurance Buisness I have opened a

Real Estate Office,

for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, leasing and renting property and collecting rents.

Tarboro, Feb. 15, 1894.



FINE LOT OF

Tuberose :-: Bulbs,

25c. Per Dozen,

—AT—

STATON & ZOELLER'S PHARMACY.


## NOTICE.

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a decree of the Superior Court of Edgecombe county, rendered at Spring Term, 1889, of said court, in the cause entitled W. H. Johnston and Benjamin Norfleet, executors of John Norfleet, against Bennett P. Jenkins, I will sell at the Court House door in Tarboro, on Monday, the 16th day of April, 1894, the land described in the complaint filed in the cause, to wit, a tract of land, situate in county, on the southwest side of Coxey Swamp, adjoining the lands of Josiah D. Jenkins, Vashti V. Jenkins, W. M. Pippen, W. H. Knight, and other lands of Bennett P. Jenkins, being the identical tract of land described in the deed of trust executed by Bennett P. Jenkins to John Norfleet, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Edgecombe county, in book 46, page 2. Reference is hereby made to the pleadings filed in the said cause for a particular description of said land.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, for the residue purchaser to exhcute his bond payable one year after the day of sale, with eight per cent. interest from the day of sale. March 8th, 1894.

BENJAMIN NORFLEET,
Commissioner.

Staton & Johnston, Attorneys.

## NOTICE.

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a decree of the Superior Court of Edgecombe county, rendered at Spring Term, 1889, of said court, in the cause entitled Claudia Redmond and W. H. Johnston and Benjamin Norfleet, executors of John Norfleet, against W. S. Oates, J. O. Oates, T. D. Oates, and Rountree, Barnes & Co., I will sell at the Court House door in Tarboro, on Monday, the 16th day of April, 1894, at public auction, for cash, the real estate described in the complaint filed in said cause according to the interests therein specified, that is that the interest of the said T. D. Oates shall be sold first to pay the judgment made in said cause against T. D. Oates, etc., and reference is hereby made to said decree for the particulars thereof, the real estate described in the complaint filed in said cause being a certain tract or parcel of land situate in the county aforesaid, lying on Town Creek, and on the south side thereof, adjoining the land of Hyram Webb, Van Buren Sharp, Rhoda Bridgers, Redding Lewis, and perhaps others, lying on both sides of the public road leading from Tarboro to Wilson, and containing 730 acres, more or less, the interest of the said T. D. Oates being one-fourth interest in said real estate. For a more particular description of said real estate and the respective interests of the defendants in said cause therein, reference is hereby made to the pleadings filed in said cause. March 8th, 1894.

W. H. JOHNSTON,
Commissioner.

Staton & Johnston, Attorneys.

## NOTICE.

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a degree of the Superior Court of Edgecombe county, rendered at Spring Term, 1891, of said court, in the cause entitled W. H. Johnston and Benjamin Norfleet, executors of John Norfleet, against Repsy Peel, I will sell at the Court House door in Tarboro, on Monday, the 6th day of April, 1894, the land described in the complaint filed in the said cause, or as much thereof as may be necessary, according to the power in said judgment, to wit, the tract of land situate, lying and being in the county aforesaid, on both sides of the public road leading from Tarboro to Raleigh, adjoining the lands of Joshua Killebrew, William H. Knight, John L. Wiggins, Frank Dew and others, and containing 170 acres, more or less, being the land on which the late William Peel died seized and possessed. Reference is hereby made to the pleadings filed in said cause for a particular description of said land.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, the purchaser to execute his bond for the residue, payable one year from day of sale, with interest at eight per cent from the day of sale. March 8th, 1894.

HENRY JOHNSTON,
Commissioner.

Staton & Johnston, Attorneys.

## NOTICE.

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a certain decree of the Superior Court of Edgecombe county at Fall term, 1893, of said court in the cause entitled M. B. Pittman, executrix of N. J. Pittman, against H. C. Bourne, I will sell at the Court House door in Tarboro, N. C., for cash, on Monday the 16th day of April, 1894, the real estate described in the mortgage deeds from the said H. C. Bourne to N. J. Pittman, records in the office of the Register of Deeds for Edgecombe county, the one recorded in said office in book 34, page 463, the other in said office in book 39, page 236, to wit, a certain piece or parcel of land situated in the county aforesaid on the Tarboro Branch Railroad, adjoining the lands of the said Pittman, Spencer L. Hart and others, and containing 600 acres, more or less. Reference is hereby made to the pleadings filed in the above entitled cause, and to the mortgage deeds recorded aforesaid for a particular description of said land. March 8, 1894.

ED. PENNINGTON,
Commissioner.

Staton & Johnston, Attorneys.

## NOTICE.

By virtue of the power and authority contained in a decree of the Superior Court of Edgecombe County rendered at Fall term, 1893, of said court, in the entitled J. M. Edwards and his wife, Mehala T. Edwards, against Joseph Lane, David Lane, and his wife, Lucretia Lane, Frank Hart, W. A. Hart and H. B. Hart, executors of the will of W. L. Hart, I will sell at the Court House door in Tarboro, N. C., for cash, on Monday the 16th day of April, 1894, the real estate described in the mortgages from Joseph Lane, David Lane and his wife, Lucretia Lane, the one recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Edgecombe county in book 53, page 419, the other in said office in book 59, page 54, to wit, the land described in said book 53, page 419 being a piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the county of Edgecombe, and known and designated as follows, viz., Austin Whitehead land, adjoining the lands of John A. Mercer, Whitmel Proctor and others, containing 73 acres, more or less, and the land described in book 59 page 54 aforesaid being a certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Edgecombe county, State aforesaid, in 13 township and described and defined as follows, to wit, known as the old Austin Whitehead Place, adjoining the lands of Dr. John R. Mercer, Whitmel Proctor, Lucretia Lane and David Lane, containing 50 acres, more or less, lying on South side of cross fence between David Lane Lucretia Lane, and reference is hereby made to the pleadings filed in the above entitled cause and to the mortgage deeds recorded as aforesaid for a more particular description of said land. March 8, 1894.

J. M. EDWARDS,
Commissioner.

Staton & Johnston, Attorneys.

## NOTICE.

Warning is hereby given to all who have not paid their town tax for the year commencing June 1st, 1893. That unless the same is paid at an early date your property will be advertised and cost added thereto.

J. M. SPRAGINS,
TAX COLLECTOR.