

WARREN COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Warren county was formed in 1778 out of old Boone county, which was then known as Franklin and Warren counties and that portion of Vance county cut off from Warren.

Its present area is about 800 square miles. Population in 1900, 19,151.

Chief Products—Tobacco, Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Grasses, Gold and Granite, Surface—Hilly and Rolling.

Soil—Loam and Clay. No waste land, all well watered by streams.

OFFICERS. Judge of the Superior Court, Second District, Hon. F. D. Winston, Windsor, N. C.

County Commissioners, M. J. Hawkins, Chairman; P. M. Stallings, J. J. Myrick, John Powell and Walter B. Allen.

Board of Education, W. J. White, W. G. Coleman and A. S. Wobb, Chairman. County Superintendent, J. R. Rodwell.

Public Examination days, second Thursdays in July and October, see on those days, notices; all other days, 8 1/2.

WARRENTON DIRECTORY.

Situated on high rolling lands, three miles from the great S. A. L. system of railroads and connected with the said railroad by the Warrenton R. R.

Communications with all the world by the Postal Telegraph and Western Union Telegraph companies, and telephone systems.

Good water and a health record second to no other town in America. Population, 1,300.

OFFICERS. Mayor, W. A. Burwell. Treasurer, R. J. Jones.

Commissioners, Dr. J. G. King, H. T. Mason, W. G. Rogers, Dr. C. A. Thomas, E. L. Frazier, Jr., W. T. Johnson and Tasker Polk.

CHURCHES. M. E. Church, Rev. E. H. Davis, Pastor. Services every second and fourth Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8 p. m.

Presbyterian, C. N. Wharton, pastor. Services every first and third Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8 p. m.

Episcopal, Rev. D. S. Brown, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8 o'clock p. m.

POSTOFFICE. Warrenton, Macon, Macon, Oakville, Warrenton, Elmas, Olive, Greenback, Churchill, Oak, Mt. View, Wise, Embur, Arcola, Warren Plains, Fitts, Merry Mt., Ridgeway, Poplar Mt., Newman, Inez, Crinkley, Macandrew, Olive Hill, Vanman, Alton, Brodie, Vicksboro, Axtell, Crinkley, Elberton, Shocco, Bowberrie and Norlina.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HENRY A. BOYD, Attorney at Law

Notary Public. Warrenton, N. C.

Reference: Gardner & Jeffers, Bankers, Warrenton, N. C.

HICKS & JOHNSON, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, WARRENTON, N. C.

Prompt attention given all business. Loans negotiated on good security. Practice in all the State and Federal Courts.

B. G. GREEN, Attorney-at-Law, WARRENTON, N. C.

Practices in all State and Federal Courts.

DR. P. J. MACON, Physician and Surgeon, Warrenton, North Carolina.

Will attend to business.

Dr. Robert S. Booth, DENTAL SURGEON.

Having permanently located in Warrenton for the practice of my profession, I offer my services to the people of Warrenton and surrounding country.

Dr. A. Z. Taylor, DENTIST.

Office over Johnson & Gregory's store. First-class work at prices to suit the times. Calls in the country will receive prompt attention without extra charge.

Dr. H. N. Walters, Surgeon, Dentist, Warrenton, N. C.

Office opposite court house in Fleming-Harris Building. Best work guaranteed. Phone: Office, No. 59; residence, No. 46.

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A correspondent states that the schools in Sweden are closed on Saturdays, which is the universal pay day instead of on Sundays. There is at least something intensely practical about this idea.

