

Terms for Publishing Legal Advertisements.

The Editors of the Watchman and North State and American, to save themselves from loss, and to induce cash payments for publishing legal advertisements, have adopted the following scale for publishing the same, hereafter, and invite the attention of Clerks of the Courts, and other interested parties to the terms proposed.

STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic and Conservative members of the Legislature have determined to call a Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State, to meet in Raleigh, on THURSDAY, THE 14th DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, to organize for the approaching Presidential campaign; and the undersigned have appointed a Committee to urge the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State to hold primary meetings, at once, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to this Convention.

W. L. LOVE, W. M. ROBBINS, T. M. ARGO, T. J. JARVIS, P. DURHAM.

By order of the President: JOHN S. HENDERSON, Secretary.

CLERK MEETING.—There will be a meeting of the Salisbury Seymour and Blair Club at the Town Hall on next Saturday night. The ladies are invited to attend.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR RATIFICATION MEETING.—On Saturday, the 1st day of August next there will be, in the town of Union, a meeting of the citizens of Seymour and Blair for President and Vice President of the United States; also to elect delegates to represent Davidson county in the Conservative State Convention to be held in Raleigh on the 13th day of August next.

AN ACT IN RELATION TO MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That the duty of issuing Marriage Licenses in each county, respectively, and fees allowed by law for the performance of said duty, shall pertain to the Register of Deeds.

Section 2. That the Register of Deeds shall be liable to the same penalties for failure to issue said license to persons applying therefor, as have heretofore been attached to the County Clerk.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE QUALIFICATION OF CERTAIN OFFICERS RECENTLY ELECTED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, That it shall be the duty of the county commissioners elect in each county respectively, to meet immediately and designate one of their number who shall at once go before a Judge of the Supreme or Superior Court, United States Commissioner, or any other officer of the United States authorized to administer an oath and be qualified by taking the oath prescribed in section four, article six of the Constitution of this State, and the County Commissioner thus qualified, shall forthwith proceed to qualify in like manner the other four Commissioners elect.

SECTION 2. That the Board of County Commissioners being thus constituted, shall, without delay, proceed to qualify in like manner as aforesaid, each and all the County officers elected or appointed, including Justices of the Peace and Constables, and shall take the bonds required by law, as specified in the Revised Code for the due discharge of their duties, from such of these officers as are or may be required by law to give such bonds, and shall cause the said bonds to be recorded by the Register of Deeds in a separate book to be known as the Registry of Official Bonds, and the original of said bond shall also be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, except the bond of said clerk of the Superior Court, which shall be filed in the office of the Register of Deeds, and no officer shall be sworn on any bond required to be filed in his office: Provided, The Sheriff shall execute three several bonds payable to the State of North Carolina; one in the sum of twice the amount of the County and poor taxes for the preceding year, conditioned for the collection, payment and settlement of the County and poor taxes as required by law; one in the sum of twice the amount of the public taxes paid by the County for the preceding year, conditioned for the collection, payment and settlement of the public taxes as required by law; Provided, further, That neither of the aforesaid bonds shall exceed the amount as required by existing law. And the third in the sum of five thousand dollars, conditioned as follows: "the condition of the above obligation is such that, whereas, the above bounden is elected and appointed sheriff of _____ county, if he therefore, he shall well and truly execute and due return make of all process and precepts to him directed, and pay and satisfy all fees and sums of money by him received, or levied by virtue of any process in to the proper office into which the same by the tenor thereof ought to be paid, or to the person or persons to whom the same shall be due, his, her, or their executors, administrators, attorneys, or agents, and in all other things well, truly and faithfully execute the said office of sheriff during his continuance therein, then the above obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect: Provided, Those commissioners and other county officers who have heretofore been qualified by other means than those prescribed in this Act, shall nevertheless according to the provisions of this Act; but all official acts done by such officers heretofore, in good faith, shall be deemed valid in all respects.

SECTION 3. That a majority of the Board of County Commissioners shall have power to perform the duties imposed by this Act upon said Board. The sufficiency of any bond required by this act, shall be certified by indorsement of such bond by each member of said Board assenting thereto, and if any bond with insufficient sureties be taken of any officer by said Board, or by a majority acting for them, each and every member of the Board assenting to such sufficiency, shall himself be liable in all respects, as a surety on such bond, and subject to suit as such, by any person entitled to sue on said bond, but the Commissioners shall not be liable if they act in good faith, and the bond is sufficient when taken.

