

Church and Sunday School

First Presbyterian.
Welcome.
Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Offering for foreign missions.
Bible school 9:45 a. m.
Byron Clark, D. D. minister. Welcome.

The Brotherhood Bible Class of the Presbyterian church meets in the Maxwell Chambers School Building on Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. All members of the class are specially invited to be present. Visitors and strangers will receive a cordial welcome.

The Woman's Bible Class meets every Sunday morning at 9:45. All are invited to attend.

Second Presbyterian.
Adult Bible class 9:45.
Sunday school 9:45.
Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Christian Endeavor 6:30.
Strangers and visitors cordially invited to all services. Holy Communion at morning hour. Rev. C. B. Keller, pastor.

Chestnut Hill Baptist.
The pastor will preach at 11 a. m. Subject: "Shaking Hands, or the Gospel in a Hand-shake."
E. W. J. F. Black will preach at 7:30 p. m., and will conduct the meeting through the week.
The Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.
A cordial invitation is hereby extended to the public to attend all these services.

"There shall be Showers of Blessings."

First Baptist Church.
Subject at the First Baptist church tomorrow, 11 a. m.: "Why the Christian Should do More Than Others?"
The Lord's supper at the close of the service.
7:30 p. m. "The Young Man Who Found Himself." This will be helpful to young people, especially young men. But there will be something in it for everybody. Come and bring your friends.
9:45 a. m. Sunday school. The public cordially invited. Strangers always welcome.

First Methodist.
Sunday school at 9:45 o'clock with classes for all ages. This is the first Sunday of the new Sunday school year and a large attendance is especially desired.
Preaching at 11 and 7:30 o'clock by the pastor, Rev. W. A. Lambeth.
All services are held in the tabernacle and the public is cordially invited.

Methodist Baraca.
The First Methodist Baraca class is wanting all members and many visitors at their class meeting at the tabernacle tomorrow morning at 9:45. Warm welcome awaits you.

Methodist Philatheas.
The Philatheas class of the First Methodist church will meet at 9:45 o'clock, every Sunday morning in the tabernacle. Every member is asked to be present, and visitors always welcome.

North Main Street Methodist.
Rev. F. F. Hudson, lay leader of the Salisbury district conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, will make his annual visitation and address to this church at 7:30 p. m. He is an interesting and instructive speaker. You should hear him.
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Everybody is invited to be present at all these services.
Strangers welcome.

South Main Street Methodist.
Sunday school 9:30 a. m.
Class study 10 a. m.
Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. Dr. J. H. Brendall. The public cordially invited.
East Spencer Methodist Church.
Hon. T. F. Hudson, lay leader of the Salisbury district conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, will make his annual visitation and address to this church at 11 a. m. He is an interesting and instructive speaker. You should hear him.
Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.
Everybody cordially invited to attend these services.
Strangers are welcome.

St. John's Lutheran.
Rev. M. M. Kinard, Ph.D.D., pastor. Eighteenth Sunday after Trinity. Sunday school with Bible classes 9:45 a. m.
Regular church services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Visitors and strangers most cordially invited to all services.

Morning
Gloria Patri.
Kyrie.
Gloria in Excelsis.
The Hallelujah.
Offertory Anthem—"O Come, Let Us Sing."
Evening

Verale.
Gloria Patri.
Kyrie.
Offertory—Soprano Solo—"O Lord of Life."
Mrs. Carl Rabe.
Nane Dimittis.
Benedicamus.

Park Ave. Methodist.
Sunday school at 9:45. A. S. Morgan, superintendent.
Preaching at 11 a. m. by Ernest Saffy.
At 7:30 by Dr. J. C. Rowe.

Congregational.
Rev. Dr. W. B. Duttera, Ph. D., S. T. D., minister.
Services parish house open every day for everybody.
Sunday appointments—The church school will convene at 10 a. m. for the study of the Bible by young and old.
At 11 o'clock the Holy communion will be celebrated.
At 7:30 p. m. the third series of pictures will be shown. These will bear on religious liberty leading up to the settlement of this country. You will doubtless enjoy and profit much from these as many have done the others.
Come out and bring the children.

Haven Lutheran.
Rev. Geo. H. Lingle, pastor.
Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.
Confirmation, confession and absolution and Holy communion at 11 a. m.
Evening services at 7:30 p. m.
Loyal workers will meet at 2:30 p. m.
Visitors and strangers most cordially invited to all services.

Faith Reformed.
C. C. Wagoner, pastor.
Bible school at 9:45 a. m.
Services 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
A series of services will begin tomorrow to continue through next week.
Services every night at 7:45.
Rev. J. A. Palmer, Lexington, will preach for us.
Special music. Everybody invited.

St. Luke's Episcopal.
Rev. Warren W. Way, rector.
11 a. m. Holy communion and sermon.
7:30 p. m. Evening prayer and sermon.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
All public welcome.

