

We are authorized to state that the oration on the 4th will be delivered in the Presbyterian Church immediately after the ceremony of laying the Corner Stone. No gentleman will be admitted on the lower floor until all the ladies have been accommodated with seats.

To-morrow being the Anniversary of our National Independence, the Star is issued this week two days in anticipation of the regular day of publication, for the purpose of allowing the hands attached to the office an opportunity of participating in the festivities of the occasion.

Supreme Court.—Jacob Elliot, of Lenoir county, has obtained license to practice in the County Courts.

University of North Carolina.—The exercises of the late Commencement of our University were, we learn, unusually brilliant and interesting.

A large number of Trustees and strangers of distinction were in attendance, many ladies from different parts of the State had repaired thither to contribute to the interest of the scene by their presence and smiles, while a splendid band of music from Richmond gave zest to the whole.

On no former occasion has the crowd of visitors been so great, with the single exception of last year.

The addresses of Mr. Badger before the two Literary Societies, and of Messrs. Hill, Anderson and Johnson before the North Carolina Institute, gave, as might have been expected from the literary character of these gentlemen, universal satisfaction. These addresses will be published, we learn, in due time.

The following order of exercises had been assigned to the graduates:

- FORENOON.
1. Prayer by the President.
- 2. John G. Byram, of Stokes, Latin Salutatory Oration.
- 3. Janus B. King, of Iredell, Oration on Mental Philosophy.
- 4. W. E. Kennedy, of Washington, S. A. F. O. Henry M. Lo, of Newbern, S. A. F. O. Are the political changes now in progress in the Kingdom of Greece, likely to increase the happiness of the human race?
- 5. Adin E. Thom, of Guilford, Oration on National Prejudice.
- 6. Edmund W. Jones, of Wilkes, S. A. F. O. Josiah Stollings, of Duplin, S. A. F. O. Will the projected emancipation of the slaves of the West Indies be attended with happy results?
- AFTERNOON.
7. Solomon Lee, of Lenoir, Oration on Belles Lettres.
- 8. Julian E. Sawyer, of Norfolk, Oration on Influence of Government on Literature.
- 9. Wm. M. Green, of Newbern, S. A. F. O. P. E. A. Jones, of Granville, S. A. F. O. Is it expedient that the University of North Carolina should be removed to the immediate vicinity of Raleigh?
- 10. William H. Owen, of Oxford, Oration on Female Influence.
- 11. William N. Mearns, of Guilford, Valutatory.
- 12. President's Address to the Graduates.
- 13. Degree conferred.
- 14. Reading of the Report of the Examination.
- 15. Conclusion with prayer.

The honorary degree of L. L. D. was unanimously conferred on Professor William Hooper.

The degree of D. D. on Rev. John Avera, of Edenton.

And the degree of A. M. on the following persons, viz:

- Rev. Philip B. Willie, Elizabeth City.
 - Rev. Wm. W. Green, Hillsboro'.
 - Benj. F. Terry, Pittsylvania, Va.
 - James Norwood, Hillsborough.
 - Henry Yarborough, do.
 - James W. Armstrong, Eatonton, Ga.
- The following Trustees were in attendance: Gov. Swain, G. E. Badger, L. D. Henry, Jno. Giles, S. J. Baker, J. A. Hill, D. M. Barringer, Chas. Manly, A. Moore, W. S. Mhoon, Jas. Iredell, Jno. Branch, Jno. Owen, Jno. M. Morehead, L. Williams, Jno. Scott, Jno. Bragg, Jno. L. Bailey, James Smith, Jas. Webb and H. Waddell.

The Board, we understand, have directed their Committee of Appointments to fill forthwith the Professorships of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, and of Modern Languages, and resolved to complete the new Chapel as soon as their funds will allow. The Committee raised at the last annual meeting to inquire into the expediency and means of removing the University to the Seat of Government, directed their Chairman to report adversely to the proposition.