SECTION 4. That if any of the aforesaid county officers elected or appointed shall fail to give a sufficient bond or bonds, as required by this act, within twenty days after receiving notice from the aforesaid Board to appear and qualify, it shall be the duty of said Board to declare the office of the said officer elected or appointed, vacant, and take such action as once as may be necessary to have said vacancy filled in the manner prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State.

SECTION 5. That the solicitor in each judicial district of the State shall be qualified by the Judge of the superior court of said judicial district by taking the oath aforesaid and if there be no Judge in the judicial district, then the solicitor may be qualified by the Judge of some other judicial district; and if any Solicitor elect shall, for any reason, fail to qualify within the days after notice from the Judge of said district to appear and qualify, it shall be the duty of the Judge aforesaid to declare the office of said officer elect, vacant, and to report the said vacancy to the Governor.

SECTION 6. All officers herein mentioned, including the County Commissioners when they are qualified as herein directed, shall be furnished by the authority qualifying them with certificates duly signed, stating the fact of their having been qualified and the date when, together with the office to which each has been qualified, which certificates shall be recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, who shall endorse upon each certificate the book and page of the book on which the same is recorded.

SECTION 7. That all persons now holding offices of trust or profit in this State shall, immediately after demand made and the aforesaid certificate of qualification is exhibited to them by their successors, chosen under the present Constitution of this State, turn over to their said successors all moneys, books, papers, processes, executions, lists of taxes collected and uncollected, County and State, for the year 1868, and all other effects whatsoever, pertaining to their respective offices, taking receipts for the same, but such officers are hereby authorized to retain the fees and commissions accrued up to the time of transfer: Provided, that within the meaning of this section, the Register of Deeds shall be deemed the successor of the late County Register, and the County Treasurer shall be deemed the successor of the County Trustee.

SECTION 8. No person prohibited from holding office under any State, by section 3, of the Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, known as article 14, shall qualify under this act, or hold office in this State, and no officer whose election has been determined by competent authority.

SECTION 9. That any person now holding an office of trust or profit, who shall wilfully fail or refuse to comply with the requirements of section 7, in relation to turning over the appointments of his office to his successors, under the present Constitution of this State, or shall violate section 8 of this act, shall be liable to indictment for a high misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor over five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 10. That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SECTION 11. That this act shall take effect from and after the date of its ratification.

POLICE BILL.

We publish below the bill introduced by Mr. Welker, Senator from Guilford and Alamance, to organize a police force in North Carolina. It is not such a bill as is authorized by the Constitution, and we cannot believe that the Legislature will pass it. Especially do we have hopes that it will be defeated in the Senate, the House in which it originated.

SECTION 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact as follows: That the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to appoint, organize and equip a sufficient force of police in the various Counties of the State, to preserve the peace and enforce the laws.

SECTION 2. That the number of said police shall not exceed the proportion of fifty to each member of the House of Representatives. That one man in each hundred shall be appointed a Captain of police, and one in every twenty a Sergeant of police. The command of the former shall be termed a division, and of the latter a section.

SECTION 3. That said police shall be provided with proper arms and badges, and may be uniformed if deemed expedient. That every member of the force shall be entitled to two dollars per day when on actual duty, and shall be allowed no other pay or emolument whatever. Each Captain of police may be allowed pay for time necessarily spent in organizing and supervising the force under his command.

SECTION 4. That the Governor shall appoint a Chief of police with two assistants. The Chief of police shall receive as a salary twelve hundred dollars, and each assistant one thousand dollars per annum. The necessary traveling expenses while organizing and supervising the police shall be allowed.

SECTION 5. No man shall be an officer or private in this organization unless he is an elector of the State, and first take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office.

SECTION 6. In case it shall be necessary to call out this force, to quell any riot, or suppress or prevent any violence, the expense of the same, while upon duty, shall be defrayed by the town, city, or county in which such riot or violence shall occur or be apprehended.

SECTION 7. Every officer of police shall have power to call out the whole, or any part of the force under his command, at the written request of any Judge, Justice of the Peace, Sheriff or his deputy, or at the written request of any ten electors, to keep the peace and enforce the law, and such request shall state the reason of the call, and a copy of the same shall at once be forwarded to the Chief of police of the State, as may be prescribed.

