

All persons in arrears to the under signed, or account of subscriptions to the Star, advertising, &c. are earnestly requested to make payment.  
Those especially who still remain indebted to the late firm of Lawrence & Lemay are kindly appealed to both by the demands of justice, which they have so long disregarded, and our pressing necessities; and it is hoped every one who reads this will receive it as addressed to himself, and will settle his account without further delay.  
Persons at a distance may very safely and conveniently send the amount due us by the Sheriffs of their respective counties, who will be coming to this City shortly to make their annual returns.

THOS. J. LEMAY.  
Exchange papers in the State will confer a favor by giving the above one or two insertions.

ELECTION RETURNS.  
BERTIE—3 Members.

Colerain, 7th July, 1838.  
To the Editor of the Star.  
Dear Sir: Our election is over, and has resulted in favor of the Whigs. Dr. Mcbane was absent from the county about 10 or 12 days during the canvass, and some of his friends try to console themselves by attributing his defeat to this circumstance; but his friends were active and industrious during the whole time, and I don't think his successful competitor received the vote of a solitary Van Buren man in the county. I hope we have carried the State, and that it will be the beginning of better times. Branch received a larger vote in this county than I expected. But such is the system of organization and drill with "the party" that it only requires the word of command, and they rally at the polls.

Below I give you the statement of the polls.  
Senate, Wm. V. Cherry, W. 256, A. W. Mcbane, V. B. 2. For the Commons, Jas. R. Byner, V. B. 481, Lewis Bond, W. 451, John F. Lee, V. B. (the old member) 432, Wm. S. Pruden 136. Mr. Itayner was run by the W. G. Bond being the only Whig candidate, many of our friends voted for Rayner, preferring him to the others. For Gov. Dudley 400, Branch 225. John Freeman, for sheriff, received 723. The whole number polled was 898.

CARTERET.—1 Member.  
Elijah S. Bell, Whig, in the Commons—a Whig gain.  
CHATHAM—4 Members.  
Senate, Wm. Albright, W. Commons, J. A. Guthrie, Clegg, Waddell, all Whigs. Whig gain 1. Poll: Senate, Albright 541, Keen 392. Commons, Clegg, 912, Guthrie 911, Waddell 900, Cotton, V. B. 860, Foulsham, V. B. 675, Jno. J. Alston, V. B. 361.—Sheriff, Harmon 985, Lightfoot 578. For Governor, Dudley 1026, Branch 250.

COLUMBUS—1 Member.  
Gave a majority for Dudley. In the Senate, Nelson, V. B. beat Hall W. 88. Bladen and Brunswick yet to be heard from. [This election will be very close.] Smith W. elected to the Commons, over Powell, V. B. No change.  
DAVIDSON—3 Members.  
Senate, Dr. Wm. R. Holt. Commons, Dr. R. L. Beal and Charles Brummell. All Whigs. No change. Poll: Senate, Holt 662, Jno. W. Thomas 452. For Governor, Dudley 1412, Branch 70. Sheriff, Col. John M. Smith.

GREENE—1 Member.  
Commons, James Williams, Whig—a Whig gain. Poll: Williams 308, C. Harper V. B. 120. For Governor, Dudley 850, Branch 61.  
GREENE AND LENOIR.  
In this Senatorial District, the vote stood as follows: In Greene, J. Harper, W. 187, A. Wooten, Y. B., 66; in Lenoir, Harper 85, Watson 145, majority for Harper 61—another Whig gain.

