check their sportive mirth as they approach them,—the veteran soldier pays the tribute of a passing tear,—the venerable pastor breathes an inward prayer as the following simple record present themselves:—

Pietro Gadovani, ætat. 62.
Fiordispina Gadovani, ætat. 19.
Fiordispina Gadovani, ætat. 2 months.
Peace to their manes!

A DEPRAVED VILLAIN.

A few days since the officers of the Fifth Ward Police received information that two young females, named Louisa Slowly and Catharine Blauvelt, one of them an interesting child only 13 years of age and the other a girl about 17, had left the residence of their parents under such suspicious circumstances, that there was no doubt some foul means had been used in their abduction. Accordingly, Captain Moneypenny, accompanied by two of his officers, made diligent search for the misguided creatures, but without effect, until Saturday last, when their labors were crowned with success, as in passing down Church street, they beheld them on the steps of one of the houses in that locality awaiting the opening of the door. On being conveyed to the Station House, they said that they had been induced to leave their residence, No. 433 Hudson street, at the earnest request of a man named William Murray, who promised to put them in a way of obtaining plenty of money if they would go with him. The elder of the girls first submitted to his proposals, and finally persuaded her companion to follow his advice. The first place to which they went was to an infamous house No. 25 Elm street, where they were locked in all night. On their liberation in the morning, Murray continued to urge them to pursue a course of life which would enrich them. The arts this villain used proved successful. They agreed, and went to No. 22 Manhattan Place, where they resided until the day of their arrest, when fearing pursuit, they fled for the purpose of seeking a safer place, and were caught while in the act of ringing the bell of one of the "boarding houses for young ladies," in Church street.

Search was immediately made for the depraved man, who wished to profit by their ruin; and he was arrested at No. 25 Elm street in the act of boasting of his success. The charge being fully proved against him he was held to answer in the sum of $1000.

Such is one of the contrivances resorted to for the purpose of thronging our streets with degraded females, and peopling with fresh victims the already crowded house of ill-fame.

MURDER AND ARREST OF THE MURDERER.—The Cleveland Herald learns by a telegraphic despatch from Sandusky dated Dec. 19, the following particulars of a robbery, murder and arrest:

A drover by the name of David Johnson stopped at a hotel in Marion, Ohio, when by some means the landlord learned that he carried $2000 with him. Johnson proceeded from thence about 12 miles to buy cattle.

The Landlord followed him and shot him. The drover feigned death while he was dragged into the woods, forced between two logs, and covered with brush. After the landlord left he made himself heard to a passer by.—'Put me in your waggon and drive to the tavern as fast as possible,' said the drover. On arriving there the landlord came out to take the horses, the drover raised his head and exclaimed—'That is the man that shot me, he has $2000 of my money!' and ten minutes after he expired.

The landlord gave himself up and confessed the deed and is now in jail.

From the New Orleans Daily Delta.

LATE FROM YUCATAN.

By the arrival here yesterday, of the brig Harriett, Capt. Whiteney, ten days from Sisal, we have received the Boleton Official of Merida, to the 6th instant.

The recent capture of Peto, a most important strong-hold in the peninsuala, has given quite annother aspect to the destructive war, so long raging betwen the Yucatecos and the Indians. "This victory," says the Boletin "has diffused a higher and purer satisfaction among the inhabitants of the State, than has reigned there for a very long time." It adds, that is of most vital importance to the cuntry, and has already restored to the control of the government a vast number of ctiizens, as well of European as of indigenous origin.

From the Boletin of the 5th inst.

Arrival.—At Sisal, just arrived from Vera Cruz, the national schooner Rafaela, with $14.000 for the State government, and $1200 for the Charitable Society of Merida. On the same day, arrived from New Orleans the American bark Florida, with 330 volunteers and 60 sacks of corn, for the municipal authorities of Merida. The promptitude with which Col. White performed his engagement with the Yucatan government, relative to the volunteers contracted for, and to be raised in the United States, merits the highest panegyric. The same compliment is due to Major McDonnell and Capt. Kelly, who accompany him.

The foreign battalion of volunteers lately arrived at Sisal, are now in this city. They will afford a firm rallying point and an efficient support to our combatants, as they are inspired with ardent enthusiasm for the cause of the government. They have already captivated the public esteem by the good conduct, and particularly by the firm deportment of their officers.

The remainder of these papers is filled with accounts of skirmishes and guerrilla encounters, which are recorded as always terminating to the advantage of the whites.

