

ONLY WINSTON-SALEM PAPER CARRYING FULL LEASED WIRE REPORTS OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

ALLIES HAVE BEGUN LONG EXPECTED DRIVE ON THE SALONKI FRONT

OFFICIALS URGED TO ABANDON INSISTENCE ON ARBITRATION

President Wilson Tells Railroad Presidents that if Strike Comes the People Will Know Who is Responsible—Additional Presidents from the West are Called by the Chief Executive—Issues Statement Reviewing Plan—Representatives of Employes Will Remain Inactive Until Released by the President.

(By The Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 19.—President Wilson appealed to the railroad officials today to abandon their insistence on arbitration of the dispute threatening a Nation-wide strike and to accept his plan of settlement, already agreed to by the employes, because, in his opinion, the railroads are contending for a principle which it is impossible to apply to the present situation.

President Not Responsible "If a strike comes, the public will know where the responsibility rests. It will not be upon me."

A few minutes later, he issued a statement saying "The public has the right to expect acceptance of his plan."

Refusing acceptance for the present, but not giving a final answer, Hale Holden, president of the Burlington railroad officials, urged the President to uphold the principle of arbitration, and declared his plan would "place in peril all that has been accomplished in the peaceful adjustment of labor controversies by methods of arbitration."

Calls More Presidents Wilson summoned to Washington additional railroad presidents from the west, and the executives already here themselves and return next week, probably Monday.

The situation tonight was described by a railroad president as "not hopeless, but grave." It is at a standstill until Monday at least.

Discussion of counter proposals and compromise were current, and serious consideration was given to the possibility of government operation of the railroads in case of a strike.

It was said on good authority tonight, however, that many of the road presidents looked upon the possibility of a strike as more remote than at any time since they came to Washington. It still was considered possible that some of the powerful directors of the roads would be called to Washington.

Employers and employes, talk of arrangements for a strike continued, and for different reasons each side thought if it came it would last less than a week.

While President Wilson was discussing with railroad executives, telling them they faced a condition not a principle, his statement to the country reviewing his plan and characterizing it as "a thoroughly practical and fair program."

In the statement he urged adoption of the eight hour day because he "believed the concession right," suggested the creation by Congress of a body of men to investigate the results and report the abandonment of the demand for time and half over time pay by the men and the "contingent proposals by the railroads."

President's Statement was in full. He recommended the concession right.

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tion of the eight hour day—that is, the substitution of an eight hour day for the present ten hour day in all the existing practices and agreements. I made this recommendation because I believe the concession right. The eight hour day now undoubtedly has the sanction of society in its favor and should be adopted as a basis for wages even where the actual work to be done cannot be completed within eight hours.

"Concerning the adjustments which should be made, in justice to the railroads and their stockholders, in the payments and privileges to which their men are now entitled (if such adjustments are necessary) there is a wide divergence of opinion.

"The railroads which have already adopted the eight hour day do not seem to be at any serious disadvantage in respect of their cost of operation as compared with the railroads that have retained the ten hour day, and calculations as to the cost of the change must, if made now, be made without any regard to a possible administrative economies or reduction of the cost of operation."

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MAINE CAMPAIGN FORMALLY OPENED BY SPEAKER CLARK

Asserts More Constructive, Remedial Legislation Has Been Enacted in Present Administration Than in 20 Years Previous

ASSAILS TACTICS OF G. O. P. NOMINEE

Ridicules Attempt of Mr. Hughes to Make National Issue of the Durand Incident; Achievements of the Democrats

(By The Associated Press.) Augusta, Maine, Aug. 19.—Speaker Champ Clark opened the Democratic campaign in Maine today by urging the voters to support the Democratic national ticket because "in three and a half years it has placed on the statute books more constructive, remedial legislation than the Republicans did in twenty."

"Judge Hughes," Speaker Clark declared, "has endeavored to make an issue of the separation of E. Dana Durand from the payroll as director of the census, but it is not within the power of any complaining orator to make a national issue of Durand any more than he can make a national issue of who struck Billy Patterson."

"Actions speak louder than words. We have done and on which we stand. We passed a great tariff bill with the income tax."

"The Democrats, with the assistance of patriotic Progressives and a patriotic contingent of Republicans, placed on the statute book the national reserve bank act, which it is believed will render panics impossible in the future."

"We passed an anti-trust law which tends to promote a legitimate business and to crush illegitimate business."

"We passed a bill to open up our amazingly rich Alaska empire for the benefit of all our people and to prevent that notorious storehouse of wealth from being exploited by the few."