SECTION 8. Each member of the police shall have power, and it shall be his duty at any time, to arrest for breach of the peace, and to hold the offender until he can be brought before some Justice of the Peace or other judicial officer, to be dealt with according to law. Provided, That no man shall be detained more than twenty-four hours except by judicial order.

SECTION 9. Said police shall have the usual powers and privileges of policemen in addition to that above granted, and it shall be the duty of the Chief to prepare and forward to each man appointed a member of this force, a printed copy of the rules prescribed to govern his conduct. And any willful violation of such rules shall be a misdemeanor punishable with fine not to exceed one hundred dollars.

SECTION 10. The said police shall be under the command of the Governor and be subject to his orders, and may be sent to any portion of the State by him. He shall report to each session of the General Assembly the condition and effectiveness of the force, and propose any legislation he may deem proper or necessary therefor.

SECTION 11. The badge of the force shall bear these words "North Carolina State Police, Division No. _____, Section _____," both divisions and sections to be numbered. The badge of a Captain to be marked "Division No. _____, Captain," and that of the Sergeant in a similar manner. The badge must always be worn, and no arrest shall be made or authority exercised without the same. The loan or transfer of said badge to another shall be an indictable offence, punishable with imprisonment for not less than one month, nor more than two years.

SECTION 12. The said police shall have power, and it shall be their duty to use such force as may be necessary to overcome resistance, in quelling riot or making arrest, and not otherwise.

SECTION 13. The sum necessary to carry out the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated and ordered to be paid from any monies not otherwise appropriated.

SECTION 14. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

GOV. HOLDEN'S LAST MESSAGE.

For the information of the public, we give below the message of Gov. Holden, sent to the General Assembly on Friday last, in reference to Police and the Militia. It is as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, OF N. C., Raleigh, July 17, 1868. GENTLEMEN:—I desire respectfully to call your attention to the importance of the immediate organization of the Militia, and especially to the organization of an adequate police force in each of the counties of the State.

SECTION 15. The work of reconstruction will not have been fully accomplished until every officer provided for under the new order of things shall have been installed. When the State government is in complete operation in all its departments under the Constitution, it is not apprehended that any opposition to its authority will be encountered which may not be easily met and overcome by the militia and the local police. It is the avowed purpose of the enemies of the government of the United States, and of the government of this State, to disregard the authority of these governments, and to subvert the latter, on the pretext that it is not constitutional in its origin and character. It is not apprehended that any collision will occur, or that the peace will be seriously disturbed in any quarter of the State, but in the judgment of the Executive it is deemed important, as a measure of peace and security for the future, that he should be clothed by law with the necessary powers to maintain the authority of the State government against all assaults, to preserve the peace, to secure the people the right of free elections, and to so act as to aid in bringing to condign punishment all who may violate the law. The government of the State should be made "a terror to evil doers and a praise to them that do well."

The interests of society are too precious to be put in jeopardy by allowing every ground for apprehending that the authority of the government may be successfully resisted or questioned. By virtue of authority clearly vested in me, as I conceive, by the State Constitution, I have recently appointed Justices of the Peace, Mayors and Commissioners of Towns, and Directors of various Corporations. The organization of the Militia and of an adequate police force would enable me at once to execute the law in this respect, by installing these and other officers where resistance is offered, and in sustaining them in the performance of their duty. It is scarcely necessary that I should repeat to the General Assembly the views contained in my Inaugural Address in relation to the character of persons to be appointed to office. The people have decided that the new State Government shall not be committed, in any extent, to unfriendly hands.

Every office and every employment under the State, from the most inferior to the most exalted, should be filled by the known friends of the government of the United States and the government of North Carolina. It will not be safe or expedient in my judgment, to deviate to any extent from this rule. It is my fixed purpose to maintain this rule, and to administer the Government in such manner as to secure to all their rights of life, liberty and property.

Veto of the Electoral College Bill—Suggested Amendments to the Constitution.

Washington, July 18, P. M.—The expected veto message was sent in to-day. Quoting General Jackson in support of his views, the President proposes the following amendments to the Constitution: "The President's term shall be six years. The States shall be divided into equal Districts, corresponding with the number of Representatives and Senators in Congress, and each District shall count as one for President and Vice President respectively. The person in each District, receiving the highest number of votes from the voters qualified to vote for the popular branch of the State Legislature within said District, receiving the vote of the District. These facts shall be certified to the Governors of States, to Senators in Congress from such State, to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House.

