THE NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA. We publish rather more than we are wont of

where it will take him twenty?

We look for richer accounts by every mail.

#### SAVINGS BANKS.

The New York Herald, after mentioning the very great benefits derived from these institutions on the working classes, by safely keeping their surplus earnings, and allowing them interest on their deposites, states a curious fact : "The interest allowed by those institutions is five per cent. the difference between that and the legal rate of seven per cent, being reserved for expenses, clerk hire, rent, &c. As the institutions, however, grew in favor with the people, it was found that the difference of two per cent, existing between the rate given to depositors, and that at which the banks loaned their deposites, which is the legal interest of seven per cent., was more than sufficient to pay all expenses of conducting the business. The consequence is, that a large surplus fund has accrued in the vaults of almost every institution of this kind in the city, to which there is no legal ownership. These large sums in fact belong to no person; not to the depositors, for they receive the rate of interest tacitly agreed upon when they made their deposites; nor to the directors, for their services are gratuitous. One institution of this kind In New York has a surplus of over half a million of dollars, which is regularly invested, and is accumulating from year to year, by the interest accruing upon it at seven per cent."

DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS. It is reported that the following appointments have been made or are in contemplation : Abbott Lawrence, of Mass., Minister to London. Wm. C. Rives, of Va., Minister to Paris. Baillie Payton, of La., Minister to Chili. Wm. A. Graham, of N. C., Minister to Spain. G.o. P. Marsh, of Vt., Minister to Constantinople.

- Clay, of Kentucky, Charge to Portugal. Edward Kent, of Maine, Charge to Bogota. Judge Chian, of St. Louis, Charge to Naples. Thos. L. Critienden, of Ky., Consul to Liverpool. Lorenzo Draper, of N. Y., Consul to Havre.

Some of these appointments have certainly been made; others may not have been determined on.

CHOLERA AND SMALL POX. At a meeting of the Commissioners of Raleigh on Saturday evening last, the following Ordinance was passed:

Be it ordained by he Commissioners of the City of Raleigh, in view of the prevalence of the Cholera in various parts of the country, and the importance consequently of laving the City cleansed and purified, that the citizens respectively be required forthwith to resort to the use of line on their premium. ises, or to such other means as they may judge proper, for the purpose of destroying all offensive mater of whatsoever character; and that the town Constable be directed to inspect said premises, and see that this Ordinance is properly carried out.

It was further ordered by the Board, that as the Small Pox is known to be in the town of Greensborough, and may by possibility be communicated here, it be recommended to the citizens of Raleigh to have themselves and their families vaccinated without delay.

# SOMETHING NEW.

The last Lincolnton Republican has three marriage notices, which bang out all the efforts of the press in that line. The first happy pair sent a plentiful supply of the rich bridal cake, and thereupon, says the editor, "A portion of it melting on our own palate, while we distributed the rest among our youthful corps of delighted typos, our office resounded with good wishes for a long life of health, prosperity, and felicity to the happy pair. - The jumor leading, all united with him in

Oh! happy pair to every blessing horn
For you may life's calm stream unruffled run,
For you its roses bloom without a thorn,
And bright as morning shine its evening sun."

The singing here, we suppose, was accompanied by a dance of Devils; all which was highly complimentary. The editor, perhaps, did the bass. The second is also accompanied by a 'delicious' quartrain of poetry. The third we give verbatim

et literatim, as follows: On the 24th ult., by John R. Logan, Eaq., Mr. Alston Putman, to Miss Connella Irby. "The world was sad, the gatden was a wild, And Alaton side ti'l fair Cunnells smiled."

UPPER CRUST GENTILITY. on account of the society ?

a shade too dark!

SPEECH OF SENATOR BENTON.

