Warren county was formed in 1779 out of old Bute county, which was what is now known as Franklin and Warren counties and that portion of Vance county cut off from

Its present area is about 500 square miles. Population (1890), 19,866. Chief Products.-Tobacco, Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Grasses, Gold and Granite. Surface.-Hilly and rolling. Soil .- Loam and Clay. No waste land, all well watered by streams.

OFFICERS. Judge of the Superior Court, Second District: Hon. H. R. Bryant, New Berne, N. C. Judge of the Criminal Court, Eastern District: Hon. T. H. Sutton, Fayetteville, N. C. Solicitor of Courts: Hon. W. E Daniel

Tongressman of Second District: Hon.

Time of Court. Superior Court: Third Mondays in March and September of each year. Criminal Courts Third Monday in Jannary and second Monday in July of each

COUNTY OFFICERS. Clerk of Court: W. A. White, Warrenton'

Sheriff; J. B. W. Jones, Shocco, N. C. Register of Deeds: M. F. Thornton, War-Treasurer: N. M. Palmer, Macon, N. C. Surveyor: C. H. Scott, Warrenton, N. C.

County Commissioners: M. J. Hawkins, Chairman; W. B. Fleming, P. H. Allen, W 8. Gardner and J. H. Wright. County Physician: Dr. P. J. Macon, War-Board of Education: John Graham, W.

E. Davis and J. P. Williams. County Supervisor: J. R. Rodwell. Pubtic Examination day: 2nd Thursdays in July, September, November and April. Fee on these days &1 in advance, all other days

Situated on high rolling lands, three miles from the great S. A. L. system of R. R.'s and connected with said system by the W.

Communications with all the world by the Postal telegraph and Western Union telegraph companies, and telephone system. Good water and a health record second to ao other town in America. Population,

OFFICERS. Mayor: J. H. Kerr, Jr. Treasurer: W. R. Watson.

Chief of Police: J. W. Allen. Commissioners: H. J. White, W. A. Burwell, W. G. Rogest, Dr. C. A. Thomas, J. W. Harris, J. M. Ransom, J. S. Plummer. CHURCHES.

M. E. Church: Rev. J. O. Guthrie, pastor, Services every second and fourth Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8. p. m. Sun-day school at 9 o'clock a. m., H. A. Boyd, superintendent,

Baptist: Rev. T. J. Taylor, pastor, Services every first, third and fourth Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8, p. m. Sunday school at 9 o'clock a. m., J. R. Rodwell, Presbyterian: Rev. C. N. Wharton, pasi

tor. Services every first and third Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m., and 8, p. m. Oine, Greenback, Churchill, Odell, Mt. View Wise, Embro, Arcola, Warren Plains, Fitts, Merry Mt., Ridgeway, Popular Mt., Newmans, Inez, Creek, Marmaduke, Grove Hill, Vaughan, Afton, Brodie, Vicksboro, Axtell

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WARRENTON, - - - N. O. por Will Attend to Business.

# STILL WAITING ANXIOUSLY

Long Says the Report of the Board Has Not Arrived.

A SPECIAL MESSAGE LIKELY.

President in Consultation With His Cabinet, But There Was No Incldents of Real Importance.

Last Saturday's news from Washing ton says President McKinley, members of the Cabinet, Congressmen, all official Washington and the public generally are eagerly, anxiously awaiting thereport of the naval board of inquiry, which will set forth the cause of the explosion that wrecked the "Maine," and perhaps fix the guilt or innocence of the Spanish people.

Secretary Long declares that the report has not as yet been received. All that can be learned is that the administration expects to have it in the

course of the next few days. This may be true, but there is good reason to believe that the President will know what the verdict is sooner than 'in the course of a few days.'

The special message of the President is not likely to go to Congress until the last of the week. In the meantime Congress is very restire. Reports that the administration is in favor of further trial of autonomy in Cuba excites indignation among the members of Con-

Administration Will Stand Firm. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt says there is and will be no recession from the stand taken by this government towards Spain. The administration, he declares, has mapped out its plans, and will firmly carry them out.

Ordering the "Massachusetts" and 'Texas' to Hampton Roads, where they are to be joined by the "Brooklvn," "Columbia" and "Minneapolis" was for the purpose of better protecting

the Atlantic coast, he says. The intimation that Spain did not like the fleet at Key West had nothing to do with the ordering of the war vessels to the northern Atlantic.

