



Raleigh, N. C.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1849.

THE RIOTS IN NEW YORK.

We give up considerable space to the unhappy occurrences in New York last week. Every friend of good order must regret these scenes of violence and bloodshed. At the latest accounts the riot appeared to be quelled, and peace once more prevailed in the City.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

We had hoped that the rival Whig Candidates in this District had agreed to compromise their difficulties, and submit the nomination to a Convention; and we so published in our list, on the authority of the Charlotte Journal. But our readers will see by an article from the same paper, which we copy this week, that General Duckery has refused all arbitration, and is resolved to keep the field, even at the venture of giving the representation of the District to the opposition.

We confess we have no patience with such refractory Whigs any longer. The course of this gentleman would seem to forfeit his claim to Whig support—we trust it will be proved so, in the event. The idea that any man has a right to push his own ambitious views to the disastrous failure of his party, should be rebuked and frowned upon by all who really wish that party's success. A more struggle between men, when the ascendancy of principles is jeopardized by it, might not be tolerated anywhere—and no good Whig should countenance the overbearing conduct of any Candidate. The proper course is to call a Convention, and let all true Whigs rally upon its nominee and elect him. Otherwise there can be no certainty of success.

MR. WM. B. SHEPARD—AGAIN.

This gentleman is out in the last Old North State, in a tirade of some column and a half, principally against Mr. Hale, of the Fayetteville Observer—in whose hands we are content to leave him, so far as regards that. Of all the shuffling and counter-shuffling we have ever known, Mr. Shepard contrives to shuffle most, and most disingenuously. Very badly has he been put "to the wall," and as we have no desire to "play the slave,"—until he once more shifts the issue, why "let him go."

There is one part of a letter which Mr. Shepard quotes, however, on which a word or two of comment might be offered, merely by way of making the public acquainted with the supreme self-conceit and arrogance of the man. It is where he says, in a letter he addressed to Mr. Hale, speaking of the Senatorial election in winter, "I could have beaten Mr. Badger myself, if I had permitted my name to be announced, which I would not do; first, because I did not wish the office; and secondly, because I would not accept it, unless it was freely tendered to me," &c. This will be news to the members of the last Legislature. Mr. Shepard "could have beaten Mr. Badger," had he suffered his name to be announced! Ha! ha! How lucky Mr. Badger was!

In reply to the writer in the Old North State over the signature of P., we have to state, that dates are becoming of some importance in this controversy, and that, if he will show us the letter of Mr. Shepard to him, of which he speaks, with its date, we will then tell him our opinion of it.

WHIG MEETING IN GRANVILLE.

This meeting was held on Wednesday week. Dr. John A. Herndon in the Chair, and T. B. Kingsbury Secretary. Col. R. O. Britton explained the object to be to appoint delegates to attend a District Convention, to be held in Hillsboro on the 31st instant, to nominate a Whig Candidate to represent that District in Congress. Delegates were then appointed to represent Granville in said Convention, and the other Committees in the District were requested to send Delegates likewise.

We are glad to see this movement. Rumor may or may not be correct in saying there will be another Democratic Candidate besides Mr. Venable. He should be opposed by a strong and popular Whig. The Whig party would be much to blame, did they suffer Abraham Venable again to be sent to Congress without a contest. They have the choice among men who are able to beat him—we hope they will make a good selection.—Mr. Kerr, it is true, would be the first choice of the Whigs of the District, and we exceedingly regret he feels unable to run—but too much ought not to be demanded of one who has ever gallantly borne the Whig banner herebefore. We have other claimants there, who will do honor to the Whig cause, and we trust soon to see one of them in the field.

METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

From a recent exhibition of this vast establishment, in New York, its assets appear to be \$613,317.60, while its liabilities amount to \$3,403.94 only. The profits of the concern are annually divided among the several conferences.

We find the above going the rounds; but think the latter sentence a mistake. Our impression is that the Northern Conference have played the "grab game," and withheld from the Southern their rights. These last insist upon an equitable division, at the peril of a suit at law—but are willing to submit to arbitration. We judge the Northern lecturers are neither willing to divide or arbitrate. Meantime, the concern is in their hands; and the South is quite likely to be cheated. We don't like such things in the Northern Methodists.

