ceute on behalf of the State, in all crimital actions in the Superior Courts, and advise the officers of justice in his district.

qualified voters thereof as is prescribed for members of the General Assembly, and shall hold their offices for embly, and shall hold their offices for two years. In each township there shall be a Constable, elected in like manner by the voters shareof, who shall hold his office for two years.— When there is no coroner in the coun-ty, the cierk of the Superior court for the county may appoint one for apecial cases. In case of a vacancy exlating for any came, in any of the offifice. 61. All vacueics occurring in the offices provided for by this Article of this constitution shall be filled by ntment of the Governor, unless otherwise previded for, and the ap-

the next regular election.
See, 53. The officers elected at the first election held under this constitu tion shall hold their offices for the terms prescribed for them respective ly, next ensuing after the next regu-lar election for members of the Gen-eral Assembly. But their terms shall begin upon the approval of this con-stitution by the congress of the Unit

Sec. 33. The several justices of the cace shall have exclusive origina n under such regulations as of sileivil actions founded on contract wherein the sum demanded shall not exceed two hundred dollars, and inal matters arising within their counies where the punishments cannot accord a fine of lifty dollars or im the whole matter in the appellate court; but if the judgment shall be for twenty-five dollars or less, then the case shall be heard in the apellate court, only upon matters of law. In all cases of a criminal nature the party against whom Judgment is given than appeal to the Superior Court, where the matter shall be heard anew. in all cases brought before a justice he shall make afrecord of the proceed fngs, and like the same with the figs, and like the same clerk of the superior court of

Sec. 34. When the office of Justice of the Peace shall become vacant, otherwise than by the expiration of the I will faithfully discharge the duties time, and in case of a failure by the of my office. So help me God. oters of any district, to elect, clerk of the apperior court for the county, shall appoint to fill the va-

become vacant, otherwise than by the expiration of the term, and in case of a failure by the people to elect, the Judge of the superior court for the county shall appoint to fill the vacanery until an election can be regularly held.

All persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since becoming eitzens of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since become a failure by the people to elect, the difference of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since become a failure by the people to elect, the difference of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons and the convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since become ing eitzens of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since become ing eitzens of the United States, or of corruption or mal-practice in office, unless such persons who shall have been convicted of treason, perjury, or of any other infamous crime, since become 85. In case the office of clerk

ARTICLE V.

REVENUE AND TAXATION.

Section I. The General Assembly shall lary a expitation tax on every male inhabitant of the State over twenty one and under lifty years of age, which shall be equal on each to the tax on property valued at three veyor and Five Commissioners. el dollars in cash. The countries

voters of their respective districts.

See 28. The Superior Courts shall be, at all times, open for the transaction of all basiness within their jurisdiction, except the trial of issues of fact requiring a jury.

See 28. A soliciter shall be elected for each judicial district by the qualified we ten thereof, as in prescribed for members of the times of the term of four years, and prosent the times of the term of four years, and prosentice for the term of the property for their townships and make of the four years, and prosentice for the term of the property for the term of the four years and the four years, the four years are stimated. In every Towns are stimated. In every Towns and the years are stimated. In every Towns are stimated. In every Towns are stimated. In every Towns and the ye Sec. 30. In each county a Sheriff corporation, except to aid in the com-and Coroner, shall be elected by the piction of such railroads) as inny be unfinished at the time of the adoption other municipal corporation shall of this Constitution, or in which the contract any debt, pledge its faith, or state has a direct pecuniary interest, unless the subject be submitted to a direct vote of the people of the state, and be approved by a majority of those who shall vote thereon.

sec. 6. Property belonging to the

sec. 6. Property belonging to the state, or to municipal corporations, shall be exempt from taxation. The General Assembly may exempt concernes, and property held for educational, scientific, literary, charitable, or religious purposes; also, wearing apparel, arms for muster, household and kitchen furniture, the mechanical and agricultural implements of me-change and farmers, libraries, and scientific instruments, for value of nor exceeding three hundred dollars.

sec. 7. The taxes leaird by the Constitution by the Congress of the commissioners of the several counties, for county purposes, shall be levied in like manner with the stare taxe point a sufficient number of Justices es and shall never exceed the double of the Peace in each county who of the save tax, except for special pur-poses, and with the special approval four, five and six of this Article shall

of the General Assembly.

sec. 8. Every act of the General
Assembly, levying a fax, shall state and provisions relating to municipal the special object to which it is to be corporations shall remain in force unother purp we.

