State Librarian

The Tarboro Southerner.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT; THEN GO AHEAD.—D Crockett

VOL. 87. NO. 24 TARBORO, N. C. THURSDAY, JUNE 17. 1909. ESTABLISHED 1822

A FACT
ABOUT THE "BLUES"

What is known as the "Blues" is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER.

THIS IS A FACT which may be demonstrated by trying a course of

Tutt's Pills

They control and regulate the LIVER. They bring hope and buoyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

His Rainy Day.

I never was much on a rainy day,
When the light and the lilies are rained away;
I think o' the mortgages comin' due
An' a thousand things that are sad to you!
Right out in meetin' I'm free to say,
I never was much fer a rainy day!

I keep a-mopin' around the place,
Watchin' the drops in the rainy race;
The droppin', shiverin' trees—they seem
Like skeleton ghosts in a misty dream
An' I get to shiverin' too, and say:
"They'll rain the soul o' me clear away!"

Yet, the rainy day—it falls just right:
It makes us know how we'd miss the light.
If it sall a long and last good-by
To the shadowy curtains of the sky,
Still, out in meetin' I'm free to say,
I never was much fer a rainy day!

—Frank L. Stanton.

GO TO THE RESCUE.

Don't Wait till It's Too Late—Follow the Example of a Tarboro Citizen.

Rescue the aching back.
If it keeps on aching, trouble comes
Backache is kidney ache.
If you neglect the kidney's warning,
Look out for urinary troubles—diabetes.

This Tarboro citizen will show you how to go to the rescue.

Joseph Savage, Church St., Tarboro, N. C., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly. My kidneys were very weak and the secretions were irregular, scanty and painful in passage. I had sharp pains across my loins, and a dull, dragging ache in my back. If I bent over quickly, a stitch would catch me in my back and I would hardly be able to straighten. After using several remedies and getting no relief, I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills from Cook's drug store and began their use. They removed aches and pains in my back and regulated the kidney secretions. am very glad to tell of my experience with Doan's Kidney Pills."

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

"What's the reason we shouldn't have a little outing this Saturday?" asked Mrs. Grampus.

"I am," snarled Grampus.—Buffalo Express.

FORBIDDEN TO HIRE OR HARBOR.—All persons are forbidden to hire or harbor my son, Allen Petway. He is under age and after helping me start a crop, has now abandoned me. Those who do will suffer the penalties of the law, Sarah Petway.

NEW

GOODS

Arriving Every Few Days at The.....

VARIETY STORE

W. T. Deans.

Next C. J. Austin's.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR COUGHS COLDS PRICE 50c & $1.00. Trial Bottle Free

AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

ADVICE TO CONSUMER.

Revive the Back-yard Garden And Again be Poducer.

It is true, not only in the larger cities, but in the smaller country communities, that individual production is being neglected; the home manufactory has, as a rule, ceased to work as it once did, and canned foods put up in the vats of some big manufactory, and, perhaps, impregnated with benzoate of soda, are too often taking the place of the preserves and pickles and foods that "mother used to make."

Then the back-yard garden has rapidly disappeared, while the housewife sends to the corner grocery for the day's supply of vegetables.

In this way a tremendous aggregate of production which cut an important figure in the market some years back has suffered lapse through neglect an indifference.

But, unquestionably, renewed attention to the back-yard garden and the putting up of home supplies is one of the important remedies for the high toll which necessities have come to take of earning power.

This remedy lies largely with the people themselves, and by their efforts they can achieve much in the direction of reduced expenses, even though they may have little or nothing to hope for from those who make tariff bills and help the trusts to levy taxes.—Atlanta Constitution.

TREE PLANTING.

A New Method That Induces Free Root Formation.

It is an article of faith among fruit growers that a fruit tree must be planted in properly prepared soil, a large, wide, shallow hole, the roots carefully spread out in all directions and arranged near the surface with a slight upward bearing at the ends.

Small quantities of the finer soil are first worked in among the roots, hollow places caused by archings in the stouter roots are filled up, the remainder of the soil is put in trodden carefully down and the whole left to the compacting influence of the rain. The tree is supported by stakes until it is firmly established.

Spencer U. Pickering, with his recent researches, declares that proper tree planting means a small hole, roots doubled up anyhow, the tree stuck in, the soil thrown in and rammed down as for a gatepost. With extensive experiments 59 per cent show in favor of the new simple method, 27 show no difference and 14 per cent show against the new way. By whatever criterion the trees are guaged the new method is said to give better results than the orthodox. Although an antagonistic cry has been raised against the revolution theory no practical man has been able to give any reason for the old faith that is in him beyond the fact that it is sanctioned by established custom.

