

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**  
1 sq. 1 insertion, \$0.50 | 1 sq. 2 months, \$1  
1 " 2 " " 75 | " 3 " " 5  
1 " 3 " " 1.00 | " 6 " " 8  
1 " 1 month, 2.50 | " 1 year, 12  
Twelve lines or less makes a square. If  
an Advertisement exceeds twelve lines, the  
price will be in proportion.  
All advertisements are payable at the time  
of their insertion.  
Contracts with yearly advertisers, will be  
made on the most liberal terms.  
All Advertisements inserted in the  
tri-weekly Commercial, are entitled to one  
insertion in the Weekly, free of charge  
**JOB, CARD AND FANCY PRINTING**  
executed in superior style.

**WILLIAM J. CLARK,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
RALEIGH, N. C.  
Sept. 12th, 1848. 76-w. tri-c.  
**CARROLL & FENNEL.**  
**Grocers & Commission Merchants,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF  
FAMILY GROCERIES, LIQUORS, WINES, &c.  
AND WILL PAY PARTICULAR  
Attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce  
J. C. CARROLL. C. N. FENNEL.  
July 13, 1848.

**F. CLARK,**  
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF  
**CABINET FURNITURE**  
CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WRITING DESKS, MAT-  
TRASSES, PAILLASTERS, &c.  
FRONT STREET, NEAR MARKET,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
April 11th, 1848. 11-ly.

**DEROSSET, BROWN & Co.,**  
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

**BROWN, DEROSSET & Co.,**  
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
159 FRONT ST. NEW YORK.  
March 17 1848 1-y.

**J. & W. L. McGARY**  
**FORWARDING AND COMMISSION**  
**MERCHANTS,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

**ROWLEY, ASHBURNER & CO.**  
**General Commission Merchants,**  
Nos. 5 & 6, SOUTH WHARVES,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
We are prepared to make liberal advances on ship-  
ments of Naval Stores, &c., consigned to us for sale.  
Refer to  
Messrs. HALL & BARRISTER, } Wilmington, N. C.  
Messrs. FAY & WALKER, }  
Messrs. W. DAVIS, }  
January 18, 128-ly.

**GEORGE S. GILLESPIE.**  
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF  
**PUMPER, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, &c.**  
Will accept of cash advances on all consignments  
of produce.  
March 17, 1-y.

**G. W. DAVIS,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

**JOHN C. LATTA,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
AND GENERAL AGENT,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Oct. 10, 1848. 87

**MATCHES.**  
**10 GROSS, best Friction Matches,** for sale low  
by **HARRISS & DRAKE,**  
Oct. 24. 94-ly.

**NORTH CAROLINA HAMS**  
LBS. N. C. Bacon Hams, just received  
for sale by **HARRISS & DRAKE,**  
Oct. 24. 94-ly.

**FRESH ARRIVALS OF GOODS.**  
JUST Received, per schr. *David Hale*, from New  
York, assorted shirtings, India drills, linens  
&c. Canton flannels, Crash, Gambia, Irish Linen,  
Bleached jeans, Apron checks, Bed tick, Blankets,  
Plaid Linsey, Gingham, Turkey red yarn, vestings,  
Hosiery, Shawls, Alpaca, Hosiery, pocket combs,  
Carolina stripes, Silk handkerchiefs, Colored  
table cloths, Flannels (red and white), mixed Sat-  
inets, Cadet mixture, Kentucky jeans, Prints (various  
patterns), Carolina stripes, shirt buttons, pocket combs,  
Plaid jeans, Blue cotton yarn, Unbleached shirting,  
Umbrellas, Altondale shirting, 2 1/2 yards wide, Kerseys,  
Cotton handkerchiefs, Cashmeres, de laines, Lanna  
Cloth, Chene plaid, &c., &c. For sale by  
E. J. BERNARD.  
Oct. 14. 90-ly.

**N. Y. FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.**  
THE Subscriber has just received by the  
Schr. *Mary Powell*, the following viz:  
8 Mahogany bureaux—different sizes;  
6 Mahogany and walnut dining and tea tables;  
4 Cherry do. do. do. do.  
6 Large stuffed rockers;  
6 Ladies work tables—walnut and mahogany;  
3 Sofas, a very pretty article;  
24 Mahogany parlor chairs—new style;  
24 Carded maple do. do.  
12 Pine hair cushions;  
1 nest of pantry safes;  
4 Fine hair mattresses;  
24 Looking glasses—some large sizes; all of  
which will be offered at the most reasonable prices.  
Oct. 17—91. F. CLARK,  
Front St. near market

**JOHN HALL,**  
**SHIP AGENT**  
AND  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
No. 30 GRAVIER STREET.  
New Orleans. 110-ly.  
April 13, 1848.