JONES—1 Member.  
William Huggins, Whig, is elected in the Commons. No change.  
CARTERET AND JONES.  
In this District, Maj. Enoch Foy, Whig is elected Senator. No change.  
NORTHAMPTON.  
Senate, W. Moody, Whig, Commons, Justice Amis and Herod Faison. Mr. Faison is a Whig; Mr. Amis is opposed to the Administration, but supports the Sub-Treasury. We class him with the Whigs in our Table.  
ORANGE 5 Members.  
To the Editor of the Star.  
My dear Sir: The long agony is over. The Loco Focos have carried the county, with the exception of Mr. Graham. The vote is as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR. 1489  
Branch 1308  
SENATE. 731  
Waddell 694  
COMMONS. 1566  
Stuckard 1336  
Graham 1485  
Sims 1474  
Mangum 1468  
Bracken 1345  
Boon 1299  
Johnston 1277  
SHERIFF. 2181  
Terry 62  
Gant 73  
Scattering 3

There is a clear loss, you will perceive, of three members. Orange has fallen. The prestigious breath of the Standard and its emissaries has gone abroad, and the intelligence and patriotism of the county have, for a moment withered beneath its touch. Men and means, however insignificant, will have their transient influence; and the people of the county of the State, may now know to whom thanks for this Waterloo defeat are due. But, alas! the high-souled and patriotic are not dis-

couraged. We are stricken down, but not conquered. The flag of the country is still flying—the vestal fire of revolutionary freedom yet burns brightly upon our country's altar. Palsied be the arm that would dare extinguish it! Our cause is the cause of the country: its advocates are the advocates of the country, and the hour of peril has passed, and will again prove, their exclusive and disinterested devotion to its interests. But whatever may be the difficulties and gloom of the present, the Whigs of Orange, yet fearless and unsubdued, conjure their fellow citizens still to present an undivided front against partisan fury and executive oppression. And here, in the presence of the honored living, and beside the graves of the illustrious dead, with a long line of brilliant triumphs achieved elsewhere, in their rear and before them, VICTORY playing from every star of our national emblem, hands locked and hearts mingled in patriotic communion around their country's altar, they pledge to their fellow-citizens and to each other their "lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor," that their descendants shall participate in the blessings of an undimmed and unsundered freedom!

SURRY—4 Members.  
"I hasten to give you the result of our elections. The Whigs have gained a glorious victory. Meshack Franklin, Senate, majority over W. P. Dobson 90. Commons, Mayor, Bogden and Oglesby by handsome majorities." Whig gain 4.  
WARREN—3 Members.  
Senate, Weldon N. Edwards. Commons: William Eaton, Jun., 500, Samuel A. Williams 479, Gen. John Hawkins 356, Thos. H. Christmas 112—Eaton & Williams, Vans, elected—no change. Sheriff, Joseph S. Jones 997, Thomas T. Jenkins 256, Matthew M. Drake 163, John E. Watkins 117. For Governor Branch 651, Dudley 106.

WAKE—4 Members.  
Senate, Samuel Whitaker. Commons, N. G. Rand, D. Massey. Mangum. All V. B. Whig loss, one. Poll: Senate, Whitaker 514, Dr. Hicks 412. Commons, Rand 1158, Massey 1145, Mangum 1081, Gales 997, Harris 791, McCullers 413, Hinton 240. For Sheriff, Bart 1058, Rogers 699, Ashton 172. For Governor, Dudley 937, Branch 920.  
Notwithstanding the foul play that was used against Mr. Gales, he would no doubt have been elected had there not been four Whig candidates for the Commons. The people of Wake county have been grossly deceived and imposed upon by the vile falsehoods, especially against Mr. Gales, that have been invented and circulated among them by designing politicians; and we trust the day is not far distant, when their eyes will be opened to the impositions which have been practised upon them, and when they will deal out even handed justice to those who have so willfully and wickedly abused their confidence.

We learn from the Register the following additional results.  
In Randolph, all Whigs—no change.  
In Guilford, all Whigs—Whig gain, 1.  
In Cumberland, all Vans, as heretofore.  
In Robeson, two Vans—no change.  
In Brunswick, one Whig—no change.  
In Bladen, a Van Buren Commoner—a Whig loss.  
In Brunswick, Bladen and Columbus, Whig Senator lost.  
In the Robeson and Richmond Senatorial District, Gen. Dockery Whig is re-elected.  
In Richmond county, two Whigs—no change.  
In Moore and Montgomery, a Whig Senator—no change.  
In Montgomery, two Whig Commons—no change.  
In Moore, McNeill, V. B. by one vote—no change.