William Dandridge Epes, convicted of the murder of Mr. Muir, was hung yesterday. A large number of persons were present to witness the execution. He made a full confession of his guilt. Epes, it will be remembered, enticed Muir into the woods, for the purpose of shooting deer, and when he got him in a secluded spot, he murdered him for the purpose of securing a mortgage and some deeds which Muir held against him.—*U. S. Gazette.*

FROM NASSAU, N. P.—The U. S. Gazette, of the 25th inst. says:—By a late arrival, we have a Nassau paper of the 9th inst. The only item of interest it contains is a notice of a meeting of American residents and American officers and seamen of wrecked vessels, complimenting in a distinguished manner Mr Bacon, the American consul at Nassau, for his able and efficient discharge of the consular duties.

THE COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 2, 1849.

QUARANTINE REGULATION.

The Commissioners of Navigation have issued an order, that all vessels arriving from N. Orleans, shall perform a quarantine of 15 days, before they are permitted to come up to the town. This measure of wise precaution will be very gratifying to our community, among whom some uneasiness prevails relative to communication with New Orleans, during the prevalence of the cholera there.

COMPLIMENT TO COL. PAINE.

Our readers were informed some months since, that many of the friends of Col. Paine in this place, had it in contemplation, to shew their appreciation of his gallant services, by some suitable public demonstration. The presentation of a pair silver pitchers, was finally resolved upon, and we are happy to be able to state, that the pitchers are now in this place. They are extremely beautiful, chaste and rich; and are the more appropriate, because of their great durability.

They will soon be delivered to Col. Paine in Raleigh, and our townsmen Messrs, WM. A. WRIGHT, THOS. D. MEARES and ROBT. W. COWAN have been selected to perform the grateful task of presenting them.

CHOLERA IN NEW ORLEANS.

Accounts from New Orleans are very gloomy. As many as 150 are reported to have died in one day, of cholera; and although it is stated that the disease is abating, we see no ground for such a statement.

An important fact has been mentioned to us, relative to this terrible disease—which is, that in all its history, it has never been known to prevail in sandy regions. If there is no mistake in this, there is no cause for alarm on the seaboard of N. Carolina.

THE DIFFERENCE.

We find the following telegraph in the last Baltimore Sun: "Alexandria, Dec. 28th, 8 P. M. The vote to-day on the question whether the corporation of our town shall, or not, appropriate $100,000, towards the construction of a Rail Road, between this city and Gordonsville, has resulted as follows:

In favor of appropriation 241—against it 1."

What a difference, between the sober, prudent and sagacious citizens of Alexandria, and those of our town of Wilmington!!

SOUTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE.

Plan of Appointments for 1849.

Charleston District—S. W. CAPERS, P. E.
Cumberland—Dr. Whitefoord Smith.
Trinity—C. H. Prichard.
Bethel—John A. Porter.
St. James—A. G. Stacey.
Black Swamp—W. McSwain, T. Mitchell.
Savanah River Miss.—To be supplied, H. F. Porter.
Walterboro'—A. W. Walker, E. J. Meynardie.
Cumbahee Miss.—J. R. Coburn, O. A. Chrietzberg.
Orangeburg—W. G. Connor.
Cypress—W. C. Kirkland, G. W. Moore.
Pon Pon Miss.—S. P. Taylor.
Cooper River—J. W. Kelly.
Cooper River Miss.—T. E. Leadbetter.
Beaufort Miss.—D. D. Cox, L. A. Johnson.
Edisto Miss.—C. Wilson, M. L. Banks.
Colleton Neck Miss.—J. Warnock.

Cokesbury District—W. A. GAMEWELL, P. E.
Edgefield—W. P. Mouzon, A. L. Smith.
Cokesbury—C. A. Crowell, Dr. J. T. Munds.
Pendleton—M. Pucket.
Pickins—R. P. Franks.
Paris Mountain—D. W. Seale.
Greenville—S. M. Greene.
Greenville Circuit—A. McGivry, J. Finger.
Union—J. Townsend, H. C. Parsons.
Laurens—Z. W. Barnes.
Newbury—P. G. Bowman, S. H. Dunwoody.
Mt. Trion Miss.—L. Scarbrough.

