



Play with your fancies; and in them behold, upon the hempen tackle ship, boys climbing: hear the shrill whistle, which doth order give to sounds confused: behold the threaten sails, borne with the invisible and creeping winds, draw the huge bottoms through the furrowed sea, breasting the lofty surge; O do but think, you stand upon the rivage and behold a city on the inclement billows dancing.—KING HENRY, V.

WASHINGTON, N. C. TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1869.

We Counsel Moderation

Our fellow-citizens permit us to offer a word or two of advice, in regard to the election which is to transpire on next Thursday. There is evidently a good deal of excitement and the manifestation of a strong temper, which is neither safe nor beneficial. This is not the way in which to dispose of political questions, nor to decide public measures. Let every voter remember, that his neighbor has the same inalienable rights as himself. And let him also remember, that to attack, either in a private or public manner, the personal character of an opponent is neither just, polite nor righteous. If a white or colored man sees fit to vote the radical Republican ticket, he has the right to do so, and he no doubt proceeds upon reasons which are perfectly satisfactory to himself. We may be satisfied, that he is wrong. We do believe, that the difficulties of this country can never be settled, nor its prosperity restored, by a straight out ticket of any sort, whether it be Democratic or Republican. We steadfastly hold to the theory, that the work which is ahead of us, is one of conciliation and christian concession. Gentlemen may talk about standing on high ground, and preserving their honor and all that. They forget, that other people think differently. We must grasp their hands over the fiery gulf. They forget, that the first law of heaven and earth, of morality and religion, of life and of death, is charity. And that unless this law is reduced to practice by the intelligence and culture of the country, this red, raging war of York and Lancaster must go on to a terrible consummation.

Fellow-countrymen, of all parties, may we urge you to an intelligent perception of these truths, and entreat you to be kind and respectful to your political opponents. We judge other persons by our own standard. We feel conscious of an utter inability to submit to personal vituperation and abuse without a speedy reckoning.—Therefore we will be careful, by God's help, not to insult or injure another; and if we do, we will make full and instant reparation. Cannot we all adopt this platform. We have just seen the Radical ticket of this Township. It does not suit us, because we believe that superior men, in point of intelligence and influence, can be obtained for the position. No doubt, the supporters of that ticket have done the best they could, and are perfectly honest in their nominations. No doubt, they think they have the interest of the country at heart, and are conscientious as ourselves. We believe that we have a better ticket, better in almost every respect, and we mean to support it. But let us not do it by vituperation and abuse, by threatening and intimidation. Let us put down every evil temper from the contest, and try to save the country by our christian manliness and patriotic devotion. Let us treat our opponents with kindness and respect, and we shall not lose anything either with God or man.

A Word to the Colored Man.

We ask you to vote the People's Ticket at the election on Thursday next. We do not propose to induce you to do this, by abusing our political opponents, by traducing their character or impugning their motives. We believe this to be unmanly, ungenerous, unjust and wicked. We desire to give them credit for being as conscientious as ourselves, to treat them with the same politeness and respect that we require for ourselves,

and to beat them in a fair and honorable contest. Hear our arguments then, why you should vote the People's Ticket.

In the first place, it is not partisan. Our Radical friends may call it Democratic or Conservative, if they please; but it is neither one nor the other.—Examine it for yourselves. We have three colored men upon it,—Peeden, Redmond and Anthony Latham—who are as respectable, intelligent, industrious and reliable, as any persons of their race in the County. They have the confidence and respect of every influential white man that knows them, and they have, moreover, so far as we know, always been Republicans.—Col. Smaw, another candidate, and one of our most prominent citizens, though understood to be a Conservative in his opinions, was never a secessionist, but a warm and ardent supporter of the Union. The other gentlemen on our ticket are as intelligent, influential and well qualified as could be possibly required.

Hear another reason, why you should vote the People's Ticket. The gentlemen who compose it, if elected, will discharge their duty strictly and conscientiously. They will give satisfaction to all parties. As Magistrates they will administer justice without fear or favor, without reward or hope of reward, and will see to it, that the colored man has his rights as well as the white man. As members of the School Committee, they will direct the educational interests of the Township with an eye to the general good, and will allow no unlawful tampering with those vital questions.

Hear another reason, why you should vote the People's Ticket. It is to your interest to do so. From whom do you derive employment and support. Is it from the Radical gentlemen with whom you have hitherto been identified. Do you cooper, build houses, work in brick and cultivate farms for them. You know very well, and it is not necessary for us to tell you. And is it not to your interest, to connect yourselves, in sympathy and action, with the men who furnish you with work, and pay you for it.

