

WILMINGTON ADVERTISER.

F. C. Hill—Editor and Proprietor.

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FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1837.

Wilmington, North Carolina.

WHOLE NO. 72.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
TERMS.
THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Not exceeding a square inserted at ONE DOLLAR the first, and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS for each subsequent insertion.
No Subscribers taken for less than one year, and all who permit their subscription to run over a year, without giving notice, are considered bound for the second year, and so on for all succeeding years.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor.
Yearly advertisers, who will agree to pay \$10 per year, will be allowed 30 per cent. discount, on all over, that sum, and that sum included, so as not to reduce their yearly bill below \$10.
OFFICE on the south side of Market Street, below the Court House.

TIMBER LAND.

WISH to sell at a fair price, 4 Tracts, of 640 Acres each, of well timbered Land, situated on both sides of Little Cohira, on South River, and Black Mingo run in Sampson county, and on Black Mingo and Black River Run in Cumberland County. Persons wishing to purchase, can apply for particulars to me in Fayetteville, or to W. C. Lord, in Wilmington.

C. P. MALLETT. 10 t-f.
March 17th, 1837.



\$50 Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, near Chapel Hill, on January 27th last, a Negro Fellow, named Amos, about 23 years of age. He is about 5 feet, 9 inches in height, dark complexion, slender built, stoops a little forward in walking, speaks low, but tolerably quick when spoken to; his upper teeth on the right side are somewhat defective. When last heard of he was on the road to Wilmington, where I purchased him of John W. Hamilton, on the 1st day of November last. He took with him a small Bay Mare, with blazed face, one white foot, and hip shot in her left hip.—The above reward will be given to any person who delivers him to me or secure him in such way that I may get him again.

BURRHUS CHEEK, 5 t-f.
Chapel Hill, Orange Co., N. C.
February 10th, 1837.

\$10 REWARD.

ABSCONDED on Sunday the 6th instant, from the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Kea, in Bladen County, a Negro Fellow by the name of Peter. He is five feet 6 or 7 inches in height, of dark complexion, shows his teeth when spoken to, has three or four small scars on the breast, took with him a copper watch, and clothing consisting of old black coat, and blue Sattin Pantaloons with others not recollected. Peter was formerly owned by William Kea deceased, and is said to have a wife at Robert McRackan's on Town Creek where he is no doubt well known, his former master having resided in that neighborhood for a number of years. He is also well known in Wilmington. The above reward will be paid for his confinement in Gaol, or delivery to me in Bladen county.

J. M. GILLESPIE, Administrator. 33 t-f.
Wilmington, November, 16th 1836.



\$100 Dollars Reward.

WILL be given for my man Ben, who absconded on the 16th inst. he is about five feet 9 or 10 inches high, and of very dark complexion—as Ben is very well known about here, I deem it unnecessary to give a more particular description of him. He has many relatives and acquaintances about Topsail Sound, it is likely he is lurking about there or in this place. The above reward will be given for his apprehension and delivery to me, or the Jailor of New-Hanover county, and an additional reward of fifty dollars for sufficient testimony to convict any white person of harboring him.

A. M. LASPEYRE, 33 t-f.
Wilmington, Aug. 17, 1836.



\$10 Reward.

ROMEO, aged about fifty years, of low stature, and copper coloured complexion, absconded about a month since. The above reward will be given for his delivery to me or to the Jailor of this County.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, 15 t-f.
Wilmington, April 21st, 1837.

SADDLE, HARNESS, and TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public, that he still continues his business at the old stand of John A. Taylor, Esq. where he has just opened a general assortment of articles in his line, purchased by himself in New York. He is thankful for past favors, he solicits a continued share of patronage.
S. D. WALLACE.
N. B. Wanted, a journeyman harness maker, to whom, employment will constantly be given by the day or job.
Oct. 7, 1836. 40 t-f.

FOR SALE.

Just received pr. Schr. Factor from New-York, and Schr. Flor del Mar, Boston.
20 Bbls. N. Y. City Prime Pork, Beef,
20 " " " " " " "
20 " No. 3 Mackerel,
20 " Fresh Potatoes,
50 " N. E. Rum,
20 Bags Rio Coffee,
30 Bundles Hay,
100 Drums fresh Figs,
and a fresh supply of

PATENT BALANCES and FURNITURE.

Apply to BARRY & BRYANT, 12 t-f.
March 31st, 1837.

Molasses, Sugar and Coffee.

Just received pr. Polly, Pilgrim, and Chickatabul,
200 Hhd. Molasses,
50 Bags Cuba Coffee,
6 Hhd. and 20 Bbls. Sugar,
And for sale in lots, at market price, by
BARRY & BRYANT, 15 t-f.
Wilmington, April 21st, 1837.