Examination proves that ramming has led to a copious development of fibrous roots. In planting the imports thing is to induce fresh root formation and ramming does this more rapidly than the old way.—Chicago Tribune.

Could Not Be Better.

No one has ever made a salve, ointment, lotion or balm to compare with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cold Sores, Chapped Hands. Its supreme, infallible for Piles. Only 25c., at W. H. Macnair's.

Sermons Boiled Down.

Resources for tomorrow depend on reserves made today.

It is always safe to idealize the real if you realize the ideal.

Piety adopted because it pays cost more than it is worth.

All the stiffness in a man's neck is taken out of his back.

The best proof of a great religion is its use on small occasions.

A life is holy in the measure that it makes lives really happy.

The only way to digest a good sermon is to do what it suggests.

The pessimist always puts his best coins forward in a crowd.

Some folks try to get rid of a man's faults by advertising them.

Every man knows just how to play the game until he goes to the bat.

You can never express the factor of man in terms of the dust alone.

Any one can understand the divine love when it is in terms of human kindness.—Chicago Tribune.

—Sometimes you may be told that there are other things just as good as DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. That isn't so. Nothing made as good as DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills for any ailments of the kidney or bladder, which always result in weak back, backache, rheumatic pains, rheumatism and urinary disorders. A trial of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills is sufficient to convince you how good they are. Send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, for a free trial box. They are sold here by all druggists.

At the strawberry shortcake eatfest our chunk had a real strawberry in between the quilts, which was nearly ripe enough to eat. We got the berry that the cake was named for, but we always were lucky at games.—Riverton (Col.) News.

MAN VS STEAM.

Railroads in Japan and Corea Compete With Human Muscle.

Both in Corea and in Japan the railroads have a big competition with human muscle. Frank G. Carpenter writes that he has seen men, women and boys hauling great loads in carts from town to town in Japan. They were harnessed up like horses and bent half double as they pulled their vehicles onward. There were carts drawns by bulls or bullocks, and not a few of stocky ponies. Six or seven hundred pounds is an average cartload for two persons, and 12 miles is a fair day's march. Bullock carts are usually drawn by only one animal, and horse carts likewise. In such cases the driver simply walks by the animal's head, instead of sitting on the load as our people do. The freight bullocks and horses are shod with straw, and in the latterion these straw shoes cost about one cent apiece.

In Corea, where the railroads are only a few years old, the transportation methods are even more crude. For thousands of years these people have carried all their goods from place to place, on the backs of men or pack animals, and they do so today. There are bullock carts in the city, but the country roads are little more than bridle paths and about everything is packed from one place to another. The porters have a regular trade ,and they have one of the strongest guilds or unions in the country. They carry their loads on a framework made of forked sticks which is fastened to the backs in such way that the burden sometimes rises above the head. This frame is called "the jiggy" and it is in common use.

The jiggy men rest their jiggies on the ground, propping each with a forked stick while they, put on the load. They then kneel down and thrust their arms through the two padded loops which fasten them to their shoulders, and rise, carrying the weights with them. The average porter can get up with 200 or 300 pounds on his back and he can carry 500 pounds at a pinch. The average load for a long journey is 100 pounds, and a porter will take that weight thirty miles a day and not kick.A great deal of produce is carried by ponies and not a little on the backs of bulls which are trained for the purpose. Such bulls are shod with iron, and they are a common sight everywhere and they are a common sight everywhere.

THEY MAKE NO MISTAKES.

Seagulls, Frogs, Spiders, Owls, and Snails Foretell the Coming of Rain.

Those who live by the coast do not want a better weather sign than the seagulls, which in the various winds that will bring the rain collect in big flocks and gather in the field or circle high over the land, wheeling and screaming uneasily, says the Brooklyn Times. They will not come in on a false alarm, and none need fear they will make a mistake.

As long as frogs remain yellow in color nothing but fine weather may be expected. Should, however, their coats begin to assume a brown hue it is a sign that bad weather will shortly arrive. A good frog barometer may be made by keeping two of them in a large glass bowl filled with water and furnished with small wooden ladders. As long as the frogs keep at the bottom of the vessel sunny days will continue, bbut if they climb up to the top of the ladder there is a storm coming.