Hear another reason, why you should vote the People's Ticket. The best white people of this land, whatever may have been their former course in reference to you, are now fully prepared, we honestly believe, to treat you kindly, generously and fairly. If they intend to deceive you, they are deceiving us also. You may hear another reason, why you should vote the People's Ticket. This ticket is an olive branch, offered you in the interests of peace, harmony and justice. You will seriously damage your prospects to reject it. It will be seen and felt, that you want no compromise, and intend to accept none.

One other reason, and we have done. If you vote this ticket, and embrace the proposition made you, it will do more, we frankly tell you, to destroy the hostility and discord between the races, than the legislation of a hundred years, while an opposite course, we greatly fear, will intensify and deepen the bitterness of the past. Colored man, think quick, and act wisely.

THE DESIRE TO BE RICH.

This is the passion of the times, and is showing sad effects in deranging many of our industries and demoralizing the productive classes generally. It beguets in our young men dispositions to turn aside from all kinds of productive labor and engage in trading and speculating, as promising easier and a surer success in acquiring wealth. They have read of individual cases of remarkable success in this way, and they hurry from the workshops and the farms into cities or centers of trade, in the confidence of soon placing themselves beyond the necessity of any form of hard labor. Perhaps ninety-nine out of one hundred of them are disappointed, but the admittance is unheeded. Each one thinks he is to be the exception, and many rush recklessly on in the same course.

The consequence is not only the disappointment and suffering of the multitudes who fail, but the great loss of productive industry to the community at large. The workshops are, to a great extent, deserted or filled with incompetent workmen. Farms are neglected, consumers are increased, while production is diminished. The effect is seen in many of the industrial and social evils of the time.

There is nothing wrong in the desire of easy competence, or even affluence, if there is a disposition to make a good use of it. The wrong is an inordinate desire of wealth, and recklessness in the pursuit of it. Unquestionably, one of the trying evils of the times is a determination to be rich on the easiest

possible conditions and this sometimes without any consideration of what is morally right or wrong. The whirl of trading life is very far from being the best for morals. Even in the legitimate mercantile business there are temptations so varied and strong that only men firm in what is true and right can entirely resist them. There are so many who think it but a legitimate part of their business to circumvent or overreach their neighbors, that an atmosphere is created about some departments of trade inside of which no honest man can breathe with comfort. The marvel is, that in such business character and transactions are without reproach. The men who generally fail with loss of all, morals as much as money, are no doubt of the class who have rushed into this sphere of life with inordinate desire of wealth.

Let young men who are determining their pursuits in life think of these things. Let them get rid of any prejudice that may have crept into their minds against industrial pursuits.—They are among the most honorable, and as times now are and are likely to be in this country, are really the most certain of securing all needed earthly gain.

We believe we are safe in saying that there is no country in the world, and there has never been a time in the history of this country, in which such a career was opened to young men who choose to begin at the bottom of the ladder, and bear any industrial pursuit, or any work of production thoroughly, and stick to it faithfully, as is open to young men in the United States at this moment. Any boy of good education, who chooses to go into a mill or workshop, and make himself master of any branch of industry, and determine to live by it, and stick to it, and make a profession of thoroughness and fidelity, may feel as sure of fortune and influence as it is ever permitted to mortals to feel.

The very multitude of those who will not submit to drudgery, who love "gentility" and change, prefer jobbing and speculating to producing, make his triumph all the more remarkable by contrast, and the prizes which all the great fields of industry offer to such men, are not only numerous, but of enormous value. Parents and boys are beginning to find this out, and we have little doubt we shall see, before long, a tolerably general reaction in favor of steady industry.—Exchange.

BEAUTIFUL WORDS.—The following

before the graduating class of Gen. Lee's College by Rev. Dr. Holland, formerly of Kentucky. His word-painting is not excelled by anything we have seen for many years, while his reference to Virginia and Stone wall Jackson will enhance the appreciation of this beautiful extract:

Where, if not here, is nobleness of character a theme in echoing accord with the spirit of the place. We are near the grave of a martyr chief-tain, whose name I need not mention in the village which his memory, like precious spikenard poured out of the rudely broken alabaster box of purple life, has anointed with perfumes that breathe of paradise. We are on the hallowed soil of a State which, for the illustrious dead that sleep beneath its cloud-fretted roof, seems nature's own Westminster Abbey. Its valleys, like alcoved aisles, are hung to fancy's eye with battle scenes that depict the sacrifice of self for principle. Its mountains, like memorial pillars, record the pureheartedness of heroes who, in the path of duty, marched up to death as to a friend, and took from his outstretched hand the victor's wreaths of immortality. Under its soil, as in sacred crypts, repose the dust of an army whose remembered deeds of patriotic valor make us proud, even amid all the corruptions which degrade our race, that we, too, are men. From its windswept forests, as from the pipes of a grand cathedral organ, resounds ceaseless requiem for the fallen, which ever and anon swells with swifter time into a martial strain that bids the living emulate their virtues. Here, then, as in a quiet chapel of this grand old State Basilica—where to study excellence of manhood is to hold intercourse with the spirit of its best exemplar—so order the steps of your ambition, when, in pursuing its celestial end, you depart from the timeshore of life it may be but to join the glorified band of soldiers for the true and right who have already crossed over the river and, with Jackson, are resting in the shade of the trees.

