THE COMMERCIAL.

PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY, BY THOMAS LORING.

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All advertisements are payable at the time of their insertion.
Contracts with yearly advertisers, will be made on the most liberal terms.
☞ All Advertisements inserted in the tri-weekly *Commercial*, are entitled to one insertion in the *Weekly*, free of charge.

MYERS & BARNUM,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS, AND WALKING-CANES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.
C. MYERS. J. M. BARNUM.
Oct. 6, 1847. 15

DEROSSET, BROWN & Co.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

BROWN, DEROSSET & Co.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
159 FRONT ST. NEW YORK.
March 17 1848. 1-y.

A. MARTIN,
GENERAL AGENT
AND
Commission Merchant.
North Water, 2 Doors above Princess Street,
(Murphy's Building.)
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Oct. 3. 81

J. & W. L. McGARY
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

ROWLEY, ASHBURNER & CO.
General Commission Merchants,
NOS. 5 & 6, SOUTH WHARVES,
PHILADELPHIA.
We are prepared to make liberal Commission shipments of Naval Stores, &c., consigned to us for sale. Refer to
Messrs. HALL & ARMSTRONG, Wilmington, N. C.
BENNETT FLANNER,
GEORGE W. DAVIS.
January 18. 12-ly.

ELIJAH DICKINSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Senior partner of the late firm of Dickinson & Morris
WILMINGTON, N. C.
REFER TO
Messrs. B. DeForest & Co., New York.
Nesmith & Walcott,
E. D. Peters & Co.,
Means & Clarke,
Walter Corlies, Philadelphia.
A. Benson & Co.,
Oct. 3, 1847 84-1y.

GEORGE S. GILLESPIE.
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
TIMBER, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES &c.
Will make liberal cash advances on all consignments of produce.
March 17. 1

SANDFORD & SMITH,
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
THOS. SANDFORD. WM. SMITH.
March 17, 1848.

J. HATHAWAY & SON.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
3rd Door North River Side,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
J. HATHAWAY. J. G. HATHAWAY.
Oct. 27, 1847. 63

SEAWELL & MEAD,
GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Liberal Cash advances made on Consignments
Raleigh, Aug. 16, 1847. 65-y.

G. W. DAVIS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1

N. B. HUGHES,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND GENERAL AGENT
For the sale of all kinds of Goods, Country Produce and Real Estate.
RALEIGH, N. C.
Business entrusted to him shall be promptly and faithfull attended to.
Refer to the Editor of *The Commercial.*
June 19, 1847.

Whiskey, Pork, Molasses.
100 BBLS. Rectified Whiskey;
200 " Mess Pork;
200 " Prime do.;
54 " Molasses;
15 hhds. Bacon Sides;
15 " Sugar;
210 Sacks Salt;
150 Kegs Lard;
Which will be sold low to close Consignment by
CRONLY, WALKER & HALL.
Feb. 15 1848. 143 tf.

JOHN HALL,
SHIP AGENT
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 39 GRAVIER STREET,
New Orleans.
April 13, 1848. 110-1y.

F. J. LORD & CO.
Rice Factors & Commission Agents.
Nov. 25, 1847. 108-tf.

LIFE INSURANCE
IN THE NATIONAL LOAN FUND SOCIETY OF LONDON,
AND
FIRE INSURANCE
IN THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
OR, IN THE
HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
May be effected by application to
DEROSSET, BROWN & Co.
Nov 25 1847. 108

W. A. LANGDON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Nov. 23, 1847. 107

McKELLAR & MRAE,
LUMBER AND TIMBER AGENTS, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and GROCERS.
Store formerly occupied by HALL & ARMSTRONG,
NORTH WATER STREET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
HECTOR MCKELLAR. ALEX. MRAE.
Nov. 11, 1-y. 102

THOMAS ALLIBONE & Co.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 8 SOUTH WHARVES,
PHILADELPHIA.
Advances made on Consignments
Refer to Messrs. DeRosset, Brown & Co. Wilmington, N. C.
Nov. 11 1847. 103-y

