The Tarborough Southerner.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT; THEN GO AHEAD.—D Crockett

VOL. 87. NO. 50 TARBORO, N. C. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2 1909. ESTABLISHED 1822

A FACT
ABOUT THE "BLUES"

What is known as the "Blues" is seldom occasioned by actual existing external conditions, but in the great majority of cases by a disordered LIVER.

THIS IS A FACT which may be demonstrated by trying a course of

Tutt's Pills

They control and regulate the LIVER. They bring hope and bouyancy to the mind. They bring health and elasticity to the body.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

ROBERT'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC.
The great Fever and Chill Remedy.
38,847 Bottles sold last year.
There is a reason.
It relieves chills, fevers, and cleanses the blood.
For sale by all dealers. 9t2

Report of The Condition of
THE PINETOPS BANKING CO.
at Pinetops, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business November 16, 1909.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,		$43,619.22
Overdrafts secured, unsecured	$1,011.81 860.77	1,872.58
Furniture and Fixtures,	2,166.81	5,213.68
Banking Houses,	$3,046.87	
Due from Banks and Bankers,		45,827.58
Cash Items		732.01
Gold coin,		175.00
Silver coin, including all minor coin currency,		772.22
National bank notes and other U. S. notes,		5,727.00
Total		$103,990.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock,	15,000.00
Surplus fund,	5,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid,	438.74
Dividends unpaid,	42.00
Time Certificates of Deposit,	21,244.22
Deposits subject to check	60,928.44
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,297.19
Certified Checks,	39.70
Total	$103,990.29

State of North Carolina,
County of Edgecombe, ss:

I, J. V. Cobb, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. V. COBB, Cashier,

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 24 day of November, 1909.

E. L. PITT, J. P.

Correct—Attest:
W. J. WEBB,
W. E. PHILLIPS,
W. L. REASON,
Directors.

J. FRANK LILES,
Atty and Counsellor at Law,
Practices in State and Federal Courts

A. W. MACNAIR,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
Citizens Bank Building,
Norfolk, : : : : : Virginia

R. ROBT. PENDER
Tarboro, N. C.
Office Box No. Fifty-Four.

D. JENKINS,
Physician and Surgeon,
Tarboro, N. C. 'Phone No. 106

SIMON WILLIAMS
Surgeon Dentist
Nitrous Oxide
Oxygen Gas
Administered in
Extraction of teeth. Tarboro

JAMES,
Contractor and Builder
Tarboro, N. C.
Plans and specifications carefully
and promptly prepared

G. A. WHITEHEAD,
Surgeon Dentist,
TARBORO, N. C.
Gas Administered

CIVIL ENGINEER
JOHN J. WELLS
Rocky Mount - - - N. C.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE
is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 60 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. If your child has worms give a bottle of FREY'S VERMIFUGE
A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN
If your druggist does not keep it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to
C. W. FREY
Baltimore, Md.
and a bottle will be mailed you

SOUTHERN CHIVALRY.

A Movement Afoot To Memorialize Heroic Women Of Confederacy.

From the standpoint of "chivalry" it is somewhat of a reproach to the men of the North that while the aid the women of that section gave to the cause of the Union is as yet without public memorial, the men of the South are raising funds for a monument commemorating the services and sacrifices of the women of the South to the Confederacy.

In South Carolina the men have subscribed $20,000 for the monument, and the Legislature has given State aid. No woman is allowed to contribute to the South Carolina collection. In other States, however, the line has heretofore not been so strictly drawn, but in the future the South Carolina example is likely to have the force of law.

Presumably the monument will be erected in Richmond, which is still sentimentally the "capital of the line has heretofore not been mond, notably in "the museum" in "the Confederate White House," are already many visible evidences the Southern Confederacy." In Richmond to the Confederacy while it was battling for life, and of the sympathy their daughters and granddaughters feel for "for lost cause."

The exhibition of devices to which the Confederate women were driven when all the "men folks" were at the front and the blockade was drawing its coils tighter, is pathetic in its illustration of the efforts to make necessities satisfy tastes formed on luxuries.

The Confederate cloth, hand woven and dyed with such extracts as could be substituted for chemicals; the rough dresses bearing improvised finery, either of deftly fashioned remnants or of coarse substitutes on which refinement had lavished ingenuity—all these things bespeak a state of siege, with the women of the besieged doing their utmost to help the defenders and setting brave faces toward the encircling foe.—Boston Transcript.

Sayings of Sages.

What is not necessary is dear at a penny.—Cato.

No man becomes a villian all at once.—Juvenal.

