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## WILSON AND PEACE ARE GIVEN A MAGNIFICENT OVATION; KEYNOTE OF FOREMOST POLITICAL ISSUE SOUNDED BY WILSON

### FOREIGN BORN CITIZENS OF THE U. S. CHARGED WITH TRYING TO LEVY POLITICAL BLACKMAIL

#### FLAG DAY SPEECH DELIVERED AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Reviews Parade for Five Hours; Stars and Stripes Never Tested so Severely Since the Civil War as at Present.

#### AN OPEN CHALLENGE TO FOREIGN BORN

Outlining Plans on Predominant Issue in Campaign: Carried Flag at Head of 50,000 Marchers; National Salute.

(By The Associated Press)  
Washington, June 14.—A charge that foreign born citizens of the United States are trying to levy political blackmail and to undermine the continuance of the national government was made by President Wilson in a Flag Day speech here today. His assertion sounded the keynote of one of the foremost issues on which he will give the country for re-election, and touched upon a platform declaration which will be submitted by the Administration to the St. Louis convention.

The President spoke before a crowd of thousands gathered at the foot of the Washington monument, after he had reviewed for five hours a great preparedness parade at the head of which he himself had marched down Pennsylvania avenue. He declared that not since the Civil War had it been tested as it now is being tested whether the Stars and Stripes stood for any one united purpose.

**Disloyalty Everywhere**  
"There is disloyalty everywhere in the United States and it must be absolutely abolished," said the President, speaking emphatically. "It proceeds from a minority, a very small minority, but a very active and subtle minority."

"It works underground, but it also shows its ugly head where we can see it, and there are those at this moment who are trying to levy a species of blackmail, saying 'We will give you the vote if you will support our policy, or we will wreck our vengeance at the polls.' That is the sort of thing against which the American Nation will turn with a might and triumph of sentiment which will reach these gentlemen once for all that loyalty to this flag is the last test of tolerance in the United States."

**An Open Challenge**  
The President's words were taken as an open challenge to foreign born Americans who, he has learned from language newspapers, and other sources, are opposing him for reelection. Officially, the President said he was outlining his stand on what he had determined to make a predominant issue in his campaign.

**Carried Flag**  
While the Democratic convention was being opened at St. Louis, Mr. Wilson devoted the entire day to the Flag Day parade. Carrying a large American flag he walked from the Capitol to the White House at the head of 50,000 marchers, including many high government officials, Civil War veterans, employees of all the government departments and of the local business houses, companies of cadets and National Guardsmen, Union and Confederate veterans and sons of veterans marched close together and were constantly cheered.

The Sons of Confederate Veterans, including companies from Virginia and Maryland, were grouped with the Southern society of Washington as the "Sons of the South" and composed a division of more than a thousand. They included Senators and Representatives and other men of prominence. Error in the list of names of the Sons of Confederate Veterans, W. W. Olds of Norfolk, Va., and Clarence J. Owens, commander-in-chief, started from Capitol grounds.

The parade started from the Capitol grounds, and as its head passed the White House, the President dropped out and took his place in the reviewing stand. He was joined there by Secretaries McAdoo, Rodfield, Lane and Wilson, Postmaster General Burleson and Attorney General Gregory, who had marched at the head of employees of their departments, and Secretary Lansing. As soon as the last marchers passed the stand five hours later the President went to the Monument grounds, where his address formed the principal part of an hour's patriotic exercises.

The program began with the Star Spangled Banner, while a huge flag was drawn slowly to the top of the white monument, 555 feet above the ground. Secretary Lansing presided and introducing the President, emphasized the importance of present day Americans to preserve unaltered ideals

#### YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS

By The Associated Press  
SENATE.—The session meets at noon Friday.  
HOUSE.—Military committee ordered a favorable report on the army appropriation bill.  
Republican leader Mann proposed an amendment to the bill, but it was voted down, 92 to 62.  
Democratic Leader Kitchen opposed amendment on account of the flag of the United States, but was voted down, 92 to 62.  
Adjourned at 12:35 p. m. until noon today.

#### WILSON'S PLANK OF AMERICANISM BEFORE LEADERS

Democratic Leaders Agree Everything Depends on Phraseology of the Plank; Tentative Form Considered.

(By The Associated Press)  
St. Louis, June 14.—President Wilson's plank of Americanism for the Democratic platform, which arranges individuals or alliances seeking to embarrass the government in negotiations with foreign nations, and condemn any political party which modifies its policy for fear of political consequences.

**A Direct Plank**  
The President decided to challenge openly Americans of alien birth opposing his foreign policies, learning from editorialists in some foreign language newspapers that they were supporting the Republican nominee, Mr. Wilson sent word to his personal representatives in St. Louis to make the plank on Americanism direct and unequivocal.

