

ANTONIA BANG

By William James Brock Post Entertainment Editor

Rock'n'Roll is one of four great musical forms indigenous to American culture. Blues, Jazz and Bluegrass are the other three. All grew out of the hopes, dreams and heartbreaks of the unique American experience. Each is identified with a particular cultural segment, and each evolved from elements of all the others. Of course, Blues came first-out of the tragic experience of black slaves yearning for their African homeland long gone.

land long gone.

While all the great musical forms have left their imprints on our society, Rock'n'Roll has probably left the deepest impression. It began, in the 1950s, as youth protest music-

Janet Jackson

against parental values.

as young people began to rebel

Chuck Berry, one of several

credited with being a Founding

Father of the new music, once

said Rock'n'Roll would never die.

He was probably right. The

music has been going strong

That doesn't mean nobody

was trying to kill the youth mu-

sic-many were in its early days.

It was condemned by main-

stream musicians and from

America's pulpits. Rev. Billy Graham once called Rock'n'Roll

"the Devil's work." The good par-

son also branded Chuck Berry,

Little Richard and Elvis Presley

as "the Unholy Three-the most

By the 1960s even the U.S.

government had come around to

Graham's view. Rock musicians

were reviled by presidents Lyn-

don Johnson and Richard Nix-

on. Still, the music wouldn't die.

everything becomes respectable if you live long enough.

Rock'n'Roll is now a big bucks

industry. And it's currently undergoing yet another revival.

Hollywood, which cashed in

on rockflicks in the early days,

is raking in big bucks again. It all began this time around with

the 1985 release of "The Buddy

Holly Story," More recently, "La Bamba" has been pulling in the bucks nationwide. Movie

soundtracks are also paying homage to rock music. Ben E.

King's classic "Stand By Me"

was the title song in Rob Reiner's hit film of the same name.

And the invincible "Stay" by

Maurice Williams is on the

soundtrack of the recent sleeper hit "Duty Dancing."

Patrick Swayze, who starred in the film, liked "Stay" so much

that he put it on the flipside of a

new 45 record he recently cut. And the unsinkable little song

also played under dialogue in a recent episode of the CBS show

"Designing Women."

Even TV commercials these days are done around classic

rock songs. The music that

Chuck Berry said would never

die has permeated our culture to

a degree that even the legendary rocker could not have pre-

dicted back in those days. Over

three decades, Rock'n'Roll has evolved from outlaw youth mu-

Institution or not, though, rockers have retained the vis-

sic to American institution.

As the French say, though,

dangerous men in America.'

now for more than 30 years.

Maurice Williams

Staying Power

Spotlight

Diana Ross



By William James Brock
Post Entertainment Editor

One of the most innovative talents to come out of the great popular music upheaval of the 1950s is singer/composer Maurice Williams. Now living in Charlotte, the great rocker has travelled hundreds of thousands of miles on tour with his band, The Zodiacs. The song that made him famous is an unsinkable little ditty called "Stay." Rolling Stone magazine calls the 1:37 tune "the shortest Number One single in pop music histo-

ry."

The singer wrote the song for a girlfriend when he was in high school. He threw away the lyrics but fortunately had recorded "Stay" a capella on a tape recorder. His girlfriend's sister persuaded Williams to shop the song around to record companies. The song became a hit for Maurice Williams and The Zodiacs,

establishing the group's fame.

Maurice Williams started his career a few years before "Stay," in a small town of Lancaster, South Carolina. In 1955, he was a student at Barr Street High, playing piano and trombone, and singing in the glee club. He and four other young men formed a band called The Royal Charms, and right away the Charms started winning local

talent shows and playing high school proms. One night a college student from the University of South Carolina happened to catchtheir act. He booked them to play at a fraternity party. It was the first time the Charms played outside the Lancaster area, and it set them on the road to a career that has lasted over four decades.

In 1957 the group changed their name to the Gladiolas and Maurice composed a song titled Little Darlin. The tune, recorded on Excello Records, was an immediate hit for the group, and so strong was its impact in the South, that shortly thereafter, a nationally famous recording act named The Diamonds did a cover version. It immediately zoomed to the top of the charts.

The song's success established Maurice as a double-barreled talent. Not only was he a gifted singer and entertainer, but now he was also one of the hottest songwriters in the business. The group changed its name to Maurice Williams And The Zodiacs, and in 1960, they recorded another of Maurice's songs. The song was Stay, and its tenure as Number One all through the summer finally established the band as one of the

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"Our Music Will Never Die."

