





By HIVES & BRUNER,

"The Old North State Forever."-Gaston

Single Copies Five Cents

[WHOLE NO 444

VOL III. No. 133

SALISBURY, N. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1868.

ECLECTIC MAGAZIN

SELECTED PROM

Recue des Deux Mondes. London Quarterly. British Laurterly, North Brit Review, St. Paul's, Cornhill Magazine, Tempte Bar, London Review Chamber's Journal, Art Journal, Contemporary Review, Christian Society. All the Year flound, Dublin University, Maonillan's Mayazine, Belgravia.

We have also arranged to secure choice selections from the Front, German, and other Continental Port Hoas, transitted especially for the Edectic to Zach nu.aper is catternisted with one or more Fine Steel Nagravings—portraits of eminent men, or illus-trative of important historical events.

Splendid Premiums for 1868.

He ry new subscriber to the Eclectic 1868 paying \$5 in advance, will receive either of the following beautiful chromo oil paintings

BASKET OF PEACHES. Size 9 X 11;

PER AND NUT CRACKERS. Size 7 X S.

The above are exact copies of original oil paintings, and are executed by Prang & Co., in the highest style of the art, or, in place of them we will send extiner of our Fine Steel Engravings, Washington at Valley Forge, Return from Market, Sunday Morning.

For Two subscribers and \$10.00, we will send the beautiful Chromo, Poultry Life—Size 51.2 x 8. For Phree subscribers and \$15.00, a copy of

Webster's National Pictorial Dictionary,

one Volume of 1,040 pages, containing over 600 pic tori il illustrations, price \$6.00; or a copy of Rosa Bonheur's Celebrated piece, Shetland Ponies—Size 8 1-2 x 12 1-2.

Terms of the Eclectic: Single copies 45 cts.; one copy, one year, \$5 00 two copies one year \$9.00; five copies one year \$20.00 Address W. II. BIDWELL.

5 Beekman St., New Y British Periodicais.

The London was terly Review, (Con servative)

The Edinburg 'eview, (Whig.) The Westminster Review. (Ridical.) The North British Review, (Free Church )

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (fors.)

The periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science. Religion and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of tetters. They are indispensable to the sciplar and the professional man and to every reading man as, they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from rent literature of the day than can be obtained from

any other source. TERM - FOR 1868. For any one of the Reviews ..... \$4.00 per annum. For Blackwood's Magazine...... 4.00 For Blackwood and one Review. 7.00 For Blackwood and one Review, 7.00
For Blackwood and any two of the
Reviews, 10.00
For Blackwood and three of the
Reviews, 13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 15.00

A discount of twenty per cent, will be allowed to habout four or more persons. Thus, four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$19.80. Four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$48.60, and so on. POSTAGE.

Subscribers should prepay by the quarter, at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Two CENTS a number. This rate only applies to currentsubscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

Premiums to New Subscribers New Subscribers to any two of the above period-cals for 1868 will be entitled to receive, gratis, any one of the Four Reviews for 1867. New Subscribers to all five of the Periodicals for 1868 may receive, gratis, Blackwood or any two of the Four Reviews for 1867.

for 1867.
Subscribers may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz.
The North British from January, 1863, to Decem-

Ne premiums can be given to Clubs.

Ne premiums can be given to Clubs.

1 he Leonard Scott Pub. Co.,

140 Fulton, St., N. Y. The L. S. PUB. CO., also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

by Have a Sympuses, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols., Royal ctave, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings. Price \$7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, jan9—tf

## CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

DR. SAML. A. BELI.,

HAS located on Enniss street, betweenMain & Lee. Office formerly occupied by Dr. J. A. Caldwell, and offers his profes sional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity of Saliebury.

[w-w-km]

Haag & Smith's Patent 40 Years Before the Public. WATER WHEEL.