The plank on Americanism, drawn partially here and partially in St. Louis had been completed tonight, and will be ready for submission to the resolution committee of the convention.

It was taken for granted that it would be embodied in the platform practically as written.

The plank carries out some of the ideas expressed by the President in a flag day address here today, accusing a small group of Americans of foreign extraction of attempting to levy political blackmail to gain their ends. It further states that the Democratic party will not be influenced by such "blackmail" and it challenges the Republican nominee to take a similar stand.

**Severe Criticism**  
Foreign born Americans are severely criticized for interfering in behalf of foreign nations in the relations between the United States and other countries. The plank denounces men who seek to interfere with American interests by political organizations under foreign influence.

Reports that efforts were to be made at St. Louis to put into the platform a declaration in favor of an embargo on immigration and a proposal which would strengthen Mr. Wilson in his determination to meet the so-called hyphenated issue as conclusively as possible.

**In Close Touch With St. Louis**  
The President kept in close touch with the situation at St. Louis, and despite a series of activities which made his day unusually strenuous, he received reports from administration leaders at the convention. Mr. Wilson kept constantly on the aggressive.

**Many Telegrams Received**  
Many telegrams warmly praising the keynote speech at St. Louis reached the President from the convention tonight. The President was pleased particularly at the impression created by the temporary chairman's tribute to the Administration in keeping the Nation out of war.

**Discusses Politics**  
Bernard Baruch, a New York financier, discussed the political situation with the President for an hour.

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#### REP. RAINEY WILL DRAW TARIFF PLANK

Senator Stone Chosen Chairman of the Sub-committee to Draft the Platform; Would Protect Dyestuff Industry.

(By The Associated Press)  
St. Louis, June 14.—President Wilson's plank of Americanism for the Democratic platform, which arranges individuals or alliances seeking to embarrass the government in negotiations with foreign nations, and condemn any political party which modifies its policy for fear of political consequences.

**Not Formally Considered**  
As the resolutions committee, which will draft the platform, and pass on the plank, was engaged at a late hour tonight in continuing public hearings of persons urging various declarations in the platform, the plank which has the President's approval and which promises to be the sensation of the Democratic platform, was not formally considered and probably will not be until tomorrow, when the sub-committee, which makes the final draft of the platform has its meeting.

**Much Guarded Talk**  
There was very guarded talk about the President's plank tonight, because all the leaders agreed that practically everything depended upon the phraseology in which it finally found its way into the platform and they did not propose to risk any leaks which might prove embarrassing later.

The convention's business session tonight, whenever the issue of Americanism was touched upon gave evidence that the President's plank would go into the platform in some form, but it was certain to be the subject of extended and careful deliberation.

**Sub-Committee Named**  
The following sub-committee to draft the platform was named: Senator Stone, of Missouri, Chairman; Representative Rainey, of Illinois; Senator Wood, of Montana; Senator Hollis, of New Hampshire; Representative Fitzgerald, of New York; Senator Pomeroy, of Ohio; former Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania; Senator Martin, of Virginia; and Governor Stanley, of Kentucky.

The sub-committee is expected to report to the entire committee at three o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

One tentative form for the wording of the plank was being considered tonight, but which was subject to change by the committee as follows:

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#### ANXIOUS TO KEEP PERSONAL ISSUES OUT OF CAMPAIGN

President Does Not Approve Plank to Prohibit Federal Judges From Public Offices; Approves Americanism Plank.

#### IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH CONVENTION

Will Probably Indicate the Choice for Chairman of National Committee Today; Vance McCormick Suggested.

(By The Associated Press)  
Washington, June 14.—President Wilson today approved a plank on Americanism for the Democratic national platform, which arranges individuals or alliances seeking to embarrass the government in negotiations with foreign nations, and condemn any political party which modifies its policy for fear of political consequences.

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### BRYAN WEEPS WITH EMOTION AS GLYNN PICTURES WOOLW WILSON'S VICTORIES OF PEACE

#### RUSSIANS MAKING STEADY ADVANCES NEAR CZERNOWITZ

Advance 20 Miles and Are Now Only 20 Miles From Their Goal; No Cessation of Offensive Along Entire Line.

#### FIGHTING AROUND VERDUN DWINDLES

Canadians Holding Recent Gains; Believed Lloyd-George Will Succeed Late Earl Kitchener; Russian Statement.

(By The Associated Press)  
An advance of about 20 miles by the Russians, who have Czernowitz as their objective, is chronicled in the latest Russian official communication. Having previously crossed the Dniester river and taken Horodenska and Zalesky, the Russians have now driven their men to the left bank of the river Pruth and captured the town of Shatyn, which lies only 20 miles northwest of the Bukovina capital.