The President's Tour.—The President of the United States left New Haven on the 17th ultimo, and arrived at Hartford at noon on the same day, where he met with the usual marks of respect. On the 18th, he reached Norwich, accompanied by the Governor of Connecticut and several other gentlemen. At this place, he laid the corner stone of a monument to Okauch, the celebrated Indian Chief,

and a shot at a distance was delivered on the occasion by the Secretary of War. From Norwich he proceeded to New-London, in the steam-boat General Jackson, and arrived a little before 8, P. M. He arrived at Newport on the 19th, and at Providence on the 20th, having touched on his way at Warren and Bristol. He landed under a salute of cannon and ringing of the bells. He reached Boston on the 21st, with a military escort and accompanied by the aids of the Governor. His reception here, says the Patriot, "was liberal and cordial—such as became the city to give, and the Chief Magistrate of a great nation to receive." A military and civic procession was formed, consisting of one company of cavalry and 8 beautiful companies of light infantry; the members of the city government; the civil and military officers; the Truckmen, composing a body of several hundred; a large cavalcade of citizens; the children of the several schools; the members of the Fire Department, with their engines, &c. &c. The windows and balconies were also thronged with spectators. The bucket carriage of one of the fire companies had a banner inscribed "January 8, 1815," supported by a hickory branch. While the procession was passing through Washington street, a number of persons were observed on the roof of a house, "seated beneath a hickory branch, and patriotically employed in cracking the nuts of that valuable tree." The procession marched through several streets to the Tremont House, where accommodations for the President were provided by the City, and where he partook of an entertainment to which he was invited by the City Government in the evening. The President attended at Faneuil Hall, on the next day, from 8 to 10 o'clock, to receive such citizens as desired to be presented to him; after which he was escorted by the Independent Company of Cadets to the State House, where he was received by Gov. Lincoln, Lieut. Gov. Armstrong, the Council, Members of the Legislature and Heads of State Departments, Officers of the United States, (Civil, Military, and Naval,) Judicial officers of the State, the Mayor and City officers, Foreign Consuls, the Reverend Clergy, Officers of Literary and other Institutions, and citizens generally who were desirous of paying their respects to the Chief Magistrate of the Union. The procession was on foot, and the President himself walked. There was a splendid collation in the Senate Chamber, and a number of excellent toasts given. In the afternoon, the Boston Brigade, under Brigadier Tyler, was reviewed by the President on the Common. After he had reviewed the troops, he rode round the Common, and saluted the people with his hat in his hand—and was received with tremendous shouts of applause.

On Sunday, the 23d, the President was so much indisposed, in consequence of fatiguing exertions on the preceding day, as to be obliged to call in a physician, who ordered him to keep his bed and take medicine. After dinner, however, he had sufficiently recovered to accompany Lieut. Gov. Armstrong to the old South Church. Mr. Van Buren, and the other gentlemen of the President's suite, attended Church in the morning, and called on Gov. Lincoln at his lodgings before dinner.

A Boston paper of the 24th, says— "This morning the President visits the Navy Yard at Charlestown, at half past 4 o'clock, and at 7, by invitation of the city authorities, will make an excursion in the harbor, on board the steam boat General Lincoln. At 11 o'clock he attends the review of troops on Bunker-Hill, after which he visits Cambridge, where it is understood the degree of L. L. D. is to be conferred on him by the University. An excursion is planned, also, to visit Lexington and Concord, previous to his return to the Tremont House in the evening."

Mr. Webster continues to meet with the most flattering attentions on his Western tour. On the 15th ultimo, he accepted an invitation to a public dinner at Cincinnati, Ohio, given by the citizens of all parties.

Large Holly Tree.—In Stafford county, Virginia, there is a true American Holly, or *Ilex Opaca*, which measures, at two feet from the surface of the ground, more than two feet in diameter.

Cholera.—This dreadful malady had nearly subsided in New Orleans on the 18th ultimo. About 900 persons had died within the month. It is also abating in Lexington, Ky. and at towns where it first made its appearance; but we regret to learn that it is still making fearful ravages and spreading with great rapidity in other places in Louisiana, Kentucky, Mississippi and Tennessee. Alabama has so far been greatly favored. One hundred negroes died on one plantation in Louisiana, and it is thought that State will lose at least one third of its slave population. The mortality in some parts of Fleming county, Ky. has been appalling in the extreme. Whole families have been literally cut off in the course of 48 hours, and consigned to a common grave, without the winding sheet or coffin. One family, composed of sixteen individuals, lost fourteen. The Hon. Alexander Buckner, United States' Senator from Missouri, and his lady, fell victims to the disease on the 7th ultimo, after an illness of 24 hours. It would be useless to enter into further particulars. These few cases will suffice to give a general idea of the dreadful condition of our Western brethren.