Columbia District—N. TALLEY, P. E.
Columbia—J. Stacy, J. T. Wightman.
Barnwell—R. J. Boyd, A. H. Harmon.
Columbia Circuit—David Derrick.
Camden—Wm. T. Capers.
Santee—W. S. Haltom.
Sumterville—J. Zimmerman.
Darlington—C. Walker, A. J. Cauthen.
Lancaster—D. McDonald.
Winiuneboro'—S. Leard, J. W. Harris.
Graniteville—H. M. Mood.
Wateree Miss.—D. G. McDaniel, E. L. King.
Congaree Miss.—Wm. Martin.
St. Mathews—W. Smith.

Wilmington District—CHARLES BETTS, P. E.
Wilmington—W. Crook, D. D., S. H. Brown.
Smithville—J. R. Picket, W. M. Lee.
Cape Fear Misston—M. C. Turrentine.
Conwayborough—To be supplied.
Georgetown—A. M. Chrietzberg.
Black River—J. H. Chandler, A. Parker.
Black River Miss.—M. Eady, H. A. Bass.
Marion—A. McCorquodale, J. P. Hughes.
Bladen—W. Flemming, P. W. McDaniel.
Waccamaw Miss.—J. A. Minick, A. Ervin.
Samplt Miss.—Wm. Carson.
Santee Miss.—L. M. Little.

Fayetteville District—WM. BARRINGER, P. E.
Fayetteville—D. J. Simmons.
Fayetteville Circuit—S. Jones.
Bennettsville—J. W. Wightman.
Society Hill Miss.—C. McLeod.
Cheraw—T. S. Daniel.
Cheraw Miss.—Wm. J. Jackson.
Chesterfield—W. L. Pegues,
Wadesboro'—J. H. Wheeler, J. A. Mood.
Rockingham—M. A. McKibben.
Albemarle—A. Nettles.
Montgomery—J. M. Bradley.
Deep River—T. W. Postell.

Lincolnton District—A. M. FOSTER, P. E.
Charlotte—P. A. Williams, T. M. Farrow.
Concord—W. C. Patterson.
Lincolnton—C. Murchison.
Yorkville—P. R. Hoyle.
Spartanburg—H. Durant, A. P. Martin.
Rutherford—S. D. Luney.
Shelbyville—J. L. Shuford.
Catawba—A. P. Avant.
Morganton—H. Ogburn.
Menoir.—P. F. Kistler.
Pleasant Grove—C. Clark.

H. A. Walker Bible Agent.
W. M. Wightman, Advocate.
A. M. Shipp, Greensboro' College.
T. Huggins, without appointment
M. Robbins and J. O. A. Conner, to rest this year.

HOLIDAY GAMES.

The following, from the New York *Morning Eagle*, professes to give an account of a new Game. The means of the operation is new but there is nothing new in the *plot* or the *incidents*. We have one on hand which we do not notice at the present, in hopes that the delinquent will reprove to be what he appeared—an honest man:

"A new Holiday game, called "*beat the Printer*," says the New Haven Register, has been enacted in this city, within the last fortnight, with uncommon success. The "*Raymond Minstrel*," from N. York, introduced it, among the new pieces, not in their programme—and left the city without giving us an opportunity to express our opinions of their success.

"The 'Chinese Lady" (we dislike to speak ill of a lady,) Miss *Afong May*, with the *pièce* feet and the big manager, next appeared on the stage, in this new interesting "after piece," but before we were aware of it the whole "Junk's" crew had taken another stage, and left for parts unknown. We love to chronicle these new devices of ingenious vagrants and musical humbugs—not that we have received any benefit from them but that others *may*. Who is the next customer?"

CALIFORNIA.

Extract of a Letter received from California, by a gentleman in this town, from his Brother, who went out 18 months since.

* * * * I have about $17,000 worth of Gold. The first month of the excitement, myself and companion collected upwards of seventeen pounds, but as the sickly season has commenced, I have left the mines and am now doing duty of two officers under Col Mason, at a salary of $140 a month and found, which situation I shall hold rather than go again to the "diggins." Capt. Taylor has $70,000 in Gold, and contemplates returning to New York in May next. But you cannot conceive what we endure here in California; the worst of privations. I would now gladly return to the United States, but under the circumstances which caused me to come here, I shall not see New York for a long time yet. Lieut. Roach who came with me, is preparing to return to New York. Many of the Volunteers who came out here with Col. Stevenson are a most desperate set; as a set they never, while in service, paid any kind of respect for discipline.

I bought me a pair of boots yesterday and paid for them two ounces of Gold. I could not get them for less.

FOR THE COMMERCIAL.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.