**F. J. LORD & CO.**  
**Rice Factors & Commission Agents.**  
Nov. 25, 1847. 108-ly-p.

**LIFE INSURANCE**  
IN THE NATIONAL LOAN FUND SO-  
CIETY, OF LONDON,  
AND  
**FIRE INSURANCE**  
IN THE AETNA INSURANCE COM-  
PANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.,  
OR, IN THE  
**HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
OF NEW YORK,  
May be effected by application to  
**DeROSSET, BROWN & Co.**  
Nov. 25, 1847. 108

**W. A. LANGDON,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Nov. 23, 1847. 107

**M'KELLAR & M'RAE,**  
**LUMBER AND TIMBER AGENTS, GENERAL**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND GROCERS,**  
Store formerly occupied by HALL & ARMSTRONG,  
NORTH WATER STREET,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
HECTOR M'KELLAR. ALEX. M'RAE.  
Nov. 11, 1847. 102

**THOMAS ALLIBONE & Co.,**  
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
No. 8, SOUTH WHARVES,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
Advances made on Consignments.  
Refer to Messrs. DeRosset, Brown & Co, Wil-  
mington, N. C.  
Nov. 11, 1847. 102-y

**HARRISS & RUSSELL,**  
(SUCCESSORS TO CHARLES D. ELLIS.)  
**GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
GEORGE HARRISS. HENRY F. RUSSELL.  
REFER TO  
R. P. HALL, Esq. } Wilmington.  
O. G. PASTEUR, Esq. }  
J. A. TAYLOR, Esq. }  
ARMER PATTON, Esq. } New York.  
ALEX. HERRON, Jr., Esq. } Philadelphia.  
Messrs. WILLIAMS, WELMAN & Co. } Charleston.  
H. F. BAKER, Esq. }  
Sept. 4th, 1848. 73-ly.

**L. MALLETT,**  
AGENT FOR THE SALE OF  
**Timber, Lumber, Naval Stores, &c.,**  
Nutt's Building, North Water Street,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Nov. 9, 1847. 101

**BARRY BRYANT & Co.**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
March 17, 1848. 1-y.

**WILLIAM NEFF,**  
(Late of the firm of NEFF & WARNER.)  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN  
**SHIP CHANDLERY, SHIP STORES**  
**AND GROCERIES,**  
CORNER OF DOCK & WATER STREETS,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Dec. 7th, 1847. 113-ly.

**CASSIDEY, SCHRADER & Co.,**  
**ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS,**  
Wilmington N. C.  
THE ABOVE FIRM HAVE EXECUTED AN EXTENSIVE  
**Iron and Brass Foundry,**  
TOGETHER WITH  
**Machine and Blacksmith Shops,**  
Where orders for every description of work in their  
line of business, will be expeditiously and  
faithfully executed.  
July 25, 1848. 55-ly.

**MARTIN & CRONLY,**  
**AUCTIONEERS,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
AND  
**GENERAL AGENTS.**  
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 3 1848. 85-ly.

**CAMP MEETING.**  
THE CAMP MEETING at Weymans Bridge,  
will commence on Wednesday evening, 8th of  
November.  
Oct. 28. 96.

**GLUE.**  
A Constant supply of best quality, for sale by  
**HARRY, BRYANT & CO.**  
Oct. 23. 96-ly.

**SCOTT, KEEN & CO.**  
**MERCHANT TAILORS,**  
AND DEALERS IN  
**SUPERIOR**  
**Ready Made Clothing.**  
MARKET STREET,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Oct. 21, 1848. 93-y.

**CORNELIUS MYERS,**  
**MANUFACTURER**  
OF  
**HATS, CAPS, UMBRELLAS AND**  
**WALKING CANES, &c.**  
WILMINGTON, N. C., Market-st.  
Oct. 17 1848. 91-ly.

**W. L. SMITH,**  
(LATE OF THE FIRM OF SANDFORD & SMITH.)  
**AUCTIONEER AND**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Store on North Water Street, Parsley's block.  
Oct. 14 1848. 90-ly.

