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DISPATCHES

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1916

JOURNAL ADVERTISEMENTS
BRING RESULTS

PRICE FIVE CENTS

ONLY WINSTON-SALEM PAPER CARRYING FULL LEASED WIRE REPORTS OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

RAILROAD EMPLOYES SET SEPT. 4 NO MORE FUNDS TO RUMANIA JOINS THE ENTENTE ASDATE FOR GENERAL WALK-OUT GO DIRECT TO THE ALLIES IN GREAT WORLD WAR

PRESIDENT WILL BEFORE CONGRESS

Will go in Person Before Congress and Urge Legislation to Avert Strike; Urges Withdrawal of the Strike Order

DETERMINED TO PREVENT STRIKE

No Lines Will be Exempted By the Men in the Tie-up; Traitors in the Ranks of Brotherhood Men; Conferences Held

(By The Associated Frens.)

(By The Associated Frees.)

Washington, Aug. 28—President Wilson, touches definitely deathed to go before tour case in buryon (according to the first and to avert the theatened Nation-wide mairoad strike, or to stop it. If it comes before Congress can act. He worked until take founds on his measure, in which he will tell members of the Senate and House the negotiations to date and lay before them a demnie legislation proggram.

fore them a demnie icrishine program.

The President reached this decision after conferences at the White House with the committee of eight railroad presidents and the four brotherhood heads, on a new proposal for settlement of differences, suggested by the executives and after a prolonged discussion of the situation at the White House with members of the Demagratic steering commistee.

The proposition of the railroad executives was that an avestigation of all issues be conducted by a commission.

In a named by the freedom.

some second detect by a commission of the freedent, the investigation to both for a period of three or four months, no action to be taken by either side in the mean time and at the conclusion of the linearity the situation to be what it now is, the employes having the choice of either arbitration as striking. The brotherhood heads arounded a grounded brotherhood honds promised a reply tomorrow morning, and there vas every indication it would be un-

Urges Withdrawal or Strike Order When the railroad brotherhood that the British eminings on tolonger aspirants for licenses to practice law thought the President not only last before them the plan of the exercise. The farone means "absolute run" to be a question of the exercise of Europe means "absolute run" to practice today, a member of the Su-

was finity refused, the leaders saying only the conductive of 642 which is the conductive of 642 which is the conductive of the strike order, were brought to the Presidents attention after they had gotten into the possions of the range of the committee of 640 carried home with them a tentative order but had been known that the members of the committee of 640 carried home with them a tentative order but had been known that the members of the committee of 640 carried home with them a tentative order but had been known that the members of the committee of 640 carried home with them a tentative order but had been from the products at a cost which had a quested that a date bad been feel and the product is said to have been greatly perturbed by the intormistion. After the refused by the intormistion. After the refused by the intormistion. After the refused by the interminant with the rathered products at a cost for the British form and the productive and the product of the

President Still Hopeful In spite of the reported find failure of his efforts to beam the two sides, together the President was represented tonight us being still hopeful of averting a strike

Determined to Prevent Strike Afthough on the angace, a Nation-wide railroad strike was nearer to night than it had ever been, confidence was expressed in official quarters that the effect of preventing the walk-out. The President realizing the walk-out which would come to the country the railroads were tied, was said to be determined to prevent a strike at any cost. In his conferences with the executives he strongly urged that they change their batherro mericibing attitude, and when he saw the em-ployes he declared that all sugges-

tions of the executives would be given most careful attention. At today's conference the railroad presidents did not formally present the statement agreed on by them last Priday night, which appointed to a flat refusal of his man of settlement This statement has been shreed by a the executives, but its presentation

TENTATIVE STRIKE ORDER

Washington, Aug. 28-The tentative strike order, addressed to all members of the four brotherhoods, is very brief, and is signed by the various general chairmen. The order reads as follows: "Sirs and brothers;

"This is to advise that the vote of the employes in train and engine service on the eight hour day and time and one half overtime proposition was overwhelmingly in favor of a strike,

Notwithstanding this, your representatives bave been unable to effert a satisfactory settlement and a strike under the laws of the respective organizations becomes effective on September 4, 1916, at 7 a. m. "Impart this information so those interested will understand that

they are to pron go ley."
On a separat seet the duties of members and officers in the conduct of a stril see set forth. Particular emphasis is placed on conducting the pro of strike as peacefully as possible. Among the duties of members of certain these:

"No man in road" fee involved in the strike will perform any service after the hour see strike, unless he has already begun a trip and

has actually left the a - mat. If the train has left the terminal he will complete the trip of deliver the curine and train at the end of the run, or tie-up, if the strike haw, after which he will perform no further service in the close of the strike. Men in other than road service will heave the dee at the appointed time.