A spider spinning its web is a sign of fine days. If in the morning, a day's excursion may be taken without fear of summer costumes becoming spoiled by the wet; and if in the evening, then at least the whole of the night and the following morning will be fine.

If it is raining and the owl screeches, a change for the better in the weather will shortly ensue, but should the peacock screech, bad weather is to come or continue.

Snails are also valuable weather prophets. As long as they are to be seen jogging along in the orthodox manner fine weather may be confidently looked forward to. If there is rain in the atmosphere the snail may be seen to seek shelter up the stems of trees and shrubs, under and, in fact, anywhere they can be safely out of the wet. Only when all immediate danger of a recurrence of rain is over will they emerge again.—Our Dumb Animals.

Dickering Legislation.

"Look here," said the rural member of the Legislature, "I'm willin' t' make a dicker with yew. I'll vote fer yer city grab bill ef yew'll vote fer my bill pervidin' fer a third deputy recorder in my county. What do yew say?"

"But what on earth do you want with a third deputy recorder?" asked the city statesman.

"Well, I'll tell yew," replied the member from the alfalfa reservation. "Th' reg'lar recorder is a cousin uv mine, an' he's deaf and dumb; the first deputy is a brother-in-law uv Boss Ryetop an' has bin confined to his bed for years; the second deputy is a relative of Boss Buckwheat and he's crazy as a loon. So we've got t' hav sumbody t' do th' work. See?"—Chicago News.

NATIONAL EXTRAVAGANCE.

It "Actually Threatens the Liberty of the American people.

As long as the country is highly prosperous and is developing increases of value rapidly, extravagance up to the present limit may be endured; but, in the first place extravagance threatens to go above the present limit, and, in the second place, the time may come when the county is less prosperous, at least for a season, than it is today. When the trying-out pressure comes a nation will go to pieces just as an improvident, bankrupt, individual will. When government comes to be largely a game of grab it is time to run up the danger signal.

The worst of it is that in our own country the more extravagant the man in politics has come to be the more the people have been taught and led to depend upon him for appointment's, special privileges, pensions, subsidies, and fortunes of public money. The extravagance and grabbery of it have, in this way, actually found lodgment deep down in the character of the people. The cultivated taste or appetite for spoils has come to them as a result of their miseducation. In a few more generations it may be bred in the bone unless the example of President Taft is made more forceful and unless thousands of other men in authority join in the timely work of saving a great people from the weakening curse of extravagance and dependence. The appointee with continuous raises in his salary or the public official with enlargements on requisitions of public money, frequently made by himself, or the lucky receiver, or the fortunate commissioner—in other words, the favored ones—can get along nicely and laugh about the increased cost of living. These do not even stop to consider the case of the man w om they are riding—the revenue bearing animal who never receives an appointment, or office, or appropriation, or sinecure, or windfall of any sort, but who earns every dollar he gets and must discover for himself the opportunity to earn it.

The "forgotten man," who is valued for his taxes and his vote, just as a mink is valued for its hide, is already feeling sensibly and continually the burden of the tremendous extravagance which great men in politics have thrust upon him even while they were depriving him of the poor privilege of buying where he can buy cheapest and selling in the best markets of the world. His complaint of the cost of living amounts to something. He is no relatives or friends with power to make up for extraordinary exactions by taking more of the money of his neighbors and generously handing over the crisp bills to him.

The complaint of the "forgotten man" is now heard the country over, but apparently disregarded almost everywhree. President Taft has merely turned a toe in the right direction. A more desperate army of locusts has never infested the capital of any nation, and the same thing over again on a slightly smaller scale, will be found in almost every city of the country. In many places it is growing worse all the time. Extravagance actually threatens the liberty of the American people.—Dallas News.

The Sunny Side.

Half the world's in sadness,
Other half is gay—
Better take the sunny side,
That's the safest way.

What's the use to worry,
Doesn't pay at all;
On your head the patter
Of the rain must fall.

Laugh away the shadows,
Clouds are only mist;
Soon they'll swiftly vanish,
By the sunbeams kist.

World is full of beauty,
Bright and tremulous;
God, the wonder worker,
Made it all for us.

Keep on going, going,
Certain, by and by,
To find the golden rainbow
Flooding all the sky.

When misfortune meets you,
Bear it like a man;
Face it, fight it, beat it,
Do the best you can.

Anyway, be honest
With yourself and bide
Where there are no shadows—
On the sunny side!

—Baltimore Sun.

Lower Tobacco Prices Predicted.