President Was Busy Sunday, President Mckinley did not attend church Sunday, as is his custom, but instead spent two hours and more in conference with several members of the cabinet. Assistant Secretary Day called and remained an hour, Secretary Long Secretary Bliss were the other members present. They remained less than an hour.

Commander Clover, in company with Mr. Flint, who has been acting for the government in the negotiations for the purchase of warships also called and were shown to the President's private The members of the cabinet on leaving the White House, said that there was no special significance in the meeting. The report of the Maine court of inquiry had not been received, nor was it definitely known when it would reach here. It was expected, however, early in the present week and as soon as received it would be handed at once to the President, and when it had been read and considered by the President it would be made

Secretary Long in speaking of the report, said that while fully realizing its importance, the country, in his opinion, would willingly accord to the Pres-ATTORNEY - AT - LAW. ident a day or two if necessary for its considerations. The indications seem to be that the report will be made public by the middle of the present week.

Aside from the meeting of several members of the cabinet at the White House there were no incidents of importance during the day. Judge Day, Assistant Secretary and Chief Clerk Michael and other officials were at the State Department, but this has been quite common during the recent months. Also at the War and Navy Departments a number of chiefs of bureaus were at their desks for several hours, mainly for the purpose of disposing of the business which recently has accumulated so rapidly.

The most interesting topic of the day was based on the dispatches from Havana indicating a prospective conference between General Pando and Generala Garcia, Gomez and others of the insurgent army, for the purpose of submitting to the latter a formal offer fo autonomy. The basis of autonomy as outlined in the dispatches apparently found no credence with the officials of the Spanish legation. They stated their disbelief that a conference on the proposed lines was probable and added that they had no information on the subject, Minister Poloy Bernabe expressed the opinion that the report from Havana was unfounded, as he said the basis upon which it was pro-

posed to grant autonomy was absurd. A Cuban Relief Train. A relief fund of \$9,033 in cash and twenty-one car-loads of provisions and clothing collected in Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma, for the starving Cubans

of Matanzas, have been forwarded south from Kansas City. These relief measures are being carried out under the management of the Kansas City Star, and agents of the Star will aid in the distribution at Matanzas, under the direction of United States Consul Brice. This relief is being carried free on a special train over the Memphis road to Memphis, thence over the Illino's Central to New Orleans. The United States government has guaranteed the transportation from New Orleans to Matanzas. The principal articles of food sent are wheat, flour, corn meal, rice, potatoes, rolled oats, condensed milk and soup extracts. The contributions of clothing include a great number of calico dresses for women and children, mostly of the "Mother Hubbard" pattern, made by various church sewing circles.

The New Military Department. In order to correct a misunderstanding which exists, it is stated that the new military department recently created, whose headquarters are to be at Atlanta, will be known as the Depart-ment of the Gulf, General Graham, at present commanding the Department of Texas, assuming charge. The purpose was to include in the confines of the new department that part of the country which would be in in all likelihood nearest to the field of hostilities, in case it should come to that. The department is to include the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, all of which, except the last are at present attached to the Department of the East. Atlanta was chosen as the headquarters of the new department because of its fine strategical situation, being the centre of so many railroad connections. The Department of the Missouri and Texas are abolished, and the headquarters of the latter, which have been at San An-

tonio for so many years, are aban-

Navy Wants More Men.

The navy department is preparing to send out several thousand notices to be posted in the principal towns throughout the United States calling for enlistments for the navy. The advertise-ments call for men between eighteen WILL BE SENT TO CONGRESS and thirty-five years of age, except ordinary seamen who must be between eighteen and thirty. The navy department is experiencing the most difficulty in securing seamen.

## CABINET FIRM.

The Action on Cuba is Certain by the

United States. Washington, (Special). - The Cabinet meeting on the 22d lasted something over an hour and was devoted exclusively to the Spanish situation in general, and to the forthcoming report of the Maine court of inquiry, in particular. The tone of the discussion was very firm and determined that there must come an end to the present state of affairs in Cuba. Secretary Long authorized the statement that the understanding before the Cabinet was that the report would reach Washington Thursday or Friday, that it was voluminous and that its publication and transmission to Congress would not occur until next Monday or Tuesday, as the President would require that much time to give the document mature consideration its momentous character required.