I regret to see that the Gazette has attacked the Bank of Cape Fear. In any good could be expected to result from a public discussion of the management of that or similar institutions, it must be by exposing their faults, and not, as in the case of the Gazette, an indiscriminate and erroneous assault upon the solvency of that institution; for there is no person at all conversant with Banking, but must see at a glance, that with whatever faults the Cape Fear Bank may be chargeable, insolvency is not among the number. There is, probably, no Bank in this State or out of it, that is more solvent or better prepared to meet their liabilities that she is; and it is only to be regretted that she has not been as regardful of the rights and interests of the public as she has of her own; but she has not. For while it will be seen that she can, at any time, convert her United States stock into specie or its equivalent to meet her liabilities, and so far, the interests and solvency of the Bank is amply cared for at the same time the commercial community have just cause to complain of the Bank, of turning Brokers, buying up the Northern Exchange by means of her chartered accumulation of capital, and investing it in what, for aught we can see, is to be as permanent an investment as if it was any other personal or real estate. It will be remembered, that during the crisis of her affairs, the Bank represented herself as the holder of one hundred thousand dollars of Treasury Notes, which was then considered as wrong and unjust to the trading community; but so far from respecting public opinion on that subject, we now find she has increased her investment to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; not is there reason to believe they intend stopping even at that. Suppose it and the other banks here were to invest their capital in the same way, does not every one see that it would involve the entire commercial interests of our State in absolute ruin, a foretaste of which we of Wilmington are now experiencing. There is much more which I intended to say in connection with this subject, but the space allotted for this article is all, and after the injudicious and intemperate article in the Gazette, it is doubtful whether I shall resume it again.

A TRADER.

Destructive Fire in Cincinnati—Business Prostration, on account of the Cholera.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.

Calhoun's varnish Factory, Baldwin & Sabin's Cheese Warehouse, (in which were stored a heavy stock of cheese,) and Mitchell & Rammelsburg's Furniture Warehouse, were destroyed by fire last night. The adjoining buildings suffered considerable damage. I have not learned the amount of loss, but it is very heavy. There is only a partial insurance on the whole amount of property destroyed.

No new cases resembling cholera, in this city, have been reported since my last despatch. The well authenticated rumors of the prevalence of the cholera as an epidemic in New Orleans, has had quite a disastrous effect on the mercantile community here. All business is nearly prostrated.

At an early hour this morning the steamboat which runs between this city and Louisville, from some unexpected cause, took fire, and before the flames could be subdued, the boat was burned down to the water's edge, and will be a total loss. The Arkansas, lying alongside of the Tributary, also took fire, but suffered no further damage than the destruction of her cabin. The Tributary was valued at $5000, and was insured for $3000. The damage to the Arkansas amounted to $300.

Public Ledger.

The Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 29.

The House met yesterday, and without transacting any business of interest, adjourned until Monday next.

HOW THE GOVERNMENT DOES THE WORK OF PARTY.

The following copy of an official letter is published in the New York Post of Friday:

APPOINTMENT OFFICE P. O. DEPARTMENT,
July 26, 1848.

SIR: Your letter has been received, and submitted to the Postmaster General. I think your reasons for abandoning the Democratic party wholly unsatisfactory. The Postmaster General has heretofore refused to listen to applications for the removal of postmasters for such reasons. But the party to which you are now attached having taking ground against the Administration and the regular nominee of the party for President, I do not see how the Administration can further excuse to act in those cases, without subjecting it to the charge of lending its influence to defeat the candidate of the party.

I am yours, &c. W. J. BROWN.

H. J. SICKLES, Esq., P. M.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

TUESDAY, Dec. 26.

SENATE.

Mr. Shepard, from the committee to whom the Message of the Governor relating to our early Colonial History was referred, reported a resolution authorising the Governor to obtain documents, &c., which passed its first reading, and with the report, was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Halsey, a bill to amend the 6th Section of the act of last Session, to provide for a reassessment of the lands of this State &c., which passed its first reading.

Mr. Shepard called up the bill to amend the laws for the collection and managment of a Revenue for the State; which bill was read the second time amended, and passed.

