

il, who said, 'eat drunk amid his bursts of merry laughter.'

PART SECOND AND LAST.

California Now. The sequel to this story is found in a letter sent from California, by overland express, and dated November 11th, 1848. It is addressed to a gentleman in this city.

DEAR BOB—Come out here, right off, come I say, and bring Charley and Bill with you. Don't show this letter for the world, for I'm almost crazy with joy, as I write it, and, at the same time, I tremble with fear, lest the U. S. Government should get hold of our secret, and deprive us of 100,000,000,000,000,000,000 millions of Gold Eagles.

I write this in sympathetic ink, which you will comprehend, when you are enabled to read it, by placing it before the fire. How I tremble lest Polk should get hold of our awful secret. To be brief, let me tell you all about it. Some days back, (on the 7th) Jake and I left the four thousand folks who are washing gold from the sands, and struck off on our own hook.

We naturally concluded that there must be a fountain for all this gold—a quarry, in fact, which was stowed away in lumps, and—'We have found it! He has found the Gold Carcass! Not a soul knows of it but us two, and we spend our days in watching the mouth of the cavern from a distance, and at night we go into the cavern and strike a light, and measure the gold. Measure it by Jove! Why it lays in lumps and clumps, and rocks and blocks, as thick as coal in Pottsville. We have made a rude estimate of the amount hidden here—in its pure state, mind you, for it has been smelted long ago, by volcanic fire—and this is moderate calculation.

Gold in chunks, about the size of a peck measure. \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000 millions. A blocks the size of a bushel—\$2,500,000,000,000,000,000 billions. One piece, about the size of a Chesnut street omnibus—\$4,300,000,000,000,000,000 trillions.

And a cluster of seven pieces, varying in size from an omnibus to a small two-story dwelling in Green street Philadelphia. \$8,630,000,000,000,000,000 septillions. Come out—and bring a copy of Emerson's Arithmetic, for I declare I can't count the stuff any more. It goes ahead of all figures. And bring a few hundred sausages in your chest, as Jake and I are living on our second dog at present, and are much afraid we'll have to use up the last of the lot for our Sunday dinner.

Yours, most affectionately, BEACHEM A. N. D. BILKEN. P. S. I'd almost forgot to mention a singular circumstance. When we first discovered this cavern, we found a human skeleton embedded between two blocks of gold, and on one of these blocks was written in Spanish, or carved, I should say, these words:

"THE GOLD DEVIL."

REMEDY AGAINST MOTHS. It is an old custom with some housewives to throw into their drawers every year a number of fir cones, under the idea that their strong resinous smell might keep away the moth. Now as the odor of these cones is due to turpentine, it occurred to Reanumer to try the effect of this volatile liquid.

He rubbed one side of a piece of a cloth with turpentine, and put some moths on the other; the next morning they were all dead, and strange to say they had all voluntarily abandoned their sheaths. On smearing some paper slightly with the oil, and putting this to a bottle with some of the grubs, the weakest were immediately killed; the most vigorous struggled violently for two or three hours, quitted their sheaths and died in convulsions. It was soon abundantly evident that the vapor of oil of turpentine acts as a terrible poison to the grubs.

Perhaps it may be said that even this remedy is worse than the disease, but as Reanumer justly observes, we keep away from a newly painted room, or leave oil for a few days in a coat from which stains have been removed by turpentine, why therefore, can we not once a year keep away a day or two from rooms that have been fumigated with turpentine?

It is however, surprising how small a quantity of turpentine is required; a small piece of paper or linen just moistened therewith and put into the wardrobe or under a single day, two or three times a year is sufficient preservation against moths.

A small quantity of turpentine dissolved in a little spirit of wine, the vapor of which is so fatal to the moth, will entirely remove the offensive odor, and yet be a sufficient preservation. The fumes of burning paper, linen, wool, feathers, and of leather, are also effective for the insects, perish in a very thick smoke, but the most effectual smoke is that of tobacco. A coat smelted but slightly of tobacco is sufficient to preserve a whole drawer. We trust our fair readers will not hold us for thus affording their husbands or lovers an additional excuse for perpetuating a bad habit.