FOREIGN LITERATURE, agency for the above named wheel, would call the at ention, of the proprietors of Mills. Factories, &c. &c., to the many advantages they would derive from using it. It is well [2] adaptedt to all purposes for which a water wheel is used. The small space it occupies. and the velocity of its motion, are attract. of gearing. It requires but a small amount of gearing. Ice does not affect it. Works as well on horizoutal as vertical shaft. Suitable to any locality. Not affected by back water. It is simple, cheap and durable. One of the wheels can be seen in operation at Foard, Tatum & Co's, Mill on South Yadkin

> I have been in the Mill wright business for 25 years, and consider this by far the best whell I have ever yet met with. This wheel costs from \$15 to \$275, according to size. For further particulars address me at. Jerusalem, Davie Co., N. C. RICHARD T. NUTT.

Sep. 10, 1863

#### \$15 REWARD.

WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD of Pifteen Dollars for the recovery of my Horse, BILL, which I hired to one Thomas Harris, on the 19th of November last, for a four days journey, but which time said Harris has protracted to fourteen days, leading me to believe that he has determined to keep my borse, or has sold him, and applied the proceeds to defray the expenses of his worthless careass on the Railroad to parts unknown to me. The horse is a medium sized gray. (nearly white.) without blemish of any sort; yellow eyes, and will be nine years old next Spring. Harris is a stout built. light-haired, big-mouthed man of about 23 years of age; somewhat inclined to be talkative in company-drinks whiskey, is profane, and undoubtedly is a rascal He is said to have come from Mississippi or Alabama, (which State, is not now distinctly remembered,) where he left a wile, and whither he will probably return. I will pay the above reward for the recovery of ose, or for information leading to it : and will thank honest men, who may happen to meet with Harris, to look him straight in the eye and ask him, "Where is Tom Crawford's Gray Horse ? Address me at Salisbury N. C. THOS. M. CRAWFORD. Dec. 4, 186º 48-1w

# PURE PERUVIAN GUANO

A ND all other kinds of GUANO, including A the different PHOSPHATES, PLAS-PER and LIME, kept constantly on hand, a very low prices. Our farmers will do well to all on us at once and get their Fertilizers, beore ordering and buying elsewhere. We will take Flour or Wheat at the mk

price, in exchange. SPRINGS, HUTCHISON & Co.

No 1, Cown's Brick Row. Salisbury, Ang. 28.

# LAND SALE,

ON WEDNE-DAY, the 6th of January next, at the residence of WM. T. MARLIN, I will of fer for ale to the highest bidder, 258 ACRES OF LAND. more or less, the property of Wm. T. Marlin, a

Bankrept.
Said land lies on the Wilkesboro' Road, nine miles N. W. of Salisbury, adjoining Jesse Thomason, John C. Benson, and others. Also, said Marlin's reversionary interest of about 30 Acres in the lands of the late Richard Lowry, (in which Mrs. Elizabeth Lowry has a life estate.) lying on the Lincoluton road, five misles West

of Salisbury. Terms Cash Sale at 12 o'clock, M. WM. R. FRALEY. Assignee. Dec. 4th. 1868.-3tpd... Edgeworth Female Seminary

THIS Institution will be re-opened on the

first day of September, with a full corps of Teachers. The entire expense for a session of 20 weeks, of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, will be according to the class; either \$105, or \$110. or \$116 if paid in advance; or \$116.50, or \$121.50, or \$126.50, if paid half in advance. Each boarder will furnish her own lights and towels and also a pair of sheets and cases.— Moderate extra charges will be made for and cient and mouern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting .- For circulars address J. M. M. CALDWELL

Greensboro' N. C. (61) July 9.

#### WOLFE, 22 BEAVER STREET. New York.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of North Carolina that they have been appointed agents for Unorpho Wolfk, of New York, for the sale of his celebrated

### SCHEIDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,

And Bottled Wines and Liquors. Mr. W.'s name is a household word in every art of the Southern States.

ADRIIN & VOLLERS. Wilmington, N. C. HENDERSON & CRAWFORD, Agents Salisbury, N. C. 35:w13:grd

Know and Believe THAT G. B. POULSON & CO'S. DRUG Store is the cheapest place to buy Drugs and Medicines in this section of North Caroli-

na. Try them !-at WYATT'S OLD STAND



#### THE SOUTHERA HEPATIC PILLS.

That old, long known and well tried remedy for all Bilions diseases, caused by-a

DISEASED LIVER.