'Tis the mind that makes the body rich.—Shakespeare.

The beginning of excellence is to be free from error.—Quintillian.

There is no grace in a benefit that sticks to the fingers.—Seneca.

'Tis not the whole of life to live, nor all of death to die.—Montgomery.

Many go out for wool and come home shorn themselves.—Cervantes.

Vulgarity in manners defiles fine garments more than mud.—Plauuts.

Man's chief wisdom consists in knowing his follies.—Rochefoucauld.

Power and liberty are like heat and moisture—where they are well mixed every thing prospers; where they are single they are destructive.—Cattib.

If a man does not make a new acquaintance as he advances through life, he will soo find himself left alone. A man, sir, should keep his friendship in constant repair.—Johnson.

Slow Delivery.

The last vehicle to arrive from the A. C. L. station is the one carrying mail. Pedestrians often get down town before the mail.

Can't you help the public, Mr. Postmaster.

Passed The Board.

G. B. Walton and Milton Dawson successfully passed their examination before the State Pharmaceutical Board. There was a class of 64, but only 33 passed.

Mr. Walton will do the compounding with Mr. Nicholson at Staton & Zoellers, while Mr. Dawson will make good at Rockingham.

Tarboro's White Way.

Tarboro is to have a "White Way" Main street is to be lighted from City Hall to bridge by arches of lights. Between these two places will be fourteen arches of incandescent lights, tungsten burners. They will take twice as much current as the present arcs, given time. The illuminations will cost no more.

The carbons for the arc lights enter largely into the cost. The new lights will all be lighted during business hours, whether moon shines or not, then when business is over, two-thirds or more will be switched out of circuit. In the residential section of the town it is intended to run the arc lights when it is dark, not while the moon is shining, but the requirements of Main St. has necessitated the use of such lights, when not needed off Main.

This change will also effect a saving, it is predicted, and cut down the actual cost of operation, although, giving Main street during business hours an illumination such as it has never known.

—J. Zander to make a change in business—entire stock and fixtures to sale. Apply American Special Sales Co's., representative at J. Zander's store, before Oct. 20th.

—Nice fat oysters at Andrews' Market.

BACK TO THE FARM.

Advice Which Successful Men Give But Never Take.

When James J. Hill, whose opinions have weight in the United States and Europe, said not long ago that the chief reason for increased cost of living was the drift from the country to the city and that prices would be higher if the movement was not checked there was a chorus of approval. Mr. Hill says that a reverse movement ought to be encouraged, and straightway every body else to note his remark and act accordingly. And no one acts. Everybody is willing to sacrifice his wife's relatives and his friends and total strangers on the altar of duty and economy and patriotism and wonders why they do not volunteer when the right course is so plain; but there it ends. Every word that Mr. Hill says is true. No one disputes him. His argument is so sound that it can not be successfully refuted. And he is said to be raising 3 boys on a farm as evidence that he has faith in his preachment. But will he keep them there? Will they stay? Does he want them to stay? Why doesn't he quit railroading himself and take up with the simple bucolic life? Why don't the successful bankers, merchants, manufacturers and railroad magnates who were raised on the farm go back? Why don't the lawyers, doctors, clergymen, college professors and others do so? The answer is that they do not for the same reason that they didn't stay when there.

A writer in one of our magazines tells that 92 per cent of our Presidents, 91.2 per cent of our Governors, 85.9 per cent of our railroad presidents, and so on, were from the country. But how many of them stopped directly from the country into their positions of eminence without an apprenticeship in the city? And how many of them returned from their eminence to chase a plow around a 10-acre field? The city is the way to fame and conspicuous fortune for most persons who achieve either. While that is so the city will continue to attract and to retain. Men will retire from city to country to do the work of the country when they must and not sooner. Meanwhile they will continue to advise others to do what they will not do themselves.

Reckless Shooting.

John Cotten, Jr., colored, was up before 'Squire Pender on a charge of shooting at W. R. Manning. The evidence was that John did not shoot at Mr. Manning, but that he was shooting about generally with a "cat" rifle. The justice let him off with the cost and a warning to cease promiscuous shooting in the future.

Opposite Viewpoints.

Every wife knows that her husband doesn't appreciate her.

That "two souls with but a single thought" is a beautiful fiction.

That it is a great deal more difficult to be a wifee than a husband.

That her husband isn't so polite as he was the day before they were married.

That she is the only woman in town who knows how to take care of a child properly.

On the other hand, every woman knows that he is entitled to more respect than he receives.

That all other husbands are happier than he is.