Valuable Property For Sale.

THAT valuable Plantation in the County of Brunswick, known by the name of *Walden*, situated near the sea shore, about forty miles from Wilmington, on the Georgetown (S. C.) main road, and seven miles from the State line, containing 1500 acres, or more, 3- to 400 acres of which is in high swamp, and well adapted to the culture of Cotton, Corn, Oats, Peas, or any thing else. This land is so situated, that the water which falls upon it, runs off in opposite directions, emptying itself into Little River on the West, and Shalotte River on the East, which prevents its ever being inundated by freshets. About 25 or 30 acres is now under cultivation, and will produce as much, for what I know, as any land in the State. The balance is well covered with White and other Oaks, Black and Sweet Gum, Ash, Poplars, Swamp Palm-tree, &c. &c. The residue of the tract is of Hammock and Pine land, calculated for Timber, Turpentine, Tar, &c. The range for Cattle is excellent, having the benefit of a large salt marsh, and the Hog range not to be beaten. Fish and Oysters of the best kind, are to be obtained within one and a half miles of the settlement, in great abundance. The advantages of Shalotte and Little Rivers are very great, when vessels of considerable size can approach within five to seven miles of the settlement, and carry produce to any market. The settlements are new, and in pretty good order; the water is excellent, and the situation not only pleasant, but very healthy. I will sell the place as it now stands, a part of the crop planted, and the balance under way, with a good stock of Cattle and Hogs, Oxen, Carts, plantation Tools, and about 200 Bushels of Corn, Fodder, Pease, &c., and hire the Negroes for the balance of the year.

Also:
1000 to 1500 acres of Turpentine land, with four tasks of new boxes cut, work shops, &c. attached—situated on Smith's Creek, about five or six miles from Town, and about two from the Creek, where flats can receive Turpentine or Tar at any season, and in one tide bring it to Town.

My Terms shall be made accommodating.

HENRY NUTT, 11 t-f.
Wilmington, March 24th, 1837.

Persons indebted to me are respectfully invited to call and settle, as further indulgence cannot be granted.
H. N.

HENRY NUTT, PROPRIETOR OF The Eagle Distillery, and Dealer in Naval Stores.

Prepared to supply orders for Spirits of Turpentine, Bright and Black Varnish, Rosin, Pitch, &c.
Wilmington, March 24th, 1837. 11 t-f.

PLANING MILL.

THE Wilmington Planing Mill has been rebuilt, and is now in operation. A Stock of well seasoned flooring boards is on hand, and orders will be punctually attended to.

Apply to A. LAZARUS, 5 t-f.
February 10th, 1837.

Spikes, Nails, Mackrel, &c.

Patent Wrought Spikes, 4, 4 1/2, 5 1/2, 6, 6 1/2, 7, 8, 12, and 9 inches—Nails, 100 Casks, 4d, 6d, 10d, and 12—Flour, 50 Bbls. Northern White Wheat, and Fayetteville Superfine.—Molasses 200 Hhd. also Tierces and Bbls.—Sugar 10 Hhd. also Bbls.—Coffee, 100 Bags. Rio. Cuba, and St. Domingo—Pork, Prime, 10 Bbls.—Beef 10 Bbls.—Lime 20 Casks Cilly—Mackrel, 100 Bbls., No. 3.
Just received and for sale by BARRY & BRYANT, 18 t-f.
May 12, 1837.

FOR SALE.

Just received, and for Sale by the Subscriber: 50 Bales Hay, 50 Kegs of first quality Lard.
J. H. BREWSTER, 4 t-f.
February 3d, 1837.

T. H. BYRNE

HAS just returned from the North, and is now opening at his old Stand, north side Market Street, an entirely new and handsome Assortment of Spring and Summer Goods. Also, a general Assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Groceries, Drugs, &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest prices the market can afford. He most respectfully requests his former customers, and the public generally, to call and examine. He feels assured he will not fail to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.
Wilmington, April 14th, 1837. 14 t-f.

Molasses.

35 Hogsheads Superior Quality, For Sale in Lots to suit Purchasers, by BARRY & BRYANT, 14 t-f.
April 14th, 1837.

Just received from New-York,

50 Bags Rio, Cuba, and Laguaira Coffee, F. F. F. Dupont's Powder, Bags Shot, all sizes, N. E. Rum, Claret Wine, in Bottles, Lemon Syrup.
Also a new and splendid assortment of
Spring and Summer DRY GOODS.
For Sale at low prices by SAML. N. CANNON, 14 t-f.
April 14th, 1837.