Read the following Certificates from persons of he highest respectability LIVER COMPLAINT.

REV. DR. C. F. DREMS, (Aug. 234, 1862.) says: "I have derived great benefit from these | 3 squares, Puls, and have known many families and in- 4 squares, dividuals who have found them very beneficial, and I have also known physicians in excellent standing to recommend them to their patients. For all diseases arising from disorders of the over, I believe they are the best medicine of fered to the public.

REV. JOHN W. POTTER, Snow Hill, N. C., January 5, 1863.) says: "For twelve years I was a great sufferer. My liver was diseased l lost my flesh and strength, and my skin seemed changed in its color by the bile with which my system was overcharged. I became subject to frequent and violent attacks of bilious cholic, every attack leaving me weaker than its pre-decessor. The physicians had been able to patch me up a little, but my health was in a deplorable state. I had taken patent metaking the HEPATIC PILLS, with he cotfi-

DYSPEPSIA. S. D. WALLACE E-q., President of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, (Aug. 30, 1862) says: ' It has been said that Dyspepsia is our national disease. However this may be, it lentially a triend furnished me with a few box-Among my acquaintances many cases originating from diseased liver, have been relieved and cured by them. I regard them an invaluable medicine, and take pleasure in forwarding this

A. W. D. TAYLOR, Esq., Petersburg, Va., ute books. State to which the constitu-(Jan. 12, 1859) says: "In the Spring of 1858, tion guarantees a republican form of gov-I was attacked with Dyspepsia to such an extent that a'l my food of every description disagreed with me. I was swollen so I had to loosen my clothes, and night after night I could get no sleep. I tried one or two physicians, and took a good deal of medicine, but found no relief. I purchased one box of the Southern Hepatic Pills, and the first dose I took I felt relieved, and continued until I took the whole box. I am now entirely well, and eat heartily, and never have been attacked since. I can safely recommend these Pills to the Dys-

peptic and the community at large." They can be sent to any point in the United They can be sent to any point in States by Mail or Express.

PRICE—For one box, 25 certs.—D. a \$2.50—Faif Gross.
\$10—One Gross, \$18—Three Gross, \$50—Five Gross, \$75.
The ash must either accompany the order for the Medicine or it will be sent C.O.D. Or ers should be addressed to G. W. BEEMS,

No. 28, Soura Calmons Street,

Baltimons Md.,

where they will be promptly attended to.

For these Medicines cell on all respectable Druggists everywhere, and on all the Bruggists in Satissaum.

JOHN H. ENNISS.

10:w&tw1y

CLEMMONS STAGE LINE

Warsaw to Faretteville, Leave Warsaw for Fayettsville daily, ex cept Sunday. Through Tickets from Wil-tion. Its interests have been injuriously mington to Fayetteville. \$6. Through Tick-affected by the derangement of business ets from Weldon, via Warsaw, to Fayet e and labor, and the consequent want ville, \$10. Through Tickets from Goldsboro', via Warsaw, to Fayetteville, \$6. Charlotte o Wadesboro'.

Leave Charlotte, via Mouroe, for Wadesboro'. Tuesday. Thursday and Staturday Leave Wadesboro' Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, after the arrival of the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford Stage.

Merrisville to Pittsberg Leave Morrisville for Pittsboro' Monday. Wednesday and Friday, return next days. Clemmons' Accommedaton Lice. Between SALEM and HIGH POINT N. C., fare One Dollar. E. T. CLEMMONS. "

Contractor. [w-tw-Im] July, 7, 1868. DR. R. P. BESSENT, D. D. S.

> IDLEST TPICETTP AT THE BOTDEN HOUSE.

BALFREDRY, N. C.