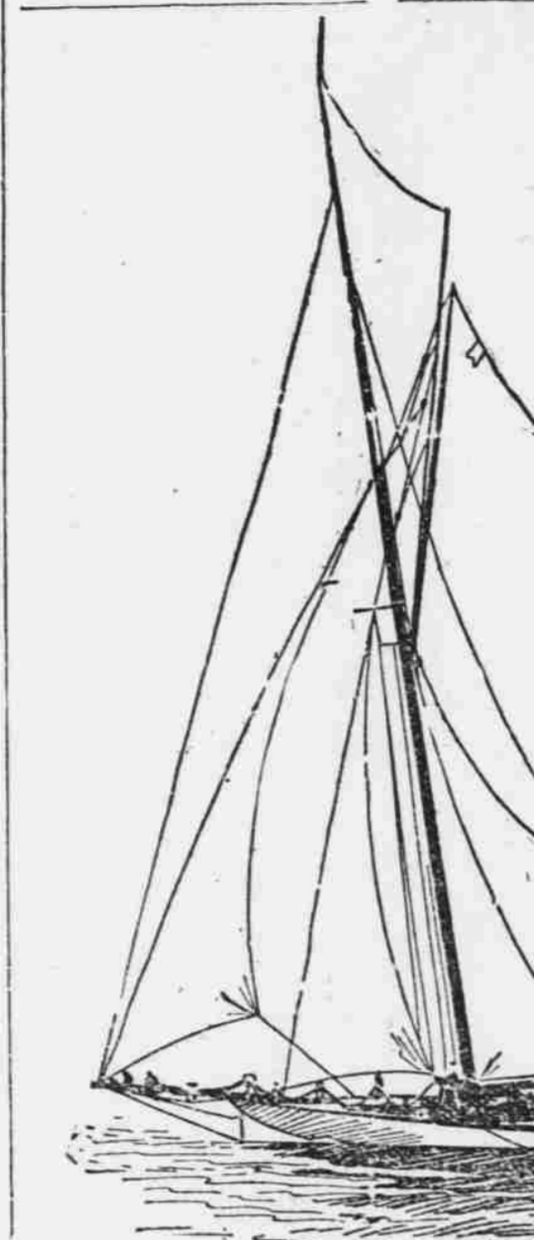
THE AMERICA'S CUP STAYS

Columbia's Three Straight Victories in a Series of Thrilling Races.

LIPTON GREATLY DISAPPOINTED

In the Last Contest the Shamrock Beats the Defender by Two Seconds, But the Columbia Wins on Time Allowance—The Challenger the Best Boat Ever Sent Across the Ocean.

New York City.—America's Cup, the badge of national supremacy in ship-building and in seamanship, will remain on the pedestal where it was placed half a century ago by the cleverness of an American skipper and an American crew who crossed the ocean to win it. The latest and the fairest and the most sportsmanlike challenger who has ever attempted to recapture the trophy was defeated in the third race of the series of the best three in five. Columbia, the defender, flying the colors of Commodore E. D. Moran,



COLUMBIA, THE GEM OF THE OCEAN. (The yacht which has twice successfully defended the America's Cup.)

gan, won over Shamrock II, flying the colors of Sir Thomas Lipton, by forty-one seconds on time allowance. Crossing the line, boat for boat, Shamrock defeated Columbia by two seconds in the thirty-mile race to leeward and return.

There was the usual manoeuvring for position at the start, the Columbia getting a bit the worst of the game, crossing the line thirteen seconds ahead of the Shamrock, and therefore giving her rival the coveted opportunity of blanketing the leader, and which the Shamrock was not slow in availing. This ensured a lulling match, Captain Sycamore endeavoring to keep the Shamrock dead astern of the Columbia, and that vessel striving to get clear of the blanketing of the Shamrock. The challenger's greater sail area soon began to tell, and gradually she lessened the distance between herself and the flying leader.

With varying fortunes the two fought it out to the outer mark, first one and then the other forging ahead to the freshening of the sternward wind. Nearing the mark the Shamrock drew considerably in the lead, and, taking in balloon jib and spinnaker as she swung around the point, found, as the Columbia followed her around, that she had gained one minute and four seconds in the run down the wind and that she had then but six seconds of time allowance to overcome in the thrash to windward.

The struggle then was mainly a battle of skippers, and a right grand struggle it was. The thousands of sea-borne excursionists knew of that six seconds of time allowance which the Shamrock must now cover in



SIR THOMAS LIPTON. (The genial Irishman who has made two unsuccessful attempts to win the America's Cup.)

Brigadier-General Rose from Rank. President Roosevelt has appointed Colonel William H. Bisbee a Brigadier-General of the regular army. He entered service as a private of the Eighteenth Infantry in 1891 and served throughout the Civil War. He participated in the Santiago campaign and went to the Philippine Islands in 1899. He will retire January 28, 1904.

Marquis Ito Touring America. Marquis Ito arrived at Victoria, B. C., on a tour through America, and spoke on Russo-Japanese relations.