SEFFRAGE AND ELIGIBILITY TO OFFICE. Section 1. Every male person born in the United States and every male person who has been naturalized. wherein the title to real estate shall twenty one years old or upward, who not be in controversy, and of all crim shall have resided in this State twelve months next preceding the election. and thirty days in the county in which he offers to vote, shall be

the same. The party against whom lowed to vote without registration, or independent shall be rendered in any to register, without first taking an flows cannot be attained under general allows. All general laws and specification, may appeal to the same outh or affirmation to support and allows. All general laws and specification, may be altered, from time to meeting the local states and the Constitute flow, may be altered, from time to meeting the local states and the constitute flow, may be altered, from time to meeting the local states and the constitute flow in the constitute flow in the constitute flow in the local states and the constitute flow in the constitution and the constitution dollars, there may be a new trial of tion and laws of North-Carolina, not inconsistent, therewith,

Sec. 3. Albelections by the people shall be by bellot and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva

Sec. 4. Every voter, except as hereinafter provided shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I _____ do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States and the Constitution and laws of North-Carolin

Sec. 6. The following classes opersons shall be disqualified for office First, all persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God. Second.— All persons who shall have been con

ARTICLE VII.

MUNPIPAL CORPORATIONS. See, 1, In each County, there sha be elected, biennially, by the qual Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the

Commissioners to exercise a general shall be divided into a convenient may exempt from expitation tax in supervision and courrel of the penal number of Districts, in which one er special cases, on account of property and charitable institutions, Schools, more Public schools shall be main culture, of Mechanics of and infirmity, and the State and count. Roads, Bridges, levying of taxes and tained, at least four months in every of Normal Instruction. ty capitation tax combined shall never finances of the County, as may be er exceed two dollars on the head.

Sec. 2. The proceeds of the state board of Commissioners.

Roads, Bridges, levying of taxes and famed, at least four months the county of Normal Instruction.

Sec. 17. The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enset that every the aforesaid requirements of this child of sufficient mental and phisisection, they shall be fable to indict.

and county capitation tax shall be applied to the purposes of education and the Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the support of the poor, but in no one than twenty-five per cach county, to divide the same into that may have been in force than twenty-five per cach county, to divide the same into the granted by the United States to be appropriated to the districts to determine the beginning the purpose.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of ment.

Schools during the period between that may have been in force than twenty-five per cach county, to divide the same into be granted by the United States to unless educated by other means, and prescribe the manes this State and not otherwise specially latted purpose.

ARTICLE X.

for revision as may be prescribed by law. The Clerk shall also be ca of scio Treasurer of the townships.

Sec. 7. No county, city, town, or loan its credit, nor shall any tax be levied, or collected by any office, of the same, except for the necessary expenses thereof, unless by a vote of a majority of the qualified voters therein.

See. 7. The Governor Secretary of

Sec. 8. No money shall be drawn

from any county or Township Treasurer, except by authority of law.

Sec. 9. All taxes levied by any county, city, town or township, shall be antiform, and ad valorens, upon all property it the same, except property exempted by this Constitution.
Sec. 10. The county officers fire

article shall enter upon their duties

applied, and it shall be applied to no til legally charged, unk se inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitu-

Sec. 13. No County, City, Town or other municipal corporation, shull as sume or pay, or shull any tax be levied, or collected for the payment of tution, the time of future meeting any debt, or the interest upon any may be determined by the Board, debt contracted, directly in aid or support of the rebellion.

Sec. 11. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the

7.1.11 ARTICLE VIIL

CORPORATIONS OFFICE THAN MUNICIPAL Section 11. Corporations may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except prisonment for one month. When an issue of fact shall be joined before a lastice, so demand of either party thereto, he should cause a jury of six mon to be summoned, who shall try the same. The party against whom time or repealed.

See S. Dues front comporations shall be secured by such individual habilities of the corporations and other means, as may be prescribed by

Sec. 3. The term corporation. used in this Article shall be construed to include all associations and joint stock companies, having any of the powers and provileges of corporations, ot possessed by individuals or part nerships. And all corporations shall have the right to use, and shall be subject to be used, in all courts, in ike cases as natural persons.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide for the organization of cities, towns and inco-porassed villages, and to restrict their power of Jazation, accessorate, burro ing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so us to vent abuses in assessments and con tracting debts by each municipal over poration.