THE OLD NORTH STATE. TTRI-WEEKLY 13-RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. JE TERMS CASH IN ADVAN E

A cross on the paper indicates the expiration of The type on which the "OLE Nonra State," is printed is entirely new. No pains will be spared to nake it a selcome visitor to every family. In order to do this we have engaged the services of able and accomplished literary contributors.

Advertising Rate:s

TRANSIENT RATES For all periods less than one mouth One Square. First innert on Each subsequent insection \$1.00 ernment. Contract rates for periods of one to four months. 1 MO | 2 MO | 3 MO | 4 MO | 6 MO 85,00 | 88 50 | \$12 00 | \$15 (0 | \$20 00 SOUTARK. 17 (0) 21 (0) 27 (0) 21 (0) 26 (0) 3400 23 (0) 28 (0) 8 700 24 (0) 29 (0) 3 850 7 50 13 00 10 00 16 00 19 00 18 00 2 AQUARES. 13 00 19 00 24 00 29 00 20 00 27 00 33 00 38 00 25 00 33 00 40 00 45 00 30 00 42 00 52 00 60 00 HALP COL. SQUAR. COL.

### President's Message.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9-10:50, A. M.

Fellow-Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives . Upon the reassembling of Congress, it again becomes my duty to call your attention to the State of the Union and to its continued disorganized condition under the various laws which have been passed upon the subject of reconstruction. It for other purposes, contains a provist gate of 3300,000,009. Three years of dicines until I was tired of them. Without may be safely assumed as an axiom in the energy or comfort. I was barely able to go as government of States, that the greatest stitutional function as commander-in-chief time the disbursements of the government bout a little. At length I yielded to the ear- wrongs inflicted upon a people are caused of the army, and down to States of the have successively, been 520,000,000, 346,nest persuasion of a friend and commenced by unjust and arbitrary legislation by the Union the right to rotect themselves by 000,000 and 393 000,000. Adding to unrelenting decrees of despotic rulers, and means of their o militia. These provi- these amounts 372,000,000, estimated for dence in them. They acted like a charm on that the timely revolution of injurious, of sions should be stonce annulled, for while the fiscal year ending the 30th of Jane, persevered in their use, until now, by God's oppressive measures is the greatest good the first might, in times of great emergen- 1869, we obtain a total expenditure of sixblessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro that can be conferred upon a nation. The cy, seriously embarrass the Executive in teen hundred millions of dollars during man, who, as I believe, was saved from death Legislature or ruler who has the wisdom efforts to employ and direct the common the four years preceeding the war, or nearby a dose of these Pills. My Doctor's bill was and magnatimity to retrace his steps, strength of the nation for its protection ly as much as was expended during the annually from \$100 to \$200 but I have tad when convinced of second with the temperature discussion by the constitution of the express discussion by the constitution of the express discussion by the constitution of the express discussion of the express recommend them as a superior family medicine gratitude of an intelligent and patriotic that "a well regulated militia being neces- expenditures already named. These startpeople. Our own history, although em sary to the security of a free State, the ling facts clearly illustrate the necessity bracing a period less than a century, affords abundant proof, that most, if not all, shall not be infringed." It is believed lie service. Abuses which were tolerated of our domestic troubles are directly tra- that the repeal of all such laws would be during the war for the preservation of the caused me long and severe suffering. Provi- ceable to violations of the organic law and excessive legislation. The most saiking least a partial return to the fundamental that profound peace prevais The rees of the 'Hepatic Pills,' and the use of them illustrations of this fact are furnished by has periected a cure. In my family they have the engetments of the past three years upbeen used frequently with emment success on the question of reconstruction. After a fair trial they have substantially failed

and proved pernicious in their results, and there seems to be no good reason why they should longer remain upon the staternment have been reduced to military dependencies, in each of which the people have been made subject to the arbitrary will of the commanding general. Althothe constitution requires that each State shall be represented in Congress, Virginia, Mississippi and Texas are yet excluded from the two Houses and contrary to the express provisions of that instrument, and were denied participation in the recent election for a President and Vice President of the United States. The attempt to place the white people under the dominion of persons of color in the south has impaired, if not destroyed, the kindly relations that had previously existed between them, and mutual distrust has engendered a feeling of animosity which, leading in some instances to collision and bloodshed, has prevented that co-oper tion between the two races so essential to southern States. Nor have the inhabitants of those States alone suffered from the disturbed condition of affairs growing out of these Congressionul enactments .-The entire I nion has been agitated by