The vapor of turpentine and the smoke of tobacco are also effectual in driving away spiders, ants, curvies, bugs and fleas. The latter tormentors are so abundant on the continent, as frequently to deprive the weary traveller of his night's rest. If he would provide himself with a phial containing turpentine and spirits of wine in equal parts, and would sprinkle a few drops over the sheets, and cover himself before retiring to rest, he would probably have reason to be grateful for the hint. Foreigners are in the habit of smoking in their bedrooms—a habit which excites surprise and disgust in England; it will now be seen, however, that there is reason for the practice.—Sharp's London Mag.

TURKISH MADE TO DETECT A MURDER.—The following account of judicial sagacity, in the detection of crime, we extract from the Journal de Smyrne, which has much the air of an oriental story: "During the festival of the Bairam an inhabitant of the village of Funduckli had dressed his child about two years old in a shawl and

cap ornamented with pieces of gold, and entrusted it with a slave, who left it for a moment seated in the court of a house. On his return the child was gone, and every search for it proved fruitless. The father applied to the Seraskier, entreating him to enquire into the circumstances. The officer reflected that the child could not have been carried far on account of his cries, and therefore must have been taken by one of the neighbors. He did not communicate this idea to any one, but directed one of his messengers to go to the village of Funduckli at the hour of prayer, to enter the mosque, and summon the Imam or priest to come immediately to his palace. When the Imam came into the presence of the Seraskier, he received a positive injunction to come to him again on the morrow, and give the name of the person who first came to inquire of him the cause of his being sent to the Seraskier. The Turks in general pay little attention to the affairs of others, not even to those of their priests, consequently, on returning to the mosque one man only came to him to ask the cause of so sudden a summons. The Imam replied that it was only relating to a firman which he was to have read, but which was withdrawn. However, on being informed by the Imam of what had passed, the Seraskier caused the inquirer to be arrested, and discovered the body of the child concealed under the staircase of his house, and thus proved that it was he who had carried it off. He was sentenced to be "antily drowned."

THE COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1849.

Herr Stoppel's Concert to-night.

We are glad to hear that Herr Stoppel gives another Concert this Evening, at the Mozart Hall, when he will be assisted by that charming Vocalist MADAME LOVARNY, who will sing some of her admired ballads, and Herr Stoppel has engaged the services of Mr. DANA BROWNE, who will sing Duets and Trios, with Madame Lovarny and Herr Stoppel. The price is also reduced to 25 cents, so that every lover of music may have an opportunity of hearing Herr Stoppel's wonderful and astonishing performance on his extraordinary Wood and Steam instrument. We expect to see a crowded house, as this is positively his last concert in this place.

THE 22D OF FEBRUARY

AND THE WILMINGTON & MANCHESTER R. ROAD.

On Thursday last, the anniversary of the birth of Washington, and the battle of Buena Vista, was celebrated with much spirit by our citizens, and the services rendered deeply interesting by connecting with the festivities of the day the opening of the Wilmington & Manchester Railroad.

The steamer Calhoun left the Market Street Wharf at 10 o'clock, and passed round the North side of Eagles Island, for the Ferry Landing on the western side of Brunswick River; returning, she left again at 12 o'clock, for the same destination. There was a large crowd of Ladies on board the Calhoun, in both trips, who participated in the joyful anticipations presented to our community and the State, by the project now commenced. The Charleston Horse Guards were on board the Boat, at her 12 o'clock trip, and several gentlemen who had been selected as orators of the day.

A procession was formed at the Ferry at 2 o'clock, under the supervision of the Committee of arrangements, Messrs. H. NUTT, W. O. JEFFERYS and ROBERT B. WOOD, and proceeded to the place intended for the first Station on the road, about 300 yards from the Ferry.

The large assemblage was first addressed by Dr. F. J. HILL, of Brunswick, who, in the course of his remarks, introduced Gen. CURRIE, a long favorably known and personally esteemed by the citizens of this section. The fact of the gallant conduct of Gen. C. at Buena Vista, was adverted to by Dr. H. In that memorable battle Gen. CURRIE was for a period, in a very responsible command, and most creditable position on the main platform. It was very gratifying to the assembly to see this brave and honest soldier on this occasion. Modest and unassuming, he has all the qualities requisite for his high station—a commander of the "Right and Ready" soldier, his presence reminded them of the unconquerable warriors of Old Zerk, the principal hero of Buena Vista.

