

The Old North State

SALISBURY, N. C., JULY 25, 1868.



FOR PRESIDENT: HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR, OF NEW YORK. FOR VICE PRESIDENT: GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR, OF MISSOURI.

ECONOMY IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE GOVERNMENT... THE ABOLITION OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU...

IT IS NOT A MERE PARTY TRIUMPH WE SEEK. WE ARE TRYING TO SAVE OUR COUNTRY FROM THE DANGERS WHICH OVERHANG IT.

GEN. BLAIR'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

A short time before the meeting of the New York Convention Gen. F. P. Blair wrote a letter on political affairs to a Mr. Broadhead which was very generally copied by the Southern Democratic press...

But fortunately for the country that body was too wise and too patriotic to endorse any thing of the kind. So far from endorsing the doctrine therein set forth the Convention, by its action, did in fact, repudiate it.

lated to defeat on the North Carolina. If the letter to Broadhead was understood to be a part and parcel of the New York platform there are many thousands of white men in North Carolina who voted the Conservative ticket at the late election who would not support Seymour and Blair...

Such being our views of Gen. Blair's letter to Mr. Broadhead we have been waiting anxiously to see his letter of acceptance. That letter we publish to-day, and after reading it we cannot but believe that the first one was written hastily and without due reflection.

NEGRO TROUBLES IN TEXAS.

Milican, Texas, was, on the 17th and 18th inst., as we learn from the New Orleans Times of the 19th, the scene of a very serious riot, in which a number of negroes were killed.

From passengers on the train news is received of a riot of serious dimensions, having its origin in a charge made against a white man named Holliday, of assisting to hang a negro.

The agent of the Freedmen's Bureau at Bryan came down on the train to Milican on the same night, with a posse to inquire into the disturbance.

United States troops from Brenham were ordered to disperse them on July 18th. Late yesterday evening a squad of United States troops, twenty strong, arrived at Milican and a scouting party was sent out, and three hostile negroes were killed.

Further serious consequences are apprehended. At last accounts the negroes were preparing for war, getting reinforcements, &c., headed by a negro preacher named Brooks, and a white school teacher.

A Scene in the House of Representatives.

When the carpet-bag delegates to Congress from Alabama advanced to the Speaker's desk to take the oath the following proceedings took place: Mr. Brooks asked that the gentlemen be sworn in separately.

Mr. Brooks objected to three of them because they were not residents of the State. The gentleman from Mobile was not a resident.

Mr. Brooks.—Who is he? Mr. Dawes.—Mr. F. W. Kellogg. Mr. Brooks.—Mr. Kellogg, of Michigan?

Mr. Dawes.—No, Mr. Kellogg, of Alabama. The gentleman is laboring under a mistake again, as usual. Mr. Brooks.—There are two others here. One from Illinois and one from Maine.

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

General Frank Blair's Letter Accepting the Nominations for Vice President.

OMAHA, NEBRASKA, July 13, 1868. General George W. Morgan, Chairman Committee National Democratic National Convention.

GENERAL: I take the earliest opportunity of replying to your letter, notifying me of my nomination for Vice President of the United States by the National Democratic Convention, recently held in the city of New York.

I accept without hesitation the nomination tendered in a manner so gratifying, and give you and the committee my thanks for the very kind and complimentary language in which you have conveyed to me the decision of the Convention.

I have carefully read the resolutions adopted by the convention, and most cordially concur in every principle and sentiment they contain. My opinion on the questions which the convention contemplated is, that the only way to restore the Union, and to reiterate them.

The issues upon which the contest turns are clear, and cannot be obscured or distorted by the sophistries of our adversaries. They all resolve themselves into the old and ever-renewing struggle of a few men to absorb the political power of the nation.

This effort, under every conceivable name and disguise, has always characterized the opponents of the Democratic party, but at no time has the attempt assumed a shape so open and daring as in this contest.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, the bill providing for filling vacancies which may occur in the offices provided in Article 7 of the Constitution of the State, was considered in Committee of the Whole, who reported it back to the Senate, recommending its passage.

A bill in relation to provisional municipal officers was taken up, when Mr. Robbins offered a substitute, the gist of which allows the people of the different towns cities, &c., the opportunity of speedy elections.

Finally, the previous question being called, the bill passed its second reading. A motion to put the bill on its third reading did not prevail.

In the House, the bill relative to privy examinations of female convicts was taken up, read and referred to the committee on Judiciary.

Harris of Wake, (negro,) from the select committee appointed to investigate the contested election in Camden county, offered a majority report, contending that the provisions of the Revised Code, relating to contested elections, do not apply to elections held under the reconstruction laws of Congress.

A minority report was offered as a substitute, but after some discussion, the majority report was adopted.

Renfrow called up his resolution, allowing postage stamps to the members. The yeas and nays being called on a motion to lay on the table, the motion prevailed.

The resolution instructing the committee on Education to prepare a bill to regulate the system of Common Schools, and that the bill shall provide for a separation of the two races, was taken up, read and adopted.

A bill extending the time of registering grants, &c., to one year after the passage of this act, was taken and passed its second reading.

CHEERING.—The Missouri Republican says cheering accounts reach it from all quarters in regard to the success of the Seymour and Blair ticket. It says: Everywhere it appears to be felt that unless Radicalism is defeated in the present Presidential contest there will never be another Presidential election, but that the Republic will have been lost forever, and given over to military domination.

Court, and although the President is sworn to maintain and support the constitution. The will of a fraction of a Congress, reinforced with its partisan emissaries sent to the South and supported there by the soldiers, must stand against the will of the people and the decision of the Supreme Court and the solemn oath of the President to maintain and support the constitution.

It is revolutionary to execute the will of the people. It is revolutionary to execute the judgment of the Supreme Court. It is revolutionary in the President to keep inviolate his oath to sustain the constitution!