The federal constitution, the Magna Charta of American rights-under whose wise and salutary provisions we have suc-cessfully conducted all our domes'ic and foreign affairs, sustained ourselves in peace and in war, and became a great nation among the powers of the earth, must assuredly be now adequate to the settleprovisions of the constitution, the execu-seventy eight cents per capita. attained the sum of one hundred and tive department with the voluntary aid of It will be observed that all of these twenty seven million. Wise and exenosi-

the States, had brought the work of resto- statements refer to, and exhibit the disthan at the inception of the Congressional lars and sixty cents per capita for the war plan of reconstruction. It needs no argue expenses of that year. In 1865 the exment to show that legislation which has penditures called for by the rebellion produced such baneful consequences should crached the vast amount of twelve hunbe abrogated or else made to conform to dred and ninety millions, which compared the genuine principles of republican gov. with a pepulation of thirty-four millions,

Under the influence of party passion per capita. and sectional prejudice other acts have From the fourth-day of March 1789, to been passed not warrunted by the constitute 30th of June 1861 the entire expentution. Congress has already been made ditures of the government were seventeen familiar with my views respecting the bundred millions of dollars. During that

Apain; the expension of the government an estimated surplus of \$24,000,000. in 1869, the year of peace immediately It becomes proper in this connection to

tation as near completion as was within bursements of peace periods. It may, the scope of its authority, and the nation therefore, be of interest to compare the was encouraged by the prospect of an ear- expenditures of three war periode, the ly and satisfactory adjustment of its diffi- Mexican war, and the war of the rebelculties. Congress, however, interfered and lion. In 1814, the annual expenses inrefusing to perfect the work so nearly ac- cident to the war of 18 2, reached their complished, declined to admit members highest amount -about thirty-one million from the unrepresentated States; adopted while our population slightly exceeds progress of measures which arrested the progress of measures which arrested that progress of reasonable functions and that and been so successfully accomplished, and after three years of agreeion and strite, ing out of the war with Mexico reached has left the country further from the at- fifry-five millions, and the population about tainment of union and featernal feeling twenty-one millions, giving only two del-