SENATOR DOUGLASS REFUSING TO RESIGN.—It seems that Senator Douglass declines yielding obedience to the instructions of the Legislature, but maintains his position as Senator, because a majority of his own party did not vote for the resolution instructing him to do so.

REVENUE LAW.

We informed our readers in our paper of the 6th April, that the 7th Section of the Revenue Law passed at the last Session of the General Assembly, was so construed that it does not go into operation until the first of April, in the year 1850.

We have since been furnished with the following Opinion of R. F. Moore, Esq. Attorney General upon this subject:

RALEIGH, May 9th, 1849.

Sir: You have requested my opinion on the proper construction of the 7th section of the act passed at the recent session of the Legislature, entitled, "an act to increase the Revenue of the State." The question you present arises on the proviso, found at the conclusion of that section, and is whether that proviso extends to the whole act; and if not, to how much thereof?

I am of opinion that the proviso extends to the entire 7th section, and to each and every subject of taxation therein specified, and that it extends to no other part of the act.

If the proviso was—as is alleged by some—intended to be less extensive than the whole of the 7th section, I am unable to perceive that, latent in the language of the law. Very respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
R. F. MOORE.

C. L. Hinton, Esq. Public Treasurer.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F.

The Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of North Carolina was in session in this City, last week, the attendance, we understand, being much fuller than usual. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: J. B. Newby, of Fayetteville, Grand Master; Alex. Bellone, of Charlotte, D. P. Grand Master; Julius M. Wilcox, of Warrington, Grand Warden; William D. Cooke, of Raleigh, Grand Secretary; D. McMillan, of Wilmington, Grand Treasurer; J. D. Royter, of Raleigh, Grand Steward; John H. Marly, of Raleigh, was chosen Representative to the Grand Lodge of the United States; and J. C. B. Ehringhaus, of Elizabeth City, his Alternate.

The Grand Encampment also held its meeting here at the same time. The following are the Officers elected for the ensuing year:

- T. H. Harlanburg, M. W. Patriarch; Perrin Busbee, M. E. High Priest; S. G. Smith, W. Grand Senior Warden; J. B. Newby, W. Grand Scribe; Edw. Yarbrough, W. Grand Treasurer; D. W. Telfair, Grand Junior Warden; Isaac Proctor, Grand Sentinel.

MEETING IN CABARRUS.

A Railroad Meeting was held in Cabarrus, on Monday of May Court, Gen. W. C. Means, Presiding, and John A. Bradshaw, acting as Secretary. At the request of the Meeting, R. Barringer, Esq. addressed it on the Central Rail Road project, and reiterated his opinions previously made known to the public.

H. C. Jones, Jos. H. Wilson, Daniel Coleman, and Jno. M. Long, Esqrs. were successively called on and advocated at some length, with much warmth, the objects of the meeting. The information given by Mr. Wilson, one of the Directors of the Charlotte and South Carolina Rail Road, in regard to the prospects of that enterprise, was highly gratifying to its numerous friends.

Resolutions were adopted, approving of the liberal and enlightened course of the last Legislature, in authorizing the various works of Internal Improvement; particularly recommending the Central Railroad to the liberality of the people; and pledging the people of Cabarrus to do their duty towards completing this great enterprise. Frequent meetings of the people were recommended to be held and many Delegates appointed to the Salisbury Convention to be held in June next.

Gov. Neil S. Brown, of Tenn., addressed the recent Whig Convention at Nashville, by which he was nominated for re-election, in a speech of some length, in which was the following:

"He was in favor of the Institution of the South, but he valued the Union above every thing else.—He deprecated the fanaticism that seeks to array one portion of this glorious Union against another; was opposed to the proposition, made in some quarters, of non-intercourse with the North in case of the passage of the Wilcox Provision; said he would not give one foot of ground on Bunker Hill, or Saratoga or Yorktown—for all the land West of the Rio Grande, though all its hills were studded with gold, and its valleys filled with slaves. He was opposed to those who would deny the Southern people their rights in the newly acquired territories, and thought that in the present threatening aspect of things a compromise should be made; but he was for the Union at all hazards—for the South so long as he could be consistently with the preservation of the Union, but for the Union at all events."

SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, says: "That our government intends detailing forthwith two of the national ships in search of the lost exploring expedition of Sir John Franklin, in the Arctic seas; one to go East, around Cape Labrador, and through Davis Straits—the other West, to Behring's Straits." We are glad to see our government taking an interest in this subject, and trust that exertions to discover the lost expedition will not be confined to national vessels, but that our whalers will lend their aid.

THE ASSASSINATION OF GEN. TAYLOR.

The assertion that Gen. Taylor was elected by those who expected he would make no change in public office, is untrue. It is a poor compliment to the Democracy to say that those who voted for him did so for no other reason but that they considered he would make no such change. The Spillane-men, we think, were those who voted for Casp. Never was a cry of proscription so absurd and senseless.

The celebrated ditcher, Gen. Gideon Pillow, declines a nomination for Governor of Tennessee. It is the first spark of wisdom he has ever shown.

Mr. Dallas explains the apparent plagiarism in his valedictory address to the Senate, by saying that the sentence from Macaulay's History was quoted, and marked as such in the written copy.

How convenient! 'twas an omission of the printer.

The name of Tosser Dept., in Edgecomb County, has been changed to Wilson, in honor of the late Col. Lewis D. Wilson.

BANK ROBBERY.

The Merchant's Exchange Bank was robbed on Saturday, of \$8,700, consisting of two bills of \$500; 20 of \$100; \$180 in small bills from \$10 and \$20; and \$300 in gold. It was stolen from the paying clerk's counter, and a man about 6 feet 6 or 7 in high, 35 years of age, and light complexion who was in the bank just previous, is supposed to be the thief.—Cour. and Enquirer.

RAIL ROAD CONVENTION.

We would remind the public that the Rail Road Convention will be held at SALISBURY, on the 14th day of June next.

It is to be hoped that every county in the State, interested in this great project now agitating the public mind, will send delegates, and that such an impetus will then be given to it, as will insure its success beyond doubt.

THOMAS EWANK, Esq., whose appointment as Commissioner of Patent Office is announced, has arrived at Washington City, preparatory to entering upon the duties of his office.

Of this appointment the New York Commercial Advertiser speaks as follows:

"THE COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS.—The filling of this office has presented a surprise upon general expectation—the gentleman upon whom it has been conferred, Mr. Ewank, having never been even named in connection with it, so far as our knowledge extends. We readily recognize, however, the fitness of the man to the post. Perhaps there is no man in the country so thoroughly conversant as Mr. Ewank with the whole subject of mechanical inventions, and therefore so competent to deal accurately with claims and pretensions of which they are the subject. He is even cursorily learned in these matters, and will be as much at home amid the thousand and one mysteries of the Patent Office as though he had lived in it all his life.

Mr. Ewank is a perfect novice, we believe, in politics. There can have been, therefore, no political motive or influence in his appointment."

At Charleston, on Wednesday last, MICHEL VERGOT, the Chancellor to the French Consulate in that city, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. The Courier states that M. Vergot arrived there about two months since, and entered on the duties of his office. His manner was gentlemanly, but he appeared at times to be under morbid excitement, although not to such an extent as to cause a suspicion of derangement of mind until within a few days past.

"THINGS THAT CHANGE."

It seems but a few months since—it can hardly be a year—that our friend William H. Burleigh, editor of the Hartford "Charter Oak," and for twelve years to our knowledge a thorough abolitionist, came very near leaving his office destroyed by a Loco-foco mob on account of some remarks he had published deemed disrespectful to the volunteers from that city and neighborhood just returned from the Mexican war. For several days there was an even chance that his office would be dismembered. A few moons have waxed and waned, and lo! Burleigh is "State Printer" for Connecticut, so far as the House can make him by the vote of Loco-focos in it. Queer world this. If a man can only stand his ground in it, luck may very likely come round to him—who knows?—N. Y. Tribune.