"So far as your legal r. to strike is concerned, there is no dif-ference between a mail train and a freight train. You have identically the same right to refuse to perform service on a mail train as you have to refuse to perform service on a freight train.
"All men on strike will keep away from the company's property ex-

cept such men as are designated certain duties to be performed by the authority of organizations.

"Every man should understand that the laws of the land must be Acts of violence of any nature will not be tolerated by the organizations."

SOUTHERN TOBACCO BANNER CLASS OF

Urge Drastic Action

before then, the plan of the executives but strongly used the with drawnloss a tentative strike order sent out yesterday, without to release out yesterday, without to release out the following the f brotherhood members at 7 a m., that Congress and the State Departs plicants, one was a lady and two negligible of This request ment take drastic action. It was ross, it is necessary for the answers was flatic refused, the leaders saying imally decided that the matter would to two thirds of the questions to be Scinator John Sharp Wil-

draw the order, be communicated with the railroad problemby who held ment to ship this year four times as meeting that lasted until tate in the hist quarter of het year, the night American Company had sought the

whom of the State Department, sam-moned to the meeting by Representa-tive flyrne, of Termesse, told the lo-borca men that the State Department had entered into negonations with the British government and the British-American Tobacco Company, Most of the speakers today inxed that the finited States government should adopt sharp retailatory neusures if the embargo was not immodiately lifted.

(By Tre Associated Press.) * (Special To The Journal.)
Washington, Aug. 28 Claiming (Haleigh, Aug. 28 There were 193

Marion Letcher, foreign trade hds PLEDGED WILSON

Delegation of Officers of the Hannibal Democratic of Indiana League of Richmond, Va., Pledge Their Support.

Washington, Aug. 28 -A delegaon of officers of the Hannibal Naional Democratic League, a negro political organization, headed by

Winston-Salem Committee Act Hereafter

> of Wilkes and Surry STATE IS ASKED FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS

Through Local Commit-

tees in The Flood Districts

Wilkes Wants \$4,000 More For Relief Work in That County; Distressing News Comes From Ashe Coan-

Hereafter famis will not be distributed directly to the flood sufferers of Wilkes and Sarry counties by the Winston-Salem Relief Committee. This was learned last night from Mr. 2. Frank Morris member of the local committee, after he had been in conference over phone with Mr. E. E. Britton of Kasiegh, charman of the State Relief Committee. However, the decision to take this

However, the decision to take this action was made at a conference of the local committee yesterday morn-

the local committee yesterday morning and letters to that effect were sent to the committee in Wilkes, at Elkin and to Chairman Britton, who called Mr. Morris last night for a conference over the request for more of the State relief funds for Wilkes.

Amounts to be Given

The local committee has decided to send \$2,000 to the Wilkes county committee at once. This, together with the \$3,000 Wilkes has raised within its own borders, \$3,000 the United States government has given the county and \$4,000 that the State Relief Committee has been asked to give and may appropriate to Wilkes, will greatly aid the people of that county is repairing the damage that has been done.

Elkin has decided to issue funds

Delegation From Southern 103 Aspirants For Practice States in Washington to of Law in North Carolina Station of \$500 or \$600, and this

Stood Examination Yesterday; One Lady Wishes
to be Lawyer

to be Lawyer

Stood Examination Yesterday; One Lady Wishes
to be Lawyer

to be Lawyer

stallation of \$500 or \$600, and the will be done.

The local committee decided to esist rendering aid direct to the sufferers because it has been found that in some instances duplications have been made, children having been represented as the heads of families. families.

OF EXAMINATION | to its intention, but the local com-

(Continued on page four.)

HUGHES'S PLIGHT

candidate, in hunting for a re-

Senator Williams said the poem had been handed to him in the cloak-room by a "Senator from a very doubtful State" who had been the author of it Mr. Williams when questioned later as to the name of the author would not be drawn out, but the poem is thought to be the handlwork of either Vice-President Marshall or Senator John W. Kern of Indiana.