Helen Long is Dead. Helen Long, the second daughter of Secretary John D. Long, died at Hingham, Mass. Miss Long died of pulmonary trouble. She went to Colorado Springs in November, 1898. Recently her physicians recommended a return to her home. The homecoming did not bring the hoped-for improvement. She was born in Hingham on June 16, 1875.

Japan Seeks \$24,000,000 Loan. It is reported in Heraldo that Japan will raise a loan of \$24,000,000, including \$2,400,000 for the island of Formosa, in the United States.

Newspapers. The Belgian Government has just received a bid to prevent the publication of Sunday newspapers.

Over 2000 volumes of the late United States Senator Davis's library have been given to Minnesota schools.

Sporting Brevitte. The open season for deer has begun in the Maine woods.

Pittsburg is the winner of the baseball championship of 1902.

William K. Vanderbilt has bought twelve more Kentucky brood mares for his racing stud in France.

Sir Thomas Lipton has taken a spin aboard the old America, which brought a cup across the sea half a century ago.

"Jimmie" Michael outclassed Floyd MacFarland in a motor speed race at five miles in heats at New York City.

THE AFGHANS' RULER DEAD

Ameer Abdur Rahman Expired at the Age of Seventy-one.

SEVERE SHOCK TO GREAT BRITAIN

Event Announced to the British Agent at Kabul by Habib Oullah Khan, Successor to the Throne—It is Feared That Russia Will Try to Extend Her Frontier—A Crisis For England.

London.—Habib Oullah Khan, eldest son of the Ameer of Afghanistan, has reported to the British agent in Kabul that the Ameer died after a brief illness. This is the only news so far received. Nothing is known of the state of affairs in Kabul.

In view of the existing critical situation in South Africa, the news of the death of the Ameer of Afghanistan sent something like a shock through the United Kingdom. Great confidence, however, is expressed on all sides in the ability of the Indian Viceroy to deal with the situation.



AMEER OF AFGHANISTAN. (His death may have a far-reaching effect on British interests in Asia.)

Oullah Khan, who was regarded by his father as his successor, and had long had a large share in the government of the country, will assume the succession peacefully. He is in Kabul. For some years, under his father's controlling hand, he has been in charge of the army, the State Treasury and the Supreme Court of Appeal. He is regarded as a wise and temperate ruler, favorable to Great Britain, but less masterful than his father, and for this reason less likely to be strong enough to govern the fierce, unruly tribes or to resist the attempts of his brothers to seize power.

It is expected that Lord Curzon will postpone his intended tour of Burma until the Afghan question settles down.

The editorials in the Morning papers express confidence that, with a strong Viceroy and a strong Government at home, any possible complications following the death of the Ameer will be met firmly and prudently.

There is, however, an underlying current of uneasiness discernible as to whether Russia will seize the opportunity to push her frontier forward. The British troops in India, owing to the South African war, now are below their normal strength. It will be impossible to take any more for South Africa, and the news still further will encourage the Boers to prolong their resistance.

Abdur Rahman Khan, the Ameer of Afghanistan, was born in 1830, according to some reports, and according to other reports he was born in 1845. He was a nephew of Sher Ali, the son of Afzal Khan, and grandson of Dost Muhammad Khan. He took part in the revolt against his uncle, and in 1869 sought refuge in Russian territory. He afterward became a pensioner of the British Government, which in 1880 made him ruler of Afghanistan.

KILLED IN TENNESSEE FEUD.

The Fight Started at the Beginning of Church Services.

Knoxville, Tenn.—A bloody fight occurred at the Union Baptist Church at Big Springs, Tenn. Services were being held at the church and 600 people had gathered. Just before the services began Tip Chadwell went to the spring, fifty yards from the church. Rush Morgan was at the spring, and began firing at Chadwell. Both factions immediately gathered, and the fight lasted half an hour.

Tip and John F. Chadwell and Rush and Henry Morgan were killed; John Morgan and Asa Chadwell were mortally wounded; a man named Jones had his leg broken, and Sheriff James Brook and another man were slightly wounded. Sheriff Brook attempted to arrest one of the Chadwells, who resisted.

The feud between the Morgans and Chadwells has existed a long time. Last Christmas they met at Walnut Hills, Va., and a pitched battle ensued in which several were killed. Eighteen months ago they met near the Hancock line.

Fighting followed and one was killed. Both the Chadwells and Morgans are prosperous and influential and have large families. More trouble is feared.