Senator Benton has recently made a speech to the rich tales of California to-day. The wonders his constituents at Jefferson City, Mo., which has at the Town Hall, on Saturday afternoon last, for of that golden land are beginning now to make a created considerable excitement among the 'Debeen impression upon the public mind-and the mocracy." A telegraphic disputch from St. Louis actual receipts of loads of the plittering treasure, says :- That part of it already published tills brings the thing home at once to men's intense thirteen columns of the Jefferson City Enquirer of When Appleton returned home and lectured upon California, all his eloquent declamations, and Convention, and the vote of instructions passed by vivid descriptions, and scientific speculations were the Logislature of Missouri. Col. Benton says he dissipated and put to flight, and rendered valueless, sees but little difference between them, except by his answer to one plain and matter of fact ques- that the former would dissolve the Union immed tion : " Have you any gold?" they asked him .- ately, the latter ultimately. He asserts the right "I am sorry to say I have none," was the reply : of Congress to legislate for the territories, and reand the lecture room of Mr. Appleton was desort- fers to the course of Mr. Calhoun in 1820, on the ed, his eloquence being no longer an attraction: admission of Missouri. He acknowledges the men could not depend upon what he had seen, and right of Congress to legislate on slavery in the ter- and Joel Lewis. could only talk about, but not produce and exhibit. ritories, and to exclude or abolish it if necessary. But with Mr. Parrott and Lieut Beall, the case | The course of Mr. Calhoun, he says, must prevent is very different. The first has some \$60 000 of all compromise. These who deny the right of the real rosy gold, obtained in California, about | Congress to legislate on the subject cannot vote which there can be no romance-no richer elo- for a compromise. The North will not deny the quence! and the latter carries about in his hand, right of Slave-owners to take slave property to and exhibits to every person, a lump of the real California. The law which makes such properstuff, weighing right pounds, and worth about two ty legal, expires when the property is removed to thousand dollars ! Now, as seeing is b livering and territory for which Congress has not legislated .feeling the naked truth, such strong arguments are Territorial governments are the creatures of Conperfectly convincing-and the furore for Califor- gress. In Oregon he says slavery was prevented nia, which had measurably subsided, begins to by the Benton proviso. There is nothing practiprevail once more very extensively, and the talk | cal cr real in the whole slavery question to quaris of travelling. If men can getrich by one year's rel about. The territory would not have it, unless labor in California, what's the use of staying here, It is forced on them by Congress, and the denial by the South of the right would preclude the pos-But our readers may speculate for themselves. sibility of that. Col. Benton does not say how he would vote on the Wilmot proviso."

#### OFFICES FOR VIRGINIA.

It having been reported several times that one of the editors of the Richmond Republican would receive an office at Washington City, that paper [of May 30,] disclaims the wish or design of accepting office by the editor alluded to. Yet the same paper seems to look upon the appointment of Mr. Wm. C. Rives to the French Mission, as all right and proper, because "the highest talents and qualifications should be selected, without reference to residence."

The Virginia press is usually pretty cool upon this subject, and seems to think it quite natural that Virginians should be entitled to nearly all the offices of the country-hereditarily, we suppose, because it has always been so; and it has going well nigh to be regarded among them that an F. F. V. has two claims to any other American's

We imagine that the people of North Carolina will look upon this appointment (should it be made,) with great disgust. Rives (if we mistake not.) was one of those Virginia Senators who voted for the Expunging Resolution-a black act of political usurpation-and he is one who has been on so many sides of the political blanket, as very palpably to expose to question his consistency and honesty. If his appointment were politic in other respects, as a Virginian, he himself is very objec-

We have never been able to see why Virginia should receive so many offices-what pectdist claims she has. She never votes for us-cannot now be expected to support the Administrationbut so far as her action as a State is concerned, will do all she can to put it down. We confess we should like to see a little modesty tempering the rapacity of her office-seekers--some little show, better; he was attacked with neuralgia. among her people, of being antisfied with less than everething !

The "sublime self-conceit and assurance of these" Virginians would be astonishing, were they not so well known. If the whole continent were one more family in the country, north of town, in Virginia show an increased democratic strength, under their authority, and they embraced among which it is hoped that the care taken in vaccina- as it is called-increased over the standard of the his own person "the wisdom of Solomon, the valour tacks on other members of the family. The other Washington rejoices alike in both results, and is of Alexander, the military genius of Napoleon, the elequence of Demosthenes, the wealth of Croesus, the physical strength of Heroules, and the unspotted virtue of Adam before his fall," they could not place a higher estimate upon themselves- such pyramids of human greatness are they, compared with the mole-hills of common humanity !