When Dr. Hill concluded, he took a spot, and commenced the work of the Road, and was followed by Mr. J. G. WILSON and Mr. GEORGE McREX, who also addressed the Assembly. Several other gentlemen handed the spoils, as did the Ladies, and even the girls and boys participated in the ceremony.—The public gratification is great, that the Ladies encourage by practical examples, the arm of industry, the "M" of exercise of which is so necessary to social harmony and public prosperity. We trust, that when the young will cherish the sentiments shadowed forth in this celebration, the honored matrons of our land will receive a spirit of industry and enterprise in the minds of those under their charge, and Rail Roads, Canals, Manufactories, and all the appliances of employment, comprise the aims of our republican society.

After their respective remarks, the Company were invited to participate of a collation, on the temperance principle, prepared by the Committee of Arrangements in good taste and style. The most cheerful participation of the Company, and all returned to town at 10 o'clock in the evening.

A salute of 13 guns was fired at the close of Dr. Hill's address, significant of the number of miles of the Road now under contract; also one gun for Mr. BALLAN, the first contractor, and one for Mr. WILSON, the second contractor.

A band of music accompanied the party throughout the day and performed many airs in excellent style. On the return Boat, in the evening having such good music, a part of the company enjoyed themselves in dancing.

A fatal collision took place, when the Boat arrived at the Landing on her second trip. We might say, as a preliminary remark to the record, "if you have tears prepare to shed them now." The committee had made the festive arrangements on the cold water principle; but some persons being "otherwise minded," procured, severally, a Jug of Brandy and a Jug of Whiskey. By some accident they came in violent contact, and the consequences can be as well imagined as described.

The morning of Thursday was dark and lowering—not unlike the early prospects of the Road. But the day grew brighter and brighter, until the "golden sun had made a glorious set." All typical, we trust, of the future progress of this gallant enterprise.

FORMATION OF THE CABINET.

The Cabinet of Gen. Taylor has been formed, by rumor—and in this case, we should not be surprised if rumor is correct, in part, at least. Mr. CALVERT, Attorney General; Mr. CLAYTON, Secretary of State; Mr. EVANS, of Maine, Secretary of the Treasury; Mr. CALLE SMITH, of Indiana, Post Master General; Mr. BAYLES PRYON, Secretary of War; and Mr. THOMAS BUTLER KING, Secretary of the Navy. Mr. THOMAS SMITH has been also spoken of as Secretary of the Treasury. We look upon the two first named appointments as less doubtful than the others.

THE SHIP CAMBRIA.

The British ship Cambria, 13 weeks from London, has put into Delaware Breakwater, in distress. Fifty-seven passengers died on the voyage. The cause of this great mortality is not stated.

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FEMALE MISSION TO CALIFORNIA. Mrs. FARNHAM, of New York, is about to go to California to look after her husband's estate, who died recently at San Francisco, and proposes to take with her a company, principally composed of female passengers. Mrs. F. is said to be admirably fitted, both in character and talents, for such an enterprise. The company is to consist of one hundred and thirty passengers, not under 25 years of age, who must bring from the clergyman, or some other authority of the town where they reside, satisfactory testimonials of character, education, capacity, &c. Those who desire further information will receive it by calling on Mrs. FARNHAM, 382 fourth Avenue, New York.

A correspondent of the Journal writes from Clinton, that BRYAN SANDERS, who was charged with kidnapping Savas from Johnston County, died in Sampson County Jail, on Sunday last.

AN IMPOSTER. A woman of bad character recently arrived in this town, and soon passed on to Charleston, who represented herself as an object of charity, from sickness and other misfortunes, and collected a considerable sum from the benevolent. She was in the habit of enacting spasms, and while performing in Charleston, an old physician dropped in, who recollected to have seen the woman under more disadvantageous and truthful aspects. When detected she instantly recovered, and travelled.