"The trades commission law is intended to regulate trade so that it will be fair trade—fair to all, big and little."

"The rural credits bill will undoubtedly prove a great blessing to the farmers. The bad wagon roads of America are a sad commentary on our sense, for stated in briefest terms, they constitute wanton waste. The Schackelford road bill is a long step in the direction of giving up a system of wagon roads which will be of permanent and vital benefit to the country and economy."

(Continued on page four)

BICKETT SPEAKS AT RALLY AT GRAHAM

Pays Tribute to American Prosperity as Prime Product of Democratic Woodrow Wilson Policy

(Special To The Journal.) Raleigh, Aug. 19.—Hon. T. W. Bickett, Attorney General and Democratic nominee for Governor, attended a big Democratic rally today at Graham in Alamance county and made a speech that is something of an epoch making in the campaign and prepares the way for the great speech he is to deliver at Asheboro August 29, as the formal campaign opener. In this Alamance speech, Mr. Bickett paid tribute to American prosperity as a prime product of the Democratic Woodrow Wilson policy, declaring that for two years this Nation has been "shoot-ing the rapids" with a skill and miracle, dodging the rocks and weathering the whirlpools and, while the water is still swift and turbid the ship of state is running more smoothly than ever before.

The vast business growth of the past two years was reviewed, the amazing prosperity being, he argued, due largely to Democratic legislation, constructive and otherwise, which he reviewed comprehensively. In conclusion, he appealed thus: "Therefore, let it be heralded from every house-top and certified on every ballot that the cause of democracy is the cause of humanity and that Wilson is the man that it delight the people to honor."

NEGRO HANGED IN TEXAS

(By The Associated Press.) Rice, Texas, Aug. 19.—Ed Lang, a negro, was hanged to a telephone pole near here today by an armed mob for an alleged attack on a young white girl.

GENERAL FUNSTON WOULD RECALL THE AMERICAN TROOPS

Recommendation Contained in Recent Report on Military Situation; Department Regrets Premature Publication

WILL NOT ALTERATE THE PRESENT PLANS

Believed Administration Was Prepared to Recall General Pershing's Command; No Announcement of U. S. Commission

(By The Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 19.—A recommendation from General Funston that the American troops be withdrawn from Mexico, was contained in a report on the military situation today, at the request of the War Department and designed for use of the joint commission, which will discuss border problems. State Department officials do not attempt to discuss their regret over premature publication of General Funston's conclusions, but they indicated today that it would not cause any alteration in the plans.

Officials realize, it is understood, that the most important discussion by the commission, from the Mexican side, will be the question of the withdrawal of General Pershing's expeditionary force.

Publication of the fact that General Funston believes it wise to withdraw the troops may hamper the American commissioners, some officials think, by "guaranteeing" guarantees they may ask of the Mexican government as to the security of the border from bandit raids. It is believed the Administration was fully prepared to arrange for the recall of General Pershing's force, since both the State and War Department officials are understood to share the views expressed in General Funston's report.

There can be little doubt, it is now said, that the withdrawal will be promptly agreed to when the commission meets, the conferees then turning their attention to the drafting of a protocol which might be expected, in view of the causes of bandit raids and such other matters as may wish to take up.

No information came from the White House today as to when announcement of the American membership of the War Department might be expected.

No Step Taken By Pershing

El Paso, Texas, Aug. 19.—Mexican reports in Juarez today indicated that no steps have been taken by General Pershing's expedition looking toward a general withdrawal from Mexico.

(Continued on page four)

WILL SIGN NAVAL BILL NEXT TUESDAY

Bids Will Be Requested the Next Day On All Ships Excepting Battle Cruisers and Ammunition Ship

(By The Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 19.—President Wilson today will sign the naval appropriation bill, carrying the largest building program ever projected for the country.

On the following day, bids for the four battleships, the scout cruisers, submarines, destroyers and all other craft authorized, except the four battle cruisers and the ammunition ship, will be requested from private builders, to be opened October 18. Inquiries as to the type of ship each builder desires to bid on were sent in today.

It is now expected that the battle cruiser plans will be ready for advertisement by October 1, a month earlier than previously estimated. The entire program will be under contract before January 1.

Congress has designed the yards at which capital construction may be undertaken. Puget Sound, Norfolk and Philadelphia being among those selected for that purpose. The Department will determine the order in which they will be fitted up as the need arises.

YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS

(By The Associated Press.) SENATE: Met at 11 a. m.

