

WASHINGTON HERALD.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
By YEOMANS & POTTER.

"Thy spirit Independence let me share;
Lord of the lion-heart and eagle-eye!
Thy steps I follow with my bosom bare,
Nor heed the storm that howls along the sky!"

THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM,
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 1

WASHINGTON, (N. C.) TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1827.

NO. 20

No Subscription to the Herald will be taken for a less term than one year; nor will any paper be discontinued until all arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Editors.

Advertisements inserted at 60 cents per square for the first, and 30 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Our readers will perceive that to day we recommence the publication of the Herald—the innumerable difficulties we have had to surmount, have prevented its appearance as early as we at first anticipated.—It is, to a generous and enlightened public that we now look to for support; it is in their power, by extending to us that support, firmly to establish a useful Journal in this section of the State; and by withholding from us their patronage, to crush our hopes in their infancy.

We again have made an attempt to publish the Herald with a limited number of subscribers; how far that attempt may prove futile, remains for time alone to determine. We have been assured by numbers of our fellow citizens, that they will patronize us when our publication is commenced; we now look with confidence for their expected support, saying as we said before, that in the event of the support being given to, or withheld from us, we must stand or fall; as it is impossible for any publication of the kind to exist, independent of the support of the public.

It may be considered necessary, that we should give the public some idea of our political views, or of the stand we intend to take, with regard to the great political question that now agitates our country, or in other words, whether we intend to support the present Administration and its measures, or the views of the Anti-Administration party.

Whatever our own opinions on this subject may be, we think it would be unfair in a community like this, where there is but one public Journal, to give place to communications from one party, to the entire exclusion of the other, though we shall always reserve to ourselves the right of making such selections from other public Journals, as may best comport with our own views of the subject.

It is the wish of the Editors to act conscientiously independent, and while we refuse to promote the views of the present Administration, any farther than may be consistent with what we have just declared, yet we will carefully avoid introducing into our columns, any of that "billingsgate slander," so often alluded to by the Administration prints, or in any way endeavor to

"Make the worse appear the better reason, to perplex and dash maturest counsels."

Our columns are open to calm and dispassionate disquisitions on any subject that may tend to amuse or instruct our readers.

There are a number of our former patrons who reside at a distance, to whom it has been inconvenient to present our prospectus—to those we intend to continue our paper, unless otherwise ordered. If there should be any who are not disposed to encourage the Herald, they will please give us notice previous to the first of August ensuing, otherwise they will be considered as subscribers, and charged accordingly.
July 6th, 1827.

NOTICE,

IS hereby given that on the 21st of June inst. I settled with George H. Congleton for a debt owing him by Henry Winfield—amount of execution, cost and expenses, Fifty Dollars and Sixty Cents, for which I paid him in Cash Forty-two Dollars, and my promissory note for Eight Dollars and Sixty Cents in full of the whole, and took his receipt for the same. But I having made a flourish at the end of the word eight, he has construed it into eighty, and is trying to shave it for that amount. I therefore forward all persons from trading for, or receiving said note, as I can prove by witnesses present, that the note was only given for the balance of the execution, cost, and expenses, which was only eight dollars and sixty cents.

JAS. L. WINFIELD.
June 27th, 1827. 27-11

FOR SALE,

A STOVE and PIPE, of a common quality, suitable for a work shop, will be sold low for cash. Enquire of the Printers.
July 13. 1f28

WANTED,

At this Office,
AN Apprentice to the Printing Business.—One from the Country would be preferred.

List of Letters, REMAINING in the Post-Office, Washington, N. C. July 1st, 1827.

- A—Rev. Abram M. Allen, 2
- B—Wm. Barrow, W. G. Beatty, Beifort Blount, George Boyd.
- C—Mrs. Lucretia Clark, Gen. Clark, B. Cloth, John Cain, Capt. P. L. Coat, Capt. Printass Crowell, Capt. Edward S. Clark, Daniel Collins.
- D—William Dearing, 2
- E—Benj. Eborn, Miles Everitt.
- G—Edward Gorham, Edward T. Grindley, Robert Gilbreath, 2 Capt. Jno. Gray, Capt. Abither Gerrard, 2
- H—Rev. Orson V. Howell, Henry Harding, Thomas Harris.
- J—Judge of the Superior Court, Edward Jones, Edward G. Joice.
- K—Mary Keyse.
- L—Col. Joseph Long.
- M—Churchel More, Jesse Mixon, Benj. F. Mills, 2 James Murphy, J. McWilliams, Capt. Banister Midyett.
- P—George Phelps, Jesse Perry,
- R—Samuel Ralston, Wm. Redditt, Thomas Reddick.
- S—Rev. Henry Starr, Sec'y Washington Lodge 2, John D. Smaw, John Selby, Capt. Richard Somers 2.
- T—Seth Thayer 3, Benj. Tyler, Dr. D. A. Telfair, George Tolson, Hugh Telfair.
- V—Wm. Vines 3, Frederick Vail.
- Elias Wainwright, Wm. Worsely, William Windley, Thos. White, Mrs. Mary Waters, Mrs. Elizabeth Woodley 2.—73

J. GALLAGHER, P. M.
Persons applying for any of the above letters, will please mention they are advertised.

FOR SALE.