"This poem is entitled 'Hughes at the Crossroads'", said Senator Wil-hams. "It may not be verse, but it might be worse. It may be doggered but if so, rhymed doggerel is a very good answer to prosaic political dog-

Senator Williams read as follows:

Hughes at the Crossroads "Chil Whiskers' is a speakin' in the wild and sunny west and we all were sort of wishing that he'd try Demonstrated Need of Staff

for Scouting Purposes and

Description of Staff

All and pleaging him the support of the

Demonstrated Need of Staff

Support in the president relection, and pleaging him the support of the pleaging him the support of The executives but its presentation was withheld in the interest of peace. President Wilson was informed generally of its terms however.

Throughout the dust first prescript the establishment of a negro West Point to fit nerves to command the establishment of a negro West Point to fit nerves to command the object of the establishment of a negro West Point to fit nerves to command the object in the fit nerves to command the object in the fit nerves to command the property of the establishment of a negro West Point to fit nerves to command the object in the fit nerves to command the object in the fit nerves to command the property of the establishment of a negro West Point to fit nerves to command the object in the fit nerves to command the subject of the property of the president to favor a plan which would include concession of the eight host day but postpones ment of its effectiveness until the railroads had not opportunity to prepare for to lione of persimiling the railroad managers to arree to such a plan had not been given up toulght.

Statement By Executives

After their conference with Mr. Wilson, the executives gave out a staff or executives gave out a failure of the fitted of a negro west property of the president to favor the president to favor the staff in the support of the fitting and said shed is to have for just to failure and had to be a negro was fitting and the surface of a negro west frageties and said shed last to have the just of the ner of the establishment of a negro west to failure and for a negro west to failure and had not form and had not form and the surface of a negro west to failure and for a negro west to failure and had not form and the surface of a negro west.

They are trained to favor and the surface of a negro west.

They are trained to favor and had do form and had to be a sufficient so and the fitter failure and had to be a fitting and had an opportunity to fit new surface of the new that the surface of a negro west.

The president to favor the surface of a negro west.

The Trumbulum the district of the sense however.

Throughout the district the district

PLAYING WITH DYNAMITE

New York, Aug. 28-The New York World published the following editorial on the railway controversy this morning: Both the railroad Presidents and the union leaders are playing with

There is no moral or economic excuse for a railroad strike and its attendant public disaster.

There are no differences between the railroad Presidents and the union leaders which honest men inspired by honest purposes could not adjust in forty-eight hours.

The truth of the matter is that each side wants a strike if it can be sure of throwing the odium upon the other. The union leaders believe that they could win a strike within a week, and thus establish a labor despotism in railroad operation.

The railroad managers, who have been quietly recruiting strikes breakers for weeks, are confident that a strike would not succeed, that the unions could be broken and all railroad labor left at the mercy of the Wall Street bankers who control the properties,

From both points of view, the rights of the American people are a scrap of paper which neither side feels under any obligations to respect.

When President Wilson warned the rallroad Presidents that a strike might mean Government ownership of railroads, he spoke the sober truth. A majority of the American people unquestionably favor private ownership, but if private ownership permits the breakdown of a Nation's transportation, the sentiment in favor of Government ownership and operation will soon become irresistible, Government may be clamsy and extravagant, but it usually manages to get the thing done, and the American people are always ready to accept it as a choice of exils.

As for the union leaders, they are building up an argument in favor of compulsory incorporation and public regulation of labor organizations which they can easily make unanswerable. A nothing-to-arbitrate policy arouses the instinctive resentment of the American people, and while the railroad Presidents are not square in their professed devotion to arbitration, the unions are taking the attitude that nothing must be won by arbitration which can be gained by brute force.

It is safe to say that the railroad Presidents favor arbitration only because the unions are against it, baving been cheated in the last arbitration when the award came to be applied. But this does not after

the public aspect of the case.

Thus far the American people have not shown much excitement over the strike situation because they did not believe that a strike would take place. Once a general strike does take placey this will be a mighty uncomfortable country both for the railroad Presidents and the union

Let neither side forget that the President of the United States has enormous reserve powers which he can always exercise in time of national emergency. He has at his command all the legal machinery of the Department of Justice and all the military machinery of the United States army. We have not they shadow of a doubt that if the public welfare so requires. President Wilson will unhesitatingly exercise all this power, regardless of Wall Street bankers, or railroad managers, or labor

These men are playing with dynamite,

WIND STORM KILLS MORE GUARDSMEN

Several Brick Buildings De- 12,000 Men of Ohio, Virginia and the remains of the Phicarians molished and Others Un- and Kentucky National white Parts says the Serts have made roofed; Electric Plant Put Out of Business.