HARRISS & RUSSELL,
(SUCCESSORS TO RICHARDS & DELLIS,)
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
GEO. HARRISS. BENJ. P. RUSSELL.
REFER TO
E. P. Hall & Co. } Wilmington, N. C.
D. G. Fanning & Co. }
Jno. A. Taylor & Co. }
Messrs. Wm. Nelson & Co. } Charleston.
H. T. Peake & Co. }
Sept. 28, 1847. 77tf

E. J. LUTTERLOH & Co.
Late with WM. WHANN,
MERCHANTS,
AND PACKET AGENTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
E. J. LUTTERLOH. J. C. WHANN.
Oct. 26, 1847. 95-tf

L. MALLETT,
Timber, Lumber, Naval Stores, &c.,
Foot of Princess & North Water Streets,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Nov. 25, 1847. 104

BARRY, BRYANT & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1-tf

JOHN C. LATTA,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND GENERAL AGENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Oct. 26, 1847. 87

SANDFORD & SMITH,
AGENTS OF THE
HOPE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1y.

SANDFORD & SMITH,
AGENTS OF THE
North Carolina Mutual
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
March 17, 1848. 1y

BLANKS
PRINTED TO ORDER, AT THE
COMMERCIAL OFFICE.

SHEETING & YARN
ROCKFISH Sheeting, 4-4;
Mallett's Yarn assorted. For sale low by
DeROSSET BROWN & Co.
March 28. 5

Regular Packet to Charleston.

THE fine Schr. EXCEL, LAWRENCE Master, is intended to run regularly between this port and Charleston.
For freight or passage, having a fine Cabin on deck, apply on board, or to
DeROSSET, BROWN & Co.
April 1st, 1848 7 tf.

JOHN D. LOVE,
DEALER IN
CABINET FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, MATRASSES, &c,
ROCK SPRING,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILLIAM NEFF,
(*Late of the firm of* NEFF & WARNER.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
SHIP CHANDLERY, SHIP STORES AND GROCERIES,
CORNER OF DOCK & WATER STREETS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Dec. 7th, 1847. 113 tf.

F. CLARK,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
CABINET FURNITURE,
CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WRITING DESKS, MATTRASSES, PALLIASSES, &c
FRONT STREET, NEAR MARKET,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
April 11th, 1848. 11-1y.

Proceedings of the Safety Committee
OF THE TOWN OF WILMINGTON.
During the years 1774, 1775 *and* 1776,
WITH the joint Proceedings of the Committees of the Counties of Duplin, Onslow, Bladen, Brunswick and Cumberland, for sale at the *Commercial Office.* Price 25 cents per copy. A large discount made for large numbers.

JUST RECEIVED.
A Very handsome assortment of Ladies fine Buskin; Ladies fine kid, low lace Ties; Ladies do. do. slippers and ties; do. do. White Slippers, for sale by
GEO. R. FRENCH.
Feb. 17. 144

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers from the year one, up to 1848 are requested to call and pay the same.
N. B. All accounts for work done at this establishment, will hereafter be presented every ninety days.
HART & POLLEY
Jan. 5. 129

FORTY CENTS PER GALLON.
CAMPHINE selling at forty cents per gallon by
D. W. WOOD
Dec. 7th 113tf

BACON.
5 HHDS. Superior quality Bacon Shoulders, just received, and for sale by
E. DICKINSON, Agent.
April 15. 13

EATING POTATOES.
25 BBLS. first quality, for sale by
J. & W. L. McGARY
April 15. 13

JUST RECEIVED
From Boston per Brig Lincoln.
170 Bbls. Sperm Oil,
10 Bbls. Whale do.,
25 Hhds. Spermaceti Sugar House Molasses,
Dec. 7th 1847 G. W. DAVIS.
April 1 14

30 QR. Casks Malaga Wine;
20 Hhds. Rudsord Rum;
20 do. old Apple Brandy;
10 do. N. C. Lard;
300 Bushels Cow Peas;
5 Hhds. Onions just received and for sale by
A. MARTIN.
April 15. 13