SHOES.

I HAVE purchased of Messrs. G. & C. Bradley all of their Stock of Shoes, consisting of Ladies' Morocco Bootes, " Prunella " and Shuetees; Gentlemen's fine Calf skin Shoes and Bootes; " Navy ties Bootes, " Calf skin Slippers.
These are all of the best materials, and the workmanship substantial.
Also a Lot of Ladies' fine white Prunella Slippers, a handsome and superior article. Black Prunella Slippers, Women's leather Shoes, and Men's coarse Brogan, &c.
Also on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery and Hats.
Apply to P. SMITH, 19 3-t.
Wilmington, May 19th, 1837.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

Wilmington, N. C., May 1st, 1837.

PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until the first day of June, for building a Light House and Dwelling House, at Federal Point, in the State, of the following materials, dimensions and description: The tower to be built of brick, the form round; the foundation to be sunk three feet, or as deep as may be necessary to make the fabric secure, to be laid in good lime mortar. The height of the tower to be thirty feet above the surface of the ground. The diameter of the base to be eighteen feet and that of the top nine feet. The thickness of the wall at the base to be three feet, and to be uniformly graduated to twenty inches at the top. The top to be arched, on which is to be laid a deck of soap stone eleven feet in diameter, four inches thick, the joints filled with lead, on one side of which is to be a scuttle to enter the lantern, the scuttle door an iron frame covered with copper; the outside wall to be well plastered with Roman cement, and whitewashed twice over. There are to be three windows in the tower, of twelve lights each, of ten by eight glass, in strong frames, and a door six feet by three, made of double inch boards, cross nailed, with substantial hinges, lock and latch, the door posts, cap and stool, to be of dressed stone, at least ten inches square—the ground floor to be either paved with stone or a sufficient number of circular stairs to lead from the ground floor to within six feet of the lantern, connected by a centre post, guarded by a good hand railing, with good floors on the joist of each story. From the top of the stairs to the entrance of the scuttle, to be an iron ladder with steps two inches square.

On the top of the tower to be a wrought iron lantern, of the octagon form, the posts to be one and a half inches square, to run down into the stone work five feet, and secured with anchors. The height and diameter of the lantern to be sufficient to admit an iron sash in each octagon, to contain eighteen lights, eleven by nine glass, the lower tier to be filled with copper, the rabbets of the sashes to be three quarters of an inch deep, and a half inch square, to run down into the stone work five feet, and secured with anchors. The height and diameter of the lantern to be sufficient to admit an iron sash in each octagon, to contain eighteen lights, eleven by nine glass, the lower tier to be filled with copper, the rabbets of the sashes to be three quarters of an inch deep, and a half inch square, to run down into the stone work five feet, and secured with anchors.

The Light House to have one complete electrical conductor, made of copper, three quarters of an inch in diameter, with a point and rabbits.

The Dwelling House to be of brick, thirty four feet by twenty, one story, of eight feet height, divided into two rooms, with an entry between the stairs to be in the entry, to go into the chambers, which are to be lathed and plastered, a chimney near the middle of the house, with a fireplace in each room, iron or stone pipes, cellar under the whole of the house, with sufficient walls of stone to break, laid on the timber. The roof to be of rectangular, the boards of which to be jointed and halved, and well secured and covered with good merchantable shingles—three windows in each room, of sixteen lights of eight by ten glass each, and one of the same dimensions in each chamber. The doors to be four paneled, with good hinges and thumb latches to each, and a good lock on the outside doors. Closets in each room back of the chimney, all of the floors to be double, and well nailed—the inside walls and ceilings to be lathed and plastered, and all the inside work to be fixed in a plain decent style, and with good seasoned timber. Also, a porch, or kitchen attached to the dwelling house, fourteen by twelve feet, the ceiling to be lathed and plastered, with double floors, two windows, and one door—a chimney with a fireplace and sizeable oven, with an iron door—cranes, trammels, and hooks, in the fireplace in the porch or kitchen— one side of the chimney a sink, with a spout leading through the stone wall. All the wood work inside and out, to be painted with two coats of good paint—gutters to lead round the house, with spouts to carry off the water—an out-house of brick, five feet by four, the roof shingled and painted.

The whole to be completed in a workmanlike manner, by the 15th day of October, 1837. Separate proposals will be received for fitting up the said light house, in the same manner that the light house in the United States have been fitted up by Mr. Winslow Lewis, in one month after the light house shall be finished, with eleven patent lamps, and eleven fourteen inch reflectors, each reflector to have six ounces of pure silver, and to furnish two spare lamps; double tin oil butts, sufficient to hold five hundred gallons of oil; one lantern consisting of an iron trivet, one stone, one hand lantern and lamp, two tube cleaners, one glazier's diamond, two files, and two pair of scissors. The whole to be approved by the Collector of Wilmington.