THE GOLD DOLLAR.—The Philadelphia papers announce the appearance of the Gold Dollar, which has just been issued from the Mint in that city.—They describe it as a very neat and beautiful coin, about the thickness of a five cent piece, but considerably smaller in size. On one side is a head of the Goddess of Liberty surrounded by stars, and on the obverse a wreath enclosing the inscription: "1 Dollar; 1849." Outside the wreath are the words "United States of America."

IT THE Hon. Jas. C. Dobbin was nominated for Congress by a meeting of his political friends in Fayetteville, on Thursday week.

Drinking water neither makes a man sick, nor in debt, nor his wife a widow.—Sun. Prov.

WASHINGTON, May 12—6 P. M.

The President to-day appointed Hugh Maxwell Collector; Wm. V. Brady, Postmaster, and Jno. Young, Sub Treasurer, for New York City.

THE TRAGEDY IN LYSLE, N. Y.

The lad named Houghtaling, who recently cut off his father's head with an axe, as he lay drunk in a field, in Lysle, N. Y., has been discharged from arrest. He is only 3 years of age, and the Bringantons say that he has been discharged "on account of his extreme youth and moral incompetency to commit the crime of murder."

Correspondence of the New York Express.

RUMORED DECAPITATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10—9 P. M. Rumor says, that Major Scott, Navy Agent at the Washington Navy Yard, who resigned his office on Saturday last, is a defaulter for a large amount.

CHOLERA IN THE WEST.

There were 41 deaths from cholera in St. Louis during the week ending on the 30th ultimo. Of 32 new cases reported by the physicians 22 died. There were two deaths from cholera at Hillsburg on Tuesday, both originally on the river. The Louisville Journal, of May 4th, reports seven new cases and two deaths by cholera in that city.

A telegraphic dispatch from Louisville, states that the cholera is prevailing very extensively in that city. Mr. Fulton of the Fulton House, died of the disease on Monday night.

A letter from St. Joseph, (Mo.) April 24th says: "Cholera is in town. A member belonging to one of the companies is lying dead in his wagon. Every steamboat that arrives has more or less on board."

THE INTERVENTION IN FAVOR OF THE POPE.

The London Times of the 19th, in an article on the intervention of France to restore the Pope says:

"The French Republic cannot be reasonably or rightfully suspected of any intention of robbing the altars of the old ecclesiastical government of the Pope, and we have no doubt that the French auxiliaries of Pius IX are sincerely desirous of giving his subjects the benefit of that constitution which they have so foolishly and wickedly abused. Nor is it to be supposed that the interference of Austria, under her present rulers, is intended to restore the exploded lumber of Prince Metternich's police. The real desire both of Austria and France can only be render the experiment of constitutional liberty possible in Italy, by supplying the governments with that force to resist the absurdity and extravagance of the populace and its demagogues, which their own troops and the energy of the middle classes unhappily have not hitherto afforded."

FIGHT AT RIO.

A late letter from Rio to the New York True Sun says:—

"There was a fight yesterday by some of the American sailors in the Emperor's Palace in town. They were drunk and would not take off their hats. They knocked down twenty or thirty gens d'armes, and our folks got them off two or three times. The Emperor was at the window in view, and saw the whole. They were treated with more lenity than they deserved, and they would break away from those trying to get them off, and return to the fight, and finally our people got disgusted with them, and let them have their own way, when they were finally taken, after getting stabbed. The report was, last night, that one was dead, and another in the calabos, badly wounded."

Mr. Bryan has been removed from the post office at Newbern, N. C., without cause, except that he is a democrat.—Boston Post.

This, with the additional fact that he used his office to promote party objects, was the only cause for the removal of Marcus Morton. Yet the Post thanks Gen. Taylor for having made that removal. Why should the administration make fish of Morton and fowl of Bryan?—Alabama Evening Journal.

"GOOD NIGHT!"