RECAPITULATION.  
Counties. Whig V. B. If gain W. loss.  
Edgecomb, 0 3  
Pitt, 3 0 2  
Beaufort, 3 0 3  
Johnston, 1 2 1  
Franklin, 0 3 1  
Granville, 5 1 1  
Hyde, 1 0  
Washington, 2 0  
Wayne, 0 3  
Lenoir, 0 1  
Halifax, 1 3 2  
Bertie, 2 1 2  
Greene, 3 0 3  
Wake, 0 4 1  
Cumberland, 0 3  
Orange, 1 4 3  
Robeson, 0 2  
Northampton, 3 0 2  
Greene, 2 0  
Warren, 0 2  
Richmond, 3 0 1  
Guilford, 4 0 1  
Chatham, 4 0 1  
Randolph, 3 0 1  
Carteret, 2 0 1  
Stokes, 3 1 0  
Columbus, 1 0  
Jones, 1 0 4  
Surry, 1 0 4  
Brunswick, 1 0  
Davidson, 3 0  
Rowan, 4 0  
Bladen, 0 2 2  
Montgomery, 3 0  
Moore, 0 1  
61 37 17 10

GOVERNOR'S ELECTION.  
Counties. 1838. 1836.  
Dudley, Branch, Dudley, Spaight  
Edgecomb 165 500 75 1191  
Pitt 637 275 483 511  
Beaufort 768 217 735 236  
Washington 322 46 377 34  
Johnston 732 142 308 308  
Franklin 254 460 308 564  
Granville, 820 252 977 391  
Wayne 35m 180 716  
Nash 106 651 92 637  
Warren 106 651 92 637  
Hyde 408 225 300m.  
Halifax 139m.  
Lenoir 221 260 192 380  
Wake 657 920 864 891  
Cumberland 687 608 499 820  
Orange 1480 1368 1237 1132  
Robeson 450 443 401 507  
Richmond 137m.  
Cates 519 309 257 669  
Northampton 000 000 000 000  
Greene 350 61 150m.

GOVERNOR'S ELECTION.  
Counties. 1838. 1836.  
Dudley, Branch, Dudley, Spaight  
Edgecomb 165 500 75 1191  
Pitt 637 275 483 511  
Beaufort 768 217 735 236  
Washington 322 46 377 34  
Johnston 732 142 308 308  
Franklin 254 460 308 564  
Granville, 820 252 977 391  
Wayne 35m 180 716  
Nash 106 651 92 637  
Warren 106 651 92 637  
Hyde 408 225 300m.  
Halifax 139m.  
Lenoir 221 260 192 380  
Wake 657 920 864 891  
Cumberland 687 608 499 820  
Orange 1480 1368 1237 1132  
Robeson 450 443 401 507  
Richmond 137m.  
Cates 519 309 257 669  
Northampton 000 000 000 000  
Greene 350 61 150m.

Moore 535 281 342 905  
Guilford 1342 139 1155 475  
Chatham 1026 250 932 626  
Randolph 1150 70 1009 112  
Carteret 428 48 28m.  
Stokes 1030 800 828 802  
Jones 213 39 228 120  
Columbus 190 137 210 185  
Bertie 403 225 336 489  
Surry 1010 266 887 1035  
Davidson 1412 70 1218 68  
17752 9002 14078 13363

THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE.  
We have received the first number of the "Farmer's Advocate and Miscellaneous Reporter," published at Jamestown, Guilford county, N. C. by Mr. John Sherwood. It is published semi-monthly, in octavo form, each number to contain 16 pages, stitched and covered, at \$1 25 per annum, in advance. It will no doubt be a useful publication to farmers, for whose benefit it is specially intended; and we hope the Editor will be liberally encouraged in his laudable undertaking.

The Army and Navy Chronicle mentions as a rumor, that the Ship of the Line Ohio is to be fitted out for the Mediterranean station, under the command of Commodore Hall.

The Richmond Enquirer contains a very significant paragraph. It concedes that "it is among the possible events of futurity, that the election of President may be sent to the next Congress."