If they do not get all the offices, therefore it will . not be because they do not ask and expect them-Washington City being all the time full of them, of the black family have since been attacked, but greedy and rapacious above measure.

# LOUISIANA.

WHIG NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS. iana are all made, and are as follows : First District-O. P. Jackson,

Second do Charles M. Conrad. Third do Richard Stewart. Fourth do Octavius N. Ogden.

In the last Congress the second district was ly .- Greenshoro' Pat. represented by a Whig, (Mr. Thibodeaux)-all the others by Democrats. In the Presidential election, however, every district gave a majority for Taylor. The New Orleans Bulletin, says :-

In the late Presidential canvass, every Congres sional District in the State was carried by a han some majority for Gen. Taylor, and why should we not be able to do the same in November next? We really see no reason why, by proper exer-tion, Louisiana cannot have an entire Taylor delegation in Congress. It would be a most appro-priate and gratifying compliment to the glorious old here, to whom the State gave such an efficient and cordial support from the first moment that he was named for the high office which he now so ably administers. Let us, then, start in the present campaign with this determination, and let our friends in each of the districts commence at one. with a good will, and with an unwavering resolu-tion to effect that result, and we feel but little doubt that it can be accomplished.

THE OVERFLOW IN NEW ORLEANS.

A despatch received in Baltimore from New Oreans to the 36th ult., brings intelligence that, in heels upwards." spite of all efforts to stop the crevesse, the water We have heard of a family not a thousand miles was still rising, and that labor was perfectly lost in from this City, so excruciatingly genteel, that they attempting to sublice it. "Already one-half the city," refused permission to one of their negro men to says the despatch, "is inundated, and the inhabimarry a female slave, the property of a secchanic, tants are flying from their homes. All business was being wound up, and all who could do so son, D. D., of South Carolina, presided. The next This reminds us of an old negress, (as black were leaving for the North, to escape a season that meeting of the Convention is to be held in Nashherself us the acc of spades,) whose undate daugh- it was feared would be the most deadly in the hister being about to be married, objected to one of tory of the city. The cholers is also spreading, es- delegation from North Carolina consisted of Rev. the bride's maids selected, because her color was pecially in those parts of the city that are inunda- Mesers, J. J. Finch, N. A. Purify, J. J. Brantley,

A meeting of the Citizens of Raleigh was held the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate pendence-the Intendant, WH. DALLAS HATWOOD,

Esq., in the Chair. A Committee, consisting of the following gen-Messrs. W. H. Jones, Hamden S. Smith, Thomas | kins, Esq., it was W. Dewey, James J. Iredell William R. Miller, and Col. W. H. H Tucker.

The following is the Committee, on the part of the "Guards," viz: Lieuts. Yarborough, Gales and Stewart, Sergeant Procter, and Privates J. J. Ryals

#### NAILED TO THE COUNTER.

General Taylor has been greatly belied by the opposition press, who represent him as merely mating one of his cabinet, and putting himself on a level with them, by voting with them on every im-

You may be assured that this is a Locofoco innuation ; the whole history of Gen. Taylor's life, his character, and his well known acts in times of difficulty forbid the belief of such an aspersion. He is fully conscious of his position, he knows that he and not his cabinet were elected by the people to excute their will, and he acts as independently here as he did on the Rio Grande. It is really astonishing that his well known characteristics should be so soon forgotten by those who were the first to behold in them the materials fit to form the head of the government. Gen. Taylor is more a president than ever Gen. Jackson was, for he is never the slave of his prejudices or his passions, and hesitates as little to take the responsibility when he deems it necessary. We know what he was as commander in the field and you may be sure that he is not very different in the cabinet .- N. Y. Mirror.

#### EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Wednesday the 23d ult, was the day appointed for the meeting in St. Luke's church, Salisbury, of the 33d annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the State of North Carolina; but we learn that the Right Reverend Bishop of the Diocese, being detained on the way by indisposition, did not reach there in time to organize the convention on that day. On Thursday, the 24th, the Bishop appeared, took his seat, and opened the convention with prayer; after which the Rev. Joseph B. Cheshire was elected Secretary.

The Bishop being again attacked by severe illness was unable to attend the meetings of the convention, whereupon the Rev. Dr. R. S. Muson was unanimously chosen President, pro tem.

A large number of delegates, clerical and lay, and other persons from various parts of the State, were in attendance on the Convention, and we learn that the parochial and other reports made, gave evidence of the prosperity of the church, and that although some excitement prevailed at the opening of the convention, in regard to a rumor of rusual forms and practices in parts of the dioeese, yet the difficulties where fully adjusted, and the convention adjourned on Monday in perfect harmony and good feelings, to meet in Christ church, Elizabeth City, on the 3d Wednesday in

The health of the Bishop at the last advices was Lincolaton Cour.

# THE SMALL POX.

Since our last the small pox has appeared in and rapidly recovering.

say has proved fatal in two cases. Asenath Mc-Albert Y. McAdoo, died on Tuesday morning last. In both these cases the disease is said to have exhibited its most malignaut characteristics. Five none of them are yet dangerously ill.

In town the disease is still confined within the two families noticed in our last. At Mr. C. N. thom, time may also disclose. McAdoo's all are recovering. At Mr. Underwood's, The Whig nominations for Congress in Louisi- the case that first occurred has taken a favorable turn, but other members of the family probably cannot escape the affliction, modified, it is to be hoped, by vaccination. The most rigorous measures to prevent the spread of the contagion cortinue to be enforced, and we trust will result effectual-

# THE LOCOFOGO CANDIDATE.

Mr. Lane, the Locofoco candidate for Congress in this district, did not make his appearance here last week, nor has he gone to Hyde court this week, though this- is the last court there before the election. By the way, we have heard it said that as his chief argument in the canvass two years ago was "Billy Lane has never been braten," he is now in great tribulation to know what substitute he shall make therefor, that will be satisfactory to his "democratic friends." Again it is surmised that he is still unable to " tell his head from his heels," Whether one or both of these causes have kept him from mingling with the people, we are unable to say.

Again,here's a health to thee, 'Billy Lane!' And n quaffing it allow us to gave thee a piece of advice :- Nothing can serve a genuine Locofoco like a good stout hobby. Start something, no matter what-any thing will unite "the party," down this way. But in mounting be careful not to get on N. S. Whig.

The Southern Baptist Convention, which adjourned its session from Nashville, Tenn., in consequence of the prevalence of cholera, met in Charles ton, S. C., on the 23d oft. The Rev. Wm. B. John ville, Tenn., on the 2d Friday in May 1851. The J. McDaniel, C. D. Ellis, L. Peterson.

RAIL ROAD MEETING IN FRANKLIN.

FRANKLISTON, June 1st, 1849. At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of the Courties of Franklin and Granville, assembled at following, from his description of the hattle of North the approaching Anniversary of American Inde- the Hotel of Col. Powlkes, in Franklinton, to take Point, is quoted as a specimen: under consideration the Rail Road projects of the last General Assembly, Col. E. T. Fowlkes was last General Assembly, Col. E. T. Fowlkes was in the van, proceeded without resistance about four called to the Chair, and Dr. W. W. Green was miles, when, gallandy encountered by two compatlemen, was designated to co-operate with a Com- sppointed Secretary. The object of the meeting mittee on the part of the "RINGGOLD GUARDS," in having been explained in a brief but pertinent admaking suitable preparations for the occasion, viz: dress by the Chairman, on motion of Clem. Wil-

Resolved, That the Chairmen appoint a Commitee of five to report Resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

Whereupon, John D. Hawkins, sen., Allen C. A. Jeffreys were appointed, who, after retiring a English. short time, made the following Report :