SAILS AWAY IN A SMALL BOAT.

Captain Andrews and His Bride Start For Spain in a Thirteen-Foot Craft.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Captain Andrews and his bride sailed for Spain from this place in a thirteen-foot sail boat.

The boat, the Dark Seaman, was built specially for the trip. Captain Andrews has made the trip in small boats before, but on his other trips he sailed alone.

There was a big crowd on the shore to see the start.

Sporting Brevities. The open season for deer has begun in the Maine woods.

Pittsburg is the winner of the baseball championship of 1902.

William K. Vanderbilt has bought twelve more Kentucky brood mares for his racing stud in France.

Sir Thomas Lipton has taken a spin aboard the old America, which brought a cup across the sea half a century ago.

SCHLEY INQUIRY'S STATUS

The Evidence Presented by the Witnesses of the Judge Advocate.

A Number of Facts Have Been Established, But Some of the Charges Have Failed of Proof.

Washington, D. C.—The evidence which has been offered by the Judge Advocate in the Schley Court of Inquiry has established a number of facts, and the state of the case is now about as follows:

1. It is charged against Schley that when he was sent to look for the Spanish fleet he delayed unnecessarily at Genuevagos in spite of orders to go to Santiago. It has been proved that he spent about three days there, and that he received dispatches from Rear-Admiral Sampson, some of which told him to go to Santiago, and others to remain at Genuevagos.

2. It is charged that when he did go to Santiago his progress was slow. It has been proved that his larger ships did not make the speed they might have made. It has also been proved that the smaller vessels could not go any faster than they did, and that Schley accommodated the speed of the squadron to these rather than abandon them. It is now a question of the court whether Schley was right in this, or whether he should have left his small ships to the mercies of the Spaniards.

3. It is charged that off Santiago he turned back on the pretense that he could not coal at sea, when it was quite possible to do so. On this point there has been a conflict of testimony among the Judge Advocate's witnesses. It has been shown that a few hours after he turned back the weather moderated, and he then returned to Santiago and coaled.

4. It is claimed that the three scout ships which were detailed to stay at Santiago and find out if the Spaniards were there met Schley as he was coming to Santiago and told him that the Spaniards were undoubtedly there, but that notwithstanding this he made the "retrograde movement," mentioned. This charge has not been proved by the Judge Advocate's witnesses.

5. It is charged that Schley's bombardment of the Colon was ineffective, and that he was out of range when he fired at her. The witnesses have testified that Schley was out of range of the Colon, but within range of the shore batteries. Schley claims that his real object was to ascertain the strength of the shore batteries by firing at the Colon at the same time, and that he was not to risk his ships under the fire of the shore batteries until the Spanish fleet had been destroyed. It has been proved that the shots of the shore batteries passed over and near Schley's ships, and some of the witnesses have testified that they gained information of value by the reconnaissance, while others say that not much was learned.

6. It is charged that when Schley blockaded Santiago he was in the habit of withdrawing his ships a distance of two or three miles at night. This charge has been completely disproved. The testimony against it is unanimous. Some of the witnesses have testified that the blockade was a little further out at night, but the preponderance of testimony was that it was further in at night. Testimony also has been given that the blockade from shore differs widely, and hardly any two of the witnesses agree. It has been proved that he kept picket vessels nearer in shore than the rest of the fleet by two miles.

7. It is charged that during the battle of Santiago Schley made a "loop" which endangered the Texas. It has been proved that Captain Phillip thought the Texas was in danger and stopped his engines. It has not been established that she was really in danger, and the witnesses differ about the distance between the Texas and the shore batteries. The latter stopped her engines. The Judge Advocate has not offered any testimony to show that the "loop" was unnecessary or a bad manoeuvre, but only that it endangered the Texas.

8. It is charged that Schley gave no orders except to own ship during the battle, and that he proved that he gave orders to the Oregon at least, and that the Oregon obeyed him.

MOBS LYNCH THREE MEN.

White Man Hanged in Montana and Two Negroes in Kentucky.

Helena, Mont.—James Edward Brady, the man who assaulted a little girl named Ida Pugsley, in Helena, was taken from the jail by a mob and hanged to a telegraph pole in the Haymarket square, about three blocks from the jail. The crowd was orderly, and after the man had been hanged it quickly dispersed.