SUGAR AND COFFEE.
40 BAGS prime Rio Coffee;
15 do. Laguira do.;
4 Hhds. Porto Rico Sugar;
5 do. New Orleans do.;
5 Hhds. N. O. Clarified do.;
5 Bbls. Waverly's and Woods'y refreshed.
Just received and for sale by
J. & W. L. McGARY
April 15. 13

COFFEE.
176 BAGS prime St. Domingo Coffee, landing from Schr. Ontario from Jacmel. For sale by
G. W. DAVIS.
April 15th. 14

A Fine Set of Teeth for 25 Cents.
White Teeth, Foul Breath, Healthy Gums.
Yellow and unhealthy teeth, after being once or twice washed with
JONES' AMBER TOOTH PASTE,
Have the appearance of the most beautiful Ivory, and at the same time it is so perfectly innocent and elegant in its use, that its most ardent admirer is highly advantageous, even to those teeth that are in good condition giving them a beautiful polish, and preventing a premature decay. Those already decayed, it prevents from becoming worse; it also fastens such as are becoming loose; and by persevering it will render the foulest teeth delicately white, and make the breath deliciously sweet.
PRICE 25 OR 37½ CENTS A BOX.
Sold in Wilmington, by Lippitt & Walkings.

GLUE
A Supply of Glue for Spirit Barrels, constantly on hand. For sale by
DeROSSET BROWN & Co.
March 28 5

PROVISIONS.
N. C. BACON, assorted, including fine Hams
Lard;
Prime and Mess Pork;
Red and White Peas;
Corn;
Half tierces new Rice;
Flour, a variety, for sale by
R. W. BROWN.
April 20, 1848. 15-tf.

MOLASSES.
130 HHDS. Prime St. Jago de Cuba, for Retailing equal to Porto Rico, just received per Schr. Baltimore, and for sale by
BARRY, BRYANT & Co.
April 18 14

ROMANCE OF LOUISIANA!

IBERVILLE AND BIENVILLE;

From the Lecture of the Hon. Chas. Gayarre before the People's Lyceum, New Orleans.

My last lecture closed with Lasalle's death, in 1687. A few years after, a French ship of 42 guns happened to be cruising on the hostile shores of New England. It was one of those bright autumnal days peculiar to our climate.

At that time England and France were at war, and the bays and harbors of the British possessions swarmed with the floating battlements of the Mistress of the Sea. Nevertheless, from the careless manner in which that ship, which bore the white flag of France, lounged on the ring of coast, one would have thought that no danger was to be apprehended from such close proximity to captivity or death. Suddenly three vessels hove in sight. Gradually they unfolded their broad canvas wings, which grew wider as they approached, and with increasing velocity they seemed to be advancing rapidly towards an object of which they had long been in pursuit. Yet they of the white flag appeared unconscious of danger and of the threatening aspect of the approaching fleet. Although the French ship, with her long masts towering like steeples, could have spread much more canvass—although the breeze blew fresh and the circumstance might have invited to rapidity of motion, yet not an additional inch of sail did she show, but she continued to move with a speed to which relaxed nor increased, and as if engaging in a holyday excursion on old Neptune's dominions.

High on the quarter deck stood the Captain, with the spy glass in his hand, and surrounded by his officers. After a minute survey of the unknown vessels, as they appeared with outline clear and boldly visible from the distance, and with the tips of their masts gradually emerging, as it were, from the waves, he looked up his glass and said to the lieutenant:—"Gentlemen, they are vessels of war, and British. Then he instinctively cast a rapid glance upward at the rigging of his ship, as to satisfy himself that nothing had happened there to mar that symmetrical neatness and correct arrangement which have ever been held to be a criterion of merit and knowledge, and therefore a source of professional pride—But the look which he threw around him was long and searching, as if to discover some weak or vulnerable point. After this he seemed to be satisfied that his ship was in a condition to meet the enemy, and he ordered the chief mate to have the men called to quarters, and to see that the guns were properly charged and loaded.