In that expression of kindness how sweet and soothing a sentiment is conveyed. The toils of the day are over; the fervent heat of noon is past; the maddening pursuit after gain is suspended; and mankind seek in the arms of sleep, a temporary asylum from care of mind and enervation of body. Even from guilt beneficent nature withholds not the solace of repose, and passing thro' the "ivory gate of dreams," the days of youth, of happiness, of innocence, in shadowy glory, sit before the soul. Insupportable, indeed, would be the heavy tribulation which, on our pilgrimages through life, we must endure, were it not for those futrimental seasons of rest which it is alike the privilege of the houseless wanderer and the palace lord to enjoy.

And night, gentle night, is the tender nurse that woe the job-exhausted frame to steep its cares in forgetfulness. The wise provisions of nature indicate the season for repose; and her beneficent laws are revered and obeyed by all save the being for whose comfort and happiness they are chiefly promulgated. When the sun withdraws the heavens, and from the earth is shrouded in darkness, the labors of insect industry cease; the flowers close their petals, defended from the chilling dew of evening, and that sweet waterway of the grove, the nightingale, forth in varied cadences the parting song "good night." Cynthia and her glittering train of stars, robed in the grandeur of eternal light, like faith and holy, spirit-keeping vigils over mortal sleepers, and preserving them from the influence of the powers of darkness.

A TEMPERANCE STORY.

The following excellent temperance story is told by the editor of the Grand River Eagle:

"We were highly amused yesterday. On the bridge that passes the tumbling waters of the Grand Rapids we met a hale old man, with eleven sons, seven daughters, thirty-seven grand-children, and his own wife, (the only one he ever had) with numerous horse, carts, wagons, oxen, cows, and furniture of very antiquated appearance among which were to be seen cradles for babies, cradles for grapes, spinning wheels, pots, kettles, and almost every thing requisite for a settlement such as fifty seven blood relations will make in the Grand River country. After stopping the train and making many inquiries, we asked the old gentleman what would be the use of a bottomless jug which was carefully laid in a safe place among his domestic equipment, and received the following reply:

"Why, sir, I'm a man of many years and lots of children, and have worked other people's land all my days; paid from four to nine dollars an acre rent; for so doing have all that time used a jug with a bottom in it, and I got sick of feeding other people with my hands either handout or rum-seller, so I sent seven of my boys to Mexico to fight for some land, and they all got back safe, after fightin' with Gen. Taylor, fine enough to vote for him, and they got seven quarter sections of land, that, please God, will be our own without rent.—And now, that old jug you see, there (pointing at the bottomless thing) shall hold all the whiskey or rum that will be used in my family. I got sick 'em because old General Taylor told my son John that a jug without a bottom was the best kind of a jug to put liquor in, and if he was my son, John, he'd serve all the jugs to him just as they did the Mexicans—take away their purses to kill us.—Good day."

MONTREAL, May 16.

A number of deputations were received by the Governor to-day, who expressed their confidence in his administration of the Government. The Governor dined with the Ministers, and a number of his friends, at Titus's Hall, where a crowd of about two hundred assembled, attended the house and broke the windows. The minutes were prepared with fire arms, and shot into the assembly in the neck, when the crowd dispersed. There is nothing of importance doing in Parliament.

MURDER.

Last night, just about dark, as May Buchanan, Esq., was on his way home from Wadesborough, and within about a quarter of a mile of his own house, he was attacked, and beat to death with a stake; the road having previously been stopped with a pile of brush, for the purpose of impeding his horse.

His family heard a cry, and immediately after his horse ran home, with a part of his sulky, the remainder having been lodged against a tree. His family and overseer ran to the spot and found him just alive; but it is thought he never breathed.—Beside him, and partly covered with blood, they found a stake, about eight feet long, such as are used in running fences. No traces could be found of the villain or villains who perpetrated the awful deed.

The deceased was an old and excellent citizen, and his death is involved in mystery, as it was not thought he had an enemy living.—Argus.

TOMATO FIGS.