Somewhere on the front from the Fripiet river in Russia and through Galicia to Bukovina has there been any respite in the great Russian offensive. Along the entire line, according to the Russian war office, the Austro-Hungarian forces are being driven back and the Russians are still taking thousands of prisoners and capturing guns, machine guns and war supplies. In the 11 days drive, 1780 officers, 120,000 men, 150 guns and 250 machine guns have been captured.

On the lower end of the German line in Russia, to the north of Baranovitch, the Russians evidently have anticipated the proposed German offensive and taken the initiative into their own hands. Here, after violent artillery preparation, they seven times essayed to storm the German lines. Berlin says, however, that all their efforts failed and that they were repulsed with heavy losses.

The fighting around Verdun has dwindled to intermittent bombardments, there have been no infantry assaults, and the front lines are quiet. The day, when French positions west and south of Thionville were being shelled, was the last of the offensive.

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#### EMPLOYEES REJECT PROPOSAL MADE BY THEIR EMPLOYERS

Railroads Indicate Willingness to Grant the Demands if the Double Compensation Clause is Cut Out.

#### STAND OF RAILROADS TO BE STATED TODAY

Garretson Announces Settlement Might be Reached if Offer of the Railroads is Fair; Preliminary Crisis.

(By The Associated Press)  
New York, June 14.—The continuance of the conference between representatives of railroad men and their employers, concerning a possible strike on all the roads in the United States, hinged tonight upon the decision of the railroad managers as to whether they would offer a specific compromise to the demands of their employees. The men flatly rejected the railroad's tentative compromise proposal and adjournment was taken until tomorrow when the employers will report whether they are prepared to present a definite proposition.

The railroad managers, immediately following the adjournment, went to executive session that continued until late tonight. Leaders of the men announced that no matter what the offer of the railroads, it will be rejected unless all double compensation rules are effective.

In the tentative compromise offer the railroads indicated their willingness to grant the demands of the men on condition that the double compensation rule be abolished.

The break came near the close of today's session, when the railroad managers finished most of the questions propounded by the men, and the operation of their tentative compromise offer.

"Then," asked Chairman Face, "I understand your position to be that you would not accept our offer?"

"We would not accept it," was the men's reply. "But," he added, "I want it distinctly understood that we cannot accept it."

Now I will say the chairman declared, "This thing is to be decided as soon as possible, and we are prepared to meet you on the subject of the railroads in the country, and it seems to me we cannot break until we are definitely prepared to say to each other, 'We are done.' Tomorrow morning I think we will definitely say to each other, 'We are done.'"

Mr. Garretson said at the close of the railroads was far a settlement might be reached. "We have an immense settling power on our side," he declared, "although the power of the railroads is not so great as it once was. We can settle at any stage of the game, but a settlement would be absolutely valueless that was rejected to that rock and the time is a preliminary crisis, not the final one."

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#### DEMONSTRATIONS OF ENTHUSIASM IN RAPID SUCCESSION

Convention Stirred into Roaring Cheers as Glynn Cited Parallels to Show How Other Presidents Averted War.

#### NORTH CAROLINIAN IS ON COMMITTEE

Laury I. Moore Member of the Resolutions Committee; Suffragists Spread Along 12 Blocks; Coliseum Filled.

(By The Associated Press)  
St. Louis, June 14.—The Democratic national convention, at its first session today, heard the keynote of Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity, sounded by former Governor Glynn of New York, as temporary chairman, and with a high pitch of enthusiasm, emphatically reiterated by demonstration after demonstration, its approval of President Wilson's peaceful conduct of foreign affairs.

**Roaring Cheers**  
The convention, which had gotten underway with such satisfactory demonstrations to mark every national gathering of the kind, soon stirred itself into roaring cheers as Chairman Glynn cited historic parallels to show that other Presidents, including Republicans, had adjusted threatened foreign situations without resort to war.

"The policy of the Administration," he declared, "has been just as American as the American flag itself." He went down the list of Presidents, recounting their action to avoid war. "The delegates caught the spirit of his argument and as he referred to each particular President some delegates would cry:

"What did he do?"

"He settled the question by negotiation," was the reply, which Glynn invariably returned, and the convention would roar its approval.

**Bryan Present**  
William Bryan, as a newspaper correspondent, was in the press stand, but he was not in the convention proper, as he had been excluded from the press stand.

With the crowd when a Texas delegate interrupted Glynn leaped to his chair and cried: "Don't forget that policy also is satisfactory to William Jennings Bryan."

**Many Demonstrations**  
After the keynote address, a demonstration, which began when Chairman Glynn predicted President Wilson's reelection, Glynn's speech was sprinkled with demonstrations which he found it difficult to stem so he could go on. He explained that the telling points on his argument and as he referred to the land of whose hearts and fires

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