THE GREENSBORO PATRIOT. We receive the editorial solution of our friend SWAIN, of the Greensboro Patriot, with a corresponding spirit of good will. Success to the Editor of the Patriot—may he live a thousand years—or, at any rate, many years after the wish of his heart is gratified, and the North Carolina Central Railroad brings us closer together." He will continue to receive the trisecular Commercial, which he is pleased to compliment so highly.

CONGRESSIONAL. In the Senate on the 20th, after the presentation of memorials and petitions, and of a few unimportant resolutions and reports from committees, the Senate took up and passed the bill relating to the 5 per cent. funds of Alabama.

Also, bill from the House to provide for two instalments of the Mexican indemnity. The consideration of the Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was resumed, and the remainder of the session was occupied in the consideration of the proposition of Mr. Walker, before ordered to be printed, extending the revenue laws, &c., of the United States, over all the territory west of the Rio Grande, acquired from Mexico by the treaty of peace, and authorizing the President to prescribe and establish, temporarily, such divisions, districts, ports, offices, and all arrangements proper to enable said laws to be executed, and appoint and commission such officers as may be necessary to administer such laws, in those territories.

Mr. Walker modified his proposition, so as to include some of the provisions of Mr. Foote's also, heretofore ordered to be printed, and in many respects essentially the same as Mr. Walker's. A long debate ensued on questions of order raised, as to the introduction of such amendments into an appropriation.

These were finally laid on the table, and then Mr. B offered a substitute for Mr. Walker's proposition, providing for the admission of the "State of California" into the Union, including all the territory acquired by the treaty of peace with Mexico, and proceeded to address the Senate at length in explanation of his views.

Adjourned, at half past 4 P. M. The House on 20th, met at 11 o'clock, A. M., at which hour it will meet hereafter.

Mr. McKay reported, from the committee on ways and means, the bill providing for the coinage of gold dollars and double eagles, with an amendment.—The bill, as amended, provides for the coinage referred to, without variation as to character or appearance from the present gold coin of the United States, except that on the reverse of the gold dollar the figure of the eagle is to be omitted.

The previous question was read the third time and passed. On motion, adjourned—ayer 91, says 82—at 15 minutes past 3 P. M.

In Senate, on the 21st, after some unimportant matter, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the special order—the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill. Mr. Bell resumed and concluded his remarks, in support of his amendment, providing for the admission of California and New Mexico as one State into the Union. He spoke until nearly half past three, strenuously urging the adoption of his proposition, as necessary to the security of the people of California, and to the permanent settlement of the distracting questions which were now agitating the country.

Mr. Berrien followed in opposition to the amendment, as entirely out of place and unparliamentary in an appropriation bill, and in reply to the several positions assumed by Mr. Bell. The question was taken by yeas and nays on Mr. Bell's amendment, and it was rejected, 4 to 39—the yeas being Messrs. Bell, Downs, Douglas, and Dodge, of Iowa.

One or two further slight modifications were then made to Mr. Walker's proposed amendment, at the suggestion of Mr. Foote, and then, the question being on its adoption, the yeas and nays were ordered, when on motion, the Senate, 22 to 19, decided to adjourn. Adjourned.

In the House, on the 21st, no business of importance was transacted.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

A frightful and serious accident occurred this morning in the Public School at Southwark. Some time after the scholars had assembled, numbering 16 all about six hundred boys and girls, an alarm of fire was raised. Immediately the greatest commotion prevailed throughout the school. The girls and a number of the boys rushed for the door, and while thus crowded together the banisters gave way and the whole mass of living beings was suddenly precipitated to the lower floor, piled one on top of the other, some twelve or fifteen deep. Their screams and cries while in this situation were heart rending. I regret to learn that fifteen of them were badly injured, and six others very dangerously—one of the girls had her leg broken, and many others were crushed and bruised. The alarm of fire, producing this sad result was false.

FROM SANTA FE.

St. Louis February 19—P. M. We have dates here from Santa Fe to the 16th December, the party arriving being over two months in crossing the plains. Major BEALL was preparing, at that date, to take the field against a large force of Indians, who had congregated with hostile purposes in the neighborhood of Red River. It was the Major's determination to force them into terms of peace. The Indians have been and still are committing most flagrant predations on the inhabitants—murdering, robbing, &c. Kit Carson arrived at Santa Fe on the 1st November, on his way to California. A Judicial Envoiy had arrived at Santa Fe from Texas, with the intention of entering upon the duties of his assumed office. The Santa Fe Republican ridicules the pretensions of Texas to sovereignty over any part or portion of New Mexico.