The first of the three bonds of the U. S. Bank to the Government, for two millions each, due in 1839, has been purchased by the Bank itself, at par. The third due in 1841, has also been bargained for.

It is stated that the United States Bank has engaged to make a loan of five millions of dollars to the Government of Texas for 20 years, with an understanding that the notes of that bank shall be current in Texas, and that they are to make consignments of cotton to the credit of the bank in Liverpool.

The Banks of Charleston and the Commercial Bank of Columbia have determined to resume specie payments on the 1st of September.

At a barbecue given near Columbia, S. C. on the 4th inst., an affray occurred in which a citizen named Addison was killed.

A Western paper says that "the Jackson policy is looking up"—Like a man we suppose who is lying flat of his back.

The editor of the New York American, speaking of the Webster dinner, says—"The phenomenon of the day was S. S. Prentiss of Mississippi. He is a wonderful man, with ideas as clear as the beautiful Ohio. He has the mighty Mississippi of language, to bear them onward, in a never-failing stream, to the hearts of his hearers."

Resumption in Kentucky.—The Maysville, Ky. Eagle remarking upon the doings of the late Bank Convention at Philadelphia, fixing upon the 13th inst. as the day of resumption, says:—"The Banks of Kentucky are prepared to follow the example of those in the North and East. Speedily, therefore, the government shipplasters, counterfeiters, and broken bank notes, will be the only irredeemable paper in the country."

What next?—A Homopathean Doctor announces that his practise is a sure cure for Hydrophobia—the millionth part of a grain! We should like to know how they would treat a sudden violent case of Croup; would it be by an infinitesimal fraction of a drop of Coxe's Hive syrup?

We regret to hear that Mr. Wise of Virginia is in ill health. On his arrival at Petersburg, on his way to White Sulphur Springs, he was invited to a public dinner but declined. Benj. Watkins Leigh, Esq. who has been suffering from dropsy, has undergone an operation, which with a short residence at the White Sulphur, has, we are gratified to hear, quite restored him to his health and profession.

The Secretary of the Treasury has given official notice that the money bequeathed by the late James Smithson, Esq. of London, for founding an institute in the city of Washington, amounting to about a half million of dollars, will it is expected, be received during the present month. The act of Congress passed July 7, 1838 directs the Secretary to invest the same in "stocks of States, bearing an interest at a rate of not less than five per cent. per annum," and he announces that he is now prepared to receive proposals from persons who have stocks of this description for sale.

MESSRS. CALHOUN & PRESTON.  
An invitation was given to Mr. Calhoun to partake of a barbecue given at Columbia, S. C. on the 28th July, as a "welcome home to Senator Preston," by the citizens of that district; which he declined on the ground that he and Mr. Preston had differed so widely, on a question (the sub-treasury) of such magnitude and importance, he could not accept an invitation to partake in a festivity intended to honor the course of his colleague, without condemning and dishonoring his own. In his letter to the committee, we observe that among other reasons which he assigns for advocating the sub-treasury scheme, he states that a desire to unite the South was not the least. The union of the South is certainly a very desirable object; but Mr. Calhoun, however correct and honest his intentions, has certainly missed the mark widely in the means by which it is to be accomplished. Instead of uniting, it is dividing and disgracing the South more than any other question; and if division had been his object, he could not, therefore, have employed a more successful instrument with which to effect his purpose. It will not even unite S. Carolina; and we believe it separates its advocates in that State from the great body of the State Rights party in Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia. The organ of the State Rights party in Virginia, the Richmond Whig, is one of the ablest and most zealous opponents of the sub-treasury in the Union; the leading State Rights papers in Georgia have taken decisive ground against that dangerous "experiment;" and only one State Rights paper in this State, the Western Carolinian, goes with Mr. Calhoun on the subject. These facts, together with the triumph of the Whigs in Maryland and the Old Dominion, and the probability of their success here and in Georgia, show conclusively that the South never can be united in the support of the sub-treasury; but that they are much more likely to become united against a scheme so fraught with mischief, to themselves and to the whole Union—a scheme which is so obviously the germ of a centralizing influence, which must ultimately consolidate all power in the Federal Government; and finally concentrate it in the hands of the Executive, and make him a despot both in name and in fact.