N. B. No payment will be made until the whole of the above work shall be completed and approved.
Wilmington, May 5th, 1837. 17-4-t.

The Raleigh Standard and Newbern Sentinel will insert this until the 1st June, and forward their accounts to this office for payment.

WEST & MARBLE, Dealers in STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, Ready made Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

No. 19, Market Street, WILMINGTON. 15 t-f.
April 21st, 1837.

Fayetteville and Western RAIL ROAD.

NOTICE is given that the Books of Subscription to the Stock of this Company are opened at the Bank of the State.
An instalment of Two Dollars on each share will be required at the time of subscribing.
By the Commissioners
JAMES OWEN,
AARON LAZARUS,
ALEX. ANDERSON, 7 t-f.
Wilmington, Feb. 24th, 1837.

Poetry.

THE MAY-FLY.

"The angler's May-fly, the most short-lived in its perfect state of any of the insect race, emerges from the water, where it passes its aurelia state, about six in the evening, and dies about eleven at night."—White's Selborne.

For thou wert born when the earth was clad
With her robe of buds and flowers,
And didst float about with a soul as glad
As a bird in the sunny showers;
And the hour of thy death had a sweet repose,
Like a melody, sweetest at its close.

Nor too brief the date of thy cheerful race—
"Tis us that measures time—
And the mighty Spirit that fills all space
With His life and His will sublime,
May see that the May-fly and the Man
Each flutter out the same small span.

And the fly that is born with the sinking sun,
To die ere the midnight hour,
May have deeper joy, ere his course be run,
Than man in his pride and power;
And the insect's minutes be spared the fears
And the anxious doubts of our three-score years.

The years and the minutes are as one—
The fly drops in his twilight mirth,
And the man, when his long day's work is done,
Crawls to the self-same earth.
Great Father: of each! may our mortal day
Be the prelude to an endless May!

LOCKHART'S LIFE OF WALTER SCOTT.

From the London Courier.
Memoir of the Life of Sir Walter Scott, Part. Vol. I.—R. Cadell, Edinburgh; John Murray, and Whittaker & Co. London.

No publication could possibly have been more acceptable to the reading public than this. The relation in which the author himself stands to the illustrious poet, and the extensive resources which have been open to him, have enabled him to produce a more faithful and accurate portrait of his hero than any one else could have done. Viewed in his domestic and social relations, Sir Walter appears as thoroughly engaging and amiable as in his intellectual productions he is varied and astonishing. A very intimate friend (Mr. Skene) says of him:

"During the whole progress of his varied life, to that eminent station which he could not but feel he at length held in the estimation, not of his countrymen alone, but of the whole world, I never could perceive the slightest shade of variance from that simplicity of character with which he impressed me on the first hour of our meeting."
When the progress of the war with France brought with it the possibility of an invasion of our shores by the enemy, the young barrister took a very prominent part in raising a cavalry volunteer corps, in which he appears to have taken very great interest. It is interesting now to look at the doings of our great poet and novelist in his character of Mr. Quartermaster Scott. His biographer states:

"Among the common tastes which served to knit these friends together was their love of horsemanship, in which, as in all other many exercises, Skene highly excelled; and the fears of French invasion becoming every day more serious, their thoughts were turned with corresponding zeal to the project of organizing a force of mounted volunteers in Scotland. The London Light-Horse had set the example, (says Mr. Skene) but in truth it was to Scott's ardor that this force in the North owed its origin. Unable, by reason of his lameness, to serve among his friends on foot, he had nothing for it but to rouse the spirit of the moss-trooper, with which he readily inspired all who possessed the means of substituting the sabre for the musket.

"On the 14th February, 1797, these friends and many more met and drew up an offer to serve as a body of volunteer cavalry in Scotland, which offer, being transmitted through the Duke of Buccleuch, Lord Lieutenant of Mid-Lothian, was accepted by Government. The organization of the corps proceeded rapidly; they extended their offer to serve in any part of the Island, in case of actual invasion, and this also being accepted, the whole arrangement was shortly completed; when Charles Maitland, Esq. of Rankellor, was elected Major Commandant; (Sir) William Rae, of St. Catharine's, Captain; James Gordon, of Craig, and George Robinson, of Clermiston, Lieutenants; (Sir) William Forbes, of Pitsligo, and James Skene, of Rubislaw, Cornets; Walter Scott, Paymaster, Quartermaster, and Secretary; John Adams, Adjutant. But the treble duties thus devolved on Scott were found to interfere too severely with his other avocations, and Colin Mackenzie, of Portmore, relieved him soon afterwards from those of Paymaster.