Some of the Mormons who lately left Virginia and North Carolina for Utah are returning.

Suggestions.

Suggestions are the mothers of ideas and consequently the world's teachers. No great thing was ever born out of naught. No wonderful discovery was ever the result of investigation without suggestive aids. Fruitful research is always directed by some trivial hint, some casual incident or accident. The labor best rewarded is that which springs from the most trifling reminders.

Say you that men invent, discover, construct? Say rather that suggestions do all these things. A suggestion discovered a continent; another developed the law of gravitation; another invented the steam engine; still another produced the telegraph.

One man is more ingenious and able than his fellows only as within his mind, suggestions are more prolific than in their's. In some minds a suggestion is not suggestive at all; merely a plain, dry fact. And facts, abstractly considered, are no better than the veriest nonentities. Unless they are useful as hints, and serve to stimulate thought, they are worthless. If they stimulate thought they shape the life, and become man's governing influences. If they do not, they are just plain, dry facts, hard as rocks, it may be, and as barren—nothing more.

Suggestions surround us upon every side. Hints of beauty, utility, or truth are everywhere abundant. They do not always work the mission they might work. Man's comprehension does not always take them in readily; or if it does, they are as seed fallen upon stony ground, and fail to bring forth much fruit. Only once in a century perhaps, is a splendid achievement born of some little suggestive thought, which comes modestly, disguised so that but one mind recognizes it to be what it truly is.

We are dull learners, at the best. The suggestion of the falling apple was repeated, in that and manifold other forms of falling matter, for thousands of years, before the wonderful truth it taught came to be understood. If tea-kettles were known to the antediluvians, we must confess that steam hinted of its remarkable power a very long while before man would take the hint. Suggestions come to us in every conceivable garb, patiently repeating themselves for our edification. We become familiar with their seeming, at times, yet are blind to all their suggestiveness. What they teach we either cannot or will not learn.

Why should we be thus deaf and blind to our best educators? Why, seeing a vital truth taught in the fading leaf, should we not accept it and realize it? Why, hearing the singing brook sing on, whatever befalls it, should we go dumbly forward with no song on our lips and no melody in our hearts? Why, feeling within us a longing for immortality—believing that longing will sometime be realized—do we make of this mortal life a mean and paltry thing, with every unholy passion striving to crush out what is holy and elevating?

The wheat and corn crops of Wisconsin and Iowa will be immense this year.

Some of the Mormons who lately left Virginia and North Carolina for Utah are returning.

LATEST NEWS BY MAIL.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON July 30. Revenue receipts to-day \$1,000,000. Sherman and Rawlins have consulted regarding the efficiency and economy of the military in the South. Cresswell is still confined from his recent fall. Fullack has been appointed Revenue Collector of his district.

The President has appointed Hiram Estlin Assessor of the 1st North Carolina District, and W. D. Jones of the 4th North Carolina District. In order to secure a fair election in Mississippi, the President will order a Board of Registrars for each county, to be composed of one radical, one conservative and one military officer. The President will not, at present, interfere in favor of either party.

Through Northern and Eastern mails from New Orleans of Monday last, and through mails from points between New Orleans and Clarksville, a man has been buried. Gov. Toucey is dead. President Grant sees the Secretaries privately.

No regular Cabinet meeting to-day. The policy of the President regarding the Mississippi and Texas elections will be governed by future events. A Rock Island rattlesnake on the steamer Duquesne attempted to occu-

py the cabin, when the crew and passengers resisted, and a fight ensued, in which eight persons were killed.

The following communication will explain itself:

WASHINGTON, July 30, 1869. Hon. Lewis Dent, Washington City:

DEAR SIR:—Having seen certain dispatches to the New York Press renewing the report that you would decline the candidacy for Governor of Mississippi on the National Union Republican Ticket, we desire to know whether you adhere to your previously expressed determination on that subject, for the purpose of settling this matter finally. We trust you will favor us with an early response.