We shall publish Mr. Calhoun's letter and some account of the barbecue, which was a splendid affair. There were 600 persons present, and one half sub-treasury men—but all admirers of the unrivalled orator and statesman, Mr. Preston, whose speech was a scathing dissection of the sub-treasury party. Toasts for this despotic project, however, were given by persons present.

SOUTHERN LITERARY MESSENGER  
We regret that we have been unable to look over the pages of the August number of the Messenger, which has been several days upon our table. We observe, however, that it is spoken of in high terms of commendation. The National Intelligencer notices it in the following complimentary manner:—"It contains many interesting articles. Among them may be mentioned, as of sterling merit and interest, 'Remarks on a late review of Bacon,' 'Biographical sketch of Captain Samuel Cooper, of Georgetown, D. C.,' 'Benefits of the Reformation on the Happiness of Man,' 'Biographical Sketches of Living American Poets and Novelists,' &c. Not the least meritorious feature in the Messenger is the great punctuality of its appearance at its stated time."

Loco Foco Larning.—The Philadelphia Gazette acknowledges the receipt of a rapid loco loco communication, headed "Fuz for the Preepil," the orthography of which it says, is equalled only by that of an advertisement sent to that paper, of "Six Livin rat-tailnix, ketcht on Tung mounting."

We never pretended that we had been "authorized" to say that Judge Strange intended to resign, but that he did so intend, and that he will do so, unless the "party" be more liberal than we have ever known them to be, we have not the slightest doubt. We had our first intimation of this intention from a friend in Washington City, some months ago, which was confirmed by the secret Circular from Raleigh, urging the democrats in the State to energy, as "there would be a Senator to be elected by the Legislature during the approaching session." We do not wish to go farther into the alleged causes that imperatively demand the Senator's resignation, but until he shall have either formally denied the existence of such intention, now and heretofore, or again taken his seat in the Senate, we shall continue to believe that he must and will resign.

One thing is certain, that according to his own doctrine, he ought to resign, as he does not represent the wishes of a majority of his constituents. [Newbern Spectator.]

Highly Interesting, if True.—The Siecle of Paris says that one of the objects of Marshal Soult's mission to England, was to obtain permission to remove the remains of Napoleon to France; and in this, it is said, he has succeeded, with the aid of the Duke of Wellington. It is stated further, that the Prince de Joinville is to frigate to St. Helena, in command of a prize, having on board a soldier from every regiment in France, and that the remains of the Emperor are to be deposited under the column in the place Vendome, with solemn religious ceremonies, at which the Duke of Wellington

will be invited to be present. It has long been the aim of the admirers of Napoleon (and all Frenchmen are entranced by his glory,) to get his remains from St. Helena, and to deposit them in the Place Vendome, in the heart of Paris. Probably Louis Philippe would strengthen his dynasty more by that movement than by any other he could make. The Siecle, however, is not a Journal to be depended upon. It sees a good many things "in advance of the mail" and often mistakes fancies for facts.

From the New York Times, August 1.  
Awful conflagration and loss of life.—At 4 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the rear of 317 West street, which spread with alarming rapidity, and destroyed about 45 houses, being the entire block, Perry, Hammond, West and Washington streets. These houses were occupied for the most part by poor people, and we understand that upwards of 80 families have been thus deprived of their homes.

One of the firemen discovered the remains of a human being in a setting posture, the head some distance from the trunk, and the whole so dreadfully burnt and disfigured that recognition was impossible. It was found in the rear of the house in Hammond street, and is supposed to be the body of a man named Kilpatrick, a weaver.

The Coroner was called to view the body, an inquest held, and a verdict returned accordingly to the above facts.

The Legislature of North Carolina has ordered that the lands in that State lately occupied by the Cherokees, shall be sold on the first Monday of September next, at Franklin, Macon county.