> ARTICLE IX. EDUCATION ...

Section I, Religion, murality, and knowledge being necessary to good government and happiness of man-kind, schools and the means of edugation, shall forever be encourged.

Sec. 2. The Copperal Assembly at its first session under this Constitution, shall provide by taxation and otherwise for general and uniform system of Public achords, wherein this on shall be tree of charge to all the chil dren of the State between the ages of

Sec. 3. Each county of the State

Sec. 3. Laws shall be passed, taxing by a uniform rule, all monies, credits investments in bonds, stocks, joint stock companies or otherwise; and, also, all real and personal property, according to its true value in money. The General Assembly may also tax trades, professions, franchises, and incomes. Provided, That no incomes shall be taxed when the property from sales of state. Also, all debt.

ARTICLE X.

Sec. 1 The personal property of any resident of this State in the value of the state of any resident of this State in the value of five hundred dollars, to be selected proceeds that may accrue to the State by such residents, shall be and is heretime districts and property of any resident of this State in the value of five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to the General Assembly, and other property of any resident of this State in the value of five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be selected by such residents, shall be and is heretime to five hundred dollars, to be select

Carolina, with its lands, emoltments and franchises, is under the control of the State, and shall be held to an inseparable connection with the Free Public School system of the State.

Sec. 6. The General Assembly shall provide that the benefits of the University, as far as practicable, be extended to the youth of the State free of expense for tuition; also, that all the property which has heretof accrued to the State, or shall here

State, Treasurer, Auditor, superintendent of Public Works, superintendent of Public Horks, superintendent of Public Horks, superintendent of Public Horks, shall constitute a State Board of Education,

Sec. 8. The Governor shall be President, and the superintendent of Public Instruction shall be

ublic Instruction shall be secretary

Public Instruction shall be accretary of the floard of Education.

Sec. 9. The Board of Education shall succeed to all the powers and trusts of the President and Directors of the Literary Fund of North-Carolina, and shall have full power to legislate and makes with needful rules and regulations in relations to free public selection and the educational fund of the State, but all acts, color and regulations of the suid Board, may be altered, amended or repealed by the General Assembly, and when so altered, amended or re-pealed, they shall not be re enacted

Sec. 10. The first season The Board of Education shall be held at the Capitel of the State, within fifteen days after the organization; of the State government under this Chesti-

transaction of bus ness.
Sec. 12. The contingent expenses

of the Board shall be provided for by

the General Assembly.
Sec. 13. The Board of Education shall elect Trustees for the University as follows: One Trustee for each county in the State whose term of office shall be eight years. The first meeting of the Board shall be held a quorum. The Trustees, at their first meeting, shall be divided, as equally as may be into four classes. The Seast of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of two years; of the second class, at the ex piration of four years ; of the third class, at the ex; I ation of six years; of the fourth class, at the expiration

of eight years; so that one fourth may be chosen every second year.

Sec. 14. The Board of Education and the President of the University, shall be ex officio members of the Board of Trustees of the University; and shall, with three other Trustees to be appointed by the Board of Trus tees, constitute the Executive Committee of the Trustees of the Livier-sity of North Carolina, and shall be clothed with the powers delegated to the Executive Committee under the existing organization of the Institu-tion. The Governor shall be as of-face President of the Board of Trus tees and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the University. The Board of Education shall provide for the more perfect organization of the Board of Trustees:

Sec. 15. All the privileges, rights, franchises and sudowments bereto fore granted ito, or conferred upon the Bard of Trustees of the Univerter of 1789, or by any subsequent legislations, are hereby vested in the Board of Trustees authorized by this Constitution, for the perpetant benefit

of the University.

Sec. 16. As soon as phacticable af ter the adoption of this Constitution the General Assembly shall establish and mantain in connection with the University, or Department of Agri culture, of Mechanics of Mining at d

closed at the first election under the constitution, shall, effect their election, under the constitution, shall, effect their election, under the superint Court, be divided by lettinous example and the superint Court, be divided by lettinous example and the superint Court, be divided by lettinous example and the superint Court, be divided by lettinous example and the superint Court, be divided by lettinous expectation, private for the public debt; after the year 1880, it shall be superint Court, be divided by lettinous example and the provide for the public debt; after the year 1880, it shall be a specific and personal provide by law that the judges of the sun personal court, least and one of the wheel state, as is better in the remainder of the wheel state, as is better in the provide of the state, as is better in the provide of the state, as is better in the provide of the state, as is better in the provide of the state, as is better in the remainder shall be a strength of the state, as is better in the remainder of the state and the sum of the remainder of the states and the sum of the remainder of the states and the sum of the provided of the state, as is better in the remainder of the states and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the sum of the state and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the state and the sum of the state and the state and the state and the state and

death of the owner thereof, shall be call out the Militia, to execute the enempt from the payment of any debt during the minority of his children or any one of them.