The Federal Congress shall be in session on the 2nd Monday in October, 1868, and every sixth year thereafter, and the President of the Senate shall, (both Houses being present) open and count the votes. The persons receiving the highest number shall be President and Vice President respectively, if they have a majority of votes cast; otherwise, the second election occurs between the two highest for each office. If, at the second election, both receive a like number of votes of the Districts, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes in the largest number of the States shall be President. The same rules apply to Vice President. But in case of a second election being necessary for Vice President, but not for the President, then the Senate shall elect the Vice President from the candidates receiving the highest number of votes of Districts.

No President shall be eligible for a second term. In case of the President's removal by any cause, the office devolves on the Vice President, and in case of the Vice President's removal, the Presidential office devolves on the Secretary of State, following whom, as successors, come the Secretaries of the Treasury, War, Navy, Interior, Post Master General and Attorney General, who shall exercise the functions of the office, until disabilities are removed or a new election held.

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by electors of the State Legislatures and to hold six years,—each of the Senators having one vote. Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold twelve years. The President, after the adoption of the proposed amendment, shall divide the Judges into three classes, expiring the fourth, sixth and twelfth years, so that one-third may be chosen every fourth year.

The rejections to-day, was Collector Smythe of New York, as Minister to Austria. Mr. Burlingame, Minister from China, is giving the Press a grand Dinner to-night. A very handsome affair. A grand ratification meeting of the New York nominations is progressing.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

It is of the first importance that primary meetings should be held by the friends of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR in every neighborhood and county in the State, to ratify the nominations and prepare for thorough organization.

The county meetings should be held at once and delegates appointed to attend the State Convention on the 13th of August. Besides these, delegates should be appointed to attend a District Convention in each Congressional District, to nominate Presidential electors for each District, and also candidates for the 41st U. S. Congress. We suggest that, to avoid all possible difficulty or subterfuge, on the part of the party in power, undoubted Conservatives and Democrats must be put on the Electoral ticket, who are not disfranchised. Also, we must run men for Congress, who are not under disabilities, and, if possible, who can take the test-oath.

Democratic Meeting in Charlotte.

According to previous notice, a meeting of the friends of Seymour and Blair was held at the Court-House on Saturday evening, 18th inst. for the purpose of organizing a Seymour and Blair Club. On motion, Dr. J. M. Davidson was called to the chair, and John Pheasant appointed Secretary.

On motion of R. F. Waring, Esq., the Chairman was requested to appoint a Committee to report permanent officers for the Club. The Chairman appointed the following persons to constitute said Committee: Wm. J. Yates, Dr. M. M. Orr, Col. H. G. Jones and G. H. Elms.

This Committee was instructed to report at a future meeting to be called by the Chairman whenever the Committee signified its readiness to report. On motion of Col. E. A. Osborne, said Committee was directed to draft By-Laws, Rules, &c., for the government of the Club.

W. J. Yates introduced the following resolutions, which were applauded and unanimously adopted. Resolved, That our thanks are due and are hereby cordially tendered to the Hon. Nathaniel Boyden, our Representative in Congress, for his successful effort in having the disabilities removed of persons elected to office in this country and the other counties of this Congressional District.

Resolved, That the Secretary of this meeting communicate the above resolution to Mr. Boyden at Washington City. On motion, the Secretary was directed to furnish the city papers with the proceedings of the meeting. The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the Chairman. F. M. DAVIDSON, Chairman. JOHN PHEASANT, Sec'y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

State of North Carolina, ALEXANDER COUNTY. Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1868.

L. H. & J. W. Jones, vs. Wiley Gaither. Attachment. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this case, Wiley Gaither, resides beyond the limits of the State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks successively, in the "Watchman & Old North State," a paper published in the town of Salisbury, notifying the said defendant to be and appear at the next Term of this Court to be held for the county of Alexander, at the courthouse in Taylorsville, on the 6th Monday after the last Monday in August next, then and there to show cause, if any he has, why the property levied on should not be condemned to the plaintiff's use.

State of North Carolina, DAVIDSON COUNTY. Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1868. Fortine White vs. Ewing White. PETITION FOR REVOKE.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant Ewing White, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the "Watchman & Old North State," notifying said defendant to be and appear at our next Superior Court of Law, to be held for the county of Davidson, at the Court-House in Lexington, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next; then and there to answer or demur to the plaintiff's petition; otherwise, the same will be heard and granted.

REMEMBER THE DEAD.