All Against Arbitration.

There is a strong feeling in Congress against international arbitration, which it is now believed Spain will request upon receiving the report of the United States court of inquiry.

Any proposition from Spain for the appointment of a neutral court of naval experts to review the findings of the court will be considered an imputation of unfair dealing on the part of the American naval officers.

Holding Back Its Report. The Spanish government has received its report of the blowing up of the

'Maine," which it is witholding until the report of the United States board of inquiry is made public. The Spanish report may be issued in an amend-Inspecting the Forts.

General Graham, commander of the Department of the Gulf, has left Atlanta on a tour of inspection. He was accompanied by Lieutenant Barney and Lieutenant Raber. The officers go first to Charleston and then to Savannah, St. Augustine, Key West, Mobile, Pensacola, New Orleans and Galveston, in the order pamed. The party will go West and return up the west coast.

The military stations to be inspected are: Sullivan's Island and Fort Sumter; Tybee Island; St. Francis Barracks, St. Augustine, Fla.; Key West, Fla.; Key West Barracks, Key West; Fort Mangum, Mobile, Ala.; Forts Barrancas and Pickens, Florida; Forts St. Phillips and Jackson, Louisiana; Fort Point, Galveston, Texas.

Fort Caswell Ready for Business, Battery I, Second Artillery, which reached Fort Caswell last Saturday, is now fully prepared for serious work. The position commands at short range the water approaches to Wilmington, and is one of the strongest on the coast, Though already well fortified, two additional ten mch guns will soon be in

The Maine's Dead Number 266. Chaplain Chidwick has completed his mortuary report, which shows that 257 men and 2 officers perished in the catastrophe, 6 succumbed to their injuries in the Sanambros Hospital in Havana, one died on the Spanish transport Colon; 171 bodies have been recovered from the wreck, of which 61 have been identified, 160 have been buried in Colon cemetery and 11 at Key West. This is the official report, made public, after careful correction, for the first time. It is probable that many more identifications will be established when the enlistment records are compared with the notes in Chaplain Chidwick's possession of marks on

Hanged on the Way to Jall. In Dallas county, Alabama, Sam Ellis, a negro, confessed in a justice's court of attempting to assassinate H. A. Hardy, who was shot while in his store in October. The court ordered the negro to jail, but a mob took the prisoner to the woods and hanged him to a limb. His body was found and cut down.

Probably Killed by Moonshiners. W. O. Thompson, a white farmer, was found murdered in the woods. three miles from his home, near Sylacauga, Ala. He had given testimony against the illicit distillers of his section and it is generally believed that they murdered him, as he had been summoned as a witness in other cases

against them. Killing of Postmaster Baker. After five weeks of consideration the coroner's jury at Lake City, S. C., found that Postmaster Baker and child came to their deaths by gunshot wounds in the hands of persons unknown to the jury. The reward of \$1,500 for each conviction, offered by the government, is said to be the largest of the kind on record, and as the State also offered \$500, it is probable that the detectives are holding their evidence until the coroner's jury had disposed of the case.

Big Swindle in Time Checks. Information has reached the government, through a number of banks at St. Paul, Minn., that during the past year and more, these and other nearby banks have been made the victims of colossal frauds through the suspected collusion of government clerks connected with the commission having in charge the improvements on the upper Mississippi river. Full details of the affair have not yet reached the government, but the statements submitted by the banks indicate that the sum of \$300,000 or more has been procured from them through fraudulent time checks for services never performed.

Lyon Will Be Appointed. The President has announced to members of the Iowa congressional delegation that he had decided to appoint Judson Lyons, the negro Republican national committeeman from Georgia, to be Register of the Treasury, to succeed the late B. K. Bruce.

Spain and Cuba, An extensive exploration of the geological and topographical features of Alaska will be made by the Geologi-

How President McKinley Will Proceed When He Receives it.

And a Copy Will Be Laid Before the Spanish Government-War Prepa-

rations Still Active.