As the season of Tomatoes, will soon be here, we republish the following receipt, and commend it to every good housewife who desires a rich conserve of domestic manufacture wherewith to treat her friends. And while we do so, would recommend to her, in putting up peaches, pears, quinces, &c., not to omit to preserve a few jars of tomatoes as they make the most spicy preserve of all.

Take six pounds of sugar to one peck (or sixteen pounds) of the fruit. Scald and remove the skin of the fruit in the usual way. Cook them over a fire, their own juice being sufficient without the addition of water, until the sugar penetrates and they are clarified. They are then taken out, spread on dishes flattened and dried in the sun. A small quantity of the syrup should be occasionally sprinkled over them whilst drying; after which pack them down in boxes, treating each layer with powdered sugar. The syrup is afterwards concentrated and bottled for use. They keep well from year to year and retain surprisingly their flavor which is nearly that of the best quality of fresh figs! The pear shaped or single tomatoes answer the purpose best. Ordinary brown sugar may be used, a large portion of which is retained in syrup.

The Washington Union is a funny paper. It has two staple topics, about these days, in the daily elaboration of which alone it seems to find comfort and occupation. One of these is the enormity of President Taylor's Administration in turning Democrats out of office and putting in Whigs; the other, the certain ruin that is rapidly advancing to crush President Taylor's Administration, through the displeasure of the Whig party because it does not turn out Democratic fast enough. The Union will thus have it that the President is sitting between two stools, and must, incontinently come to the ground.—N. Y. Com. Ad.

REV. ROWLAND HILL.

It was Mr. Hill's habit to ride to church in an old family carriage, a practice too aristocratic, in the judgment of one of his flock, who determined to rebuke it.

It was customary in his chapel for notes to be sent to the pulpit requesting prayers for various objects. One Sabbath, Mr. Hill was proceeding with the reading of these requests, as usual, when he found himself in the midst of the following purport:

"Prayers are requested for Rev. Mr. Hill that he may be made more humble and like his Divine Master, who, instead of riding in a carriage, was content to be borne by an ass."

Having read the notice, he lifted his spectacles to his forehead, and looking around the house, observed, that it was true he had been guilty of the fault alleged; but if the writer would step round to the vestry door, after service, addled and bribed, he would have no objection to try to ride home after the Master's example.

MARRIED.

In this City, on Tuesday evening last, Colonel Edward Yarbrough, of the Mansion House Hotel, to Mrs. Hawkins L. Hayward.

DIED.

In Henderson County, on the 2d inst. General Philip Britton, at an advanced age.

In Guilford, on the 14th inst. Col. Jas. McKee, in his 69th year.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.

Cedar Rock, Franklin County, N. C.

M. LANKFORD, Esq., will address the students on the 15th of June, the day of their annual exhibition. Examination on the 7th. The patrons of the Institute, and the friends of Education generally, are cordially invited to attend. The Summer and Fall Term will commence on Monday, the 15th of July. Terms as heretofore. For particulars address the Principal. It is very desirable the pupils be present at the opening of the Session. D. S. RICHARDSON, PRINCIPAL. May 16, 1849. 24-187-151

BOARD FOR STUDENTS.

IN THE Eglantine Academy.

THE SUBSCRIBER would take to board a few Students, who may attend the Eglantine Academy, to be re-opened by his son, Marza L. Weller, on the third Sunday of June next, at Reidsville, N. C., about two miles from the residence.

Tuition in the Academy for Languages and higher branches of Mathematics two dollars per month; for higher branches of English one dollar and a half; and other English Studies one dollar.

Board in respectable families at and near said Roads, from six to seven dollars per month. Locality perfectly healthy.

Any young man disposed to lessen expenses of education by laboring occasionally in the instructor's Yarnery, may be accommodated in that way.

BRIDLEY WELLS, NIDREY WELLS. Reidsville, Halifax Co., N. C. 24-187-151

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Office of the Board of Literature.

The President and Directors of the Literary Fund, have ordered to be distributed to the several Common Schools in part of the net annual income of the said Fund, the sum of \$1000, and the same will be paid by the Public Treasurer on the application of the several Common Schools, for the year 1849.