There is an attempt in the West to broaden the area of tobacco production this year and it will very likely prove successful. New interest is awakened in Missouri, especially and a strong attempt will be made to plant a large crop in that State, which for years has lessened its area of tobacco cultures. This large increase in Western acreage must have its effect on common tobacco grown in Virginia and North Carolina next fall. The farmer cannot take present prices as an index of what they will be next year, except that if they index anything at all it is low prices eight months hence.—Southern Tobacco Journal.

—John Graham of Kirkland, N. B., who died a few days ago at the age of 109, worked at manual labor regularly until within a week of his death.

SWEETEST OF TOWNS.

Grasse, in the French Riviera, Perfumes the World.

The sweetest town in the world is Grasse, in the foothills back of Cannes on the French Riviera. All through the year Grasse is really one big bubbling cauldron where are distilled gallons, barrels, hogsheads of perfumes.

In the spring violets, roses and narcissus form the principal ingredients, in the fall jasmine and tuberose. All the flowers are grown in the open sun, except the violets, which, requiring shade, are hidden between rows of olive trees.

The flower pickers of Grasse and the flower girls and flower women o the "Jeu de Ballon," says The Lady's Pictorial, form a far more picturesque element than the perfume makers of the factories where the fragrance is distilled. Coiffed with great, flat, pancake hats of plaited straw the flower pickers cannot fail to impress one. With them are their helpers with square flower laden baskets on their backs and a smile—the traditional smile of southern Europe—on their faces.

As for the process by which the perfumery of commerce is made, it is as varied as the flowers which make up the ingredients. Primarily the essential oil or otto of a flower is obtained only by distillation. The residue is then mixed with clarified or refined pork fat by boiling in great copper kettles, and being stirred constantly with a wooden pestle during the operation.

It is this boiling down with fat that gathers the perfume to itself. The impermeated grease is then charged up with refined alcohol in another cauldron until all the perfume has passed into the spirit.

The fat remaining, with a a slight impregnation still left to it, is made into soap, a by-product which is no in considerable factor in the turnover of the establishment, though often enough this left over product is simply sold to another concern whose business it is to work it up into toilet soap and sell it under more or less poetic names.

A more primitive method of making perfume is that which was in use at the beginning of the industry at Grasse. This method prescribes that coarse linen or cotton cloth should be first impregnated with the finest olive oil, then stretched on a gauze wire frame.

Upon this cloth are placed thin layers of flowers, the layers being changed many times until the oil impregnated cloth has absorbed a saturated solution of oil and perfume. This cloth and its precious burden are afterward treated with an alcohol bath, which in turn separates the perfume from the oil.

Another method for extracting the perfumes from the flower is that of enfleurage. By this means the most delicate of essences are yielded indirectly by being allowed to filter slowly from the crushed blossoms through a quarter-inch layer of cold fat in shallow glass pans, from twelve ot seventy-two hours is required for the enfleurage, depending upon the varieties of blossoms and the season of the year.

By calculated experiment and by accident as well many curious truths have been brought to light concerning the art of the perfumer. White blossoms have been found to yield the most fragrance, with those of yellow and orange tints at the bottom of the list. A strong light decreases the odor of perfumes, though this may be accounted for by the fact that the sense of smell is strongest when that of sight is enfeebled.

It is a curious fact that the ethereal extract of any flower resembles the perfume of that flower very little. The odor peculiar to the rose and jonquil is a combination of ethereal essences which is only arrived at by a long and tedious process.

Nearly every odor requires different process to bring out its full value. Lilies strange enough, give out an odor resembling that of the rose, while the rose and the orange flower (neroli) each yield quite a different perfume from that naturally looked for and the scent of any and all blossoms except the jasmine can be fabricated by the scientific combination of the ottos of many different flowers.

Deafness Cannot be Cured,

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and unless the inflammation can be taken out this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.
Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

—A sash is the engagement present of the Japanese lover.

JUST ORDINARY WATER.

But it Made Drinkers Fat as Long as Mystery Was Unsolved.

Culver, Ind., June 5.— For several days Culver citizens and cottagers at Lake Maxinkuckee have been drinking water that gushed up from the middle of the street. It was said to be rich in mineral properties and two physicians prescribed it for their patients. Those who drank were getting fat ,and two citizens made plans to organize a company to bottle the water and place it on the market.

The town council stepped in and insisted that the well belonged to the city, as it was in the middle of the main street. It informed the water company promoters to keep the hands off, and a contract for a fine drinking fountain was entered into with a Chicago concern.