And then the Senate adjourned,

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The following bills and resolutions passed their third reading:—A bill concerning Sheriffs. A bill authorizing the inspection of provisions. A bill to incorporate Duplin Guards. A bill concerning Weights and Measures. A bill regulating the duties of Sheriffs. A bill authorizing Justices of Peace of New Hanover to sell the Poor House of said County. A bill to incorporate Union Chapter in the County of Duplin. A bill to amend the 49th Chapter of Revised Statutes. A resolution for the relief of the Clerk of the County Court of New Hanover. A bill to incorporate Neuse River Lodge of I. O. O. F. in Goldsboro'. A bill to incorporate the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of North Carolina. A bill to amend an act to lay off a Road from Burnsville, in the County of Yancy, to Asheville, in Buncombe.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 27.

SENATE.

The Senate refused to agree to the raising of a Joint Select Committee to inquire into the expediency of changing the time of holding the elections.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the memorial of A. Whitney, on the subject of a Rail-road to the Pacific Ocean, praying that the same may be referred to a Joint Select Committee.

On motion of Mr. Woodfin, a message was sent to the House, with a proposition to raise said Committee.

The bill to amend the act of last session to provide for a reassessment of the lands of the State, and a more accurate enlistment of taxable polls, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The resolutions in relation to the liabilities of the State, &c. introduced by Mr. Berry, were taken up, amended, and passed their second reading.

The report of the Judiciary Committee in relation to the compensation of Trustees in deeds of trust, &c. was taken up, read the third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Halsey, the bill to provide for the settlement of estates in the hands of executors and administrators, and for the relief of the same, was taken up, read the third time and passed.

Mr. Lellington introduced a bill to amend the third section of the 99th Ch. Rev. Stat. entitled Religious Societies. Passed its first reading.

The bill from the House, to provide for the establishment of a State Hospital for the Insane, was read the first time and passed.

And then Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Atkin moved to make the bill for the better regulation of Common Schools, the order of the day for Saturday next. Carried.

Mr. Stanly offered Resolutions approving of Whitney's plan of a Rail Road, which passed, by a suspension of the rules of the House, its 2d reading.

When the Resolutions were put upon their 3rd reading, Mr. Miller moved to lay them on the table. Carried.

A message was received from the Senate, refusing to concur in the proposition to raise a joint Select Committee to consider the propriety of altering the time of meeting of the General Assembly. Another message concurring in the proposition to raise a Joint Select Committee on memorial of certain Cherokee Indians. Another proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee to consider Whitney's plan of a Rail Road.

On motion of Mr. Biggs the House adjourned.

We find no business perfected in the proceedings of the 28th in either House, and nothing of particular interest.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the *Senate*, on the 28th, petitions were presented.

The bill to recharter the Washington and Alexandria Steampacket company was next taken up.

Mr. Benton spoke in favor of it. When he had concluded

Mr. Allen called for the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, which were ordered, and,

The bill passed—ayes 36, nays 15.

Mr. Bright submitted a resolution for fixing and reducing the pay of messengers, who bring on the vote of the States for President, which lies over.

Mr. Bright's resolution, calling upon the President for information as to the number of vessels employed on the coast survey, and other matters upon the same subject, was considered and adopted.

After the transaction of some unimportant business the Senate adjourned.

In the *House*, on the 28th the committees were called on for reports.

Mr. Vinton from the committee of Ways and Means, reported the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, for the ensuing year.

Mr. Vinton also reported the Indian Appropriation bill; which were read, refered to the committee of the Whole, and made the special order of the day for this day week.

The motion made by Mr. C. Brown, to reconsider the vote respecting the binding Fremont's Emory's, and other reports, was adopted, and the subject referred to the committee on printing.

Mr. Gollamer, from the committee on Public Lands, reported a bill for giving public lands railroads and canals that pass over them, and other similar bills, which were referred to the committee of the whole.

A bill proposing to grant to each of the new States the same amount of public lands that Ohio has received, was taken up, and then laid on the table, by 94 yeas to 70 nays.

A message from the President, communicating the information called for relative to the imprisonment of certain American citizens in Ireland, was received, read, laid on the table, and printed.

On motion of Mr. Vinton the House went into committee (Mr. Thompson in the chair) and took up the bill for supplying the deficiency in the Civil Appropriation bill for the ensuing year.

Mr. Vinton explained the object of the bill.

Mr. Pollock then addressed the House and in the course of his remarks took occasion to advert to the Tariff clause of the President's message and to Secretary Walker's report.

He was interrupted and interrogated by Mr. McLane several times, but replied with point and effect. He further exposed the Secretary's glaring inconsistencies in his exportation and importation statistics.

Without taking definite action upon the subject, the Committee rose, and the House adjourned.