Began consideration of the Federal workmen's compensation bill.

Senator Gallinger introduced a resolution to inquire into the authority of the Trade Commission to retain George Rublee as a member, his nomination having been rejected by the Senate.

Passed the Workmen's compensation bill.

Adjourned at 6:21 until noon Monday.

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ASSAULT AGAINST TEUTONS IN EVERY THEATER IN PROGRESS

FIVE NEGROES ARE LYNCHED BY A MOB AT NEWBERRY, FLA.

Three Men and Two Women Taken From the Jail and Hanged to Tree; Negro Killed Constable and Wounded Another Man

ANOTHER NEGRO KILLED BY POSSE

Negroes Lynched Accused of Aiding Negro Who Shot White Men to Escape From Jail; Further Trouble is Feared

(By The Associated Press.) Gainesville, Fla., Aug. 19.—Five negroes, three men and two women, were taken to the jail at Newberry, Fla., early today and hanged by a mob, and another negro was shot and killed by a posse near Gainesville as a result of the killing yesterday of Constable S. C. Wynne and the shooting of Dr. L. G. Harris by Boissy Long, a negro. The lynched negroes were accused of aiding Long to escape.

Poses consisting of several hundred men tonight are searching the woods about Newberry, 18 miles from here, for trace of Long. Further trouble is feared.

Dispatches from Newberry tonight said that the mob, which lynched the five negroes, was composed of about 200 men and worked quietly and rapidly. After gaining entrance to the jail, they took the victims to a point about a mile from town and hanged all on one large oak tree. Not a shot was fired the dispatch said.

The negro shot near Jonesville also was said to have aided Long to escape.

Wynne and Dr. Harris were shot when they went to Long's home at Newberry early yesterday morning to arrest him on a charge of stealing hogs. It is said Long drew a pistol from his night clothing and fired. Wynne was wounded at Jacksonville, where he died yesterday at noon. Several hundred negroes are employed in phosphate mines near Newberry.

EXPECT TO FINISH REVENUE BILL WITHIN NEXT FIVE DAYS

(By The Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 19.—The two hundred million dollar special revenue bill, last of the important legislative measures before Congress, was made the unfinished business of the Senate before the adjournment today, and will be taken up Monday. Senator Simmons, in charge of the bill, said he hoped to dispose of it in five days.

BIG INCREASE IN BANK RESOURCES

North Carolina Banks Show Total Gain of \$7,423,312 in Resources During Past Year; Overdrafts Decrease

(Special To The Journal.) Raleigh, Aug. 19.—The 428 State banks, with 24 additional branches in North Carolina under the supervision of the Corporation Commission show a gain of \$7,423,312 dollars in total resources during the year from June 15, 1915, to June 30, 1916, according to a summary of conditions issued today by the Commission. The surplus fund is \$2,862,906, a gain of \$192,658, while the individual profits amount to \$3,318,122, a gain for the year of \$253,850. The total deposits at this time round out \$67,984,369, a gain of \$13,319,293 for the year. Of the deposits \$2,862,906 is subject to check; \$6,209,000 in demand certificates; \$10,749,000 in certificates of deposits and \$17,787,000 in savings deposits.

The summary shows that over drafts decreased \$15,901; United States bonds held by banks decreased \$10,500; notes and bills discounted show a decrease of \$297,290 and the item of bills payable decreased \$582,682. Also, certified checks decreased \$29,000.

NEW YORK PAPER WILL REDUCE THE STREET PRICE

(By The Associated Press.) New York, Aug. 19.—The New York Herald tomorrow will announce a reduction in the price of its weekly issue from 7 cents to 1 cent in New York City and outlying metropolitan districts. The reduction will take effect on August 22.

General Sarrail is Attacking Bulgar-German Forces Along Entire Greek-Serbian Front, 150 Miles Long—Follow Same Tactics as Used on the Somme—General Haig Takes Trenches Along Two Mile Line on Western Front—French Gain Possession of Fleury—Austrians Again Raid Venice.

(By The Associated Press.) The long expected general offensive on the Salonki front has opened and the grand assault against the forces of the Central powers now is in progress in every theater of the world war. General Sarrail is attacking the Bulgar-German forces along the entire Greek-Serbian front, a distance of more than 150 miles.

