

THOS. J. LEHAY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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AGENTS. Wm. M. Mason & Co. Raleigh. S. Hall, Newbern. J. M. Redmond, Tarboro.

LITERARY NOTICE. HENRY W. MILLER, Esq. will deliver the Address before the Literary Societies of Wake Forest College, on the 20th June, 1839.

COMMUNICATION. For the Star.

Mr. Editor, A writer in the last Standard, over the signature of "a True Republican," in commenting upon the

resolutions adopted at the whig meeting recently held in Halifax, has made a misstatement in almost every sentence.

I happened to be present at the meeting, and a more orderly or respectable one I have rarely attended. It was held at a late period of the court, and no effort was made to procure a full attendance.

The resolution to which the writer objects, was not introduced by Col. Long; nor do I suppose he is at all responsible for it.

I am myself no advocate of the Sub-Treasury system, and I happen to know that Col. Long is openly and decidedly opposed to it.

The writer who manifests so much solicitude as to the course of the Sub-treasury whigs, is no doubt in hopes of winning them to support his falling cause.

The writer asks, was there no man in the meeting that has not again and again reiterated the assertion that the sub-treasury will increase executive patronage?

That man was Col. W. S. Long, who took that position at the very meeting in question.

Col. Long has, moreover, "again and again" declared that he is opposed to the re-election of Martin Van Buren, and although he has many objections to the former political course of Mr. Clay, should the contest be narrowed down to a choice between those two individuals, he decidedly prefers the latter.

As to the result of the congressional election in this district, I cannot think that a True Republican, sincerely believes what he asserts.

As to the result of the last election in the county for members of the general assembly, if it proves anything, it proves that the whig party still retains its strength.

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fax: for, if there is a single voter in the county changed against Long, I know him not.

All we ask is for all good Whigs, all who prize the safety and preservation of our valued institutions to go to the polls.

We extract from the Madisonian the following sketch of Mr. Rives' remarks made at the dinner recently given him at Charlottesville.

The fifth regular toast having been drunk, with rapturous applause, Mr. Rives rose and addressed the company for more than two hours.

During all this time, their old and true friends, the real Republicans, were falling off in consequence of their heterogeneous combinations.

"I give it to you as my deliberate conviction, that the balance of the constitution is subverted; that through the

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and their political craftsmen, if they please to do so; repeat their cry of "Great is Diana of the Ephesians,"

The great issue now is, is the President the servant or the master of the people? Is the President the sovereign, or are the people the sovereign of the country?

These changes, and especially lengthenings of party names, were evidences of degeneracy and false combinations. Whenever a member was taken into the firm, the style of the firm was lengthened.

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that he cannot dispose of his trees at least at prices to save himself, he can realize a profit by using them for the feeding of worms.

We cut the following calculation from one of our exchange papers. "Suppose that out of fifteen millions of inhabitants in the United States, one million of them compose that useful and worthy class called farmers."

Suppose again that only one-half of them would devote six weeks every year to raise a few thousand silk worms. Persons well acquainted with the art of silk growing will assure you that the poorest farmer, having a few hundred mulberry trees properly cultivated, having a house, however small, and an industrious wife, may, with the least trouble and without any extra expense, give a crop of at least 100 lbs. of cocoons.

This is not an extravagant calculation, nor one of those ridiculous exaggerations which one often meets in certain speeches and addresses, in which the most fantastical prospects are offered to a credulous audience.

"In Italy you could hardly find a peasant, in the months of May and June, whose hut does not contain from 58,000 to 200,000 silk worms, by which he will be able to pay the rent of his dwelling and many other expenses incurred during the whole year."

From the Hillsboro Recorder. We can hardly find terms of commendation sufficiently strong to manifest our pleasure at the spirit which seems to actuate our Whig friends on the subject of the ensuing Congressional election in this district.

From the Pennsylvania Intelligencer. THE SILK BUSINESS. We are not engaged directly or indirectly in the silk business—the only interest we feel in it is that which every friend of American manufactures, industry and prosperity, ought to feel.

WHIG MEETING AT RED MOUNTAIN. A large and respectable portion of the Whigs of this county, assembled at Red Mountain on the 11th inst., to consider of the expediency of sending delegates to the Whig Convention, to be held in Hillsborough on the 31st inst., to nominate a Republican Whig candidate for this congressional district, in opposition to the late member, the Hon. Wm. Montgomery.

On motion of H. Parker, esq., John R. Hall, esq., was called to the chair, and George W. Jones was chosen secretary. The meeting being organized, H. Parker, esq., in a brief, but energetic address, explained the objects of the assemblage, and descended upon the importance and advantage of activity, zeal, and unanimity, in the Whig ranks.

Your committee have had neither the time nor the necessary documents to prepare a full report, and therefore confine themselves to a few of those plain and obvious reasons, which, in their opinion, ought to be decisive against the re-election of Dr. Montgomery.

THE PUBLIC LANDS. The great questions connected with the public lands, are of the first magnitude to North Carolina. None

others are or can be of such importance, except such as tend to destroy liberty, or to sap the foundation, or undermine the parity of the government.

The Doctor gives us his vote, (that he feels obliged to do, to keep his seat in Congress,) but he gives to our enemy all his influence, (and that he feels obliged to do, to keep the favor and smiles of the President.)

The Doctor well knows that the President is pledged against dividing the proceeds of the public lands among the old states; he knows that it never can be done while Mr. Van Buren is the President; and yet the Doctor is striving, with all his might, to keep Mr. Van Buren in office.

Disguise and twist it as you will one of two things is certainly true: either the Doctor is at heart opposed to the distribution, or his partisan devotion to the men in power, is stronger than his attachment to his state and district, in this respect.

The Doctor professes to be in favor of cheap government and strict economy, his practice shows that he favors the most alarming extravagance. In the four years of J. Q. Adams' administration, the government expended fifty millions and a half of dollars.

Why, he says, "I go to save the people's money;" I never gave a vote for extravagance in my life! "This is a genuine republican administration, and every true republican ought to support it!" "It is the federal whigs who vote away the people's money."

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