In the *Senate* on the 29th, Petitions and memorials were presented by Messrs. Underwood, Sturgeon, Bright, Niles and Jefferson Davis. That by Mr. Niles, is against any discrimination in the rates of postage, &c., between newspapers and periodicals.

On motion of Mr. Hamlin, of Maine, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of Executive business, with a view, as he suggested, to refer one or two nominations. Adjourned.

In the *House* on the 29th, Mr. Richardson, of Illinois, submitted a joint resolution, which was twice read and referred, directing the Secretary of War to pay certain volunteers discharged by order of Gen. Wool.

Mr. Vinton, from the committee of ways and means, reported the annual army appropriation bill, and the annual appropriation bill for the support of the military academy, both of which were referred to the committee of the whole on the State of the Union, and with the general appropriation bill and the army appropriation, yesterday reported, are made the special order for Thursday next, the 4th of January, and every day thereafter (except Fridays and Saturdays,) until finally disposed of.

The House then, in committee of the whole, Mr. Boyd of Kentucky in the chair, proceeded to the consideration of bills on the private calendar.

An adjournment was moved, and decided in the affirmative, 59 to 56. Adjourned accordingly.

GOOD NEWS.—The rumor that death in conjunction with a battalion of quack physicians, had caused the assassination of the renowned Doctor Clickener for spoiling their trade, is, we are most happy to learn, contradicted. They made the foul attempt in the shape of a variety of diseases, but he just took a dose or two of his own all-conquering Sugar-coated Pills, and scattered the enemy to the four winds of heaven. Dear Reader, those Sugar-coated Purgative Pills are as sweet as a sugar plumb, neither gripe nor nauseate, though they are splendid purgatives; and hence all sorts of people take them, and get well, which is the cause of the malice on the part of death and the quacks.

ANOTHER TESTIMONIAL TO THE WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF WISTAR'S BALSAM.

NEWINGTON, Con. Feb. 1, 1846.

Mr. S. W. Fowle;

Sir:—Having purchased of Mr. Charles P. Wells, your agent at Hartford, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and being so much gratified with its effects in my own case, I am disposed to give you and the public a statement of my case—that others similarly afflicted may avail themselves of the benefit to be derived from this truly valuable medicine.

I was taken with bleeding at the lungs about the last of April, 1845. I immediately applied to a physician and followed his directions for a considerable time: but I still continued to bleed every few weeks, and to all appearances I was rapidly sinking to the grave. I then applied to other physicians—and although under the treatment of some of them I became a little more comfortable, yet the attack of bleeding recurred every few weeks until I had the seventh, at which time the quantity of blood discharged was near half a tea-cup. Every successive attack seemed to reduce me lower—till at last I had no appetite. I had a severe pain in my right side, so that I could hardly turn myself in bed without help—and the pain at times was so severe that I could not refrain from groaning. At times I also had a severe pain in my chest and left side. I now asked my physician what he thought of my case. He replied that I ought to know the worst of it—that he thought I should not get well. This was on the 16th of Sept. I then purchased at the store of Mr. Wells a bottle of Wistar's Balsam. I continued to use it—and from the first two bottles I did not notice much benefit except that my appetite became better and an ulcer upon my lungs discharged, after which I became comparatively free from pain. After taking the third bottle I gained in flesh as much as one pound per week for five weeks. I have now taken seven bottles, and am able to do a good deal of work in my shop; and although I am not quite as strong as formerly, I have every prospect of becoming so.—I would therefore recommend to the public Wistar's Balsam as being a most invaluable medicine and one every way worthy of their entire confidence. I have not a doubt that through the blessings of God it has been the means of raising me from the grave.

Yours, &c.,

S. B. LAMBERTON.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, JANUARY 2.

HIGH WATER AT THE BAR.....2.45 P. M.

ARRIVED.

Dec. 28. Schr. Lucy Ann, Crammer, from New York, to E. J. Lutterloh, with goods for Martin & Cronly, W. A. Gwyer, R. W. Brown, Henrietta S. B. Co., J. C. Latta, R. H. Stanton & Co., J. A. Taylor, J. & D. McRae and others.

Dec. 31. Brig Frontier, Pettigrew, from New York, in ballast, to Harriss & Drake.

Jan. 1. Brig Chas. J. Dow, Barstow, from Boston, with mdze. to Barry, Bryant & Co.

" Schr. Avon, Cushing, from Boston, in ballast, to Barry, Bryant & Co.