**J. S. WILLIAMS'**  
**Fancy & Staple Dry Goods Store.**  
ONE DOOR WEST OF WM. SHAW'S DRUG STORE,  
MARKET STREET,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Oct. 14, 1848. 90.

**Jas. T. Morris,**  
**Lumber and Timber Inspector,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Oct. 12, 1848. 88-6m

**JAMES T. MORRIS,**  
**Agent for the Sale or Purchase of NEGROES,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Oct. 12 1848. 88-6m

**W. M. HARRIS. EUGENE B. DRAKE**  
**HARRISS & DRAKE,**  
**General Commission Merchants,**  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
REFERENCES:  
O. G. Parsley, Esq. } Wilmington, N. C.  
Col. John Melroe, }  
Messrs. Ballard & Huntington. }  
Will Peck, Esq. Raleigh, N. C.  
Messrs. Hall, Sackett & Co. } Fayetteville, N. C.  
Joseph Utley, Esq. }  
Messrs. James Corner & Sons, Baltimore.  
" E. A. Souder & Co., Philadelphia.  
" Thompson & Hunter, } New York.  
" Pillsbury & Sanford, }  
Hunting & Tutin, Boston.  
" J. & G. P. Titcomb, Kennebunk, Me.  
September 14th, 1848. 77-ly.

**W. BRANSON:**  
**AGENT FOR THE SALE OF**  
**TIMBER, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, &c.**  
Nutt's Building, North Water Street,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
Sept. 28 1848. 82-c.

**N. B. HUGHES,**  
**AUCTIONEER**  
AND  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
RALEIGH, N. C.  
Solicits consignments, and will attend to all busi-  
ness entrusted to him, and pledges himself that all  
consignments and business shall be strictly done in  
conformity to the wishes of his employers.  
REFERENCE.  
T. Loring, Esq. Wilmington.  
S. W. Welman, Esq. Fayetteville.  
Aug. 26, 1848. 89-ly.

**JOHN D. LOVE,**  
DEALER IN  
**CABINET FURNITURE,**  
**BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, MATTRASSES, &c.**  
ROCK SPRING,  
WILMINGTON, N. C.

**Twenty Dollars Reward.**  
I WILL give Twenty Dollars Re-  
ward for the lodgment of my man PETER  
in Wilmington Jail. Peter is about 5 feet 4  
inches high, has dark skin, is somewhat broken, and  
about 50 years of age. He is supposed to be about  
Wilmington, or on Town Creek.  
S. DEWITT, JAIL SAINTE, S. C.  
Oct. 7.

**COAL.**  
**50 TONS** Red Ash Coal, broken and screened  
For sale, by **W. L. SMITH,**  
Oct. 14. 90-ly.

**ELIJAH DICKINSON,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT,**  
partner of the late firm of Dickinson & Morr  
WILMINGTON, N. C.  
REFER TO  
Messrs. B. DeForest & Co. } New York.  
NeSmith & Walsh, }  
E. D. Peters & Co. } Boston.  
Means & Clark, }  
Walters & Souder, } Philadelphia.  
A. Benson & Co. }  
Nov 9, 1847. 81

**F. J. LORD & CO.,**  
Agents for the  
**NAUTILUS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE**  
**Accumulated Capital, \$130,000.**  
ALSO FOR THE  
**EAGLE LIFE & HEALTH INSURANCE CO.**  
**Capital, \$100,000.**  
Will take risks on lives of Slaves.  
Office 23 North Water Street.  
Oct. 24, 1848.

**Marine and Fire Insurance.**  
THE Subscriber having received the Agency  
of the  
**Camden Insurance Company, N. J.**  
**CHARTERED 1832.**  
WITH A CAPITAL OF \$100,000,  
or Wilmington and vicinity, will issue Policies on  
cargoes, freights and vessels out of this port; and also  
take Fire risks on the reasonable terms on any other  
Insulation. Losses sustained will be promptly and  
honourably adjusted and paid, and in case of difference  
the Courts of North Carolina will be acknowledged.  
A. MARTIN, Agt.  
Dec. 14, 1847. 116-ly-c.

**COFFEE, MOLASSES, &c.**  
**50 Bags** St. Domingo Coffee;  
30 hds. prime St. Jago Molasses;  
20 bbles. Glue, Outlets Snuff, Gunny Bags, &c.  
For sale by **BARRY BRYANT & Co.**  
Oct. 24.