This false construction of the vital principle of our Government is the last resort of those who would have their arbitrary reconstruction away and unperturbed our time-honored institutions.

The nation will say the constitution must be restored, and the will of the people again prevail. The appeal to the peaceful ballot to attain this end is not war, is not revolution.

They make war and revolution who attempt to arrest this quiet mode of putting aside the military despotism and the usurpation of power of a Congress, asserting absolute power over that benign system of regulated liberty left us by our fathers.

This is the only road to peace. It will come with the election of the Democratic candidate, and not with the election of that mailed warrior, whose bayonets are now at the throats of eight millions of people in the South, to compel them to support him as a candidate for the Presidency, and to submit to the domination of an alien race of semi-barbarous men.

No perversion of truth or audacity of misrepresentation can exceed that which haunts this candidate in arms as an angel of peace. I am, very respectfully, your most obedient servant, FRANK P. BLAIR.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

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work of declaring the constitutional amendment passed is simply a part of the revolutionary violence of the Radical party, which has not been attended with bloodshed only because the people are waiting for the hour to arrive when they may crush them at the ballot-box, and thus restore order and peace under theegis of the Constitution.—Nat. Intelligencer.

SALISBURY MARKETS

Table listing market prices for various goods including Bacon, Coffee, Corn, Flour, Sugar, and other commodities.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention Farmers. I HAVE TEN PAIR OF FINE PIGS for sale. WHITE CHESTER, AXON and EARLY the best stock in the State.

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

DR. SAM'L A. BELL, HAS located on Ennis street, between Main & Lee. Office formerly occupied by Dr. J. A. Caldwell, and offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity of Salisbury.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION AND Shipping Merchants

Wholesale Grocers,

Agents for M. Dwyer & Son's (Liberty Va.) Celebrated Agents for Lister Bros' Superphosphate of Lime. Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

DR. BASON, DENTIST.

Office: Corner of Inn and Church streets. TEETH, extracted and nerves destroyed without pain.

The GRIFFITH Lands

FOR SALE. BY virtue of a decree of the County Court of Rowan county, will be sold at the courthouse door in Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, five hundred and ninety-five acres of land belonging to the estate of R. W. Griffith, dec'd.

Emigrants Coming!

LANDS WANTED, in Rowan, Davie, Davidson, Iredell, Catawba, Stanly, Mecklenburg, Forsythe, &c. No title to be given till money is paid.

Southern Shoe Factory!

Shelly Brothers & Co., THOMASVILLE, N. C. AS SUCCESSORS of J. Shelly & Son—established in 1818—We are manufacturing Men's Boys' Women's, Misses and Children's pegged Shoes of the best quality and at prices to suit the times.

Milo A. J. Roseman, M. D. OFFERS his professional services to the public. He may be found, when not absent, at his father's, where he has been practicing 16 years.

40 Years Before the Public.



THE SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS, That old, long known and well tried remedy for all Bilious diseases, caused by a DISEASED LIVER.

Read the following Certificate from persons of the highest respectability. LIVER COMPLAINT. Rev. Dr. C. F. DEXAS, (Aug. 23d, 1862.) says: "I have derived great benefit from these Pills, and have known many families and individuals who have found them very beneficial, and I have also known physicians in excellent standing to recommend them to their patients."

Rev. JOHN W. POTTER, Snow Hill, N. C., (January 2d, 1863.) says: "For twenty years I was a great sufferer. My liver was diseased. I lost my flesh and strength, and my skin seemed changed in its color by the bile with which my system was recharged. I became subject to frequent and violent attacks of bilious colic, every attack leaving me weaker than its predecessor. The physicians had been able to reach me up a little, but my health was in a deplorable state. I had taken patent medicines until I was tired of them. Without energy or comfort, I was barely able to get about a little. At length I yielded to the earnest persuasion of a friend and commenced taking the HEPATIC PILLS, with confidence in them. They acted like a charm on me. From that hour I have improved. I have recovered in their use, until now, by God's blessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro man, who, as I believe, was saved from death by a dose of these Pills. My Doctor's bill was annually from \$100 to \$200, but I have had no use for a physician since. I can confidently recommend them as a superior family medicine. They can be sent to any point in the United States by Mail or Express."

where they will be promptly attended to. For these Medicines call on all respectable Druggists everywhere, and on all Druggists in BALTIMORE. JOHN H. ENNIS, Druggist, Special Agent.

Country Merchants,

Dairymen, Farmers, And Others,

CONSIGN YOUR

Ashe's, Beans, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Flour and Meal, Flax, Cotton, Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits, Grain, Wool, Game, Poultry, Naval Stores, Ginseng, Hatters, Hemp, Provisions,

Oils, Lard, Tallow, Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum, Molasses, &c., &c., &c.,

JOSIAH CARPENTER,

General Commission Merchant, 442 444 & 446 Washington St. NEW YORK CITY.

And receive his weekly Price Current of Produce and Groceries the most complete price current published in the United States. Send for a Price Current. Marking Plates and Cards Furnished Free. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Established May 1st, 1860. First class references given when required. March 5, 1868. t w

Sparkling Catawba Springs,

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st. The medicinal properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Calicheate, unrivaled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found. The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit. Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles, over a beautiful, well-shaded road. A good band of Music will be at the Springs the entire season.—Board \$50 per month; \$18 per week or \$3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths, cold or hot. J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

WILSON SCHOOL,

MELVILLE, ALAMANCE COUNTY, N. C. THE next Session commences July 16, and continues 20 weeks. Board and Tuition, \$25 00. Each pupil will furnish 2 sheets, 2 pillow cases and 1 blanket. For circulars apply to the Principal. JOHN WILSON, Jr., Principal.