The latest news from Washington says the procedure in connection with the submission of the report of Maine court of inquiry by the President to Congress is now clearly outlined, and a cabinet officer has explained the general line of action at present intended to be pursued upon teceipt of the report, which is expected to reach Washington on the 24th. A copy of it will be laid before the Spanish government very early, and as soon as can be consistently done, the report will be sert to Congress and made public at the same time. The report to Congress will be accompanied by a message from the President stating that after receiving the report the conclusions were laid before the Spanish government and appropriate action from that quarter asked. It is stated positively that no part of the report, and no intimation of the findings, has reached the executive authorities in Washington as yet. At the same time it is a noticeable fact that the current of official opinion is beginning to follow that of the unofficial opinion, expressed so positively and persistently at Havana and Key West; that the cause of the explosion was external. Officials high in the administration state that while these were wholly without exact information as to the findings of the court of inquiry, they found themselves sharing in the apparently intangible conviction that the cause of the explosion was not accidental. Opinion expressed by the Maine survivors who reached here on the 19th, doubtless has contributed largely to this view in official circles. In this connection it is understood that one of the officers who arrived on that day stated, not as an opinion, but as his personal observation on the night of the disaster, that there were two distinct explosions. The tendency of this is to support the theory of external cause, as this is based on the idea that the first external ex-

plosion was followed by a second internal explosion. Intense interest in the report was manifested on the 21st at the White House and at the War, State and Navy Departments. The President received a filed. number of congressional leaders, among them being Speaker Reed and Chairmad Hitt, of the House committee on foreign affairs. The visit of Mr. Reed naturally attracted much attention, as he seldom leaves the congressional sphere to make calls on the executive branch, and it was naturally inferred that the purpose of his visit was to confer upon the Cuban situation and its future before Congress, though neither he nor Mr. Hitt was communicative. Secretary Long also had an extended conference with the President, but so far as could be learned it developed nothing additional relating

to the Spanish question. The army and navy preparations are continuing without interruption although they have now become so regular as to lapse into routine on a gigantic scale. No further purchases of warships up to this date have been concluded and the negotiations are not assuming a promising aspect, except in showing that the United States can command the market as against Spain.

EMERGENCY CONTRACTS.

The Navy Department Buys Supplies of Pork, Beef, Flour, Etc. It has been announced on the produce exchange at New York, that the Navy Department had entered into emergency contracts for 1,000 halfbarrels of pork and 1,000 half-barrels of

supplies for the Department, and the terms were that the pork and beef should be delivered at once. The chief supplies are salt pork, bacon, lard, cod fish, flour and beans. Wm. B. Craigin, of Armour & Co., said that the latest contract he knew of Spanish with 1,500,000 pounds of

The Naval Appropriation Bill. The House committee on naval affairs have completed the naval appropriation bill, and it will be reported to the House right away. While the footings of the various items were not completed when the committee adjourned, the bill is roughly, calculated as carry ing between \$36,000,000 and \$37,000,000 of which \$3,000,000 will be expended on this year's work on the three new battleships, six torpedo boats and six torpedo boat destroyers.

Time of Inaugural Changed. The United States Senate committee

on privileges and elections have authorized a favorable report to an amendment to the constitution introduced by Senator Hoar changing the time of year for the expiration of the terms of the President, Vice-President, Senators and Representatives in Congress from March 4th until the last Wednesday in April, to take effect in 1901. The object is to avoid the harsh weather of March for the ceremonies.

Unconstitutional. The Missouri State Supreme Court

decided the inheritance tax law, enacted for the benefit of the State University unconstitutional. Mania for Murder. In Appomattox county, Virginia,

his brother's wife, Mrs. W. B. Mar. shall. He then fired at his brother, Douglass, wounding him in the arm and attempted to shoot his other brother, the husband of the lady he had shot. Emmett used a double-barrelled gun and is demented. He was taken to jail at Appomattox and tried to commit suicide by running his head against a sharp edge in a steel cell.

Names of the New Ships. Secretary Long has issued an order that the Amazonas, the cruiser recently purchased at New Castle-On-Tyne, from the Brazilian government, Lereafter shall bear the name of New Orleans, in honor of the principal city of Louisiana. The cruiser Abronall has been renamed the Albany, in honor of the capital of the Empire State.

Exports of Domestic Merchandise. The exports of domestic merchandise gain over February, 1897, of about \$15,-

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Proceedings of Both the Senate and House Day By Day. THE SENATE.