**ODD FELLOWS' SCHOOL.**  
THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed  
on Monday, the 16th of October.  
English Male department under the direction of  
Mr. REGINNEY.  
Principal of the Female department; Mrs. PAR-  
KER, Teacher in the Baltimore Female high school.  
French will be taught by a competent professor, of  
the Language.  
The Trustees in opening this School for the ensu-  
ing year, feeling that it is an important institution to  
the Town, are determined to spare no exertions, to  
make it worthy of the patronage of the public.  
TICKETS, per Session, \$4 00; to be had at the  
office of Colonel JOHN McRAE.  
Oct. 3. 85-ly.

**A Fine Set of Teeth for 25 Cents.**  
White Teeth, Foul Breath, Healthy Gums.  
Yellow and unhealthy teeth, after being once or  
twice cleaned with  
**JONES' AMBER TOOTH PASTE,**  
have the appearance of the most beautiful Ivory, and  
at the same time it is so perfectly innocent and exqui-  
sitely fine, that it can be used daily with safety and  
advantage. It cures tooth aches, and prevents a pre-  
mature decay. Those already decayed, it prevents  
from becoming worse—it also fastens such as are be-  
coming loose, and by perseverance will render the  
loosest teeth delicately white, and make the breath  
deliciously sweet.  
PRICE 25 OR 37 1/2 CENTS A BOX.  
Sold in Wilmington, by Lippitt & Wilkings.

**BOARDING HOUSE.**  
**CAPT. JOHN A. WADE,** respectfully informs  
his friends and the public, that he continues his  
Boarding House, at the corner of Market and Front  
streets, in the building usually called *Lorson's* Build-  
ing. Every attention will be paid to regular board-  
ing, as well as to those who may favor him with a  
transient call, and his table will be supplied in the  
best manner.  
He takes this occasion to return his thanks to  
those who give him a liberal support, and hopes for  
a continuance of public favor.  
August 29th, 1848. 70-ly.

**COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned have this day formed a Co-  
partnership under the firm of  
**HARRISS & DRAKE,**  
for the transaction of a GENERAL COMMISSION  
BUSINESS, and by strict and prompt attention,  
hope to merit a share of public patronage.  
**WILLIAM M. HARRISS,**  
**EUGENE B. DRAKE,**  
September 14th, 1848. 77-ly.

**COTTON YARN.**  
**10 Bales** B. C. Yarns assorted numbers, for  
sale by **J. C. LATTA,**  
Oct. 24. 94-ly.

**MACKEREL! MACKEREL!**  
**50 BBL'S.** new No. 2 Mackerel just received and  
for sale by **J. & W. L. McGARY,**  
Oct. 31. 97.

**Books, Books, &c.**  
**1 Part** for Sale and at Auction.  
**A. EDWARDS & Co.,** of New York, will make  
their annual visit to this place, during next week  
at which time they will offer for sale either at auc-  
tion or private sale, a large and well selected as-  
sortment of Books in the various branches of Litera-  
ture, and also a large assortment of stationery, &c., &c.  
Time and place hereafter.  
W. L. SMITH, Aucr.  
Oct. 26. Journal copy 11 94-ly.

**LIVERPOOL SALT.**  
**360 SACKS** ground; 100 Sacks fine or blown.  
For sale by **R. W. BROWN,**  
Oct. 21. 93-ly.

**SACK SALT.**  
**600 SACKS** Liverpool Ground Salt, Landing  
this day, for sale by  
**J. & W. L. McGARY,**  
Oct. 24. 94-ly.

**LONDON BROWN STOUT.**  
**IN** Casks or by the dozen, for sale at  
**J. & W. L. McGARY,**  
Oct. 24. 94-ly.

**DAVIDS & BLACK'S** Premium Ink, of the dis-  
tinguished name, for sale by  
**J. S. WILLIAMS,**  
Oct. 26. 95-ly.

**CALL SOON.**  
JUST opened, a large assortment of Toys, Fancy  
articles, Card Plates and Baskets, Flour Vases,  
China Toys, &c., &c., at  
**J. WILKINSON & Co.,**  
Nov. 2.

**OLD BALLAD.**  
Give place, you ladies all,  
Unto my mistress fair,  
For none of you, or great or small,  
Can with my love compare.

If you would know her well,  
You shall her now behold,  
If any tongue at all may tell  
Her beauty's manifold.

