

from the report of the Committee of the whole... Judge Gaston's amendment was in the following words: That in making the appointment of Representatives in the House of Commons, the Committee of the whole should be authorized to divide the amount of the Federal population of the State, after deducting the population of the cities, into as many equal parts as there are Representatives to be elected, and to assign each part to one of the counties, so that the number of Representatives to be elected from each county should be in proportion to the number of inhabitants in each county, and so on progressively, and that then the remaining Representatives shall be assigned severally to the counties having the largest fractions of the whole.

Friday, June 19. The Convention then resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the subject of representation, in the House of Commons, to provide that making every appointment of the Legislature shall divide, or cause to be divided, those counties, to which more than two Representatives shall be assigned, into election districts, consisting severally of equal territory, and of equal federal voters, as nearly as convenience will permit, each of which districts shall elect one Representative only.

Humburg.—Mr. Rucker, who gave the vote of Tennessee, in the Baltimore Convention, for Mr. Van Buren and Cui. Johnson, has addressed a letter to the Nashville Union, in which he acknowledges that he "was not delegated to act in that Convention," but states that it appeared to be "deeply regretted" [true no doubt] that there was no "one present representing Tennessee;" and "it was suggested that he being a Tennessean, might vote, which he did." Yes, honest reader, this ONE self-appointed delegate wielded the FIFTEEN electoral votes of Tennessee, and by this act of usurpation, which was not only permitted, but solicited by the Convention, decided the nomination for the Vice Presidency, and might have been equally decisive in the nomination of President, had not "all the delegates," according to General Saunders's confession, went "there PREPARED to vote."

Wilmington, June 17. Death by lightning.—The house of Mr. William Morris, in this town, was struck by lightning, during the thunder storm on Thursday, the 11th instant, at half past one o'clock. Miss Elizabeth Hamilton had just arrived from the country, and had been in the house not more than a minute, when she was instantly killed, having retired to a small room to divest herself of her wet clothing. A little girl of Mr. Morris, about 14 months old, was considerably injured, and had her clothes torn from her body—she is in a fair way of recovery. Two negro children were also knocked down and hurt, but are recovered. The lightning struck two trees, about 10 feet apart, one of which was within 10 feet of the shed room, into the eaves corner of which it entered, and where Miss Hamilton met her melancholy fate. The room was literally torn to pieces, and nearly every sleeper in the house was broken; a distance of 30 feet.—Press.

Virginia principles derided.—It is not at all surprising that Virginia principles should be derided, when we reflect upon the manner in which some of her prominent sons have acted.—They have made the mere mention of her ancient landmarks a subject of scoffing and jeering. Holt, of Kentucky, in the Baltimore Convention, posed some of our delegates, when he said he did not exactly understand what the principles of Virginia really were. Well might he be ignorant on this score, after witnessing the readiness with which the pure Virginia Democrats, "fresh from the people," took Mr. Van Buren. No one understands a single article in his political creed, yet the Virginia delegation were ready to support him.—No one expects to understand him, yet he is unanimously voted for. He was an opposer of Mr. Madison's administration during the war—yet he is now a genuine Republican. He was a supporter of toll-gates upon the Cumberland road—still he is an orthodox state-rights man. He was a supporter of the Tariff—yet Virginia considers him of the true faith. He backed Mr. King on the Missouri question—yet he is a friend to the South. He assured Gen. Tipton, of Indiana, that he would favor the Western policy of Internal Improvement, by the General Government, yet he is with the South for a strict construction. He professes to oppose a National Bank, yet one of his ardent supporters pledges his life that he will sign a Bank charter as President, if the Bank be organized upon "proper principles."—Rich. Comp.

POST OFFICE, RALEIGH, JUNE, 1835. Arrangement of the Mails. Northern—Due every day at 5 P. M. Closes every day at 5 A. M. Southern—Due every day at 6 A. M. Closes every day at 5 P. M. Greenbrough—Due every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday nights at 12. Closes Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M. Salisbury—Due every Sunday and Wednesday at 9 P. M. Closes Monday and Friday at 9 P. M. Newbern—Due every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 P. M. Closes every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M. Tarborough—Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 P. M. Closes every Sunday, Thursday and Friday at 9 P. M. Oxford—Due every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 P. M. Closes every Sunday and Thursday at 9 P. M. Roxborough—Due every Friday at 10 A. M. Closes same day at 9 A. M. Haywood—Due every Saturday at 6 P. M. Closes every Friday at 6 A. M. THOS. G. SCOTT, P. M.

THE STAR Raleigh, June 25, 1835.

State Convention.—This body is still in session, and it is, at this time, impossible to anticipate at what time they will bring their labors to a close.

On Friday, the important question of representation was decided. The Senate is to consist of fifty, and the House of Commons of one hundred and twenty members.

On Saturday, it was decided, in committee of the whole, by a large majority, that the sessions of the Legislature shall be held biennially, instead of annually.

On Monday, it was decided that the capitation tax on slaves shall not extend to those under 14, nor over 50 years of age, and shall not exceed the tax on free white males not under 21, nor over 45 years of age.

On the same day, it was decided, by a vote of 84 to 40, that, in all elections by the General Assembly, the members shall vote viva voce.

Supreme Court.—County Court licenses have been granted to G. W. Caldwell, of Charlotte, and Burwell Featherston, of Buncombe. Thomas S. Ashe, of Hillsborough, has been admitted to Superior Court practice, instead of County Court, as stated in our last.

Ohio.—An extra session of the Legislature of Ohio convened on the 8th instant, to take into consideration the controversy between that State and Michigan Territory, concerning the boundary line between them.—The message of Gov. Lucas shows a determined resolution to maintain what he conceives to be the rights of the State.

Mexico.—On the 11th May, Santa Anna, with a force of 3400, achieved a great victory over the revolutionary chief, Don Francisco Garcia, who was at the head of 5000 men. The field of battle was on the plains of Gaudaloupe. Santa Anna took 2700 prisoners, after an obstinate battle, in which several hundred of the enemy were killed and wounded. This is considered a death blow to the hopes of the enemies of the government.

The Savannah Republican states that \$23,000 dollars of the money (\$100,000) stolen from the Bank of Darien on the 7th instant, were found on Jones's wharf, in Savannah, by a negro drayman.

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