62D DAY, -Business in the legislative session of the Senate was confined to the passage of a few bills largely of a local character. The nation quarantine bill was not considered. When the Senate convened Davis, of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, reported a resolution to provide for annexing the Hawaiian island to the United States. The resolution was read by the title only, and placed on the calendar.

63D DAY. -In the Senate, Mallory, of Florida, delivered an extended speech in opposition to the national quarantine bill. He held strongly that the national government ought not to trench upon the limits of the constitution by invading the rights of the States to establish their own quarantine regulations. He advocated strengthening the national maritime quarantine. Bacon; of Georgia, maintained that the matter of quarantine was not a sectional question, all parts of the United States being liable to epidemics. "I favor," said he, "all the aid the government can give in the prevention of epidemics and the stamping out of disease, but I do not favor a regulation which will deny a State or community the right to protect itself by quarantine regulations. Previous to this, Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, made a few remarks in denunciation of the Torrey bankruptcy measure. At 4:50, on motion of Frye, of Maine, the Senate went into executive session, and at 5 o'clock p. m. adjourned until Monday.

64TH DAY. -No business of general importance was transacted by the Senate and quite unexpectedly an adjournment was taken before 2 o'clock. A batch of bills from the general calendar was passed, but aside from that only routine business was accomplished. Bacon, of Georgia, introduced an amendment which he announced he would offer to the resolution providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. The amendment provides that the resolution shall not be effective until the question of annexation shall have been submitted to the qualified electors of Hawaii, and passed upon affirmatively by them. The amendment is the same which Bacon offered to the Hawaiian treaty and which is still pending. 65TH DAY. -In the Senate Caffrey, of

Louisiana, in a speech in support of the National quarantine bill, stated that he wanted the whole power placed in the hands of the government. Foraker, of Ohio, presented the credentials of his colleague, Hanna, for for the term as United States Sentor, covering six years from March 4, 1899. The credentials were read and ordered

68TH DAY, -The rumor that the President fixed a day for Congress to adjourn hasn't any foundation, as he has not decided to fix a date for adjournment by a certain day. The postoffice appropriation bill, which was technically the subject before the House, was almost lost track of in the debate as on vesterday numerous topics were discussed, but for the first time the Cuban-Spanish question, which had been kept in the back ground heretofore, forged to the front. The subject of Hawaiian annexation also came in for much attention today.

69TH DAY. -No political were discussed in the House. The whole session was devoted strictly to the postoffice appropriation bill, which was taken up for amendment under the five minute rule. The question which consumed the major portion of the time related to the allowance of clerk hire at postoffices and to rural free delivery The House increased the allowance for rural free delivery from \$150,000 to \$300,000 and defeated the proposition for increased clerk hire. The amendment to increase the appropriation for rural delivery was offered by Stokes.

Democrat. 70TH DAY. - The House spent another day on the postoffice appropriation bill, but only disposed of two pages of it. Most of the day was devoted to a debate salt beef. These contracts were in on the merits of the pneumatic tube mail addition to the contracts for regular service in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and the advisability of continuing the existing contracts. An effort to strike out the appropriation of \$225,000 was defeated, but the opponents of the appropriation succeeded in securadditional contracts should be made. was one made last week to supply the | An amendment was adopted making it a misdemeanor for any person to "pad" the mails during the period when they are being weighed to determine the compensation to be paid to the railroads for their transportation. The amendment was recommended by the Department. The conference report on the agricultural appropriation bill was agreed to.

71sr DAY. - The House passed the postoffice appropriation bill, which has been under discussion for three days. The main points of attack were the appropriations of \$30,000,000 for railroad transportation of mails, and \$171,000 for special facilities between New York and New Orleans, and \$25,000 for special facilities from Kansas City to Newton, Kansas. These items annually attract more or less of a contest. This year the opposition seemed to be less intent. All efforts to reduce the appropriation for railroad transportaion | red. signally failed and the vote on the Southern mail subsidy was 77 to 98 against striking out.