Sec. 4. The General Assembly

one and two of this article shall not be so construed as to prevent a laborer's lien for work done and performed for the person claiming such exemption, or a mechanic's lien for work done on the premises.

Sec. 5. If the owner of a Homestead die, leaving a widow but no children, the same shall be exempt from the debts of her husband, and the rents and profits thereof shall shall inure to her benefit during her widowhood, unless she be the owner of a Homestead in her own right.

Sec. 6. The real and personal property of any female in this State, ac-

percy of any female in this State, ac-quired before marriage, and all pro-perty, real and personal, to which she may after marriage become in any manner entitled, shall be and remain the sole and separate estate and pro-perty of such female, and shall not be liable to sny debts, obligations or en gagements of her husband, and may be devised or hequeathed, and, with

over to the wife and children, or the guardian, if under age, for lies or their own at the claims of the representatives of the heaband, or any of life creditors,

without the voluntary signature and assent of his wife, signified on her private examination according to law.

ARTICLE XI.

ment with or without hard labor, fines removal from offices and disqualifica onor, trust or profit, under this State. as a second, or accept, or knowingly Sec. 2. The object of punishments, carry a challenge therefor, or agree to

Sec. 3. The General Assembly shall and expenditures of the public money at its first meeting make provision for shall be annually published, the erection and conduct of a State Sec. 4. The General Assembly shall orison or penitentiary at some central and accessible point within the State.

Sec. 4. The General Assembly may provide for the erection of Houses of Correction where vagrants and persons guilty of misdemeanors shall be restrained and assfully employed. Sec. 5. A house or houses of refuge

may be established whenever the put He interest may require it, for the correction and instruction of other classes of offenders, Sec. 6. It shall be required by com-

petent legislation that the structure and superintendent of penal institu-tions of the Brate, the county Jalls, and city police prisons, secure the health and comfort of the prisoners, and that male and female prisoners he never confined in the same room or ell. Beneficent provisions

the poor, the unfortunate and orphans being one of the first duties of a civilized and a christian State, the Gen eral Assembly shall at its first sersion appoint and define the duties of a Board of Public Charities, to whom shall be entrusted the supervision of all penal and state institutions, and who shall annually report to the Gov. ernor upon their conditions with suggestions for their improvement. Sec. 8, There shall also as soon

practicable, be measures devised by the state for the establishment of one or more orphan houses, where destithte orphans may be cared for, educated and taught some business or trade. Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, as soon as practical, to devise means for the education of idion and insbriares. He of Sec. 10. The General Assembly

half pristide that all the deaf mute the blind, and the insane of the State shall be cared for at the charge of the Sec. 11. It shall be steadily kept in

riew by the Legislature, and the Board of Public Charities that all penal and charitable institutions should be made as nearly self-suppor ting as is consistent with the purposes of their creation.

any one of them.

Sec. 4. The General Assembly shall have power to make such exone and two of this article shall not emptions as may be deemed necessary. ry, and to enact laws that may be ex-pedient for the government of the militia.

> ARTICLE XIII. AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. No Convention of the people shall be called by the General Assembly upless by the concurrence of two thirds of all the menbers of each House of the General As

See. 2. No part of the Constitution of this State shall be altered upless a bill to alter the same shall have been read three times in each House of the General Assembly and agreed to by three fifths of the whole number of manulacts of each House restrictly and agree of the general Assembly and agreed to by three fifths of the whole number of manulacts of each House restrictly alter a part of 15 feet. perty of such female, and shall not be limited to any debts, obligations or entil the bill, so agreed to, shall have been published six months previous to a new election of members to the written assent of her husband, leconveyed by her as if she were unmarried.