That he would give anything if his wife only loved him as much as she once did.

That his wife gets less value for the money she spends than any other wife.

That two cannot possibly live as cheaply as one, especially if one of them is a woman.—Life.

QUARANTINE NOTICE.

The period of quarantine of diphtheria patients in Edgecombe county shall in all cases be two weeks from the disappearance of the membrane, the fever and other clinical symptoms. A patient cannot be released from quarantine in less than fourteen days, even if cultures of the bacteria taken after the disappearance of the membrane and before the two weeks have expired, fail to find diphtheretic bacilli present.

It shall be the duty of the attending physician to notify the Superintendent of Health in writing at the expiration of the required two weeks that the patient has been free from all clinical symptoms of diphtheria for the required time.

It shall also be the duty of the attending physician to notify the Superintendent of Health of all cases of diphtheria, scarlet fever, small pox, typhus fever and cholera, which may develop on premises quarantined.

By order of the Sanitary Board.

S. P. BASS, M. D.,
Secretary.

November 4th 1909.

—New Coat Suits just received. E. Miller.

R. L. Gargaus left today for Pender county to seek operators for the Runnymede Hosiery Mills.

—Nice fat oysters at Andrews' Market.

A UNIQUE EXPERIMENT.

Possibility of Boiling and Freezing Water at the Same Time.

The possibility of boiling and freezing water at the same time in the laboratory is one of the most interesting developments of modern science. The temperature at which water boils depends simply on the air pressure above its surface at the time. If there is high pressure the water has to be made a good deal hotter to boil than at low pressure.

On mountains where the air pressure is a good deal lower than at sea level water boils easily at low temperature. In cooking vegetables that require a certain degree of heat and where the water boils before that degree is reached the vegetable will not get done. They consequently have to be put in a closed boiler so that the generated steam will create enough pressure for the water to boil at or beyond the required temperature. In the experimental proof of this fact water is placed in a vessel and the air exhausted from above the surface of the water. As the process of pumping goes on the water will violently boil the steam congealing on the sides of the exhaust vessel. If the pumping is continued long enough and the outside is cooled below the freezing point of water the water will continue to boil andbub ble till it is frozen into a snowy mass of ice.

This fact is also made use of in taking a rough test of the height of a mountain. Ordinarily at sea level where the pressure is about 30 inches of mercury water boils at 212 degrees Fahenheit. Now if it is noticed that at a certain place it boils at a few degrees lower the height of that place can be easily ascertained by comparison with a table made out for the purpose. In general for every degree the boiling takes place under 212, a height of about 500 feet is counted.

Of course these principles do not apply to water alone, but are characteristic of all liquids.

TOLD IN MOVING PICTURES.

Surgery, Agriculture, and Metallurgy Now Taught By Them.

Moving pictures are now, or within the near future will be, applied to the teaching of botany, metallurgy, biology, the science of agriculture and surgery, and thus do away with the necessity of vivisection for teaching purposes. This plan was announced by John Collier, general secretary of the national board of moving picture censors, at one of the regular after-service socialistic discussions of the Church of Ascension, Tenth street and Fifth avenue.

In discussing the immediate future for motion pictures, Mr. Collier said that the greatest surprise for the general public would be the application of moving pitures to educational problems. Films had now been prepared to illustrate different processes taught in botany which it had never been possbl to see before in a process of growth. The same was true of biology, whereby the use of the miroscope and the moving picture machines, the entire history of cellular life could be thrown on the screen before the students. It was now possible to introduce the moving picture as an educational appliance to the study of medicine, which would result in lessening greatly the amount of vivisection practiced in undergraduate work.

With the present scheme the vivisections used in all medical colleges would have to be performed but once. Any number of films needed could be prepared from the one set taken, so that a single vivisection on particular object would illustrate that subject for all the medical schools. This would greatly decrease the numbr of animals killed, while it would entirely do away with the danger of a vivisection being made by an unskillful person.

Films have been made for use in the Wisconsin Agricultural College showing in parallel pictures the difference between scientific and unprogressive farming, in procss and result said Mr. Collier. This graphic presentation of the properly prepared field giving an abundant yleid side by side with the unimproved one with a scanty crop is proving a most effetive means of construction for the Wisconsin farmers.

The same method will be used for various branches of farming and dairying in which reform is being urged. An interesting possibility, he said is the use of this demonstration out in India to make known the improved methods of farming in the famine districts. It is asserted that systematized agriculture would do a great deal toward preventing the Indian famines.—New York Times.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY.

Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, for use throughout the season. They Break up Colds, Cure Constipation, Teething Disorders, Headache and Stomach Troubles, and Feverishness. These Powders Never Fail. Sold by all drugs stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. A trial package will be sent free to any mother who will address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE DIME NOVEL THEORY.

Youth's Favorite Reading Comes in For Grave Accusations.

When a boy goes wrong somebody is sure to ascribe his conduct to the influence of "dime novels" It is doubtful if any of the peple who offer these xplanations know any thing about the fiction to which they so glibly refer. The term is in itself more of a tradition than anything else. A good many years ago an enterprising publisher issued a series of novels and tales of various sorts in cheap form and paper covers, each copy selling for 10 cents. As volumes of fiction had been high priced these dime novels had great vogue, the readers by no means being confined to children.

While many of the stories in the series were of wild adventure usually of the Western sort with Indians taking an active part, other usually of the Wstrn sort, with dealt with sentmental and domestic, the series were of wild adventure, themes and none wree of a vicious or immoral type. The style was not of high literary order, but do not compare unfavorably with much fiction that appears in more pretentious shape today. The popularity of these publications and the fact that they were fiction and not scientific or religious literature led to much condemnation of them by many moral guardians of the public at the time; but it may be doubted if they ever did any real harm etxcept wher the craze for reading them interfered with other pursuits, just as a craze for novel reading or for amusement interferes with useful occupations now.

But the dime novel of that type seems to have disappeard. At least it is no longer seen in the hands of adult readers. The ragged, grimy books seen in the hands of newsboys and others of their kind in their idle moments and to be seen by the observant on news stands is of the 5 cent, not the dime variety, and the books have a proportionately cheap look—an impression strengthened by the weird and sensational titles on the overs. They are obviously intended for youthful perusal only, but it is doubtful if they are vicious in character or purpose, though their influence may not be uplifting, and it would, of course be better if the readers could be persuaded to devote themselves to better books. At all events, no definite statement concerning them is made beyond the one connecting them with the commission of crimes by youths. If these 5 cent novels are really of an immoral and evil type and encouragement to crime, it is time they were censured and condemned. It is said that the late Charles A. Dana used to read this sort of literature habitually when riding on the trains to and from his suburban home. If he had found them of a kind to create depravity in youth it is likely that he would have made the fact known. If they are not vicious, but merely trivial, the question then is whether or not it is better for a boy who knows no better literature to read them or to read nothing at all, and who shall decide that?—Indianapolis Star.

ROW AT PINETOPS.

Officers Defied And One Painfully Injured.

At Pinetops Thursday evening, there was such a misbehavior at a gathering of the colored people, that Policeman George Summerlin was sent for. He asked Wright Webb to go with him and the two went, arrested a man named Braswell and started with him to the lock-up. They had not proceded far with their prisoner when they were waylaid by his friends.

Mr. Webb was stricken a fearful blow in the face, just between the eyes, knocking him down.

Policeman Summerlin, who as is Mr. Webb, merely a lad, but game to the core, beat off the rescurers for a while, but they got Braswell away, but assistance arrived and Braswell was caught again. Four others were arrested also, but two managed to break away and and out run the officers. They were safely imprisoned and will be tried here Monday by Recorder Pender.

The Woman's Home.

The L. & M. Paint decorates more than two million American homes. Its beautiful finish and lasting freshness distinguishes a residence painted with it from all others. It's Metal Zinc Oxide combined with White Lead which makes it wear and cover like gold. Every 4 gallons of L. & M. Paint when mixed with 3 gallons of Linseed Oil at 65 cents per gallon makes 7 gallons ready for use. Actual cost about $1.20 per gallon.

Sold by Howard Hardware Co.

—A full line of Crossett Shoes. All numbers, men and boys. Roberson Supply Co.

Nice fat oysters at Andrews' Market.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C. Nov. 27, 1909.

In these few days before the beginning of the regular session of Congress of President Taft's administration there is considerable wild talk of disagreement between this and has not yet come to surface evidence of divergence in policy or in aim. The Pinchot-Ballinger episode is, of course, conspicuous but there is reason to believe that President Taft is sincerely determined to push the policy of forest preservations and to secure for the benefit of the whole people the unappropriated mineral and water resources of the country. It is not unnatural that he should desire as far as possible to stand by his recently chosen Cabinet officer while he is under fire or until the charges against him are proved. If they shall be proved the President will, doubtless be given an opportunity to accept his resignation. Journalism in America is nothing if not sensational. Sensationalism is its distinguishing characteristic over the journalism of the older countries and it is not unnatural that Mr. Watterson, of the Louisville Courier Journal, returning from a tour in Europe, should on landing predict and wager that Taft and Roosevelt will be at dagger's point by the time of Mr. Roosevelt's return in February. Possibly, the Kentucky editor may win his wager. Stranger things have happened in the happiest of political families but, at present the political pond is calmer than it looks.