A full circular showing the manner in which each County is entitled according to its federal population, to a share of the said sum, and the manner in which the same will be paid by the Public Treasurer on the application of the several Common Schools, for the year 1849. Given under my hand, this 27th day of May, 1849. CHAS. MANLY, Governor of the State, and President of the Board of Literature. Raleigh, April 26, 1849. 22 1/2

RAIL ROAD MEETING AT FRANKLINTON.

THE citizens of Franklinton, and its vicinity, are invited to hold a meeting at Col. FAYLE'S, on Saturday, the 2nd day of June next, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the Salisbury Convention. Franklinton, May 11th, 1849. 22

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF YOUNG & BLEDSOE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. As it is desired that the business of the Firm should be settled as early as practicable, all persons indebted to the concern will please come forward and make payment to S. H. YOUNG, who is authorized to close the business. S. H. YOUNG, M. A. BLEDSOE. Raleigh, May 1st, 1849. 22

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE business heretofore carried on under the name and style of YOUNG & BLEDSOE will be henceforth conducted by S. H. YOUNG, at the same old stand, where he has received and is now opening a large and splendid assortment of Staple and Fancy Spring Goods, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Our old customers and the public generally, are respectfully invited to give us a call. S. H. YOUNG. Raleigh, May 1st, 1849. 22 1/2

UNIVERSITY.

THE Public Anniversary Examination of the Students of the University of North Carolina will be held at Chapel Hill, on Monday the 2nd day of May, ensuing, and be continued from day to day until Thursday the 7th of June, being the first Thursday in June, which last mentioned day is appointed for the Annual Commencement of the College.

The following Trustees compose the Committee of Visitation: His Excellency, Charles Manly, Governor of the State, and President ex officio of the Board. Hon. David L. Swain, L. D., President of the College.

- John L. Bailey, John Kerr, Simmons J. Baker, Walter F. Leek, John H. Bryan, Willie P. Mangum, John R. J. Daniel, James T. Morehead, John M. Dick, Sam'l P. Patterson, James C. Dobbin, Thomas Ruffin, John A. Gilmer, R. M. Saunders, Calvin Graves, James S. Smith, John D. Hawkins, Rich. D. Spaight, Chas. L. Hinton, Lewis Thompson, John D. Toomer.

All other members of the Board of Trustees who may attend, will be considered members also of this Committee. By Order, CHAS. L. HINTON, Secy. May 1st, 1849. 22 1/2

Female Classical Institute, HILLSBOROUGH STREET.

THE next Session of this Institution will commence on Monday, 25th June. It is desirable that students be present on that day. For further information, address BENNETT BLAKE, Principal. Raleigh, N. C. May, 1849. 22-187-151

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, FRANKLIN COUNTY, 1849.

Court of Peace and Quarter Sessions, March Term, 1849. Arthur Cooke, Esq.

Willis P. Alford, Jeremiah Alford and Beech Alford, Consent to Nuncupative Will of Medicus Alford.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Arthur Alford, who is one of the next of kin to Medicus Alford, deceased, beyond the limits of the Statute in relation to nuncupative wills, for six weeks in the Raleigh Times, soliciting him to appear at the Court House in Hillsboro, on the 2nd Monday in June next, to elect to be the probator of said will, and to show cause, if any he has, why said Nuncupative will shall not be admitted to probate and record. Given under my hand at Petersboro, N. C. YOUNG PATTERSON, C. C. C. Pr. adv. 65 024. 22 1/2

PETERSBURG COMMISSION HOUSE, DICKINSON & LESTER.

Bollingsbrook St. Petersburg, Va. WILL give attention to the sale of all kinds of Produce and Forwarding Goods. Refer to Hon. A. W. Venable, Granville, and W. Whiteaker, Jr. Esq. Raleigh. JOHN DICKINSON, R. F. LESTER. Late of Danville. Petersburg, Va. March, 1849.

The Press, Types and Fixtures of the WARRENTON (N. C.) REPORTER OFFICE, FOR SALE.