Resolved. That this meeting highly approve the vast utility and practicability: That upon the success of the Central Rail Road depends the welfare of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road: That the completion of the former will ensure the success of the latter; and when both shall have been completed, a new era of prosperity will be unfolded for North Carolina, developing her resources now ly-ing dormant, and will place her upon the high nd of successful progress, which as a great

the whole State should be enlisted and brought to bear upon these great works, so as to ensure

their complete success.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the Rail Road Convention proposed to be held at Salisbury on the 14th inst., and we think, upon the action of that Convention will depend greatly the success of the whole work ;-therefore, it should be looked to

Resoled. That the following persons be appointed Delegates to said Convention, with the earnest request that they attend and represent the interests of this part of the State, which we deem vitally interested: to wit—John D. Hawkins, sr., Dr. John O'Brien, Isaac Davis, R. F. Yarbrough, Dr. Willie Perry, D. W. Spivey, Dr. Wood T. Johnson, Dr. Peter A. Foster, Dr. Ed. Cradup, A. C. Perry, Clem. Wilkins, Dr. W. W. Green, Wm. F. Hilliard, R. C. Maynard, James Shaw, Dr. Willie

On motion A. C. Perry, the Chairman was aded to the list of Delegates. On motion of Mr. Wilkins, it was

Resolved, That Newspapers friendly to the cause of Internal Improvement be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

All the above Resolutions were unanimously adopted.

ED. T. FOWLKES, Ch.

From the Baltimore American. THE UNITED DESIGNACY in Connecticut, New

1 No more slave territory or slave States. 2 The abolition of slavery in the District of Co-

3 The extension of the Wilmot proviso over the Perritories of California and New Mexico. 4 Liberal appropriations by Congresss for the

provement of rivers and harbors. 5 Equal suffrage for men of all colors.

6 The repeal of all Tariffs. 7 Direct taxat on for the support of the Govern-

8 The Sub Treasure

This basis is the result of a confition between the Hunker and the Barnburning wings, the letter having prevailed in that struggle for ascendency between the two.

The Congressional elections in Connecticut and their citizens thousands who combined, each in than will mitigate its violence, and modify its at- previous election. The late official paper at cases in the country, north, are all reported as mild full of expectation of further democratic victories. The union of the old democratic party in Connec-In the country south, the affliction has not yet tient was open and undisquised, and of the "demspread beyond a single family, but we regret to ocratic" representatives from that State one is an avowed abolitionist and has been one for years .-Adoo died on Sunday night, and her brother, Dr. Nevertheless the democratic success in Connecticut is very cheering to Southern allies.

The various factions which intend to oppose Gen. Taylor's administration will soon be developed and defined. What bonds of unity there may be between them, save the common object of hostility to an administration that will countenance none of

#### ARREST OF A CLERGYMAN. A letter received at the office of the True Wes-

leyan announces the fact that the Rev. Jarvis G. Bacon, of the Allegheny Wesleyan Conference, oreacher on Gravson Circuit, Va., has deep arrested and committed for trial in that State, charged with the crime of circulating a Bible argument against slavery, and loaning Frederick Donglass' parrative "with felonious intent," &c. If convicted, the penalty is imprisonment for one or five years.

#### BAD NEWS FROM ST LOUIS. THE CHOLERA INCREASING.

ST. Louis, May, 30th .- The Health report of this city for the week ending the 28th, has created much excitement,-two hundred and eighty-six deaths having occurred, one hundred and eighteen of which were of cholera.

BALTIMORE, May 31, The Cholera has last broke out in our city, and two persons have fallen victims to the disease, one of whom was named John Orndroff, who died last slave depot.

NORFOLK, Va., May 80 The board of Health report 12 cases of Cholera, lored; four of the cases proved fatal. The victims were 3 whites and one colored.