A Thrilling Incident. The Charleston Courier gives the following incident as related to her friends by the mother of the youth (Mrs. William Maury) to whom it occurred on board the ship Thomas Bennett, on her late passage from Liverpool to Charleston. Mrs. Maury is the family of the late James Maury, who for many years held the station of Consul of the United States at Liverpool, having been appointed to that responsible office by Washington. "My son was standing on the outside of the millen shrouds, and fishing for gul-weed with a hook and line, when he overbalanced himself and fell into the water. His younger brother was providentially near him, and instantly gave the alarm. Capt Sherman ordered the ropes of the jolly boat to be cut, and she was cast at once into the sea—the Captain and four sailors leaping into her. They rowed for about five minutes without seeing the boy, but at length observed his hands only just above water, and proceeding instantly to the spot, Captain Sherman dragged him into the boat. He was conscious, but nearly exhausted; and, in all human probability, another half minute would have seen him sink to rise no more. Once safe in the boat, the Captain stripped him, and put on the boy his own flannels; they quickly rowed to the ship, where we put him into blankets, applied hot water bottles to his feet and body, gave him a few teaspoonfuls of weak brandy and water, and after sleeping three hours he awoke perfectly well. He had been about ten minutes in the water, and perhaps a quarter of an hour had elapsed altogether when they had reached the ship. No words could convey my own emotions during the short period; but all can understand them. Under Heaven, Captain Sherman was the means of saving my child; but neither to Heaven above, nor yet to him who was its agent, could I ever express the gratitude I shall never cease to feel till my last hour!"

A young married lady of New York, whose husband was in New Orleans, became lately impressed with the idea that he had died of the cholera. So infatuated did she become, that she called upon a fortune-teller, who confirmed her worst fears. She returned home and became that night a raving maniac, while her husband has returned home in good health.

They do a smart business in Lynn, Mass. It has a population of less than 12,000, yet 3,000,000 pairs of boots and shoes were made there last year. Nearly 8,000 of its inhabitants, of both sexes, are engaged in the business. The value of the boots and shoes manufactured in Massachusetts in 1847 was \$17,000,000.

THE ASTHMA CURABLE.—There is no disease more distressing than the Asthma, and there are but few who suffer with it who are acquainted with the proper method of cure. In fact, it is a complaint that for a long time baffled the skill of physicians, but deep research, and much study, has at last shown that it can now be classed as a curable disease. The symptoms of Asthma are straightness of the chest; languor; disinclination to motion; loss of appetite; wind in the bowels; weight over the eyes; nausea; headache. These, or some of them, mark the approach of the fit, which usually attacks its victim about the middle of the same night. Then there is a struggle for breath, the patient is sorely afflicted. Asthmatic persons will find in Clinker's Sugar Coat & Vegetable Pills a certain remedy. These pills will, if taken in doses as directed, operate gently upon the bowels, modify the fits, which asthmatic persons are subject to, and in time will so tone the system as to resist them altogether.

The pills, being composed of the finer and purer portions of certain plants which have been long known for their eminent qualities, are sure to effect a permanent removal of this distressing disease, and restore the sufferer to his wonted health. We make the assertion upon the authority of several persons of our acquaintance who have used the pills with the most decided effect.

For sale, wholesale and retail by WM. H. LIP-PITT, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., and by dealers and Medicines generally throughout the U. S.

MARRIED. In this County on Thursday evening last, at the house of Mr. Thomas Williams, by Alex. MacRae, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM M. HARRIS, to Miss SUSAN ANN WILLIAMS, all of this County.

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CLEARED.

24. Schr. Ira Brewster, Horton, for New York, by G. W. Davis, Exporter in next. "Brig Belle, Williams, for New York, by G. W. Davis, Exporter in next.

NEW YORK.

Schr. J. G. King, Waitwright, for this port, Cleared.

MOZART HALL.