Sacred Heart, Catholic.
Fulton and Council streets.
Rev. F. Anthony, O. S. B., pastor.
Nineteenth Sunday after Pentecost.
Low mass at 8:15 and High mass and sermon at 10:30 a. m. sharp.
Rosary sermon and benediction at 7:45 p. m. Sunday school and Bible study at 11:30 a. m.
All are welcome.

The Boy Preacher.
Charles R. Turner preached to a large congregation last night despite the rain, the church was crowded at South Main street Methodist church. He will preach again tonight at Park Ave. Methodist church and he will preach tomorrow, Sunday at First Baptist church at Spencer at 11 o'clock and 7:30 at night. He will preach a special sermon at the Y. M. C. A. at Spencer at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, tomorrow, Sunday.

THE HIGH SCHOOLS BOYS MEET
Address On "Athletics and Manhood." By Prof. A. T. Andrews—Officers Elected With Roy Casper President—Attendance Large.
The High Schools boys held a very enthusiastic meeting last evening in the old Miller storeroom on West Inness street. Supper was served at 6:30 o'clock, after which Prof. T. W. Andrews, superintendent of the public schools, was introduced and gave the boys a talk on "Athletics and Manhood." This talk was greatly appreciated by the boys, as he touched on such topics as appeal to the average High School student.
The following officers were elected for the ensuing term:
President—Roy Casper.
Vice-President—Chas. Mason.
Treasurer—Willie Somers.
Secretary—Marshall Laka.
There is every indication to believe that the High School club will have a most progressive year as the boys are taking an unusual amount of interest in the activities of the club. Hereafter, the club will meet promptly at 6:45 o'clock and all boys who plan to attend the club should bear this in mind, so that there will not be any delay in carrying out the work of the evening.
The attendance last night was the largest since the club has been reorganized.

ITEMS FROM ROCKWELL.
Rockwell, Oct. 5.—Contractors are busy laying cement sidewalks on the streets of Rockwell.
The Red Cross Ladies, who have been canning fruit and making preserves and otherwise aiding in the food conservation campaign, will now get busy with their Red Cross work. It is expected the Rockwell chapter will have a booth at the Red Cross Bazaar which opens in Salisbury next Wednesday, October 10th.

WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD
No man can do his best when suffering from backache, rheumatic pains, swollen joints, sore muscles or other symptoms of kidney trouble. B. H. Stone, 840 N. 2d street, Reading, Pa., writes: "I contracted a most severe case of kidney trouble. I gradually grew worse and for months was unable to attend to business. I began to use Foley Kidney Pills and soon found the pains were gone and I have had no aches since. They have been worth their weight in gold to me." Sold everywhere.

For Burning Eczema

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 25c. or \$1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of Zemo. When applied as directed it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also opens burns, wounds and chafing. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is a clean, dependable and inexpensive, penetrating, antiseptic liquid. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.
The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

ENRAGED UNCLE SHOOT'S YOUNG BRIDE THEN KILLS SELF

Lucas Sears Becomes Enraged Because His Niece Eloped With Fred Williams and a Terrible Tragedy Is the Result.

Ducham, Oct. 4.—Angry because she eloped last Saturday night with Lucas Sears, a young man of Chatham county, Fred Williams, well known tobacco planter of near Apex, Wake county, today fatally wounded Mrs. Cassy Sears, his niece, until last Saturday night Miss Cassy Yates. He then turned the pistol to his temple and sent a bullet plunging through his own head. He died shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon.
Williams went to the home of Mrs. Catherine Sears, mother-in-law of the girl, this morning. The girl met him at the door, and invited him in. Without speaking he drew the revolver and shot. The bullet entered Mrs. Sears' right eye. She fell unconscious in a pool of blood. He then shot himself. The elder Mrs. Sears witnessed the shooting. Her son and the girl's husband of five days were in the field mowing hay at the time. The girl was rushed to a Raleigh hospital.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would grip me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape.
I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."
Theodore's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.
NO-125

Dear Madam:

If your Blankets, Quilts, Pillows and Fether-Beds need reinvigorating for the winter Now is the time.
Let us do it for you under most Sanitary conditions.
We remove the Dirt and kill the Germs.
Phone 292

Gem City Laundry

A. S. JONES, Prop.

NORFOLK SOUTHERN

FROM NORTH CAROLINA INTO TERMINAL STATION NORFOLK WITHOUT TRANSFER
FREIGHT SERVICE
If you value quick transportation route your shipment via Norfolk Southern Railroad.
Watch the time made by their package cars, and you will find that your interest are best served by patron.

BELL BRAND SHOES

Are Better—
Phone 29
Bell Shoe Store

BE CAREFUL LESSON FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

DO YOU DO YOUR PART TO PREVENT ACCIDENTS IN THE HOME.