Today, it was discovered that the "flowing well" was a leak from an old water main that runs from the Vandalia Railroad tank to the site of a hotel that burned several years ago.

Law Prescibes That All Automobiles Shall be Registered With the Secretary of State.

All owners of automobiles in North Carolina are required by law to register their cars with the Secretary of State beginning July 1, and all cars occupying public highways are required to carry and display at all times the registration tag under penalty of a $50 fine or imprisonment of 30 days or both. All counties are included, except New Hanover and the speed limit designated is eight miles for closely settled communities; 12 miles for residential sections and 25 miles for country highways. It also prescribes that all motor cars shall slow down when passing a railroad and other crossings, running over bridges, etc.

Upon compliance with this, the Secretary of State will issue a certificate of registration, together with a seal to be affixed to the vehicle, and this seal is to be displayed in a conspicuous place on the vehicle. The certificate will remain in force for one year. In addition to the seal the owner must at all times display upon the front and rear of the vehicle the number assigned it by the Secretary of State.

Three dollars of the registration fee shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the owner of the machine resides.

Section 5 of the law says: "No motor vehicle shall be used or operated upon the public highway after July 1,1909, which shall not display thereon a registration seal and on the rear of said motor vehicle a number as provided in Section 4 of this act, or which shall display theeonr a fictitious seal or number belonging to any other vehicle."

Any person violating any of the provisions of the act shall be guilty o a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty days or both. For the second offense or any subsequent offense he shall be fined not exceeding $50 and the costs of the prosecution or by imprisonment for not exceeding thirty days, or both. For the third offense the certificate of such owner shall be canceled for the space of six months.

All police justices or justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction to hear try and pass sentence for violations of the provisions of the act.

The Umpire,

Who is it, reckless of his fame
And deaf to yells of praise or blame,
Unmoved by glory or by shame,
Hands down decisions on the game?
His Umps.

Who calmly stands where spinning spores,
Projected by the hand that steers
The low or high, curved, straight, or queers,
Whiz past his body, face, and ears.
And calls them balls or strikes, while cheers
From grandstand throngs or bleachers' jeers
Do not affect his hopes or fears?
His Umps.

Who faces thousands every day
Ranged 'round the grounds in fierce array,
All with a hot desire to slay
When he decides a quick, close play
Not in accordance with their way,
No matter what they want and say?
His Umps.

Who wears the diamond like a king?
Who has the players on the string?
Who carries pennants in a sling?
Who simply runs the whole darn thing?
His Umps.

—We do not know of any other pill that is as good as DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous liver pills—small, gentle, pleasant and sure pills with a reputation. Sold by all druggists.

Notice to Creditors.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of Cyrenis Edwards late of this, Edgecombe county, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against my testatrix to present them to me duly proven or before June 10, 1910 or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Those indebted to the estate must make immediate payment.

A. M. WOOTEN.
Executor.

Macclesfield, N. C. 6t

WOMAN—TWO PICTURES.

What the True Man Wants is the Woman That God Made.

Take the suppleness of the serpent and the grace of the willow, the white brow of a lily, and the slender neck of a swan, two bewitching pink shells from the ocean depths, and two dashes of blue from an azure sky; take two crimson rose petals from Paradise, and two rows of pure pearls, the circle of the horizon, the velvet touch of the warmest fur, a sheaf of shining gold, two soft caresses; take these with some sunlight and the soft ripple of the rivulet, and the sparkle and reflection of divine intelligence and grace, and mix them well together with the life and love of God, and lo, that mysterious marvel—a woman!

But take—

A dachhund waist or the waist of a spider, a strait-jacket,a flower garden in bloom set on straw, a dash of darkness, vermilion blood, and some enamel from a charnel house, thread spun by worms, some silver and gold, the skin of dead animals, a double portion of unique attractions, and of the lust of possession and display; take these, mix well together, and lo, a woman as the milliner and fashion and vanity have made her!

Look on this picture and on that.

Young women that are deceived by the gaudy dash of the milliner and man-made woman are misled, indeed. For what the true man wants today a woman as God has made her, with the light and purity of divine beauty on her brow and all graciousness distilling from her lips.—Christian Endeavor World.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE

is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 80 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. If your child is sick get a bottle of

FREY'S VERMIFUGE

A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN

Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to

H. de S. FREY
Baltimore, Md.
and a bottle will be mailed you.

Unlucky Korner

We Have Received The Agency For

RED BAND

CELEBRATED CANDIES

Call and see our display of these goods. The kind you have been paying higher prices for

10c, 15c and 20c varieties.