She is not high nor low,  
But just the perfect height,  
Below my head, above my heart,  
And then a wand more straight.

She is not full nor spare,  
But just as she should be,  
An awful for a god, I swear—  
And more—she loveth me.

Her shape hath no defect,  
Or none that I can find,  
Such as indeed you might expect  
From so well-formed a mind.

Her skin not black nor white,  
But of a lovely hue,  
As if created for delight;  
Yet she is mortal too.

Her hair is not too dark,  
No, nor I ween, too light;  
It is what it should be; and mark—  
It pleaseth me outright.

Her eyes nor green nor gray,  
Nor like the heavens above,  
And more of them what need I say,  
But they look and love!

Her foot not short nor long  
And what may more surprise, [wrong  
Though some, perchance, may think me  
'Tis just the fitting size.

Her hand, ye see, then, her hand,  
With fingers large or fine,  
It is enough, you understand,  
I like it—and 'tis mine.

In brief I am content  
To take her as she is,  
And hold that she by heaven was sent  
To make complete my bliss.

Then, ladies, all give place  
Unto my mistress fair,  
For now, you know so well her grace,  
You needs must all despair.

From the *Richmond Republican.*  
**THE UNION.**

The London Standard, enumerating some  
imaginary causes of disunion of the United  
States, says:  
"To this, which may be regarded as an  
important cause of separation, more active repug-  
nances are added—the Northern States are,  
in great part, manufacturers—the Southern  
States exclusively agricultural. The Northern  
States are wisely resolved to protect  
their manufacturing industry, by high  
tariffs, and being sufficiently agricultural  
to supply their own wants, they are wholly  
independent of the States of the South,  
upon which States the high tariffs of the  
Northern States recoil with injurious effect."  
Thirdly, the Northern States have abolished  
slavery in their own territory, and are  
manifesting a strong disposition to compel  
the Southern States to abolish it also. The  
people of the Southern States, however,  
have long believed that, to emancipate their  
slaves, would throw their land out of cul-  
tivation, and render it perfectly worthless—  
We may believe that they are mistaken in  
this opinion, but unquestionably, the late  
practical proclamation of the British Legisla-  
ture, that slave labor cannot be dispensed  
with in hot climates, must tend powerfully  
to confirm this opinion in those once pos-  
sessed by it. Meanwhile, the abolitionists  
of the Northern States are as violent and  
as intolerant as ever. Now, our opinion of  
the righteousness of abolishing slavery has  
never for a moment wavered. We believe  
that the Creator has destined all the earth  
that he has formed for cultivation, and that  
he has destined all his rational creatures to  
freedom; we, therefore, cannot admit that  
there is any portion of the world, least of  
all the richest portion of it, that can be cul-  
tivated only by slaves; and if our abolition  
have failed to any extent, which we doubt,  
the failure is, we are satisfied, due to the  
neglect of raising the West Indian negroes  
to the rank of rational beings, before mak-  
ing them free agents. But though our  
opinion of the righteousness of the aboli-  
tion of slavery has never wavered, we  
are bound to confess that the last few  
years have greatly modified our opinion  
of 'abolitionists.' These few years  
have proved that at least three fourths of  
those who most loudly clamored for 'emancipa-  
tion,' in 1831 and 1832, were nothing  
better (Quakers included) than disgusting  
hypocrites—men who cared nothing for the  
happiness of black men or white men, or  
anything but their personal popularity or  
personal profit. As men are not found to  
improve by crossing the Atlantic we must  
conclude that the proportion of honest and

good men among 'abolitionists' in the  
Northern States is not greater than it has  
proved among our own 'abolitionists,' and  
if such be the case, or, the same thing, if  
the Southern republicans believe (as for  
example they well may) such to be the  
case, they must feel insulted, as well as  
endangered, when threatened, as they are,  
by their northern fellow-citizens with a  
compulsory of slavery.