72ND DAY .- The House unanimously passed a bill for the relief of the survivors and victims of the Maine disaster. The bill reimburses the surviving officers and men for the losses they sustained to an amount not to exceed a year's sea pay, and directs the payment of a sum equal to a year's pay to the 'e al heirs of those who perished. There was quite a spirited debate over an amendment submitted by Mr. Cannon to give the survivors each a year's pay out of hand instead of attempting to reimburse Emmett Marshall, son of the late Doug- Boutelle having a particularly warm tered the penitentiary when it was openthem for actual losses. Cannon and lass Marshall, shot and instantly killed passage at arms. Some old alleged scandals in connection with the reimbursement of the survivors of the Samoan disaster were raked in, but the debate in the end was saved from a rather sordid tone by a beautiful tribute paid to the gallant dead by Cousins, of Iowa, in a short but eloquent speech. At 5 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session being devoted to the consideration of private pension bills.

73D DAY.—The naval appropriation bill was reported to the House, but as it had not been printed, the contested election case of Thorpe vs. Epes, from the fourth Virginia district, was taken up. The prevailing impression is that Epes, the sitting member, will be unseated, as upon the decision in this case will largely depend the decision in the two other Virginia cases, in which practically the same questions are involved. Epes had 2,621 plurality on the face of the returns. Extensive frauds were charged, and the majority of the committee found that Thorpe in February amounted to \$93,312,674, a | should have received 307 plurality, and upon their finding recommend that he be seated. The naval appropriation

bill, as reported to the House today, carries a total of \$35,683,058, an in crease over last year of \$3,764,432, and over the current estimate of \$2,514,824

Everybody interested in seeing the latest developments in high-grade Observer from Washington says: wheels should send a postal to the John Senate committee on appropriati their new catalogue. It contains valusble information.

Major Wilson Loses His Case Before the U. S. Supreme Court.

## CALDWELL'S CASE DISMISSED

The Governor's Right to Remove Members of the R. R. Commission Sustained by the Decision.

'A special from Washington, of the

21st; to the Charlotte Observer says that in the United States Supreme Court today the case of J. W. Wilson, vs. the State of North Carolina, in relation to L. O. Caldwell was dismissed on the ground that the court was without jurisdiction. The case involves the right of the Governor of North Carolina to remove members of the Railroad Commission from office under the State law of 1891, and this right was sustained by today's decision. Mr. Wilson was formerly chairman of the railroad commission was summarily removed on the ground that he was a railroad stockholder, contrary to law, and L.C. Caldwell appointed in his stead. Mr. Wilson refused to vacate and Mr. Caldwell began a quo warranto proceeding against him to test the title to the office. The State courts decided against Wilson's contention, and this view was practically sustained by the decision rendered today, holding the United States court to be without jurisdiction. Justice Peckham, in deciding the case, said that as the office was exclusively a State office, the United States Court had to deal only with the question whether Mr. Wilson was deprived of any right guaranteed by him by the Federal constitution. He had not been so deprived, and accordingly the court was without jurisdiction. The case also involved a proceeding on motion of Mr. Wilson to punish Mr. Caldwell for contempt in proceeding upon the judgmen: of the State court, while the case was pending in the United States Court. This was also dismissed, because it appeared that Caldwell was ig norant of the fact that the court had taken cognizance of the contempt pro-

North Carolina's Woods.

The lumber resources of North Carolina are very great after two hundred years of cutting and slaying. There is not only a vast amount of lumber left, for the virgin forests are spread all over the State in hundreds of thousands of acres, but the value and variety of woods are remarkably good. The other day we were looking at some of the beautiful polished native woods in the North Carolina Exposition Car, when Mr. Moore, the polite manager, told us that there were 108 of the specimers of the finer woods, some of which are of unsurpassed fineness and elegance. We recall what our friend, the late Professor W. C. Kerr, State geologist, told us, that specimens of North Carolina woods he took with him to the Vienna exposition, attracted most marked attention and elicited a great many inquiries. This was, we think, more than twenty years ago, but we are not sure whether it was Vienna or Berlin. - Wilmington Messenger,

Eastern Carolina Industries. At the University a few days ago State Geologist Holmes gave the first of four lectures on the resources of the State. He spoke on the resources of Eastern North Carolina. He said one peculiar industry, the catch and cultivation of terrapins and turtles for the market amounts to \$19,000 annually. The clam catch to \$32,000; oysters \$16, 000; while the fishing industry runs up ing an amendment providing that no | to \$1,800,000, employing 12,000 persons and 3,800 boats. Trucking amounted to from three to six millions annually and the lumber industry to \$5,000,000. The value of all farm productions of the State in '97 was fifty-one millions, while half of this or \$25,000,000 was in Eastern North Carolina. The value of live stock for Eastern North Carolina is \$8,-

Tar Drippings.