Some Suggestions Which Will Aid Housekeepers to Acquire the Be Careful Habit.

In the observance of Fire Prevention Day, October 9, the State Insurance Department called special attention to the part which can be played by the housekeepers of the State. The housewives, the helpmeets of the wage earners in industrial pursuits, must bear in mind constantly the knowledge that the wage earner stands in peril at all times from injury by accidents that go with their hazardous occupations.

You housekeepers also should learn the Be Careful lesson. You know what untold misery and suffering are caused by accidents in the industrial world. You know that every four minutes of every working day a wage earner is killed, that every four seconds of every working day a wage earner is injured. You know that the vast majority of these accidents are the result of gross carelessness and could be avoided by the observance of simple Be Careful rules. You know these terrible truths and you earnestly urge your bread winner to avoid taking unnecessary chances.
But do you do your part to prevent accidents in the home?

Every year thousands of women and children are killed and injured in their own homes as the result of carelessness. Your turn may come next unless you form the Be Careful habit.
Fire is one of our worst enemies, destroying countless homes and claiming thousands of innocent human victims—generally women and children.
Here are some suggestions you might bear in mind to aid you in acquiring the Be Careful habit:

NEVER use coal oil to start a fire in the stove. You invite disaster every time you do, for it is liable to explode and scatter the blazing oil.

NEVER let children play around a bonfire. They love to venture close to the blaze and a sudden gust of wind may blow their dress into the flames.

NEVER leave matches lying around within reach of young children. Few youngsters can resist the temptation to play with the fire and often their lives are sacrificed as a result.

NEVER neglect to pick up a match you have dropped on the floor. Many a fatal fire has been caused by stepping on a match head.

NEVER set a lighted candle or lamp near a curtain. The wind may blow the drapery against the flame.

NEVER neglect to attend promptly to an apparently trivial injury. A tiny scratch often becomes infected, causing blood poison.

NEVER go down stairs backward. Watch your step when working near a flight of stairs.

NEVER take an unnecessary chance. Remember the A. B. C. of Safety First is always Be Careful.

MUCH INTEREST WAS TAKEN IN MEETING AT WILMINGTON

Of interest and benefit to electrical contractors, electrical inspectors and all men in the electrical industry in the State was the electrical institute held at Wilmington, August 18 and 19, under the direction of the State Insurance Department. Following this Institute was a similar gathering of firemen from all over North Carolina at a Firemen's Institute. Representatives from practically every city or town of importance in North Carolina were present.

The purpose of the institutes was to discuss fire prevention from the standpoint of electricians and firemen, and kindred subjects for the good of the property owners and citizens of the State. At the opening session of the electrical institute the principal address was delivered by H. B. Bozelle of the Bureau of Standards who spoke on the National Safety Code. Mr. Bozelle said that there were an average of 2,000 deaths annually from electrical causes, that 70 to 80 per cent of these could be avoided if the proper precautions were taken and from 20 to 50 per cent of the victims could be resuscitated if given the right attention at once.

Fire chiefs and city officials from practically every city and town entered into discussions on subjects pertaining to the proper methods of fighting and preventing fire. A. M. Schoen, chief engineer for the Southeastern Underwriters Association with headquarters in Atlanta was among the visitors who made addresses and entered into the discussions at both the institutes.

Institutes of this nature will be conducted from time to time in the future under the direction of the State Insurance Department.

During these institutes held at Wilmington the Insurance Department's Fire Prevention movie films "The Lesson of the Flames" and "An Unbeliever Convinced" were exhibited free at a local theatre and were viewed by those in attendance upon the institutes and a great many Wilmington people.

AHEAD FOR SOUTH GREAT PROSPERITY

Total Value of South's Agricultural Output This Year Will Exceed Six Billion Dollars.

1916 SEASON'S COTTON CROP BRINGING \$1,400,000,000

Coincident With Agricultural Prosperity Is Railroad and Industrial Prosperity.

(Manufacturer's Record.)
As near as can now be estimated, the total value of the South's agricultural output this year will be largely over \$6,000,000,000, or a gain of over \$1,400,000,000 over last year.

The magnitude of this amazing agricultural wealth can be better understood when it is borne in mind that the total value of the South's agricultural output of the United States in 1900 was \$5,000,000,000. Thus the South this year will produce in its agricultural interest about \$1,000,000,000 more than the entire country produced 17 years ago.

The value of the South's cotton crop of 1916, including seed, was \$1,357,851,000, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture. The total value of the cotton crop, including seed, for 1917, as reported by the New Orleans Cotton Exchange was \$1,413,000,000. It is difficult to make an estimate which will be conservatively safe as to the value of this year's crop, in view of the fluctuations which have recently taken place, without at the same time minimizing the great possibilities in the value of this crop. It is, we think entirely safe to estimate the value of this year's crop of cotton seed at \$1,700,000,000, with the chance of the value largely exceeding this, and if cotton should command the prices demanded as a minimum by the growers the total would exceed \$2,000,000,000.