Change of Price! ADMISSION 25 CENTS!! Positively the last CONCERT in this City, of HERR STOEPPEL, The wonderful Performer on the Wood and Straw,

Who has been requested to give one more concert at the above Hall, when he will be assisted by the charming Vocalist, MAD. LOVARNY, Who will sing some of her admired Ballads, and MR. DANA BROWNE, of this City. An entire change of Programme will be offered. Doors open at 7 o'clock, commence at 8 o'clock. Feb. 24. 146-11

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the style of Jno. Dawson & Co., was dissolved this day by mutual consent.—The business of the firm will be acted by Jons DAWSON. JOHN DAWSON, ANDREW MACLEAN. Feb. 21. 146-31

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm of James Dawson & Co., successively to the business of Jons Dawson & Co. The new concern will be carried on as was the old firm with an additional stock, making the largest and most extensive assortment ever kept by any house in the place of Dry Goods, Hardware, Hollow-ware, Iron, &c., &c., sufficient to meet every demand. It will be kept always complete by arrivals weekly. JAMES DAWSON, ANDREW MACLEAN. Feb. 21. 146-31

SEDGWICK FEMALE SEMINARY. RALEIGH, N. C. R. v. J. J. Finch, Principal, Mrs. M. S. Finch, English Department, Misses J. B. Wally, French and Music. The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st of April next, all ordinary pupils as usual, every facility for acquiring a useful and ornamental Education. Terms per Session of five months. Board \$50.00 English tuition, Primary Branches, 10.00 " Higher do. 15.00 Tuition in French, 10.00 Music on Piano or Guitar, 20.00 Use of Instruments, each 3.00 Incidentals, expenses, 1.00

The principal business of changing the variation at Sedgewick, will receive pupils on the 1st of April, for a term of three months; at the close of which a Session of five months will commence on the first of July and close on the 1st of Dec. following. The charge for three months will be at the published rates per month. No deduction for absence, except in case of protracted illness. Circulars containing more minute details, will be sent to any one on application to the Principal. Raleigh, Feb. 24, 1849. 146-11

JUST RECEIVED, 5 Perkins Goshen Butter, and for sale by GEO. MYERS. Feb. 24. 146.

JUST RECEIVED. 200 lbs. Smoked Beef, 50 Brels Tongues, 30 Boxes prime Cheese, 10 Brels Clarified Sugar, 25 Brels Apples—pippins, 20 yds and 20 yds Box-stuffing, 15 Boxes Willow Candles, 5 Boxes Oranges and 5 do. of Lemons, For sale at the lowest prices for CASH by GEO. MYERS. Feb. 24. 146.

LATER STILL. PER Schooner Minnesota from Boston. 12 Wood Seat Rockers, 12 Nurse Chairs, 6 Small Rockers, 14 of iron & Mahogany Nurse Chairs, 12 Mahogany arm Table Chairs, 12 Child's Chairs, 3 Doz. C. S. Chairs, 6 Bureaus, 4 Sofas, 12 Toilet Tables and Stands, 4 Card Tables. For sale at low prices to suit the times by J. D. LOVE, at the Rock Spring. Feb. 24. 146.

RECEIVED. PER Schr. Alarie, from New York. 12 3/4 Brels fine Bedsteads, 4 1/2 Brels fine Chairs, For Sale by J. D. LOVE. Feb. 24. 146

JUST RECEIVED. By the Schr. Urania, from New York. 30 low Post & Field B-dreaded, 42 Brels of Chairs, For Sale by J. D. LOVE. Feb. 24. 146

TURNER'S ALMANAC. TURNER'S North Carolina Almanac, for 1849. For sale at The Commercial Office. Feb. 24. 146-11.