New ORLEANS, May 30 In spite of all the efforts to stop the great cre-

INGERSOLE'S WAR OF 1812. This book is said to be full of the same faults of

style as the other works of the same author. The

"Gen. Ross, accompanied by Admiral Cochrane nies of Sterrett's fine regiment, led by Captains Levering and Howard, and Capt. Aisquith's rifle company, composing an advance detached under Major Richard Heath, accompanied as a volunteer by Robert Goedloe, long one of the most distin-guished members of Congress, bringing on what was called the battle of North Point by fortunately killing General Ross."

The title of this work ought to be slightly altered. Perry, Clem. Wilkins, Isaac H. Davis, and Dr. S. It should be styled Ingersoll's War with the King's

ERNEST ACGUSTINE, of Hanover, is the only action of the last Legislature upon the subject of Internal Improvements, and fully believe in their 1848 has witnessed more changes among the Eu-1848 has witnessed more changes among the European sovereigns than even 1839. The nggregate of sovereign has been reduced from 47 to 33. Six monarchs have either made a voluntary or forcible abdication of power, viz : Louis Philippe, on the 24th of February; Louis, of Bavaria, on the 21st of March; Charles Prince of Hohenzollern Sigmaringern, on the 28th of April; Henri tate, she is so eminently entitled to occupy.

LXII, Prince of Renas Lobenstein Eberdoff, on the Resolved, That the patriotism, talents and wealth lat of October, Joseph, Duke of Saxe Altenbourgh, on the 30th of November; and the Ferdinand 1, of Austria, and Parma have been forced to abdicate by their subjects; but the first has recovered his power, and the duchy of the second is governed in is name by the Austrians. Three reigning princes have died-Christian VII of Denmark, on the with interest, and should be numerously attended by all the friends of Internal Improvement throughstadt, on the 16th of June; and Gustavus, Land-20th of Jan.; Louis 1, Grand Duke of Hesse Darm- 95. grave of Hesse Homberg, on the 8th of Septem-

We hear from Washington (says the Richmond Whig)that the course of the Washington Union has excited very greatedissatisfaction among the Democratic office-holders. Some, who are even indebted for their office to the Editor of the Union, say its conduct has been outrageous. It is unjust Person, P. P. Perry, Jos. Kearny, R. W. Godwin, by the administration—but that they could have borne with—and heartless and cruel to the Dam. borne with-and heartless and cruel to the Dem-

The policy of the Union, it is said, is to provoke the Administration to make a clean sweep. To this end, the President and its Cabinet are daily abused in the coarsest terms, and whenever a Democrat is re-appointed, it is imputed to fear. This, the office-holding Democracy consider an ungrateful return for favors rendered, and a just provocation to a wholesale decapitation. But they need not fear. The billingsgate of the Union cannot York, Ohio and Wisconsin, have established a raffle Old Zack's equanimity. He will not be proplatform, of which the general features are the fol- voked to turn out all. He intends to shake off the ban of proscription, which has rested upon half of the American people for many years, and bring about something like equality. In effecting this, some blood will be spilt-but not all.

GOLD HUNTING IN MASSACHUSETTS .- In consequence of the statement of a cunning convict in the State prison at Charlestown, the City Marshal and Warden went with him to Barnstable to procure \$50,000 of stolen money, \$34,000 of it belonging to the Wheeling Bank, which was robbed sixteen years ago. In a piece of woods the search commenced, and a hole four feet deep was dug straight down, then an excavation four feet to the right was made. The convict, who had been digging, got the Marshal to take his place. The idea struck the Marshal favorably, and he readily assented to the proposition; descended the ladder entered head foremost the sideway passage excavated by his disinterested fellow-laborer, and commenced removing carefully the earth supposed to Warden, bending over to receive the money as it was to be handed up, was suddenly pushed head foremost into the well by the convict. He instantly threw a quantity of dirt in upon them, much to the detriment of their eyesight, and, taking to his heels, effected his escape, leaving the two officers to get out as they could, with their labor only to reward their adventure.