The Guilford Lumber Company will move its plant from Asheboro to Troy. Several cars of dynamite, gun cotton and other war munitions have arrived at Fort Caswell.

In New Hope township, Chatham

county, are two mules whose combined

aged 67-one being 34 and the other 33 The Eastern Truckers' Association reports on strawberries that shipments will begin April 10 and that the crop will be enormous. Berries are turning

The Newbern Journal reports that two negro women were drowned at Pollocksville recently. This makes four negro women drowned off the same foot way in fifteen months.

Lumberton has sent \$223,75 to the Cuban sufferers. Last week was the biggest week in the history of the Winston tobacco

market. Over one million pounds of leaf were sold for nearly one hundred thousad dollars. A white convict, aged 55 years, ar rived at the penitentiary a few days since from Wilkes county. It turns out that it is his second term and that he was one of the first convicts who en-

Foreign Affairs. The Czar has authorized an additional expenditure of 3,000,000

roubles annually for six years for the

Russian navy. Chinese officials are said to be in a conspiracy to overthrow the Manchu dynasty and offset European control. Americans have been invited to join in an English millenial celebration of King Alfred, the Great, who died

Salisbury will remain premier, but that a reconstruction of the British cabinet is probable. General Pando, the Spanish commander in Eastern Cuba, is seeking a

newspaper?

conference with insurgent leaders to in duce there to accept autonomy. Young Edison says he has discovered a "photograph of thought." Is it a good

It is believed in London that Lord

STATION FOR FISH CULTURE

An Appropriation of \$25,000 Reco mended for Its Establishment. A special to the Charlotte (N. will recommend an appropriation \$25,000 for a fish culture station eastern North Carolina, the station be stocked with shad, black bass rock fish. Senator Butler has week to seeme this appropriation. recommendation of the Senate mittee has the endorsement of United States fish commissioner, said that it is one of the most portant points on the South Alla

Senator Butler is endeavoring curs an appropriation of \$50,000 the enlargement and improvement the public building at Greenshe The Senate committee on an priations has approved of the priation.

### A Bobbing Wind.

A curious instance of the effect he shape of the ground upon the kites in France. When a north loated the kite the latter kept its ance easily, but when the wind . from the south or southeast the pitched and bobbed in a very irre manner. The explanation was fun ed by the character of the surface which the wind had passed, Confrom the north it had a plain comto blow over, but coming from south and southeast it passed an broken hills, which set it into inar puffs and undulations.

A Virginia statesman has introdu a bill to prohibit flirting. The best to accomplish this reform would be repeal the laws of nature.



Wilmington, New Orleans, Chattanoon Nashville and New York, Boston, Philat-phia, Washington, Norfolk and Richmond Schedule in effect January 25, 1898.

SOUTHBOUND. No. 403. Lv. New York Penn. Ry \*11 00am " Philadelphia " 1 12pm Baltimore. 8 15pm Richmond A. C. L. 856pm \*9 05a 9 20a Lv. Norfolk S. A. L. \*8 30pm \*11 55ss \* 1 89ps Lv. Weldon \*11 28pm Ar. Henderson \*12 56am †7 32am †8 46pt Lv. Durham †7 00 pm 2 16am Ar. Raleigh Sanford Southern Pines Hamlet 5 54am 6 43am Monroe \* 750am \*10 2510 Ar. Charlotte \*8 10am \*10 470 \* 6 000 Lv. Columbia, C.N.& L. R.R. Ar. Clinton S. A. L. \* 9 45am \*12 1h " Greenwood 10 35am " Abbeville 11 05am Elberton 12 07pm 3 456 " Athens 1 15pm

Atlanta Cent'l Time 2 50pm NORTHBOUND. No. 402. \*12 00n'n

Lv. Atlanta C.T. Winder 3 16pm Elberton 4 15pm 4 Abbeville 5 15 pm 5 41 pm Greenwood \* 6 34pm " Clinton Ar, Columbia C. N. &L. R. B. Lv. Chester S. A. L. \*10 25pm Ar. Charlotte. \* 9 40pm Ar. Wilmington \*12 14am \* 2 16am 3 25am

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