The total grain crop of the South is nearly 1,600,000,000 bushels, which will probably exceed in value \$2,350,000,000.

The potato crop, sweet and white potatoes, will figure up between \$180,000,000 and \$500,000,000, but even this would be a small increase only over last year's hay and tobacco.

The total value of livestock products of the South two years ago was over \$1,000,000,000, and with the high prices prevailing this amount

may be exceeded by 20 to 25 per cent.

This section is shipping to the North and West potatoes, vegetables and fruits, oysters, fish and other food products over \$200,000,000, and the total value of such diversified agriculture as fruits and vegetables, etc., including these shipment to the North will this year be at least \$650,000,000.

Thus the grand total of the South's agricultural output for 1917 will considerably exceed \$6,000,000,000 and may easily run several hundred million dollars above that figure.

It is true that the increased cost of everything which enters into farming has added largely to the cost of raising these crops, but the margin of profit is still sufficiently great to bring this section enormous wealth.

Last year's cotton crop, selling at over \$1,400,000,000, following a crop of the preceding year valued at \$1,357,000,000, has put the cotton growing interests of the South in a stronger financial position than in the last 60 years, and added to this unusual condition is the fact that the South has increased its corn production by about 300,000,000 bushels over 1916, or about one-half of the total increase of corn in the United States.

These figures, of course, are based to some extent on the forecast of the Department of Agriculture for August and September and there will be slight variations when the total yields are finally reported at the end of the year. The difference, however, will not be sufficiently great to make any marked change in the broad survey of the situation.

Outside of a considerable portion of Texas, which has suffered seriously from drought, and some limited areas in the Southwest, the South has been amazingly blessed in the magnitude of its crops and in the prices which they are bringing. This abounding prosperity of the agricultural interests of the South will spread into every avenue of industry and trade will quicken the whole business life of the South and result in an accumulation of an immense amount of surplus wealth available for future development.

Coincident with this agricultural activity and prosperity is the industrial and railroad prosperity of the South. Every mining enterprise, every furnace, every steel plant, and practically every cotton mill in this section is crowded to the limit of its capacity and the ability to secure labor while the lumber interests are having an increased call for their output and shipbuilding running far into the hundreds of millions, is under way.

Under these conditions the South should be able largely to finance its own business interests, its road build-

ing work, the construction of sewerage and water works systems and enterprises of this kind. These must go on in war times as well as in peace for they are essential in war as they are in peace. This section should moreover at the same time be able to contribute very largely to investments in Liberty Bonds and in all the other broad activities of the nation.

This vast wealth will prove a curse to the South unless it is utilized in this hour of supreme need of human civilization for the betterment of mankind and the advancement of the cause for civilization and all that civilization means in this great world struggle.

Three Transylvania Physicians Indicted. Failed to Carry Out State Quarantine Law—Result of Investigation by Board of Health.

Three Transylvania physicians, Drs. W. M. Lyday and A. E. Lyday of Penrose and C. W. Hunt of Brevard, have been indicted as a result of the investigation made recently by Dr. T. M. Jordan of the State Board of Health relative to the closing of English Chapel school on account of scarlet fever. The charges brought against the three physicians were failure to comply with the requirements of the new State Quarantine law. Dr. Hunt is quarantine officer of Transylvania county.

In the case against Dr. W. M. Lyday, the charges were that he failed to report the existence of scarlet fever in a family of eight children, parents and eight children living in a one-room house, until the sixth day after the diagnosis was made and after the school had closed. Dr. Hunt it was charged, failed to mail to this family the rules and regulations, also the placards, as is required by law, to protect the public. He also failed to supply the public school teachers with the blanks and literature as is required by law, and to furnish the county newspapers a monthly report of the names and cases of contagious diseases occurring in the county during the month.

On investigating the closing of another school in Transylvania, the Little River school, Dr. Jordan found that Dr. A. E. Lyday had failed to report six cases of scarlet fever within the time prescribed by law which is twenty-four hours after making the diagnosis.

All the physicians admitted the charges preferred against them and paid their fines and the cost of the court.

Absence diminishes little passions and increases great ones, as the wind blows out a candle but fans a fire.—Rochester Herald.

Attention!!
Ladies', Gentlemen AND THE Little Folks Too—
If you care for your pocket-book as well as your appearance. It is very important that you let us shoe you—beyond a doubt we are best prepared to take care of your shoe wants—and at a saving of not cents, but dollars.

Express Arrivals Daily
The newest creations in women's boots—a pleasure to show them. Remember we repair your old ones while you wait.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Bell Shoe Store
PHONE 29
P. S.—White kid boots at \$5.00