# DEFALCATIONS.

A letter from Washington says: It is said that several of the parties who have been turned out of office have supplicated Father Ritchie not to mention their cases-being afraid the administration would divulge the causes which led to their dismissals. It is a matter well-known that defalcations have been discovered among officials to a great extent. When Congress meets, the information can be called for, and it will doubtless be promptly furnished. It will then be discovered that some of the worst cases of proscription are those of persons who have dishonestly used

the trust committed to their charge. Norfolk Beacen.

Hon. John P Kennedy, of Baltimore, is engaged in writing the live of the late William Wirt. The work, which is nearly ready for the press, is comprised in two octavo volumes, and will contain the correspondence of Mr. Wirt, much of which is of great interest, particularly illustrating the political history of the times in which he lived.

The reporter of the "Alta California" says he has seen a piece of gold, found in the river Stanislans, by a man of the name of Weber, weighing 78 unces and valued at \$1,248.

The great Bacon has said, that the greatness of kingdoms consists in those six things : Ist. That true greatness doth require a fit aituation of the night, and the other was a negro at Donovan's place or region; 2d. That true greatness consiststh essentially in population and breed of men : Ed.-That it consisteth also in the valor and military disposition of the people it breadeth; 4th. That it consisteth in this point, that every common subject for the week ending Tuesday, 6 white and 6 co- by the poll be fit to make a soldier, and not only certain conditions and degrees of men; 5th. That it consists in the temper of the government fit to keep the subjects in good heart and courage, and is us. not to keep them in the condition of serville vassals; and 6. That it consisteth in the commandment of rause, the water is still rising, and labor is perfect- the sea. One would almost think, were it not for ly lost in attempting to subdue it. Already half the amachronism, that this great man was only of the city is inundated; the inhabitants are flying drawing a picture of America; for in all these from their bouses, and business matters are being points where shall we look for a model so perform at

A NEW PROMP OF INTOXICATION.

"How," said a Judge in Mi-protein and on the stand; "How do you know that it is also if

was intoxicated on the evening of cost of "Because I saw him a few minmuss trying to pull off his trowsers with a train

Verdict for the defendant. See Blacksone page 37, cr. Gin and Sugar.

#### REPORT OF MARKETS.

Under this head, we give the latest news we see up to the time of going to press. Our readers may rely apon the accuracy with which we copy the

RICHMOND, June 4-Receipts and inspections of Tobacco large, with no change in prices.

New York, June 2—Since the Steamer's news,

Cotton has declined | c. Sales of 4000 bushels of Cotton has declined \$\delta\$. Sales of 4000 bushels of prime white Corn at 60 c. and 20,000 bushels prime yellow at 64 c. There has been somewhat more activity in stocks to-day, with an upward tendency. June 4—There has been nothing done here since Saturday, in either Cotton or Flour.—Corn is depressed, with a downward tendency.

Baltimore, June 4—No transactions in Flour.
Howard street, 45 a. 25 a.

Howard street, 4 62 a 4 75. Nothing done in City Mills. Sales of prime Red Wheat at 110.-We have to note a slight advance in Corn. Yel-low is selling at 531, and White at 59 c per bushel. PRTERSBURG, June 4-Tobacco-lugs 2 to 34; Leaf 34 to 6; bulk of sales 5 to 7. Cotton active at 6½ to 7. Wheat, but little, at 85 to 90.—Corn, small business, at 50 c. Bacon 7½ to 7½. Lard 74 to 8.

FAYSTTEVILLE, June 5—But little produce in market. Cotton 6 a 6 d. Flour 4 a 4 62. Corn scarce: 55 to 60 c. Bacon 6 d to 7.

At Wilmington-Bacon, hog round, 7 to 71 Corn 45 to 50. Fayetteville Flour 4 25 to 4 75 Lard 7 to 74. Lumber-Flooring boards 7 50 to 8 00. Timber 3 00 to 7 00. Turpentine, yellow dip 1 90 to 1 95, virgin 2 50 to 2 55, hard

95. Spirits 25 c.

At CHERAW—Cotton 5 to 73. Sales 206 bales.

Bacon 6 to 63. Corn 50 to 56. Flour 4 50 to 5.