BUI'S MARBLE YARD. SALISBURY, N. C. Corner of Main and Cassell Streets. Near the Court-House. We have a large stock of Marble Monuments, A. Tomb, Head and Feet Stones, &c., to all who desire them, at prices to suit the times of our business. We return thanks for past favors, and hope to merit a continuance of them. JOHN H. BUI'S, 20th.

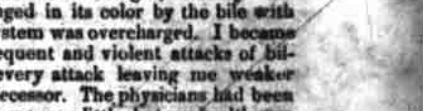
The N. C. Railroad—A Dividend.

We see that the Board of Directors of the N. C. Railroad have declared a dividend of 6 per cent upon the capital stock of said Company out of the earnings of the last fiscal year—payable on the 1st of October next. This gives to the State \$100,000—enough to pay the interest on \$5,000,000 of her bonded debt, or to defray all the expenses of the State Government for two years, if economically managed.

This exhibit shows the great importance of the works in which the State is interested being properly managed, and removed as far as possible from politics. If these works are well managed the people will be in a great measure relieved from the onerous taxes which now oppress them. Indeed, the N. C. Railroad and the A. & N. C. Railroad ought to pay the whole expense of the State Government, and if they could be controlled by the individual Stockholders, and freed from the interference of politics, so that there would be some permanence and stability in their management, they would certainly do so.

Every taxpayer in the State is interested in the successful management of these roads, and a heavy responsibility rests upon the shoulders of those who have the control of them. This dividend shows what the last Board has done. We hope the incoming Board may do as well. Charlotte Democrat.

40 Years Before the Public.



THE SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS.

That old, long known and well tried remedy for all Bilious diseases, caused by a DISEASED LIVER. Read the following Certificate from persons of the highest respectability. LIVER COMPLAINT.

Rev. Dr. C. F. DENNIS, (Aug. 23d, 1862.) says: "I have derived great benefit from these Pills, and have known many families and individuals who have found them very beneficial, and I have also known physicians in excellent standing to recommend them to their patients. For all diseases arising from disorders of the liver, I believe they are the best medicine offered to the public."

Rev. James W. FORTEN, Snow Hill, N. C., (January 5, 1863.) says: "For twelve years I was a great sufferer. My liver was diseased. I lost my flesh and strength, and my skin seemed changed in its color by the bile which my system was overcharged. I became subject to frequent and violent attacks of bilious colic, every attack leaving me weaker than its predecessor. The physicians had been unable to catch me up a little, but my health was in a deplorable state. I had taken patent medicines until I was tired of them. Without energy or comfort, I was barely able to go about a little. At length I yielded to the earnest persuasion of a friend and commenced taking the HEPATIC PILLS, with no confidence in them. They acted like a charm on me. From that hour I have felt strong. I have persevered in their use, until now, by God's blessing, I am well and hearty. I had a negro man, who, as I believe, was saved from death by a dose of these Pills. My Doctor's bill was annually from \$100 to \$200, but I have had no use for a physician since. I can cordially recommend them as a superior family medicine. They can be sent to any point in the United States by Mail or Express.

The Arlington Mutual Life Insurance Company OF VIRGINIA.

A Virginia and Southern Institution. Its Funds are kept in the South. It has met with unprecedented success. Its fortunes are established beyond any contingency.

THE COMPANY HAS CAPITAL AND ASSETS, against the liability that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility. Its policies are administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity. It has established its claim to Southern patronage. OFFICERS: PRESIDENT, JOHN E. EDWARDS. VICE PRESIDENT, WM. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTGROVE. MEDICAL EXAMINER, CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D. LOCAL ADVISER, JAMES A. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, H. C. CABELL. JOHN H. CLAIRBORNE. DIRECTORS: John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cottrell, John Hooper, Charles T. Workman, William W. Jones, Col. A. Smith, Thos. J. Evans, James A. Swift, B. M. Quarles, W. M. Taylor, J. M. Edwards, J. W. Allen, J. B. Morton, E. B. Dillard, William T. Patton, Henry C. Elyson, H. E. C. Eastonville, Samuel C. Young, George Jacobs, J. W. Allen, George S. Palmer, A. D. Shackley, H. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartgrove, John C. Taylor, William G. Taylor, Wm. B. Isaacs, James A. Cabell, Samuel H. Dixon, LEWIS C. HANES, AGT. Jan 17—2nd wkwf LEXINGTON, N. C. JOB PRINTING. Neatly Executed at this Office.