The following extract of a letter from Matanzas, a sea-port town on the north coast of Cuba, dated June 5th, gives a frightful picture of the sufferings of that island:

"You can have no idea of the gloom that prevails here in consequence of that dreadful scourge, the Cholera. In the cities it has nearly ceased, but in the country its path is marked with desolation and ruin. On an estate having 100 slaves, every soul perished. Another with 60 lost 55. A slave ship lately landed 400 miserable wretches, of whom all but three died. Eight negroes were taken down on an estate 18 miles from this town a few days ago. The proprietor, Mr. S. an Englishman, an old acquaintance of mine, immediately came to town to our house. His servant was taken down after he got in, and died in the yard under my window. The gentleman returned to his estate the day before yesterday, where he found 38 out of 69, dead. He was immediately seized himself, when a black boy was despatched to us with a note stating that his master was dying. The boy had scarcely delivered the note, when he staggered, fell on the floor, and in a few hours was a corpse. The old gentleman is dead, and the estate entirely deserted. This is a picture of many other estates."

The approach of the Cholera, at Columbus, (Ga.) is attended with famine.—There is no flour at any price; corn meal is bringing \$1 25 per bushel. This is all the effect of prospective panic; the epidemic has not reached the town, but the farmers in the region round about, were afraid it might.

Clough, the murderer of Mrs. Hamilton, has been detected in an attempt to escape from prison at Mount Holly. He had succeeded, with a sharp stone, in making a hole entirely through the wall, so that light could be seen in the aperture, which, in a short time, he would have made large enough for his egress.

E. K. Avery.—The Boston Advocate of the 14th ultimo, states that the Methodist Conference held in that city have adopted a report on the case of Mr. Avery in substance as follows: That Mr. Avery having been acquitted by a jury of his country, and proved innocent of the crime of murder, they were entirely satisfied of his innocence on that point. That the Committee had thoroughly investigated the charges of improper connexion with Sarah Maria Cornell, and unanimously acquitted Mr. Avery of all suspicion of criminal or illicit intercourse with the deceased. The report also recommended that Mr. Avery should not be assigned to any particular station, during the present year, in consequence of his impaired state of health, but that he be held in full fellowship with the Conference, and that his usual salary be continued.

RAIL ROAD MEETING.
At a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Wake county, at Wake Forest Pleasant Grove Academy, on the 27th June, 1835. On motion of Genl Daniel L. Barringer, Henry A. Donaldson, Esq. was appointed Chairman, and John Ligon, Esq. requested to act as Secretary.—The object of the meeting having been stated by the Chairman, Genl Barringer delivered a very appropriate address. On motion,
Resolved unanimously, That Henry A. Donaldson, Henry Warren, Alfred Burt, Alfred Jones, Josiah Crudup, Cyrus Whitaker, Turner Pullen, Johnston Busbee and John V.

Young be requested to act as delegates to the Rail Road Convention proposed to be held in Raleigh on the 4th July next.
Resolved, That the foregoing proceedings be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the papers of the city of Raleigh.
H. A. DONALDSON, Chm.
JOHN LIGON, Sec.

MARRIED.
At Fayetteville, on the 18th ultimo, Mr. Isaiah Winn to Miss Martha Kelly. In Chatham county, on the 23d ultimo, Mr. Stephen Petty to Miss Matilda Boon, daughter of Mr. Raiford Boon.

DIED.
In this county, on the 15th ultimo, Mrs. Ann L. Hayes, consort of the late Col. William Hayes, in the 66th year of her age.
At Fayetteville, on the 24th ultimo, Miss Mary Ann Anderson, aged 19 years.
In Chatham county, on the 20th ultimo, Mrs. Polly Webb, consort of Mr. Bennett Webb; and, on the 24th, Mrs. Mary Hackney, wife of Mr. Daniel Hackney, aged 73.

Notice.
By virtue of a deed of trust to me executed by Merritt Dillard, to secure certain debts due to James L. Lathrop and his wife Caroline M. Lathrop, I shall, at the Court house done in the City of Raleigh, on the 31st day of August, 1835, the following property, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy a small balance due upon the said debts, to wit: 16 likely negroes, consisting of men, women and children, several horses, and stock of various kinds, cattle, hogs and oxen, all the household and kitchen furniture of the said Dillard, and a plantation, known by the name of Grove Hill, containing three hundred and seventy-one acres of land or thereabouts. Terms of sale, cash.
HENRY M. MILLER, Trustee.
Raleigh, July 2nd, 1835.