" Schr. Pennsylvania, Errickson, from Philadelphia, with mdze. to Geo. Harriss.

" Brig Moselle, Hall, from Hartford, in ballast, to Barry, Bryant & Co.

" Brig Commodore Hall, Wilson, from New York, in ballast, to G. W. Davis.

" Barque Oaks Angier, Drinkwater, from Belfast, with Brick, Hay &c., to G. W. Davis,

CLEARED.

Jan. 1. Schr. Alarie, Prosser, for New York, by R. W. Brown, with 384 bbls. Turpentine, 401 bbls. Rosin, 303 bbls Spirits Turpentine, 75 casks Rice, 1 " Brig Hellvellyn, Gilpatrick, for Kennebunk, Me, by Harriss & Drake, with 88,000 feet Timber, 12,000 feet S. S. Plank, from Ballard & Huntington's mill.

cask Wax, 393 bushels Pea Nuts, 30 bales Cotton, 4 mats of Wool.

" Schr. W. H. Hazard, Saunders, for New Orleans, with 1300 bbls. Naval Stores, by Geo. Harriss.

" Schr. Jerolemon, Gosley, for Philadelphia, with 295 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 1100 bbls. Rosin, 371 bushels Pea Nuts, 171 bales Reeds, 10 bales Waste, by Geo. Harriss.

" Brig Annawon, Almy, for Havana, by J. Hathaway & Son, with 90,000 feet S. S. Lumber, from Cape Fear mill.

" Brig Charles Hammond, Green, for Boston, by Barry, Bryant & Co., with 4,500 Staves, 819 bbls. Turpentine, 50 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 546 bbls Tar.

" Schr. Margaret Jane, Davis, for Hyde County, in ballast, by DeRosset & Brown.

" Brig Quincy, Kempton, for Philadelphia, by G. W. Davis, with 1040 bbls. Rosin, 30 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 30 bbls. Pitch, 5 bales Rags, 20 bales Waste, 3 bags Wax, 67 bales Sheetings, 22 cases and 2 trunks mdze., 200 bags Pea Nuts, 10 bales Yarn.

" Schr. E. S. Powell, Powell, for New York, by G. W. Davis, with 220 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 570 bbls. Rosin, 127 bbls. Tar, 364 bbls. Turpentine, 43 casks Flax Seed, 43 bags do., 3 hhds. Fruit, 9 bbls. Fruit, 50 bales Cotton, 10 bales Yarn, 6 bbls. Brandy, 1 bale Waste.

" Schr. Mary Powell, Jones, for New York, by G. W. Davis, with 100 bbls. Mess Pork, 427 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, 700 bbls. Rosin, 120 bags Pea Nuts, 200 casks Rice, 360 bbls. Tar, 14 bales Cotton, 18 bags Seed.

" Schr. C. B. Glover, Watts, for Jacksonville, with 500 bushels Salt, by G. W. Davis.

" Schr. Volant, Whitehurst, for Little River, in ballast, by G. W. Davis.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