But a change had come over the spirit of the warlike demeanor of that ship's deck, as it had taken place under the eye of its commander. The wind continued to freshen, and the number of sails and the size of the canvas spread to court its favor, or to elude the enemy, were increased. Presently the four vessels were seen engaged in a close chase, and the fearful struggle was to begin. One is a British ship of the line, showing a row of fifty two guns, and her companions are frigates, armed with forty two guns each. To court such unequal contest, must not that French commander be the very impersonation of madness? There he stands on the quarter deck, a man apparently of thirty years of age, attired, as if for a courtly ball, in the gorgeous dress of the time of Louis XIV. The profuse curls of his perfumed hair seemed to be bursting from the large slouched gray hat, which one of its wears on one side inclined, and decorated with a red plume, horizontally stuck to the broad brim, according to the fashion of the day. What a noble face! If I were to sculpture a hero, verily I would put such a head on his shoulders; nay, I would take the whole man for model! I feel that I could shout with enthusiasm when I see the peculiar expression which has settled in that man's eye, in front of such dangers—"darkness upon him!" But what is it? What signifies that conceit we start with? I look his name, and that deathlike pallor which has flitted across his face!—What womanlike softness has suddenly crept into those eyes! By heaven!—a tear! I saw it, although it perished instantly in a whirlwind lock which has now resumed its usual expression of more than human energy.

For all!—that boy, so young, so delicate, but whose short curled auburn tresses, stands with such manly courage by one of the guns, he is your son, is he not? Perhaps he is devoted to you, and you think of leaving him motherless! What, risk the loss of two such sons at once!

What silence on board those ships! Were it not for the roar of the waves, as they are cleft by the gigantic hulks under which they roam, the chirping of a cricket might be distinctly heard. How near they are to each other!—a musket shot would kill! Now, the crash is coming!—the tongue of fire, havoc, and destruction, is to be let loose! What a spectacle! I would not look twice at such a scene. It is too painful for an unconcerned spectator! My heart heaves with emotion. I am struggling even to breathe. Ha! there it goes! one simultaneous blaze!—the eruption of Mount Vesuvius, a strange whizzing sound, the hissing of ten thousand serpents, bursting from hell, and drunk with its victory, the fall of timber, as if a host of Titans had been at work in the forest, a thick, ever-spreading smoke, concealing from the deed its work within its murky fold! With the occasional clearing of the smoke, the French ship may be seen, still animated with a charmed life, gliding swiftly by her foes, and pouring her broadsides with increased rapidity. It looks like the combined action of all the lightnings of heaven. Her commander, as if gifted with supernatural powers and with the presence of ubiquity, seems to be present at all the points requiring the eye of the Deity, and to direct himself each movement.

The storm of battle was now beginning about two hours, but the French ship, solitary and alone, seems to have safety in the atmosphere of fire. Two hours! I doubt them. I can read the extraordinary edge over the sea in the body of that ship, whom I have depicted, he addresses the most tender and passionate appeals to his comrades. Now he covers with kisses the bloody corpse, he weeps and sobs aloud, unmindful of those that look on. In fact, I weep myself to see the agony of that noble heart—and why should that hero blush to weep like a mother—he who showed more than human courage when the occasion required fortitude? Weep on, Iberville, weep on! Well may such tears be gathered by an angel's wings, like dew drops of heaven, and if carried by supplicating mercy to the foot of the Almighty's throne, they may yet redeem thy brother's soul!

If pride that brother did not die, he was destined to be known in history under the name of Bienville, and to be the founder of one of America's proudest cities, for New Orleans owes its existence, and his name in the course of centuries, will grow in the esteem of posterity proportionately with the aggrandizement of the future empire of so many countless millions of human beings.

The wonderful achievement which I have related, is a matter of history, and throws a halo of glory and romance around those two men, who have since figured so conspicuously in the annals of Louisiana, and who in the beginning of March, 1699, entered the Mississippi, accompanied by Father Anastas, the former companion of Lasalle, in his expedition in 1682.