There were about 200 persons engaged in the lynching, and all were masked.

Shelbyville, Ky.—Jimbo Fields, sixteen, and Clarence Garnett, fifteen, both colored, were lynched recently for the alleged murder of Will C. Hart, a printer, who was stoned to death recently. The boys were taken from the jail and swung from a tree within 500 yards of the jail.

Woman Weds Boy of Sixteen. Lafayette Smith, aged sixteen, and Clara Harvey, aged forty-one, were married by Probate Judge Fagan at Topeka, Kan. The bridegroom is a farmer boy of Sage County, and his father accompanied him to Topeka to make the request for a license. His bride's hair is tinged with gray.

World-Wide Spread of Plague. Reports to the Marine Hospital service at Washington show a continued spread of the plague in all parts of the world.

Big Fire in Tampa, Fla. Twenty buildings at Tampa, Fla. were destroyed by fire. The property loss amounted to \$200,000. Great excitement exists in the city on account of the idea that the fire is of incendiary origin. All the cigar factories are now under guard.

Many Injured in a Church. A dozen persons were injured in St. Peter's Catholic Church at Reading, Pa., by the falling of a temporary partition erected as a protection against the elements during alterations to the building. A great quantity of timber and bricks fell inward.

MANY MURDERS SUSPECTED

An Ohio Widow Accused of Killing Fourteen Persons.

No Motive for Crimes Stated.

Dayton, Ohio.—Mrs. A. J. Witwer, a widow, residing in this city, was arrested by the police at the instigation of the Coroner, and was held pending an investigation into most serious charges. Mrs. Witwer, the police say, is suspected of fourteen murders, the list including four husbands, one sister and four members of different families in which she was employed as housekeeper.

The last supposed victim was her sister, Mrs. Anna Pugh, who died a week ago under mysterious circumstances. An autopsy, performed at the request of Mrs. Witwer's mother, who came here from Detroit, is said to have disclosed the presence of arsenic and copper in the stomach.

Following closely upon the death of her first husband, Frederick Schweger, came, according to the police department data, the death of two children. The second husband died suddenly several years after the wedding, and the children of this marriage died in rapid succession. Her last husband, J. Witwer, died last April. In each instance death was somewhat sudden and all were strangely alike.

The prisoner is forty-seven years old, and formerly lived in Middletown, this State. She has two sons in the Philippines, but at the present time, in a New York asylum. No conceivable motive for the suspected crimes has been disclosed. Drugs which were found in the house occupied by Mrs. Witwer are in the possession of the police and will be examined.

Mrs. Witwer says she is entirely innocent. While she admits that fourteen persons have died where she lived she says that the deaths were natural.

WOMAN IN PRISON AS A MAN.

Serves a Year Before the Authorities Discover That She is Masquerading.

Lincoln, Neb.—Almost a year ago a beardless youth, giving the name of Burt Martin, was received at the State prison on a two years' sentence for stealing cattle in Keyapaha County. Through Martin's cellmate the authorities learned that the supposed man is a woman, although when received "he" said he was married and the father of two children.

The convict confesses now that her real name is Lena, and she says she donned men's clothing when a girl of fourteen. Her father, who died several years ago, was compelled to masquerade as a boy to get paying labor in a new country. She is tall and ungainly and her figure is without feminine curves. Her chest is flat and her hips narrow, facts that enabled her to pass the careless scrutiny of the receiving officer. Her feet and hands are small, but her features are coarse and unattractive.

The girl, she is but twenty, feels no chagrin over her unmasking. She asked for a woman's garb at once, however, and it was given her.

POSTAL RECEIPTS INCREASED.

Deficit For Last Year is \$1,500,000 Smaller Than Year Before.

Washington, D. C.—Henry A. Castle, auditor for the Postoffice Department, has closed the books for 1900 and the deficit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901. The year's business is shown to be as follows: Receipts, \$11,631,193; expenditures, \$11,554,921; net deficit (including losses by fire, etc.) \$3,851,521.

The deficit is about \$1,500,000 smaller than for the preceding year. Owing to the extension of rural free delivery and other augmented appropriations in every department, the expenses of the service were \$8,200,000 greater than the preceding year. The receipts increased \$9,250,000.