Very Respectfully, &c., E. JEFFORDS. GEORGE MOORMAN.

WASHINGTON, July 30, 1869.

GENTLEMEN:—In reply to your communication, I beg leave to say that, while I cannot decline what has not been formally proffered me, you are at liberty to say to the National Republican party, and the people of Mississippi generally, that, in the event of my nomination, I shall certainly accept it. I have never authorized any person to say I would decline a nomination if tendered to me by the National Union Republican party of Mississippi. I again assure you that my purpose to that end remains fixed and unalterable. I earnestly desire the restoration of the Southern States, with constitutions and laws that will effectually secure the civil and political rights of all persons.

Very Respectfully, Yours &c., LEWIS DENT. To Col. Moorman, and Judge Jeffords.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 30.

Fifteen hundred tailors here have struck for higher wages.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, July 30.

The Ministry stated in the House of Commons that the present relations between England and Mexico has prevented the Government from officially aiding the holders of Mexican bonds in prosecuting their claims.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.

The Cotton Supply Association has adopted resolutions looking to the speedy development of railways in India, in order to facilitate the exportation of cotton from that country. The insufficiency of the supply from the United States. The stock from American is not large enough to keep the mills of Lancashire full engaged.

Spain.

MADRID, July 30.

Several Carlists have been sentenced to death. Carlist movements may be regarded as having died out.

Bishop Cummings has offended Bishop Whitehouse, of Chicago, by preaching in his diocese.

The suspension of work in the coal mines at Scranton, Pa., are causing great destitution among the miners.

The cotton caterpillar has made its appearance on the black lands of the canebreaks of Alabama.

Upper Three Runs, Barnwell District, South Carolina, has had a political fight, in which two men were killed.

The Metropolitan Methodist Church in Washington City is \$70,000 dollars in debt. \$3,500 were raised after service last Sunday.

The Bavarian ministry have pledged themselves to support a bill legalizing the marriage of Bavarians joined in the United States.

The Cuban filibusters recently captured at New York, mostly Irishmen and ex-Confederates, were paid \$10 each on Saturday morning, and dispersed.

A German emigrant chest went to pieces in a car at Dayton, Ohio, the other day, and \$6,000 in specie were scattered over the floor. They bring their gold.

Secretary Fish wants the Cubans to purchase Cuba, and Sumner favors the scheme, and wants Uncle Sam to endorse the bonds issued for the purchase money.

The New York Tribune thinks if the National Capitol should be removed to Chicago the sole amusements of Congress would be looking at the lake tunnel and getting divorced.

Millard Fillmore and Thurlow Weed after an estrangement of twenty years, were reconciled at the Astor House recently, and a movement is on foot to bring Horace Greeley and Thurlow Weed together.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN GEORGIA.—

Last week there occurred, near Haynesville, in Northern Georgia, the most brutal deed of blood of which we have ever heard. The account given of it is simply this:—

As Mr. Bryant Edmondson was passing the house of Joe Bass, his stepson, he was invited to dine. As he rode in at the gate he received a pistol shot in the head from a man in the employ of Bass, named Potts. As he was falling from his horse Potts seized him by the hair and dragged him to the ground, when he beat his face to a jelly with his pistol, and also broke his jaw bone besides breaking the pistol. He then stamped him in the face with his feet, knocking out one eye. It is said that Potts shot him twice after he fell.

Bass then came up, and straddling the lifeless form as it lay on the ground, stabbed him several times in the bowels. A negro ran up and snatched him off. Bass threatened to kill him, and tried hard to stab him, but the latter held him until he promised not to go back.

Potts was arrested on the spot. Bass fled, with the intention of escaping, but being hotly pursued, he was overtaken and captured. The cause assigned for the bloody affair is that Bass had a furious difficulty with his step-father and swore he would teach him a lesson shortly.

No doubt a great many persons will be anxious about the reported eclipse of the sun, (which is to be on Saturday, August 7th), until the time has past, and numbered with the things that were.

Never give your tongue its full liberty; let it always be your servant, never your master.

Mr. Whitworth, the gun manufacturer, has just made a free gift of \$100,000 to found thirty scholarships to be held by workmen who will go through a thorough course of scientific and artistic training.

The Virginia Council of the Episcopal Church has unanimously adopted a declaration against the sacerdotal theory of the ministry; and the doctrines of baptismal justification, and of the real presence in the eucharist, and the so-called ritualistic practices in worship.

The engine Guildford has at last been raised from its watery bed. After several days of hard labor, she has been placed upon the pontoons in waiting, and is now ready to be hauled up to the Seaboard track. We understand that her general machinery is not materially injured.—Weldon News.