"The part of quartermaster (says Mr. Skene) was properly selected for him, that he might be spared the rough usage of the ranks; but, notwithstanding his infirmity, he had a remarkably firm seat on horseback, and in all situations a fearless one; no fatigue ever seemed too much for him, and his zeal and animation served to sustain the enthusiasm of the whole corps; while his ready and a rick kept up, in all a degree of good-humor and relish for the service, which which the toil and privations of the daily drills would not easily have been submitted to by such a body of gentlemen. At every interval of exercise, the order, sit at ease, was the signal for the quartermaster to lead the squadron to merriment; every eye was intuitively turned on 'Earl Walter,' as he was familiarly called by his associates of that date, and his ready joke seldom failed to raise the ready laugh. He took his full share in all the labors and duties of the corps, had the highest pride in its progress and proficiency, and was such a trooper himself, as only a very powerful frame of body and warmest zeal in the cause could have enabled any one to be. But his habitual good humor was the great charm; and at the daily mess, (for we all dined together when in quarters,) that reigned supreme."

"Earl Walter's first charger, by the way, was a tall and powerful animal, named Leonore. These daily drills appeared to have been persisted in during the spring and summer of 1797; the corps spending, moreover, some weeks in quarters at Musselburgh. The majority of the troop having professional duties to attend to, the ordinary hour for drill was five in the morning; and when we reflect that, after some hours of hard work in this way, Scott had to produce himself regularly in the Parliament House with a gown and wig, for the space of four or five hours at least, while his chamber practice, though still humble, was on the increase, and that he had found a plentiful source of new social engagements in his troop connections, it certainly could have excited no surprise had his literary studies been found suffering total intermission during this busy period. That such was not the case, however, his correspondence and note-books afford ample evidence.
"He had no turn, at this time of his life, for early rising; so that the regular attendance at the morning drills was of itself a strong evidence of his military zeal; but he must have, in spite of them, and of all other circumstances, persisted in what was the usual custom of all his earlier life, namely, the devotion of the best hours of the night to solitary study. In general, both as a young man, and in more advanced age, his constitution required a good allowance of sleep, and he, on principle, indulged in it, saying 'he was but half a man if he had not full seven hours of utter unconsciousness;' but his whole mind and temperament were, at this period, in a state of most fervent exaltation, and spirit triumphed over matter. His translation of Steiner's 'Otho of Wittelsbach,' is marked 1795-7; from which I conclude it was finished in the latter year. The volume containing that of Meyer's 'Wolfred of Dromberg,' a drama of chivalry, is dated 1797; and, I think, the reader will presently see cause to suspect, that though not attended to in his imperfect note-book, these tasks must have been accomplished in the very season of the daily drills."
An early attachment of young Scott's proved unfortunate. His first interview with the lady, who subsequently became Lady Scott, is thus described:
"Riding one day with Ferguson, they met, some miles from Gilsland, a young lady, taking the air on horseback, whom neither of them had previously remarked, and whose appearance instantly struck both so much, that they kept her in view until they had satisfied themselves that she also was one of the party at Gilsland. The same evening there was a ball, at which Captain Scott produced himself in his regimentals, and Ferguson also thought proper to be equipped in the uniform of the Edinburgh Volunteers. There was no little rivalry among the young travelers as to who should first get presented to the unknown beauty of the morning's ride; but though both the gentlemen in scarlet had the advantage of being dancing partners, their friend succeeded in handing the fair stranger to supper; and such was his first introduction to Charlotte Margaret Carpenter.
"Without the features of a regular beauty, she was rich in personal attractions; a form that was fashioned as light as a lily's; a complexion of the clearest and lightest olive; eyes large, deep-set, and dazzling, of the finest Italian brown; and a profusion of silken tresses, black as the raven's wing; her address hovering between the reserve of a pretty young English woman who has not mingled largely in general society, and a certain natural archness and gaiety that suited well with the accompaniment of a French accent. A lovelier vision, as all who remember her in the bloom of her days have assured me, could hardly have been imagined; and from that hour the fate of the young poet was fixed."
Of the young lady herself and her family, Mr. Lockhart says:
"She was the daughter of Jean Charpentier, of Lyons, a devoted royalist, who held an office under Government, and Charlotte Volere, his wife. She and her only brother, Charles Charpentier, had