DIC.
--Chuck Berry, 1957

ceral style that made the music a secular religion. Though many of the greats are gone-Jimi Hendrix, Elvis, Marvin Gaye, Janis Joplin and othersthe ones who remain still have the feisty spirit that made them superstars to begin with.

That spirit was in evidence at the January 20 Rock'n'Roll Hall of Fame induction. Mike Love, of the Beach Boys, lashed out at Diana Ross and Paul McCartney because the two singers chose not to attend their induction into the Hall of Fame at New York's Waldorf Astoria, "It's a real bummer their not coming," Love said. The brouhaha made national headlines.

To her credit, Ross had sent a courteous apology and explanation of her absence beforehand. McCartney took a tougher line. He announced he would not "attend some phony Beatles re-

More recently, at the January 25 American Music Awards, rock superstars made more positive headlines. Anita Baker won the favorite album honors with "Rapture." She also surprised everyone by beating out Whitney Houston for favorite female R&B vocalist.

Houston copped that honor in the pop/rock category. She also had the favorite single in

that slot.

Bad Michael Jackson, who has 11 previous American Music Awards trophies, copped only one-favorite single in R&B. Sister Janet Jackson won for favorite pop/R&B combo video.

Paul Simon won favorite pop/ rock album honors with "Graceland," whose title cut is a tribute to one of the Founding Fathers of Rock'n'Roll. Well, as the Mexicans say-if it goes around it comes around. And the beat goes on.



By William James Brock Post Entertainment Editor

Doing comely splits and contortions on her popular exercise video, she looks like any other glamourous middle-aged woman who is in great shape. Seeing her making her health and fitness pitch to affluent yuppics, most people don't immediately associate Jane Fonda with war and revolution.

Yet the film star-turned-fitness-guru was deeply involved in the Vietnam War-as an activist protestor against American policy during the conflict. Fonda even went so far as to visit Hanoi, at the height of the conflict, to pose for photographs with Viet Cong soldiers.

with Viet Cong soldiers.
Ironically, it was also Jane
Fonda who helped create the
trend of Hollywood and television cashing in on the same war
she had so vociferously denounced earlier.

With the 1978 movie "Coming

Home" she helped launch Vietnam as a cash crop for studio and network moguls. The film, as they say in Hollywood, proved the war "ad legs" as an entertainment vehicle.

The war had been show business all along, though. In fact, it was the first military conflict in America's history to get primetime coverage on the nightly news. Many editorial pundits began calling it "the television war" early on.

It all began right after the Korean War ended in 1953. The U>S> had 300 military advisors working with French forces in Vietnam by 1954. By 1956 President Eisenhower had sent in another 300 to help prop up the government in South Vietnam. In 1961 President Kennedy stepped-up American troop strength-sending in 16,000 G.I.'s during his presidency.

Both Presidents Johnson and Nixon poured troops into Viet-(Continued On p. 6B)



"These Vietnam war movies might be doing a service by getting the truth out about the war," said Betty Potts. She learned some harsh truths about that war. Her husband was killed in it. And she has had to raise two daughters who will never know their father.

They were high school sweethearts. They married young and settled into building a family life. While Harry Mitchell was in those bloody firefights they were enjoying brand new baby Bridget. That marital bliss was doomed, but they did not know it at the time.

When Pfc. Johnny W. Potts shipped out for Vietnam in November of 1967. Betty had a feeling he would not be coming back. By then she was pregnant with their second child. Youngest daughter Yolunda never saw her father. Pfc. Potts lived slightly more than three months after arriving in Vietnam. Neither of the daughters, now in their twenties, remember their father.

Two Army officers came one morning at 7:30 to tell her that her husband had been killed in action. The young bride was not



Pfc. Johnny Potte



Betty and Johnny Potts

even old enough to legally draw his military insurance or social security benefits.

Betty Potts has survived the 20 years since Johnny Potts died by hard work and sacrifice. At times she had to hold two jobs to make ends meet. At present she is an assistant book keeper with The Charlotte Post newspaper.

She loved her husband, and still has the wedding ring he gave her. Her girls read their father's old letters from Vietnam. But she has never remarried and has never been to see his name on The Wall.

"It's very ironic," Betty said.
"He was killed in FebruaryBlack History Month. I still
miss him around that time. I
think it's my destiny to be married only once."

There are other ironies. Johnny Potts and brother Hazel Potts served in Vietnam at the same time-but never saw each other during their tours.