At Augusta—Cotton 6 to 7 1. At COLUMBIA. 6 to 7\$. At Charleston—Cotton 6] to 7\$. North Car-

olina corn 55 to 60. Flour 51 to 54. Total receipts of Cotton 2,580,970 bales, against 2,119,345 last year.

#### MARRIED.

In Hyde County, on the 8th ult. Rev. Peter II, Joyner, of the N. C. Conference, to Mrs. Lavinia H. Howard.

#### DIED.

On Sunday, the 3d inst. at her residence in this City, Mrs. FRANCES DEVEREUX, in the 80th year of her age.

# State of North Carolina.

PIST COUNTY. COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, ? May, June, 1849.

Joseph Raiggoold, Executor,

The Legaters and Distributees

of James Ringgoold, deceased, IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that some of the Legatees and Distributors of James Ringgoold deceased, live beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Ralsigh Times, a newspaper published in the town of Raleigh, for all persons who are in any way interested in the estate of James Ringgoold deceased, late of Pitt County, to be and appear at our next Court to be held on the first Monday in August next, at the Court House in Greenville, and make themselves parties to this position, and receive the amounts due to them, or the same will be taken pro confess, and heard accordingly, and the decree made as prayed

for.
Witness, William D. Moye, Clerk of our said
Court at office in Greenville, the first Monday of May, A. D., 1849. WILLIAM D. MOYE, Clerk. June 8, 1849. (Pr. adv. 35 624.) 27—6w

# Soda Water.

MY Soda Fountain is in operation, and it affords me pleasure to inform my friends, and the pub-lic generally, that more delightful Soda Water and Syrups cannot be found anywhere.

Syrups cannot be found anywhere.

I have an ample supply of Soda Water Bottles on land, and families can be furnished at any time, with any quantity of Soda Water, flavored to suit the palate, by application to P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, June 8, 1849

# Congress Water.

THERE may be found a supply of Congress Wa-ter at my Establishment, fresh from the Springs, and I will keep it on Ice, (as heretofore,) for the ac-commodation of my customers.

P. F. PESCUD Raleigh, June 8, 1849.

# CHOLERA! CHOLERA!

ALL who may be apprehensive of having Chalcre or Diarrheas, in their families, should send to the subscriber and get a Bettie of Bernard's Diarrhera Medicine. It is one of the best medicines over prepared for Cholera, Diarrhesa, Chelic, Cramps and Summer Complaints in Children.

P. F. PESCUD. Ral-igh, June 8, 1849.

#### PROSPECTUS OF THE REPUBLIC.

THE undersigned will, on the 13th day of June next, begin the publication in the City of Washington of a Daily Whig Administration Faper, to be called The Republic, the editorial supervision and management of which will be committed to the exclusive care of Alexander C. Bullitt and John O. Saperat.

Sargent.

The Republic will give to the principles upon which the Administration of General Taylor came into power a cordial, zenious and constant support. It will be a faithful record of the times; it will discuss public measures in an impartial and independent spirit; it will be a vehicle of the latest and most authentic information, it will be in a week a californ severe. will be a vehicle of the latest and most authentic in-formation; it will be, in a word, a political newspa-per devoted to the liberalizing and progressive dec-trines which prevailed in the late Presidential can-vass; to the interests of labor, as developed in the wants of Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures, and to the cause of Literature, Science, and general it this wants.

and to the cause of Laterature, Science, and general it tiligence.

The Republic will acknowledge no allegiumne except to the country. It will aim to ment the coundence and support of the American People. It will be the organ of no person, or purry, or fraction of a party, in that compulsory scuse water to would indee it toom speaking boldly said candiday to the People about whatever it conterns them to know.

The Republic will be printed on a famile-royal abeet, in a new, large, clear, madulic type.

Besides the daily paper, there will be published a Tri-Weekly and Weekly Republic, purio up of the most interesting and important matter of the Daily is no.

For the Unity Repaids

For the Tri-Weekly

For the Weekly

No paper will be sent unless the order is seen

misd by the money.

All Communications upon business most be udd