My dear sir, said a candidate, accosted a sturdy wag on the day of election, I am very glad to see you. You needn't be, replied the wag; I've voted.

Prejudices are like rats, and a man's mind like a trap; they get in easily and can't get out at all.

"Is that clock right over there?" asked a visitor. "Right over there." Certainly; 'tain't no where else."

MARKETS.

Washington Market.

AUGUST 1, 1869.

NAVAL STORES.

Corrected weekly by Joseph Potts & Son

No changes in market reports this week.

New Dip..... 22 1/2 @ 25 5

Old Dip..... 22 1/2 @ 25 5

Scrape..... 21 5 @ 22 25

Tar..... 21 5 @ 22 25

Creosote..... 21 5 @ 22 25

Green..... 21 5 @ 22 25

Bees-Wax per lb..... 35 @ 40

New Berne Market, July 31

NAVAL STORES.

Turpentine, Dip..... 270

Scrape..... 1 00

Tar, 250 lbs..... 1 60 @ 2 5

Pitch..... 200 @ 2 50

Rosin..... 1 75 @ 4 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Salt..... 2 00 @ 2 25

Bacon..... 19 @ 25

Beef, per barrel..... 34 50 @ 35 50

Butter..... 35 @ 50

Corn, by quantity..... 18 @ 20

Corn, by quantity..... 1 00 @ 1 50

Oats..... 2 50 @ 3 00

Wood per cord..... 2 50 @ 3 00

Pine..... 2 00 @ 2 00

Cotton..... 26

New York Market, July 23

Cotton, 33 @ 34

Turpentine, 42 to 43

Rosin, 22 1/2 @ 22 25

Gold, 125 1/2.

OCEAN HOUSE.

PORTSMOUTH, N. C.

B. F. BRIGGS..... PROPRIETOR.

(Late of North Carolina.)

THIS HOUSE has been thoroughly repaired and refitted. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited. E. F. Whitehead, Sup't.

J. B. Hunter & Co.,

GENERAL

Produce Commission Merchants,

Portsmouth, Va.

Solicit Consignments of all kinds country produce, including Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Staves, Naval Stores, Flour, Dried and Green Fruit, Dry and Fresh Hides, Sausages, Flaxseed, Hatter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Roots and Herbs, and all Marketable Produce.

Quick Sales and Prompt Returns Guaranteed.

Cash orders (or produce in hand) for Corn, Meal, Bacon, Fish, Fertilizers, or General Merchandise, will be filled with care and shipped with dispatch.

Agricultural Line delivered at depot here, (no charge for Bags or Drayage) at \$7.50 per Ton. Fresh Ground Plaster \$14 per Ton. Bags furnish a free of charge to parties desiring to ship us Grain.

All letters of inquiry promptly answered and best possible information furnished. Aug. 3-3m

HOYT BROTHERS,

DIALERS IN

HARDWARE,

HOLLOW WARE,

Agricultural Implements,

SEEDS,

Iron, Steel, Castings,

WOOD WARE,

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS.

ANY GOODS IN THIS LINE, not on hand, will be ordered promptly, and satisfaction guaranteed.

CART WHEELS,

FIRE TEST KEROSENE.

KEROSENE LAMPS.

LAMPS REPAIRED!

Rags and old Iron Bought.

BY

Hoyt Brothers.

TURNIP SEED!

POMERANIAN,

LARGE GLOBE,

NORFOLK GLOBE,

and

Ruta Baga

For sale by

Hoyt Brothers.

Feb 23-ly) July 20.

Pistol Cartridges,

For sale by

JOYNT BROTHERS.

WHISKEY.

OLD BOURBON WHISKEY

may 4 JOHN MYERS' SONS.

Turnip Seed for Sale.

YELLOW RUTABAGA Turnip Seed.

Norfolk Field " "

EARLY STONE " "

Flat Dutch " "

For sale by

JOSEPH POTTS & SON.

July 20-2m

NOTICE

As I wish to give up the sale of Dress Goods and Notions, I will sell at COST for cash the balance of my stock.

July 27 24.) E. J. QUIN.

BINGHAM SCHOOL.

MEDANVILLE, N. C.

Wm Bingham, Rob't Bingham,

and W. B. Lynch.

THE SESSION OF 1869-70 begins August 25th, and continues forty weeks.

The course of instruction includes the ordinary English branches, the Ancient Languages, French, Mathematics, Book-keeping, and the elements of Natural Science.

Expenses, (including Tuition, Board, Fuel, Washing, Books and Clothing) \$365.

Circulars sent on application. July 27 6t.

Warrenton Female College.

Warren Co., N. C.