FLOUR. 130 BRLS. Fayetteville super, just received and for sale by J. & W. L. MCGARY. Feb. 24. 146

SWEET CIDER. 20 BRLS. very superior, just received and for sale by J. & W. L. MCGARY. Feb. 24. 146

WHEAT BRAN. 200 BUSHELS, for sale by J. & W. L. MCGARY. Feb. 24. 146

LARD. 10 BRLS. new N. C. Leaf Lard, just received per Rail Road and for sale by J. & W. L. MCGARY. Feb. 24. 146

APPLES. 70 BRLS. very superior Red, just received per Schr. Ira Brewster and Urania, for sale by J. & W. L. MCGARY. Feb. 24. 146

COMMERCIAL BANK STOCK. 10 SHARES Commercial Bank Stock, for sale by J. HATHAWAY & SON. Feb. 24. 145

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

Table with multiple columns listing various goods and their prices. Includes items like Naval Stores, Dipping, Hard, Spirits Turpentine, Pitch, Rosin No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, Varnish, TIMBER, Inferior, Fair Quality, LUMBER, STEAM MILL, White boards, plank and scantling, LUMBER, RIVER, Floor Boards, Wide Boards, Scantling, RICE, Rough, Cleared, STAVES, W. O. Hhd. rough, none, "do" dressed, R. O. Hhd. rough, "do" dressed, SHINGLES, Common, Contract, "Blacks" large, PEAS, B. E. Peas, Pea Nuts, WECAR, New Orleans, Porto Rico, COFFEE, St. Domingo, Rio, Java, Laguaira, Cacao, MOLASSES, New Orleans, Cuba cargo, SALT, Bonaire, Liv. soap, SUGAR, N. E. Rum, Cotton Gin, Whiskey, Apple Brandy, BACON, Hams, N. C., Western, Sides, Western, Shoulders, N. C., DOMESTICS, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Zannels, Sheetings, FLOUR, Fayetteville, Canal, Corn, Meal, Cotton, nominal, Butter, Hams, Bay, Soap, Candles, Lard, Lime.

FREIGHTS.

TO NEW YORK—Turpentine, Tar, and Rosin, 42 1/2 cts per bbl. under 4 cks and 35 cts. on Deck. Spirits Turpentine, 50 cts. per bbl. Cotton, \$1.50 per bale. TO PHILADELPHIA—Turpentine, Tar, and Rosin, 35 cts. per bbl. Spirits Turpentine 60 cts. TO BOSTON—Turpentine, Tar and Rosin, 50 cts. per bbl. Spirits Turp. 60 cts.

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS ON MARKET.

Since Thursday morning last some 3000 bbls. Naval Stores have been offered in market, but only a small portion of it had been disposed of at the time of making up our report. TURPENTINE—A sale of 100 bbls. Turpentine was made at \$2.25 for Dipping, and \$1.25 for hard; a lot of 125 bbls. all Hard Turpentine, was disposed of at \$1.35 per bbl; about 2500 bbls. are yet on market, for which \$2.25 and \$1.25 per bbl. has been offered, and probably will be taken. TAR—230 bbls. Tar were disposed of at \$1.15 cts. per bbl. No sales of Spirits Turpentine or Rosin that we are apprised of. TIMBER—Two Rafts good mill Timber, of extra lengths were sold at \$6 per M., and one Raft, very inferior was disposed of at \$3.75 per M. measurement, 60 days. RICE—50 Casks prime Rice, were disposed of at \$2.75 per hundred weight; casks and inspection paid by the purchaser.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Feb. 21. The stock market remains steady, with a fair business doing. Sales of Treasury note 6's at 109 1/2, and new loan at 111, closing firm. The money market is easy. Exchange on London 7 a 8 1/2 per cent. Only a moderate business doing in flour. Sales to-day of 4,000 bbls. at 5.44 a 5.56, and \$5.68 for common western and Genesee. Sales of 800 bbls. Southern at 5.37 a 5.50 for Howard street and Georgetown brands. Corn meal 2 3/4 a \$3; rye flour \$3.11. The cotton market exhibits no material change; if anything prices are in favor of buyers. The sales to-day amount to 1,000 bales, the market closing rather heavy. Sales thus far in the week amount to about 3,000 bales. Dealers are beginning to hold off for further European advices.

Naval Stores.—Turpentine is quiet, holders refusing to sell at \$2.50 per 280 lbs. and shippers, we believe, offering only that price. Spirits Turpentine has been sold at 35 a 36 cts. cash, according to quality, &c. Common Rosin is scarce, and we have only heard of a few hundred bbls. at 90 a 95c, for N. County, delivered. Some 240 bbls. Tar were sold at \$1.75 per bbl.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Feb. 21. The stock market is steady and prices have varied but little. Treasury note 6's, 109