Sec. 7. The husband may insure his own life for the sole use and hene fit of his wife and children, and in case of the heath of the husband the angust thus husband shall be paid over to the wife and children, or the several days in each House then the several days in each House the several days in the several days in eac sald General Assembly shall prescribe a mode by which the amendment or amendments may be submitted to the qualified voters of the House o. Rep-Sec. 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing section of this article shall operate to prevent the owner of a Homestean from disposing of the same that a majority of the roters voting the owner of a Homestead shall be valid and not otherwise, the same shall be that a majority of the voters voting thereon, have approved thereof, then, and not otherwise, the same shall be-come a part of the Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV. MINORILAMINOUS, JTC

Section. 1. All indictments which ARTICLE XI.

PUNISHMENTS, PENAL INSCRIPTIONS AND FURILIO CHARTIES.

Section 1. The following punish ments only shall be known to the laws of this state, viz: Death, imprisons forbidden by this Constitution. I greater diversity of opinion Sec. 2. No person who shall here skill and remedial agencies

Sec. 2. The object of punishments, carry a challenge therefor, or agree to being not only to satisfy justice, but also to recorn the offenders, and thus prevent crime, mirder, arson, burglary and rape, and those only may be punishable with death, if the Gen of appropriations made by law, and cral Assembly so enset.

provide by proper legislation, for giving to mechanics and laborers an adequate lien on the subject matter of their labor.

Sec. 5. In the absence of any con-

trary provision, all officers in this State, whether heretofore elected, or appointed by the Governor shall hold their positions only, until other ap pointments are unde by the Govern-or, or, if the officers are elective, unor, or, if the officers are elective, until their successors shall have been chosen and duly qualified, according to the provisions of this Constitut on.

Sec. 6. The sent of Government in this State shall remain at the city of Mr. Wilson, so shore, or by calling on or all Raleigh.

Sec. 9. No person shall hold more than one lucrative office, under the State, at the same time: Provided, That officers in the Militia, Justices of the Peace, Commissioners of Public Charities and Commissioners appointed for special purposes, shall not be considered officers within the meaning of this section.

Done in Convention at Raleigh, the sixteenth day of March in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight dred and sixty-eight, and of the Inde-

ninety-second. Act of 15 [Signed] CALVIN J. COWLES. President of the Constitutional Convent T. A. BYNNES, Sec y.

pendence of the United States, the



NEW ERA DENTAL DCIENCE

A

W. F. BASON, Dentist, WOULD repeatfully make known that he has returned to Salisbury with abendant supplies of everything new in his Profession, and after 20 odd years active practice, hopes to

No one need be detered from fear of Garantia Church Streets. Saisburg, March 13, '(8)

By the Great No

ITS CONNECTIONS Works Market Street

this good costs pursuigned by

Prepared Prescription for the Que of Consumpti'n, Anthony, Bronchitis, fou';

Colele, used

All Thront and Lung Affection

by the use of which he was rectored to health in a few weeks, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection and that drend elicence, Consumption, has now been in use over ten years with the most marked bo-This Remedy is prepared from the original Recipe. charactery many, by the Rev. kD. WARD A. WILSON, 165 Bouth 24 Street,

> G. B. POULSON & CO. BALLSHURY, N.C.

State of North Carolina, ANSON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1808.

Vincent N Unredt.
Vincent N Un Christopher C. Kirby.)

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defordant Christopher C. Kirby, resides beyond the Huits of this State, or so conceals himself that he ordinary process of law counts be agreed a time. It is therefore ordered by the court, that palled too to made for six monks, successively, in the X-resuman & U.S. Norman Nears, a page published in the town of Satisbury, nedleying the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appear at the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appear at the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appear at the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appear at the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appearing the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appearing the sold Christopher C. Kirby, to be and appearing the sold christopher of the county of Asson, at the court-house in Wadestorm, on the second Monday in April mext, then and there to pind answer or demon. or judgment final will be undered against him, and lands levied on condemned to all large the plaintiffs deld, interest and coots.

Witness, Patrick J. Coppegue, clerk of said court at office in Wadestore' the 2d Honday in January, A. D., 1896.

The pr f 8t.

P. J. COPPEDGE, Glerk.

NOTICE.

ound one
BARREL OF BRANDY, he that he without Inspection Brands or any other northberson, which was seized by me as being subston, and hopes to laws of the United States, section 45, of the act of Ish July 1895

Any person or persons claiming said Brandy are hereby required to appear and make such claim within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Feb. 28, 1806, w2t Deputy Collector.