(By The Associated Press)
(Salisbury, N. C. Aug. 28.—A severo wind storm here tate today
caused the death of William Galla-

The plant of the North Carolina

Public Service Company was put out of commission, leaving the city with out lighting facilities, and poles, points halted street cars.

AT NASHVILLE, N. C.

Powerful Exposition and

Jovernor, spoke in the courthouse a Nashville today. He began to speak at 2 o'clock and for two hours follow-

Others Will go Soon

(Special to The Journal) Siftings abandoned by Greeks west Washington Aug. 28 Some 12 am of Kavala on the Asgam. of the suspension so far has not the Russias and Turks in the Lake seen revoked for them.

The congrued order for souther Aside from the boundardments by southward all troops called into the the Austrana from the Isoneo front,

(Special To The Journal.) Rocky Mount, Aug. 28.—Hon. T W. Bickett, Democratic candidate for PASS ON INVENTION

Major General Wood Will

Attempting to Press Northward, Through Transylvania, to Bukowina and Galician Border; Little Fighting Elsewhere

FOURTEENTH NATION TO ENTER THE WAR

Declaration Received With Great Enthusiasm by the Allies; Germany Conside ers Herself at War With Rumania

(By The Associated Press) Rumania has thrown in her lot with the Entente Allie, in declaring war on Austria-Humary, and almost simultaneously. Germany has announced that she is at war with Rus-

Already the from a f King Ferdi-mand are seeking entry into the plains of Transitivanto through the Eastern Carpathians toward Kranstall, the chief city in Transitivania, and in the direction of Rermanustady evidently in an endoaver to press northward, through Transylvania, toward the Bukowina and Galician border and to affack in the rear the Austro-German trying to hold back the Jussians from entering the plains of Hungary.

itering the plains of Hungary. Nothing has come through to Inprobable attack by the Rumanians along the Dannie front, or a possible allong the Dannie front or a possible attempt by the Russians an invasion by means of the Dannie Drough Dabruja, or by the Black Sea. It is estimated that Rumania will be able to throw hearly a million men into the field.

Little Important Fighting / and Except in the Massimian sector, title important beliting is reported tin and Paris report additional na for their respective forces. Ber-Guard Ordered to Border; and have employed with heavy tosses. Bulgarian attacks on the road from Bannes to Ostrovo Paris, admits,

caused the death of William Gallaway, a carpenter; demalished seyNational Guard regiments still held
eral one-story brick buildings, and
in State moralization camps were dis
unroafed dozens of business houses
tested by the War Department to
and residences. Several persons were
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mercantile stores throughout the city
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Heavy Bombardments

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fighting in Fense and Belgium. The

Fronch separt further pagers

to display to the way to the way to the form the first to the f Heavy Bombardments ments will be forward to plan then properly the formal empetally by Posician and the Thirpeval wood, and remain approximately Land geogram for the First region to the Carparetroon, scattered through many States who are not affected by to day a order. They also were under orders for the border two weeks and the suspension as far has not the Business and This is not the suspension as far has not

resultiward all troops called into the the Australian storm the Isomeo front, Federal Service was respect by the the situation in the Austro-Hallan war department in order that the theater receive unchanged divisional units along the Internations in line origin to filled up, and also Petrograd. Viz. London, Aug. 28—1that those regiments which were not Russian's declaration of war against sendy to go in the first risch night Austral is regarded in official circles as or fir reaching as soon as they Powerful Exposition and Defense of Democratic Cause; Discussed Only National Issues

(Continued on page four.)

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Continued on page four.) endy to go in the first rush night Austria is regarded in official circles have in the training as soon as they as of far reaching samilicance. The could be fully equipped. When the farciers office points out three triking around the Central empires and the opening of a new line of attack, the attacking of grain supplies to the Austro-Clermans, upon which the latter are ballowed to have placed great reliance. The recent dispatch from Bucharest that the source Rurennian crop had virtually been arranged for and the backest of the grain had already borun.

ready bogun First Clashes Major General Wood Will them. Not. 18 Vin London, The first clashes between though of translationary and the Control powers and ment on Radio Controlled eastern frontier monable posses of Humary, says an official statement given out here noted. The fingunian .