BUTTER.. good scarce	₩ lb.	$.. 10	@ .. 20
Cheese	₩ lb.	$.. 7	@ .. 9
BEES WAX	do.	.. 20	@ .. 21
BACON.			
Hams, N. C.	do.	.. 8	@ .. 10
" Western,	do.	.. 5	@ .. ..
Sides, N. C.	do.	.. 7	@ 8 ..
" Western,	do.	.. 5½	@ 6 ..
Shoulders, N. C.	do.	.. 6	@ .. 7
COTTON—nominal			.. 5½
CORN	₩ bu.	..	@ .. 50
COFFEE.			
St. Domingo	₩ lb.	.. 6½	@ .. 7
Java	do.	.. 10½	@ .. 11
Rio	do.	.. 6½	@ .. 8
Laguira	do.	.. 7	@ .. 8
Cuba	do.	.. 7	@ .. 8
DOMESTICS.			
Cotton Yarns,	do.	.. 13	@ .. 14
Cotton Osnaburgs,	do.	.. 7	@ .. 7½
4-4 N. C. Sheetings	₩ yd.	.. 6	@ 6½ ..
FLOUR			
Fayetteville	₩ bbl.	5 00	@ 5 25
Canal	do.	7 ..	@ 7 50
HAY	₩ cwt.	.. 55	@ 60
LUMBER, STEAM MILL.			
Wide Boards, Plank and Scantling,	₩ M. ft.	11 ..	@ 13 00
Floor Boards	do.	14 00	@ 16 00
LUMBER, RIVER.			
Floor Boards	do.	7 00	@ 9 00
Wide Boards	do.		@ 5 00
Scantling	do.		@ 4
LARD N.C.	₩ lb.	.. 8	@ .. 10
LIME	₩ bbl.	.. 50	@ .. 60
MOLASSES.			
New Orleans	₩ gal.	.. 27	@ .. 28
Cuba cargo	none do.	.. 20	@ .. 23
MEAL	₩ bu.	.. 70	@ .. 00
NAVAL STORES.			
Dipping		2 20	@ ..
Hard	do.	1 25	@ ..
Spirits Turpentine,	₩ gal.	2[illegible]	@ ..
Tar	₩ bbl.	1 10	@ ..
Pitch	do.	.. 85	@ ..
Rosin, No. 1	do.	1 50	@ 1 75
No. 2	do.	.. 90	@ ..
" 3	do.	.. 90	@ 95
Varnish	₩ gall.	.. 30	@ .. ..
PEAS.			
B. E. Peas	₩ bu.	..	@ 65
PEA-NUTS	do.	.. 65	@ 85
RICE—Rough		.. 75	@ .. 80
Cleaned, fair to good,	₩ 100 lbs.	2[illegible]	@ 3 00
SUGAR.			
New Orleans	₩ lb.	.. 5	@ .. 5½
Porto Rico	do.	.. 4½	@ .. 6½
STAVES.			
W. O. Hhd. rough—None		.. ..	@ .. ..
" " dressed		.. 10	@ .. ..
" " barrel		10 00	@ .. ..
R.O. Hhd. rough		8½ ..	@ 11 ..
" dressed		15 ..	@ 17 ..
SHINGLES.			
Common		.. 8	@ .. 9
Contract		4 00	@ 5 00
"Black's" large		.. 4	@ .. 4½
SPIRITS.			
N. E. Rum		.. 30	@ .. 31
Com. Gin		.. 28	@ .. 30
Whiskey		.. 30	@ .. 32
Apple Brandy		.. 32	@ .. 33
SALT			
Bonaire		.. 30	@ .. 00
Liverpool	₩ Sack	1 35	@ ..
TIMBER.			
Inferior,		3 ..	
Fair Quality,		.. 4	.. 50
Soap		..	@ 9 ..
Feathers		.. 35	@ ..

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS ON MARKET.

Our remarks on market are but short, as there has been very little doing in the sale of Naval Stores and Timber, or any other kind of Produce, for two days past. Turpentine has advanced five cents on previous sales.

TURPENTINE—Since Saturday last, sales of 163 barrels Turpentine were made at $2,20 per bbl. for Dip. and $1,20 for Hard; and another parcel of 225 barrels, at $2,20 per bbl. per Dip. and $1,25 for Hard.

TAR—A lot of 60 barrels Tar, was sold at $1,10 per barrel.

TIMBER—A few rafts common to good mill Timber, have been disposed of at $3,00, 4,00 and 5,00 per M., prices varying according to quality.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE AND ROSIN—We hear of no sales to report. Last sale of Spirits Turpentine was at 26½ cents per gallon, barrels $1,75 not returnable.

No transaction in any other produce that we are apprized of.

Exports of 2 weeks, ending Jan. 1, 1849.

Lumber,	516,585 feet.
Timber,	128,895 "
Staves,	No. 14,130
Turpentine,	2,119 bbls.
Rosin,	14,707 "
Spirits Turpentine,	3,937 "
Tar,	2,514 "
Pitch,	283 "
Sheeting,	129 bales.
Yarn,	108 "
Cotton,	529 "
Rags,	75 "
Feathers,	11 "
Rice,	726 casks.
Wax,	9 "
Mdze.	2 boxes, 7 bbls., 1 hhd. and 2 trunks
Pea Nuts,	7,281 bush's
Flour,	803 bbls.
Flax Seed,	145 casks and 249 bags.
Hides,	No. 79
Wheat,	52 bags.
Pork	200 bbls.
Old Copper,	1 cask.
Copper Ore,	150 boxes.
Fruit,	3 hhds. 9 bbls. and 5 bags.
Still,	1 cap and arm.
Brandy,	10 bbls.
Bacon Hams,	2 "
Peas,	300 bags
Coffee,	130 "
Wool,	4 mat s.
Salt,	500 bush's
Reeds,	171 bndl's