Germans Capture Greek Town Reports from both Berlin and Paris indicate that the Entente Allies are following the same tactics in the Balkans that signaled the opening of the great offensive on the Somme. Small bodies of troops are attacking at numerous points along the Bulgarian line, apparently with the intention of feeling out their opponents' positions before the real battle opens. The French, claim the capture of a number of villages in the initial phases of the offensive, while Berlin reports the capture of Florina, a Greek town, 15 miles southeast of Monastir, from the Serbians. Serbian headquarters admits this capture.

On the eastern front, the Russians have forced their way into the heart of the great mountain barrier between Galicia and the Hungarian plains. The Austrians admit a retirement west of Jablonitz, seized by the Russians last week. The Austrians are retreating toward the Chernoriva ridge, the highest point in the Carpathians in that region. From this ridge the ground falls rapidly to the plains of Hungary.

Further to the south, on the Bukovina end of the battle line, the Russians have been forced back in their advance on Kirilbaba, the next pass south of Jablonitz, and about 50 miles from that point.

Allies Advance on the Somme Daily attacks by the British against the German lines north of the Somme, in France, are having their reward and London announces the most notable gain in some days in the region of Guillemont. After withstanding German counter attacks, the troops of General Haig assaulted the opposing trenches and gained from 200 to 600 yards along a front of two miles.

The resources of the Anglo-French forces has been exerted strongly recently where the two forces join hands between Guillemont and Maurepas, and the latest British advance was from Fourcaux or high wood to the junction point. In addition, the British report that they have gained a footing in the village of Guillemont. Berlin says the Anglo-French attacks north of the Somme were repulsed, except around Guillemont, where the German line was shortened.

French Capture Fleury While not as active as the British on the Somme front the French have made more gains in the Verdun region. Fighting took place on both banks of the Meuse, the Germans attacking on the left and the French on the right bank. The German advance was frustrated, Paris says, and the French succeeded in gaining entire possession of the village of Fleury. Counter attacks by the Germans failed to dislodge the French.

Paris asserts the forces of General Boehm-Ermolli were thrown back Russian efforts in Northern Galicia. Berlin claims advances in their attacks. Berlin claims advances for the combined Austrian, German and Turkish troops in the Carpathians in the region of Carpatz, and reports a Russian retirement in the direction of Kirilbaba Pass.

Fighting is reported on the Austro-Italian front in Macedonia, in Mesopotamia and in Turkish Armenia, but nothing noteworthy has been accomplished there. The British and Indian forces are fighting tenaciously on the Greco-Serbian frontier, north of Saloniki, and each side reports losses for the other.

Another Raid on Venice Austrian aeroplanes have made another raid on Venice in retaliation for the raid against Trieste by the Italians. The Germans have made another air raid against Russian military establishments on Oesel Island, off the Gulf of Riga. Austrian air-men have bombarded Italian works at Ancona and a British squadron has raided German ammunition stations in Belgium.

(Continued on page four.)

NO FATALITIES AT CORPUS CHRISTI

Roofs Torn From Many Buildings; Hotel Badly Damaged; Number of Persons Reported Drowned

(By The Associated Press.) Corpus Christi, Texas, Aug. 19.—Although damage along the beach front is extensive, Corpus Christi passed through the brunt of the tropical storm which struck here last night without a fatality in the city itself, without serious injury to any person, and without serious property damage to the business section. The Beach hotel, a large structure on the north beach section, had a large part of the roof blown away and the foundations shaken. All guests were removed before the storm reached its height.

Roofs have been torn off many buildings in the business district which is but three feet above the level of the bay.

A number of persons caught out in the bay were swept up by the waves, some reported drowned but no bodies have been recovered and no exact estimate can be made.

NAVAL ACADEMY PRACTICE SQUADRON SAILS FROM ROADS

(By The Associated Press.) Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19.—The Naval Academy practice squadron composed of the battleships Wisconsin, Missouri and Iowa, sailed from Hampton Roads today for the Southern drill grounds, to resume maneuvers and battle practice. The warships will be to fill bunkers and give the men a few hours of shore leave.

HUGHES TELLS CALIFORNIA AUDIENCES BUSINESS AND POLITICS CANNOT BE MIXED

(By The Associated Press.) San Francisco, Aug. 19.—Charles E. Hughes today told audiences here and in Oakland that the government of the United States could not be properly conducted by mixing politics with business, with preparedness with the maintenance of international honor, or with other administrative functions of government.

"It does not believe we can run this government by mixing business and politics," the nominee said to a gathering of business men here a short time before the Oakland meeting.

Would Foster Achievements At Oakland, Mr. Hughes repeated his declaration that he favored fostering honorable American achievements in business and adjusting difficulties by finding the facts and acting upon them.