LILES-RUFFIN & CO.
The Pure Food Store.
Phones 83 and 47.

THE NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture & Mechanic Arts

The State's college for vocational training. Courses in Agriculture and Horticulture; in Civil, Electrical and Mechanical Engineering; in Cotton Milling and Dyeing; in Industrial Chemistry. Why not fit yourself for life by taking one of these courses? Address

D. H. HILL, Pres.,
West Raleigh, N. C.
dw12

PICKLES Our Dill Pickles have just arrived. They are fine, so are our SWEET and SOUR PICKLES. Don't forget to try our

Edwin J. Gillie's & Co.

Fine Coffee. Ladies: At some of your Five O'Clock Teas we would be pleased to serve free of charge some of this coffee, that its excellence may be appreciated.

Yours to serve,

The Hub Grocery Co.
P. A. Lewis, Proprietor.
Phone 155.

PANOLA DAIRY
Pure Milk and Cream
Patrons will phone their orders to phone No. 243a.

Trouble Makers Ousted.

When a sufferer from stomach trouble takes Dr. King's New Life Pills he's mighty glad to see his Dyspepsia and Indigestion fly, but more he's tickled over his new, fine appetite, strong nerves, healthy vigor, all because stomach, liver and kidneys now work right. 25c., W. H. Macnair's.

MEMBERS OF THE PEOPLE'S MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION.

Will take notice that I can be found at my office. This is the cheapest insurance in the country and absolutely reliable.

F. H. PENDER,
Secretary and Treasurer

Summons by Publication.

North Carolina, Edgecombe County. In Superior Court.

J. C. Killebrew, John Lancaster and wife, Susan Lancaster, and C. Lee Killebrew and Mack A. Killebrew, the last a minor by his Guardian, N. B. Killebrew, vs. Fannie Nobles, Allen Nobles and Mary Nobles, the last two minors, and their Guardian, Mary G. Nobles.

The defendants above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Edgecombe County for the ownership of $1,000.00, proceeds of sale of land, left by the late John F. Nobles, and now in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County, plaintiffs denying that defendants are entitled to any part thereof;

And the said defendants will further take notice that they are required to appear at the the term of the Superior Court of said County to be held the first Monday after the first Monday in September, 1909, at the Court House of said County in Tarboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said Complaint.

This May 4th, 1909.

A. T. WALSTON,
Clerk Superior Court.

BUNN & SPRUILL,
Attys. for Plaintiffs.

SALE OF LAND.

North Carolina, Edgecombe County. In the Superior Court.

B. F. Penny & Co., vs. J. E Morris.

By virtue of an execution directed to the undersigned from the Superior Court of New Hanover County, in the above entitled action, I will, on Monday, the 5th day of July, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House door of Edgecombe County, sell to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said execution, all the right, title and interest which the said J. E. Morris, the defendant, has in the following described real estate, to-wit: "One certain lot in the town of Rocky Mount, being the land conveyed to said J. E. Morris, by J. H. Nurney and wife by deed recorded in Book 64, page 551, except that portion of same to Lewis Wockenuth by deed recorded in Book 117, at page 472, and the homestead allotted said J. E. Morris, which is recorded in Book 140, at page 393, the house situated upon which being known as the "Old Carolina House."

This 4th day of June, 1909.

B. F. DAWSON, Sheriff.

Summons by Publication.

North Carolina, Edgecombe County.

Effie Evans vs. P. H. Evans.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Edgecombe county, to obtain a divorce a vinculo matrimonii; and the said defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the term of the Superior Court of said county to be held on the 8th Monday after first Monday in Sept, 1909 at the court house of said county in Tarboro, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 13th day of May, 1909.

A. T. WALSTON, C. S. C.

Wrendale School House.

Sealed bids for a public school house near Wrendale will be opened June 12, at 10 o'clock. House to be 19x31x12 feet; cross partition cutting off entrance vestibule; all walls and overhead ceiled; pitch 6x15x8 ft. Contract will be let by the Chairman and Secretary of Board of Education. Full plans and specifications can be secured from R. G. Kittrell, Tarboro, N. C. w2t

K. ELITE TOP DRESSING FOR Cotton and Corn. Nothing better. Manufactured by the Scotland Neck Guano Co. w20t

NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Drew Daughtry deceased, late of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned at Battleboro, N. C., on or before the 2nd day of June, 1910, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 2nd day of June, 1909.

M. C. BRASWELL,
Administrator of Drew Daughtry. w6t