gives therty-eight dollars and twenty-cents

tenure-of-office bill. Experience has pro- period we were engaged in wars with ved that its repeal is demanded by the Great Britain and Mexico, and were inbest interesis of the country, and that volved in hostility with powerful Indian while it remains in force the President tribes Louisiana was purchased from cannot enjoin that rigid accountability of France at a c st of fifteen millions of dolpublic officers so essential to an honest lars. Florida was ceded to us by Spain and efficient execution of the laws. Its for five millions California was acquired repeal would enable the executive depart- from Mexico for fifteen millions and the ment to exercise the power of appoint territory of New Mexico was obtained from ment and removal in accordance with the Taxas for the sum of ten millions. Earoriginal design of the federal constitution. It in 1861 the war of the rebellion com-The act of March 2d, 1865, making ap- mon ed, and from the 1st of July of that propriations for the support of the arm's year to the 30th of June, 1865, the public for the year ending June 30th, 1868, re- expenditures reached the enormous aggrewhich interfere with the President's ton- peace have intervened, and during that right of the people to keep and bear arms of retrenchment in all branches of the pubaccepted by the American people as at nation will not be endured by people now principles of the government, and an indi- ceipts from internal revenue and customs, cation that hereafter the constitution is to have during the past three years gradualbe made the nation's safe and unswerving ly diminished and the continuance of useguide. They can be productive of no less and extravagant expenditures will inpermanent benefit to the country, and volve us in national bankrupty or else should not be permitted to stand as so make inevitable an increase of taxes almany monuments of the deficient wisdom ready too onerous and in many respects which has characterized our recent legisla- obnoxious on account of their inquisitorial character. One bundred millions annual-The condition of our finances demands ly are expended for the military force, a he early and carnest consideration of large portion of which is employed in the Congress. Compared with the growth of execution of laws both unnecessary and our population the public expenditures unconstitutional. One hundred and fifty have reached an unprecedented in our his- millions are required each year to pay the tory. The population of the United interest on the public debt. An army of States in 1790 was nearly four millions of tax.gathers impoverishes the nation, and people, increasing each decade about thir- public agents, placed by Congress beyond ty-three per cent., it reached in 1860 thir- the control of the executive, divert from ty-one millions, an increase of seven hun- their legitimate purposes large sums of dred per cent. on the population in 1790 money, which they collect from the peo-In 1869 it is estimated that it will reach ple in the name of the government. Juthirty-eight millions, or an increase of dicious legislation and prudent economy eight hundred and sixty-eight per cent in can alone remedy defects and avert evils seventy-nine years. The annual expen- which is suffered to exist, and cannot fail difures of the federal government in 1791 to diminish confidence in the people towere four million two hundred thousand wards their political institutions. Withdollars. In 1820, eighteen million two out proper care the small balance which hundred thousand dollars - In 1850, for- it is estimated will remain in the treasury ty one millions. In 1860, sixty three at the close of the present fiscal year will millions. In 1865, nearly thirteen han not be realized, and additional millions be the success of industrial enterprises in the dred millions, and in 1869 it is estimated added to a debt which is now enumerated by the Secretary of the Treasury, in his by billions. It is shown by the able and last annual report, that they will be three comprehensive report of the Secretary of hundred and seventy two million. By the Treasury that the receipts for the fiscomparing the public disbursements of cal year ending June 30th, 1868, were 1869 it is estimated by the Secretary of \$405,738,093, and that the expenditures grave apprehensions of troubles which the Treasury, in his last annual report, for the same period were \$377,340,284, might again disturb the peace of the na that they will be three hundred and seve leaving in the treasury a surplus of \$28,enty two million. By comparing the pub- 297,798. It is estimated that the receipts lie disbursements of 1869, as estimated during the present year ending June 30th with those of 1791, it will be seen that 1869, will be \$341,392,868 and the exof prosperity throughout that portion of the increase of expenditures since the be-the country.

the increase of expenditures since the be-ginning of the government, has been eight balance of \$5,240,398 in favor of the govthousand six hundred and eighteen per ernment. For the fiscal year ending centum, while the increase of the popula- June 30 h, 1870, it is estimated that the tion for the same peried was only eight receipts will amount to \$327,000,000 and hundred and sixty-eight per centum. - the expenditures to \$303,000,000 leaving

preceding the war, were only sixty-three make a brief reference to our public inmillion, while in 1866, the year of peace debtedness, which has accumulated with ment of questions growing out of the civil three years after the war, it is estimated such alarming rapidity and assumed such war waged alone for its vindication. This they will be three hundred and seventy colossal proportions. In 1789, when the great fact is made most manifest by the two million, an increase of four hundred government commenced operations under condition of the country when Congress and eighty nine per centum, while the in- the federal constitution, it was burdened assembled in the month of December, crease of population was only twenty-one with an indebtedness of seventy-five mil-1865. Civil strife has ceased—the spirit per centum for the same period. These lion of dollars, created during the war of of rebellion had spent its entire force in statistics further show that in 1791, the the Revolution. This amount had been the Southern States-the people had annual expenses, compared with the pop- reduced to forty-five million of dollars warmed into national life and throughout ulation, were little more than one dollar when, in 1812, war was declared against the whole country a healthy reaction in per capita, and in 1860, but two dollars Great Britain. The three years struggle public sentiment had taken place. By per capita, while in 1869, they will reach that followed largely increased the nathe application of the simple, yet effective the extravagant sum of nine dollars and tional obligations, and in 1816 they had attained the sum of one bundred and