Since the occurrence of that battle, of which I have given but an imperfect description, Iberville, and Bienville had been through severe campaigns at sea, and had encountered the dangers of a many a fight. What a remarkable family! The Father, a Canadian by birth, had died on the field of battle, in serving his country, and out of eleven sons, the worthy scions of such a stock, five had perished in the same cause. Out of the six that remained, five were to consecrate themselves to the establishment of a Colony in Louisiana.

Methodist Episcopal Church North.

The following is a more extended report of the proceedings of the General Conference, lately held in New York:

The Conference came to order at 8 o'clock, Bishop Redding presiding. The Bishops on behalf of the Superintendants, submitted a recommendation to the Conference to authorize an Annual Conference, to be composed of one delegate from each conference, to form a court of appeals from annual conferences, and to act until the General Conference meets. It was referred to the Law Committee.

The Committee on the State of the Church reported upon the letter of Dr. Pierce, which, after discussion, was amended so as to read

"*Whereas* a letter from Rev. L. Pierce, D. D., delegate of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, proposing fraternal relations between the Methodist Episcopal Church North and the Methodist Episcopal Church South, has been presented to this Conference; and whereas there are serious questions and difficulties existing between the two bodies: therefore

"*Resolved*, That whilst we tender to Dr. Pierce all personal courtesies, and invite him to attend our sessions, this General Conference does not consider it proper at present to enter into fraternal relations with the Methodist Episcopal Church South; provided, however, that nothing in this resolution shall be so construed as to operate as a bar to any propositions from Dr. Pierce, or any other representative of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, towards the settlement of existing difficulties between that body and this."

And adopted by yeas and nays, as follows: yeas 118, nays 0, absent 3.

The Secretary was directed to furnish Dr. Pierce with a copy of the action in his case.

Reports on Book Concern were presented and some alterations in the Discipline proposed.

On the debate upon the report adverse to Mr Pierce's propositions from the Church South, the Pittsburg Post says: Many speeches were offered and many speeches made, remarkable for sound reasoning and eloquence. Rev. Mr Collins, of Baltimore, became quite warm in opposition to the report. He fears that a wrong construction might be put upon the object of the Conference at last. He was in favor of receiving the delegate from the Church South, and advocated the prosecution of every measure that might tend to fraternize the two great bodies. But we can give no abridgement of his remarks.

Rev. Mr Tomlinson of Augusta, Kentucky, then participated in the discussion, and he distinctly declared that the Methodist Episcopal Church of the North was opposed to slavery, and the Church South was the advocate of the institution. He was a citizen of the North on this question. He was in favor of the report of the Committee, and concluded by offering an amendment in the form of a proviso, declaring that nothing in the report should be construed to prevent the reception of any proposition looking to the establishment of fraternal relations between the two divisions of the Church. The amendment and the report were finally adopted unanimously.

POPE PIUS IX.

A letter in the Boston Advertiser, dated Rome, March 20th, thus describes the personal manners of the present Pope:

Two days ago, I had the honor of a private presentation to his Holiness. The dignity and simplicity of his manners are very striking. The gentleman who obtained the audience for me, and who went to introduce me to an abbot. His Holiness was standing by his table, dressed in plain white robes, and with a little white cap covering the crown of his head. My friend preceded me a little in entering the room, and when I halted within the door, and not far from it, to make my bow, the abbot was down upon his face, trying to kiss the Pope's foot, which, when he is standing, is no easy performance. I believe I faltered a little at sight of this perfect prostration, when his Holiness addressed me briskly in French, saying,—"Come in, come in, my son," at the same moment extending his right hand to me with an inviting gesture, and evidently endeavoring to induce my ghostly friend to make short work of diving at his foot. I confess to kissing the Pope's ring, before I parted with his hand.

He immediately began to speak of the United States—said he was very thankful for the kind notice of him which the people of our country had taken—said the Government had sent him some valuable books—that he was always happy to see my countrymen—that he thought the lib-