BOND'S SPEECH.  
The Editor of the Georgia Constitutionalist, intending to reply to Mr. Bond's speech, has written three or four long articles by way of preliminary flourish, without arriving at all at the merits of the subject. He promises to get to the gist of the matter by and by. We beg him to remember the case of the Duchman, who being about to jump over a wide ditch, and wishing to take a fair start, went back three miles and ran the whole distance with such tremendous speed, that, when he arrived at the ditch he had to sit down on the edge of it and rest himself without being able to jump at all.

Lon. Jour.  
We learn verbally that the cars on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, ran over a negro man in the neighborhood of Mrs. Little's on Sunday evening last, and crushed him to death.

MEETING IN TENNESSEE.  
A meeting of the "original friends of Judge White" was recently held in Shelbyville, Bedford county, Tennessee, with the view of obtaining an expression of opinion hostile to Mr. C. ay. A chairman was appointed, two Van Buren Orators addressed the meeting, and resolutions were presented. Gen. Barringer, late a member of Congress from North Carolina, opposed the resolutions, and exposed the true character and object of the originators of the meeting.

The Nashville Whig says:—"Loud huzzas rang through the house as this veteran in the Whig cause proceeded in his remarks, and ere he had become warmed with the subject, the people gathered around him with the most enthusiastic interest."

"The warm applause with which the remarks of Gen. B. was received stung the Loco Focos to madness. The Chairman abruptly abandoned his post, the leaders of the meeting called upon their followers to secede, and about fifteen persons left the meeting, leaving behind them by far the larger portion. The people insisted that Gen. B. should proceed, which he did with the most triumphant success. At the close of his speech, he demanded whether they would 'stick to the Whig cause and Henry Clay.' Every voice responded 'ay!' The noise were then called for, but not a tongue responded. Mr. Clay's strength and popularity far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of his friends."

The Wabash (Ind.) canal now in progress, is to reach from Manhattan, at the mouth of the Maume river to Terre Haute, on the Wabash, 310 miles; thence, by a cross-cut 24 miles, to Central canal, and down the southern section of that 110 miles to Evansville, on the Ohio river, in the southwestern part of Indiana, making a total distance of 444 miles. The summit level, about 200 feet above Lake Erie, is at Fort Wayne. One hundred and ten miles of this canal, west of Fort Wayne to Manhattan, its termination, are under contract, partly made, and to be completed by October 1, 1839.

Did it never strike our readers, that the Globe newspaper never fails to discover some fault in every dismissed member of the Cabinet, just as soon as he gets his "walking papers," although it may previously have vindicated him against every aspersion, and sworn daily to the immaculateness of his virtue as well as to the infallibility of his wisdom? Secretary Dickerson has scarcely been superseded in the Navy Department by Mr. Paulding, when the Globe admits that "the discipline and

character of the Navy are at a very low ebb;" and accounts for it by saying that Ex Secretary Dickerson "was too indulgent in granting leaves of absence without due discrimination—in permitting officers to accept or reject a service to which he had ordered them—and in various other ways neglecting or declining to enforce those rigid rules of discipline so indispensable to the vital principle of every service."—That all this is true, we have no doubt—for the Whigs have been bringing forward these charges for years past.—but they were treated as "Whig lies," and Mr. Dickerson, instead of being promptly superseded, was retained in the Department, to the manifest ruin of the Navy, and the injury of the country. Is Gen. Jackson's old doctrine of the Unity of the Executive, and consequent responsibility of the President for the acts of his Secretary, still recognized at Washington?

More than Roman Devotion.—The Springfield (Mass.) Gazette says that Judge Morton gave the following answer to the committee who waited upon him to inform him of his last nomination by the Loco Foco party for the office of Governor: "Gentlemen, said he, I think I am pretty well used up, but if you think there is any thing left of me, you are welcome to the use of it."