New Books.
The subscribers continue to receive, as usual, almost daily, books of every description, and have this day received from Boston, New York and Philadelphia a great variety of new publications and other valuable works; among which are the following:
The happiness of the blessed, by Bishop Mant.
Memoirs of James H. Taylor.
Catechism and Catechisms, by S. H. Cox, D. D.
Autobiography of Adam Clarke.
Lugh Richmond's domestic portraiture.
Vivney's life of Milton.
Lectures on the history of the Bible, by Hayes, Gallaudet and Hooker.
Christ our example, by Caroline Eyr.
Scripture principles of education, by ditto.
Mission's active Christian.
Memoir of M. de Lafayette, second son of the Rev. L. de Lafayette.
Joseph John Gurney on the Sabbath, with notes, by M. Stuart.
A Dictionary of the holy Bible, for the use of Schools, by Edward Robinson, D. D.
Notes explanatory and practical on the Gospels, designed for the use of Sunday School teachers and Bible classes, by Albert Barnes.
Gardner's concordance to the New Testament.
Astronomy and general Physics considered with reference to natural Theology, by Rev. Win. Miller.
The wondrous Tale of Alroy, by the author of Vivian Grey, &c.
Frankenstein, or the modern Prometheus, by Mrs. Shelly.
The book of the Hundred and One.
Pencil sketches, by Miss Leslie.
Life of a sailor, by a Captain of the Navy.
Zoe, or the Sicilian Sayid.
Wasootia, or the Prophecy.
The Italian exile, by Count Pecchio.
Memoirs of Hortense Beauharnais, Duchess of St. Len, Es-Queen of Holland.
Journal of a nobleman at the Congress of Vienna.
Legends of the West, by James Hall.
The Mariner's Library, or Voyager's Champion, containing a narrative of the most popular voyages from the time of Columbus to the present day.
Bonaparte's voyage to St. Helena.
Memoirs of General La Fayette and of the French revolution of 1830.
Lectures upon natural history, by Thos. Flint.
The humorist's own book, a cabinet of original and select anecdotes, by the author of the young man's own book.
Edinburgh Review.
Quarterly ditto.
The American Jurist and Law Magazine.
Parley's Magazine.
The people's ditto, &c. &c. &c.
FRESH SUPPLY
Gaston's Collection.
Village Sermons.
Pulpit Assistant.
Doctor Evans's sketch of the denomination of the Christian world.
Saturday Evening.
Keith on Prophecy.
Jay's Morning Exercises.
Heman's Poems.
Christian Lyce and supplement.
Family Monitor.
Beman's Hymns.
Cobbett's advice to young men.
Young Ladies' own book.
Young Man's own book.
Singer's own book.
Chaucers, Canterbury, Yates, and other poems, with 22 engravings.
Annotated at large.
Joanna Balic's poetical works.
Encyclopaedia Americana.
Lardner's Cabinet Cyclopaedia.
Mason's Parrier (latest edition.)
Dermont MacMorrough, by John Q. Adams.
Blank Books.
School Books of almost every description, both new and old.

TURNER & RUGLES.
Raleigh, June 29, 1835.

OFFICE OF COMMISSARY GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
Washington, July 1st, 1835.
Separate proposals will be received at this Office, until the 1st day of October next, for the delivery of provisions for the use of the troops of the United States, to be delivered in bulk, upon inspection, as follows:

- At New Orleans.
480 barrels of pork
140 barrels of fresh superfine flour
440 bushels of good sound beans
7040 pounds of good hard soap
3200 pounds of good hard tallow candles
160 bushels of good clean salt
1800 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Baton Rouge.
200 barrels of pork
500 barrels of fresh superfine flour
220 bushels of good sound beans
8500 pounds of good hard soap
1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles
80 bushels of good clean salt
900 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Jessup, 25 miles by land from Natchitoches.
400 barrels of pork
840 barrels of fresh superfine flour
375 bushels of good sound beans
5950 pounds of good hard soap
135 bushels of good clean salt
1500 gallons of good cider vinegar
One half on the 1st of May; remainder 1st December, 1834.
- At the public landing six miles from Fort Towson, mouth of the Chienchi.
270 barrels of pork
560 barrels of fresh superfine flour
130 bushels of good sound beans
4200 pounds of good clean, merchantable rice
5960 pounds of good hard soap
1800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
1000 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered in all the month of April, 1834, and to leave Natchitoches by 30th February, 1834.
- At Fort Smith, Arkansas.
54 barrels of pork
140 barrels of fresh superfine flour
67 bushels of good sound beans
900 pounds of good hard soap
4500 pounds of good hard tallow candles
250 bushels of good clean salt
250 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered in all the month of May, 1834.
- At Fort Gibson, mouth of the Verdigrise, 150 miles above Fort Smith, Arkansas.
600 barrels of pork
1350 barrels of fresh superfine flour
295 bushels of good sound beans
11,800 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
9500 pounds of good hard soap
4380 pounds of good hard tallow candles
230 bushels of good clean salt
9450 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st of May, 1834.
- At Jefferson Barracks, 10 miles below Saint Louis.
260 barrels of pork
750 barrels of fresh superfine flour
165 bushels of good sound beans
6570 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
5290 pounds of good hard soap
2400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
120 bushels of good clean salt
1350 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Leavenworth, mouth of Little Platte.
270 barrels of pork
360 barrels of fresh superfine flour
245 bushels of good sound beans
3960 pounds of good hard soap
1500 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
1000 gallons of good cider vinegar
One half 1st of May; the remainder 1st of October, 1834.
- At Fort Armstrong, Mississippi River.
175 barrels of pork
230 barrels of fresh superfine flour
60 bushels of good sound beans
2160 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
1980 pounds of good hard soap
900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
45 bushels of good clean salt
500 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1834.
- At Fort Crawford, Prairie du Chien, Mississippi River.
355 barrels of pork
700 barrels of fresh superfine flour
840 bushels of good sound beans
4380 pounds of good hard soap
3240 pounds of good hard tallow candles
140 bushels of good clean salt
1260 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.
- At Fort Snelling, Saint Peters.
300 barrels of pork
430 barrels of fresh superfine flour
185 bushels of good sound beans
2970 pounds of good hard soap
1350 pounds of good hard tallow candles
65 bushels of good clean salt
760 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 16th of June, 1834.
- At Fort Winnebago, on the Fox River, at the portage of the Fox and Ouisconsin Rivers.
280 barrels of pork
580 barrels of fresh superfine flour
130 bushels of good sound beans
5120 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
4100 pounds of good hard soap
1850 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
1050 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.
- At Fort Gratiot.
120 barrels of pork
250 barrels of fresh superfine flour
110 bushels of good sound beans
1760 pounds of good hard soap
800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
40 bushels of good clean salt
450 gallons of good cider vinegar
One half on 1st May, 1834; remainder on 1st October, 1834.
- At Fort Howard, Green Bay.
270 barrels of pork
560 barrels of fresh superfine flour
130 bushels of good sound beans
4920 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
3960 pounds of good hard soap
1900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
1000 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1834.
- At Fort Brady, Sant de Ste. Marie.
140 barrels of pork
290 barrels of fresh superfine flour
65 bushels of good sound beans
2500 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
2160 pounds of good hard soap
900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
45 bushels of good clean salt
500 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.
- At Fort Mackinaw.
135 barrels of pork
280 barrels of fresh superfine flour
60 bushels of good sound beans
2160 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
1980 pounds of good hard soap
900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
45 bushels of good clean salt
500 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st of June, 1834.
- At Fort Dearborn, Chicago.
135 barrels of pork
280 barrels of fresh superfine flour
125 bushels of good sound beans
1980 pounds of good hard soap
900 pounds of good hard tallow candles
45 bushels of good clean salt
500 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered by the 1st June, 1834.
- At Hancock Barracks, Houlton, Maine.
280 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
520 barrels of fresh superfine flour
125 bushels of good sound beans
5120 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
4100 pounds of good hard soap
1850 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
1050 gallons of good cider vinegar
The whole to be delivered in December, 1835, and January and February, 1834.
- At Fort Sullivan, Eastport, Maine.
60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
125 barrels fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
300 pounds of good hard tallow candles
80 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Preble, Portland, Maine.
60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
52 bushels of good sound beans
1190 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, N. H.
60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
300 pounds of good hard tallow candles
80 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Independence, Boston Harbor.
60 barrels of Boston No. 1 pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
2900 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
800 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt

- 200 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Trumbull, New London.
50 barrels of New York extra pork
150 bushels of fresh superfine flour
25 bushels of good sound beans
300 pounds of good hard soap
1500 pounds of good hard tallow candles
50 bushels of good clean salt
250 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Wolcott, Newport, R. I.
60 barrels of New York extra pork
145 bushels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
404 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Niagara.
120 barrels of pork
250 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
2200 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
1760 pounds of good hard soap
800 pounds of good hard tallow candles
40 bushels of good clean salt
450 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Governor's Island, New York Harbor.
240 barrels of New York extra pork
500 pounds of fresh superfine flour
200 bushels of good sound beans
3520 pounds of good hard soap
1000 pounds of good hard tallow candles
1000 pounds of good hard tallow candles
80 bushels of good clean salt
900 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Mifflin, Baltimore.
60 barrels of Baltimore packed prime pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Secern, Annapolis.
60 barrels of Baltimore packed prime pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Washington.
60 barrels of pork
145 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Monroe, Old Point Comfort.
1000 barrels of fresh superfine flour
200 bushels of good sound beans
7040 pounds of good hard soap
3200 pounds of good hard tallow candles
160 bushels of good clean salt
1800 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Bellona Arsenal, near Richmond.
60 barrels of pork
145 barrels of fresh superfine flour
220 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
245 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Johnston, Smithville, N. C.
60 barrels of pork
145 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
1100 pounds of good clean merchantable rice
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Fort Moultrie, Charleston, S. C.
240 barrels of pork
500 barrels of fresh superfine flour
250 bushels of good sound beans
5520 pounds of good hard soap
1600 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
900 gallons of good cider vinegar
- At Oglethorpe Barracks, Savannah, Ga.
60 barrels of pork
125 barrels of fresh superfine flour
55 bushels of good sound beans
850 pounds of good hard soap
400 pounds of good hard tallow candles
90 bushels of good clean salt
225 gallons of good cider vinegar

Note.—The periods and quantities of each delivery at these posts where they are not specified, will be one fourth 1st June, 1st September, 1st December 1834, and 1st March 1835. The bags of which the pork is packed, to be fattened on corn, and each bag to weigh not less than two hundred pounds, and, except where the quality is otherwise designated, will consist of one hog to each barrel, excluding the feet, ears and snout. Side pieces may be substituted for the same.

The pork to be carefully packed with Turkeys Island salt, and in pieces not exceeding ten pounds weight each.—The pork and vinegar to be contained in seasoned heart of white oak or white ash barrels, full hooped, the rice in air tight barrels, and the soap and candles in strong boxes of convenient size for transportation. Salt will only be received by measurement of thirty two quarts to the bushel. The candles to have cotton wicks.

The provisions for Fort Armstrong, Prairie du Chien, and Saint Peters, must pass Saint Louis for their ultimate destination, by the 15th April, 1834.

A failure in this particular, will be considered a breach of contract, and the Department will be authorized to purchase to supply these posts. The provisions will be inspected at the time and place of delivery, and all expenses are to be paid by contractors, until they are deposited at such storage houses as may be designated by the agent of the Department. The Commissary General reserves the privilege of increasing or diminishing the quantities of or disposing with one or more articles at any time before entering into contracts, and also of increasing or reducing the quantities of each delivery on third, subsequent to the contract, on giving sixty days previous notice. Bidders not heretofore contractors are required to accompany their proposals with evidence of their ability, together with the names of their sureties, whose responsibility may be certified by the District Attorney, or by some person well known to the Government, otherwise their proposals will not be acted on. Advances cannot be made in any case, and evidence of inspection and full delivery will be required at this office, before payment can be made, which will be either in drafts on the Department at Washington, or some Atlantic city, or in Treasury drafts, on specie paying Banks to the westward.

Each proposal to be sealed in a separate envelope, and marked "Proposals for furnishing Army Subsistence."

GEO. GIBSON, G. G. S.
28 11w

BLANKS
For sale at this Office.