We give the above speculations that our  
readers may see how much these educated  
and talented men, as London editors are or  
ought to be, know of the world which they  
inhabit. It seems as if every thing could  
find its way across the Atlantic ocean but  
facts. Emigrants of all classes, convicts,  
cockney tourists and British manufactures  
can get here, and our cotton and some  
other products can get there; but the sail-  
ing-vessel has not yet been launched, nor  
the steam-ship built, which has convey-  
ed to England a rational idea of this coun-  
try, of its institutions, of its character, of its  
capacity, or of its prospects. More than  
seventy years have passed since our coun-  
try became independent, and started on  
that career of freedom and greatness which  
is destined yet to throw its broad shadow  
over the ruins of the British Empire; and  
still, to this day, the writers and statesmen  
of Great Britain have pronounced it a 'Jona-  
nah's gourd,' rising in a night, and destined  
to perish ere morning. Day has passed  
after day, and the 'gourd' has not wither-  
ed; month has passed after month, and it  
has become more green and strong; year  
has followed year, and it no longer looks  
like a feeble vine, dependent upon other  
objects for support and elevation, but has  
become a great and glorious tree, the mon-  
arch and the pride of the forest, striking its  
roots deep into the generous earth, and in-  
viting beneath its broad branches the op-  
pressed of every clime. Yet, still its down-  
fall is predicted with as much zeal as sev-  
enty years ago. Still, disunion and civil  
war are the burthen of British tongues;—  
Still they are talking of our downfall, for-  
getting all the time that, while we are  
prosperous and growing and happy, the  
very reverse is their own condition. Let  
them look at the storm which is gathering  
over their own ship, instead of straining  
their eyes to see if our Republic will not  
go down. Englishmen talking to the  
Americans of the end of their government!  
It is like haggard and decrepit Age, with  
one foot in the grave, running its finger  
over the smooth and rosy cheek of Youth,  
and mistaking its joyous dimples for the  
furrows of decaying life, and its healthful  
flush for the hectic of consumption.

Our wise London paper mentions among  
the "active repugnances" of our unfor-  
tunate country the fact that "the Northern  
States are, in great part, manufacturers—  
the Southern States, exclusive agricultural." Now,  
even admitting this to be true, we  
should regard it as a bond of union instead  
of an entering wedge of disunion. If all  
our States were manufacturing, or all agri-  
cultural, there would be a fatal collision  
and conflict of interests, but when there is  
a diversity of employments, and one portion  
makes bread while the others make cloths,  
we should consider it an arrangement  
which would be found quite convenient  
and comfortable for both parties. In one  
section we have sugar, in another corn, in  
another cotton, in another manufacturers,  
and the only result produced is a mutual  
dependence, leading to a mutual union.—  
We admit however, that there is no reason  
to prevent the south from becoming a man-  
ufacturing country and supplying her own  
wants in clothing as well as food, but even  
then, our ingenious Yankee friends will  
not desert us on that account. They will  
find out some new branch of enterprise and  
energy, in which to retain their old and  
achieve new prosperity.

As to the subject of slavery, to which  
the English paper refers, that is "a horse  
of another color." But the "Standard" is  
as far out in its facts as it is possible even  
for an English writer to be in any thing  
that concerns this country. The Northern  
States are not manifesting a strong disposi-  
tion to compel the Southern States to aboli-  
sh slavery. The Standard's conclusion  
will be correct, when his premises happen  
to be built on anything but fancy. For, un-  
doubtedly when the Northern States com-  
mit any such tom foolery as the Standard  
attributes to them, the Union is at an end.  
Fortunately, there is no prospect of any  
such event. In regard to the opinions ex-  
pressed on slavery, we have only to say  
that if Englishmen believe, as the Stand-  
ard says, that "the Creator has destined all  
the earth that he has formed for cultiva-  
tion, and all his rational creatures for free-  
dom," the sooner England opens her vast  
parks and noblemen's forests in England  
and Ireland to cultivation for the benefit  
of their starving poor, and the sooner she  
strikes the shackles from the limbs of her  
white slaves, the better will she become to  
lecture the rest of mankind on this interest-  
ing subject. The Standard ascribes the  
failure of British emancipation "to neglect  
of raising the West India negroes to the  
rank of rational beings, before making  
them free agents." And yet, Botsh and  
Northern fabulists insist that emancipation  
ought not to depend at all upon the ques-  
tion of the fitness of its subject for freedom.

The "Standard" has been led by its lucu-  
brations by reading the Charleston speech  
of Mr. Calhoun, whom it pronounces "the  
second man in the States"—Mr. Webster  
being the first. Mr. Calhoun is a great  
man, but on subjects concerning the prob-  
able duration of the American Union, he  
has never been sanguine.

We wish some of those who are most  
certain that the Union is soon to be divided  
will tell us where the line is to be drawn.  
What is to become of the West and South-