POSTSCRIPT.  
MEKLENBURG—4 Members.  
Senate, S. Fox V. B. 629, W. A. Andrey, W. 484. Commons, G. W. Caldwell 1207, J. Hutchison 1043, C. Erwin 1072, all for V. B.—no change. W. S. Norment 90, J. Osborne 809. For Sheriff, T. N. Alexander 1013, J. D. Smith 785. For Governor, Dudley 781, Branch 979.

STOKES—4 members—no change.  
Senate, Matthew R. Moore, W. 641, George F. Wilson V. B. 489. Commons, James W. Covington, W. 1034, Caleb H. Matthews, W. 1037, James Stafford, V. B. 1023, Samuel Bolloak, W. 953, B. P. Folger, V. B. 968, Jas. Z. Brown, V. B. 964. For Sheriff, S. Stone, W. 950, F. C. Crews, V. B. 1033. For Governor, Dudley 964, Branch 763.

ROWAN—4 members.  
For Governor, 2008  
Branch, 26  
General Assembly.  
Senate—Samuel Ribelin.  
Commons—Wm. D. Crawford, Hamilton C. Jones, Jesse A. Clement.  
State of the Polls.  
Senate—Ribelin 687; E. D. Austin 352  
Commons—Crawford, 1478; Jones 1183;  
Clement 931; R. H. Kit-trick 794; Adam Roseman 535; Giles W. Pearson 355—All Whigs!  
For Sheriff.  
John H. Hardie elected.  
Stat. mem.—Hardie 821; John Jones 871.  
Thomas Foster is elected Sheriff of Davie County by a large majority over B. James.

DIED.  
At his residence, in Franklin county, on Thursday last, Mr. John C. Rabote, a former citizen of this city. Mr. R. came to his death by an injury received by being thrown from his sulky 8 or 10 days ago, on his way from Louisville home. He was taken up out of the road, where he was found, in a state of insensibility, and we understand continued speechless to the last.

At his residence in Nash county, on the night of the 25th ultimo, in the 56th year of his age, Capt. Francis Drake, leaving an affectionate wife and eight children to lament their loss, and deeply regretted by an extensive circle of relatives and devoted friends. Also, on the 8th ult. William Drake, Esq. in the 61st year of his age, in whose death his neighbors and the county generally have sustained a great loss. Also, at his residence in Alabama, Green W. Drake, formerly of Nash county, on the 3rd of June, in the 31st year of his age, leaving an affectionate wife and four young children to deplore their irreparable loss. He moved from his native home (Nash County, N. C.) last fall, in search of a more fruitful soil, but he has been taken from his friends in the prime of life. The only regret manifested in dying, was parting with his affectionate wife and children, which displays an evidence of great goodness of heart. Besides his own dear family he has left an extensive circle of friends and relatives to mourn his departure. [Com.]

ATTENTION!  
RALEIGH VOLUNTEERS.  
The gentlemen who have enrolled their names for the purpose of forming a Volunteer Corps in the City, are requested to meet at the Court House to-morrow night, (Thursday the 16th,) at candle light, for the purpose of organization. Citizens who have not entered their names, members of the Company, are invited to attend and unite in so laudable an enterprise.  
W. G. CARRINGTON, Chm. of Com.

NOTICE.  
Will be sold for cash, before the Court House door in the town of Hertford, on Monday the 10th day of September next, (being the second Monday) one tract of land, for so much thereof as will satisfy the taxes on the same, for the year 1836, and cost of advertising, lying near the waters of Little River, adjoining the lands of James P. Whedbee, Edm'd U. Blount and others, containing 540 acres, lited under the name of Geese & Russell, taxes amounting to \$16 36, and commonly called the Turkey Ridge tract of land.  
NATHAN BAGLEY, Saw. P. C.  
August 1st, 1838. Price adv. \$2 25

A CLERK WANTED.  
The subscriber wishes to employ a clerk, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Dry Goods business, and book-keeping. To one of suitable qualifications, and who can come well recommended, good wages and a permanent situation will be given. A personal application, if practicable, is desired.  
R. TUCKER.  
Raleigh, July 17, 1838. 30 ft.

JOB PRINTING  
Neatly and expeditiously executed at this Office.