The sum total of monetary transactions of the Postoffice Department, including postal receipts and revenues and money orders issued and paid, amounts up for the fiscal year 1901 \$803,350,577, an increase of nearly \$89,000,000 over the preceding fiscal year.

TORONTO STUDENT A SUICIDE.

College Greek Letter Society Had Sent to Him a Black Threat of Death.

Toronto, Ont.—George Gibbons, aged twenty, a student in Toronto University and a son of J. C. Gibbons, of London, Ont., blew his head off with a rifle at Bridge House.

He had recently been initiated into a Greek secret society in connection with the college, and a letter found on the floor had him attend another meeting at 7 o'clock p. m. under penalty of death. When he failed to appear the jokers went to his room and found him dead on the floor.

Four Trampmen Killed in Collision. Four trampmen met death near Onward, Ind., in a rear-end collision of freight trains. Six cars and two cabooses were burned up, and one locomotive was completely destroyed.

Test of the Torpedo Boat Successful. The trial of the torpedo boat Thornorton, near Annapolis, Md., was successful.

Congressional Visitors Snubbed. The Congressional party, on its arrival at Jolo, Island of Sulu, was refused an interview with the Sultan, who claimed sickness as his excuse. The natives say the Sultan is well, and that he had other reasons for refusing to receive the visitors from Washington.

Shepard Will Run For Mayor. Edward M. Shepard said that he would accept the nomination for Mayor tendered him by the Democratic City Convention of New York City.

Personal Mention. Secretary of the Treasury Gage has gone West for his vacation.

Andrew Carnegie is giving 350 organs to churches in Scotland.

King Edward has invited Emperor William to visit Great Britain.

Court von Buelow, the German imperial Chancellor, has accepted honorary membership in the Bremen Singing Society.

Winston Churchill, the author, has been appointed a member of the new management Commission for the St. Louis Exposition.

RAMS' HORN BLASTS

HE church is not a statue but a chisel.

A selfish lust leads to a sinful lust.

God helps those who help others. Great deeds are achieved in the heart first.

We lighten our own loads when we lift others.

Men will trust the church that really trusts God.

No man lives honestly till he has seen God openly.

The best way to hide God is to try to analyze Him.

All the rivers that bless the world have their rise in God.

The man who prevails with God will not fall with men.

Manhood and manner are more to a sermon than matter.

When a man's honesty is only protected by a policy it will be held at a premium.

God does not waste time weighing worthless men.

Many paupers are made by attempts to relieve poverty.

Men will not freeze to you because you are cold-hearted.

Sacrifice is the price that love pays for the privilege of service.

The only man who can bear the weight of the world's sin is he whom it bends in prayer.

Holliness is the secret of all sacred things.

The divinity of the church is not demonstrated by the dignity of the preacher.

Bamboo Pens.

Bamboo pens have been in use in India for over a thousand years, and are still preferred to steel or quill pens.

WEST VIRGINIA LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans and Points South and West.

IN EFFECT MAY 26th, 1901.

SOUTHWARD. Daily Daily Lv. New York, P. R. R. No. 31 No. 27

Lv. Philadelphia, " " 12:30 pm 12:10 pm

Lv. Baltimore, " " 8:45 pm 8:40 pm

Lv. Washington, " " 6:55 pm 11:01 am

Lv. Richmond, S. A. L. 10:40 pm 8:30 am

Lv. Petersburg, " " 11:30 pm 3:27 pm

Lv. Norfolk, " " 2:13 am 3:55 pm

Lv. Henderson, " " 4:15 am 6:25 pm

Lv. Raleigh, " " 2:40 am 7:40 pm

Lv. Southern Pines, " " 6:07 am 9:30 pm

Lv. Hamlet, " " 7:20 am 10:50 pm

Lv. Columbia, " " 9:40 am 1:05 pm

Lv. Savannah, " " 1:17 am 4:52 pm

Lv. Jacksonville, " " 6:10 pm 9:15 pm

Lv. Tampa, " " 6:15 am 9:40 pm

Lv. Jacksonville, " " 8:30 pm 11:35 pm

Lv. Philadelphia, " " 10:23 am 11:28 pm

Lv. New York, O. D. S. Co. 7:00 pm

Lv. Baltimore, B. S. P. Co. 7:40 pm

Lv. Wash'ton, N. & W. B. Co. 6:00 pm

WARRE