The sugar frauds prosecutions which are being vigorously pushed by the present administration are really nothing new. It may be said that they were begun in 1904, for at that time Richard Parr received an appointment by the then President Roosevelt on the recommendation of Mr. Loeb then the President's secretary and he was sent to New York and installed in the Custom House for the express purpose of detecting the sugar weighing frauds which he, Parr, five years ago suspected. There has since been a change of administration but the sugar weighing frauds have been under constant surveillance and suspicion and the recent exposures are nothing more than the culmination of the investigations long silently pursued.

The United States Government through the Department of Justice is carefully watching the development of the Western Union Telegraph Company and the American Telephone trust combination and the country will, doubtless hear further during the coming Congressional session of the plans of the Government for controlling not only the railroads of the country but also of the telegraphic and telephonic wires. They are all interstate common carriers, whether of freight or of intelligence, and it is quite as necessary that the Nation control these for the universal benefit of all the people as that it should control and direct the mails There is no socialism in this. It is simply broad Nationalism such as is practiced advantageously both for the State and for he people in the more experienced and settled governments of the Old World. The people of America are entitled to what the people of other countries enjoy—the ability to send messages at a minimum expense and the bringing of the power of communication throughout the country within the economical reach of all citizens. The telegraph service is closely similar to the mail service and it ought to be no more difficult to send a telegram than a letter. It is probable that at an early day correspondence may be possible by wireless messages; in such case, Congress ought to exhibit it, except as controlled and regulated by the Government.

The fight between the insurgent Senators and those who support Aldrich and Cannon is already begun. It could not wait for the assembling ofCongress. Speaker Cannon is defending himself like a veteran of the 10th legion, but it is remarked that he is on the defensive and in this attitude. The trip of Mr. Aldrich through the West as a missionary to teach and to learn, it is said had other object than a proposed central bank bill in view. It is claimed by the insurgent Senators that his real object was to ingratiate and strengthen himself with the adherents of those who opposed his tariff policy on the floor of the senate. It is possible that four or five Senators from the East may control the legislation of the country for a few months longer but the West is felt more and more in the halls of congress and its assertion cannot be kept down forever.

—DeWitt's Little Early Risers—the safe, sure, gentle, easy little liver pills. Be sure to get DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve, the original. Always refuse substitutes and imitations. The original DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve is good for anything a salve is used for, but it is especially good for piles. Sold by all druggists.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of time and labor savers to the pastry cook. Economizes flour, butter and eggs and makes the food digestible and healthful

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes most healthful food
No alum—no lime phosphates
The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

EAST CAROLINA
TEACHERS' TRAINING SCHOOL

Established and maintained by the State for the young men and women who wish to qualify themselves for the profession of teaching. Buildings and equipment new and modern. Sanitary perfect. Session Opens October 5th, 1909.
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ROBT. H. WRIGHT, President,
Greenville, N. C.

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The Carolina Live Stock Mutual Ins. Co
Offers insurance to its members at a small cost, which enables every man to protect his live stock against loss by death. Every business man carries Insurance on his life and property. Why not remember he horse that pulls the plow?
—Three Good Reasons Why You Should Insure Your Stock:—
FIRST—Because it is a business proposition.
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THIRD—The small cost puts this insurance within the reach of every man.
F. H. PENDER
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FOR EVERY ROOM
In every home—for any purpose whatever. The stoves and ranges bearing the above trademark will give better, more economical, lasting service than any other make.
For over 60 years—think of it, ever 60 years these Bucks stoves and ranges have been made and from the beginning each consecutive year the demand has gradually increased until today the Buck's Stove & Range Co. stands acknowledged America's foremost stove manufacturing concern. It means money to you. $1 a week places any Buck's in your home. Come in today and look at them.
ROBERSON SUPPLY CO.
Next to the Southerner office.

FURS AND HIDES
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR RAW FURS AND HIDES.
Wool Commission. Write for price list mentioning this ad
ESTABLISHED 1857
JOHN WHITE & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

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Your Criticism Invited.
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STATIONERY
The Best You Have Ever Seen
PRICES CONSIDERED
A pound of paper and 25 envelopes 25c. See window.
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