- 50 Casks LIME,
- 10 Bbls. Prime & Mess PORK,
- 15 Bbls. N. E. RUM,
- 25 do. Roanoke HERRINGS,
- 5 do. Scuppernong WINE,
- 400 Bush. Cow PEAS,
- 200 do. CORN,
- 2000 do. Coarse SALT,
- Cheap for CASH.

N. J. OLIVER:
July 10. 2w28

BRUNSWICK MINERAL SPRINGS.

IT is with much pleasure the Proprietors of the Brunswick Mineral Springs inform the public, that they are now ready for the reception of company. Considerable additions have been made for the comfortable accommodation of visitors. The Stage from Petersburg, Va. and Raleigh, N. C. will convey passengers to our doors. Three large and airy rooms will be exclusively at the disposal of our guests. Guns, Musical Instruments, Chess men, a selection of Books, Baths, (warm and cold) an excellent assortment of wines, &c. and every desirable article for the table are provided; so that these Springs will be as desirable a retreat for the invalid, and for those who desire to escape disease, and to enjoy pleasure, as can be found in our state. The mineral qualities of the waters have not been analysed; but their beneficial effects on those who have used them, in restoring lost health, and giving freshness and bloom to the complexion, are not doubted; and speak more than any analysis, could possibly do, in their favor. Grateful for the encouragement received the past season, when they labored under all the disadvantages incident to new undertakings; and convinced by experiment that they can come up to what they promise, the Proprietors will continue to exert themselves to secure the confidence of their friends, and to give satisfaction in every part of their establishment.
Board, per day, \$1; Children and servants 50 cents; Horse 75 cents per day.

A. POWELL & Co.
July 7. 3w28

HORACE AMES, Dentist.

WILL spend a few days in Washington, in the practice of his Profession.—He may be found at Mr. Gallagher's.

New-York, Feb. 10, 1827.

The subscribers hereby certify that they have long known Dr. AMES, & respected him as a gentleman and well informed Physician. Dr. AMES is a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York, and has devoted himself particularly to the study and practice of Dentistry, of which we consider him a well informed and skilful practitioner.

JOHN WATTS, Jr. M. D.
President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

A. H. STEVENS, M. D.
Professor of Surgery.

JOSEPH M. SMITH,
Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic.

July 11. 1f28

NEW BOOKS.

JUST received at this office, and for sale, low for cash the following classical and miscellaneous

BOOKS:

- Schrevelii's Greek Lexicon,
- Wilson's Greek Testament,
- Valpy's Greek Grammar,
- Virgil Delphini,
- Adam's Latin Grammar
- Flint's Surveying,
- Day's Algebra,
- Walker's Pronouncing Dictionary,
- Murray's English Grammar,
- Do. English Reader,
- Goldsmith's Rome, abridged,
- Morse's Universal Geography,
- Elair's Lectures,
- Byron's Works, complete, with engravings,
- Burns do. do. do.
- Moore's do. do. do.
- Pindar's do. do. do.
- Milton's Poems,
- Cowper's do.
- Ovid's Metamorphosis,
- Young's Night Thoughts,
- Johnson's Lives of the Br. Poets,
- Segur's Napoleon's Expedition, &c.

LAND!

THE subscriber will sell at a reduced price his tract of LAND lying on Chocowinity Bay, containing about

1050 ACRES.

This land combines perhaps more advantages than any tract in this section of country, having natural boundaries on three sides, and containing, besides valuable farming land, inexhaustible Naval Store resources. Having a fine water prospect and a beautiful elevation—a man of taste might with little pains and expence, make a charming residence which for health and good water would be surpassed by none in the eastern district of North-Carolina.

Persons desirous of purchasing would do well to examine for themselves.

JOHN W. POTTS.
July 10. 1f28

\$10 REWARD.

STRAYED away from the Subscriber, about the 20th June last, a small milk and cider colored HORSE, he was shod all around, and very white about the tail; he was raised in the state of Alabama, and traded in Plymouth by David Tores of Caswell county. I will give the above reward for the delivery of said horse to me in Jameston, Martin County.

JOSH'A S. CLARKE.
July 11.

BLANKS,
Of every description neatly printed at this Office.

ENTERTAINMENT.



THE Subscriber has removed to the well known Establishment recently occupied by W. P. Sanderson, dec'd; and intends continuing it as a House of Entertainment.

THE HOUSE, and STABLES, are in complete repair;

He respectfully solicits public patronage, and pledges himself, that nothing on his part shall be wanting to give general satisfaction.

WILLIAM G. FRASIER.
Plymouth, March 6th, 1827.—1f

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having qualified as administrator to the estate of Augustine Willis, dec'd, and reduced into his possession some watches and jewelry, which he has thought the property of different individuals, placed in the hands of his intestate for repairs. Now if any persons have a claim to any part of the above named property, they will do well to make it known to the subscriber within a reasonable time, (say two months,) prove their title, & remove the same; otherwise he will cause such property to be sold for the benefit of creditors.

S. SMALLWOOD, Adm'r.
July 11. 1f28

AGRICULTURAL.



SEED WHEAT—HESSIAN FLY.

The following are extracts of a communication in the American Farmer, of the 15th ult. written by Robert H. Goldsboro, of Talbot county, Maryland, dated 1st June.

Having witnessed a good deal of destruction in the wheat crop this season by Hessian fly, and hearing of much more in other places, I think it important to turn the attention of farmers to the Early, or Rare-ripe wheat; which is the only wheat that I have yet seen that can make a crop in spite of the fly. This the third year in succession that I have tried it; and it has been regularly, each year, unhurt by the fly, notwithstanding some of it was puny in its early growth from the defect in the seed wheat, occasioned by weevil fly, and whilst other wheat, along side of it, and in its neighborhood, has been constantly destroyed. Nor is this difference confined to the crops on richly manured lands, it is equally apparent in thinner lands.

The rare-ripe is a beautiful white wheat, plump grain, and next to the old white wheat of good quality, is the most productive in flour. It is a remarkably heavy wheat, never subject to rust—of a shorter straw and head than any of the other kinds of wheat; yet its product to the acre, shock or stack, is equal to that of any wheat. It does not branch so much as some other kinds of wheat, and is on that account generally seeded a little thicker. An idea has prevailed that this wheat would not stand the winter. This is not my opinion. That the rare-ripe wheat will not succeed in low, wet grounds as well as the red chaff or flint wheat. I think is pretty certain; in such lands the winter's frost will be very apt to prove destructive to it. But no wheat is certain in such lands. In dry lands, and particularly if they are rather high, I am persuaded no wheat will pass the winter better than the rare-ripe. On my lands (which are flat, but dry,) I have never seen any difference in the effects of frost & wet upon rare-ripe or other wheat; and I have always had some of the com-

mon kinds of wheat growing whenever I grew the rare-ripe. My present crop of rare-ripe wheat, both in good and thin land, is entirely unaffected by last winter's frost, on a field that is as level as bowling green.

Wherever the seed wheat was good, the crop of rare-ripe wheat is good this year, and is wholly unaffected by the fly; although the adjacent fields of other kinds have been very much injured. I consider the rare-ripe wheat so exempt from the ravages of the Hessian fly, that I believe if seeded after the 8th or 10th of October, and the seeding completed in the next four or five weeks, nine years out of ten, the crop will succeed. It will do to be seeded later than this. I have very fine rare-ripe wheat now growing, that was seeded the 18th and 19th of November last; indeed I have seen good crops of it growing from December seeding. But the surest way is, to begin so late as to avoid the autumn fly, and then get your crop seeded in the shortest time after that; the earlier the better with all wheat, provided you can escape the fall fly. But the rare-ripe bears late seeding better than any other wheat that I have seen.

The advantages of the rare-ripe wheat then, are these: it will bear as late seeding as any other wheat; its early and rapid spring growth puts it out of the way of the spring fly; it is always jointed by the 1st day of May, often before; it is never subject to rust; it produces as abundantly as other wheat; the grain is generally heavier than that of any other sort; it is as productive a wheat to the miller as most other kinds; it stands well throughout harvest, and is easily cut and saved. I have never known an instance of the spring fly destroying it.

It has been supposed that the early harvest of this wheat will embarrass the farmer in his corn crop. I do not find this to be the case. Knowing that your harvest will be a fortnight earlier, you make your exertions and arrangements to meet it, and that early and rapid cultivation is a great benefit to the corn crops. I expect to begin my harvest by the 12th of June.

Your obed't serv't,
ROBT H. GOLDSBOROUGH.

PINCHING OF POTATOE BLOSSOM.

We are sorry to observe that the practice is not generally adopted, as the produce would thereby be materially increased. (Sales Jour. Sept. 2.) A correspondent has found from experience, that the crop is not only increased, but much better in quality, and wishes us to direct the attention of our readers to the practice, which we hereby do, fully convinced of its importance.

[Loud. Gard. Mag.]

TO PRESERVE MEAT.

The German process give an easy process for the preservation of meat; it is to prepare it with a brine made from soot. A comparative experiment has been made with a ham exposed to smoke, and a ham prepared with brine of soot. The result was in favor of the latter process, which had better preserved the weight, the volume, and the juices of the meat.

YANKEE CALF.

A cow belonging to Major Gibson, of Francestown, N. H. lately produced a bull calf, which weighed when dropped £108—and when 3 months old £336—being an increase of more than 2 1/2 pounds per day. Cow native breed—the present bull calf Denton.

AN ACREONIC.

Stems kiss the clouds above,
And zephyrs kiss the flowers;
Streams kiss their banks—and love,
Love kisses hearts like ours.
Since all nature then is kissing,
Why should we alone be missing?
Come, my dear, ere life be spent,
Let us kiss, and be content.