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GERMANS PREPARE TO OCCUPY PETROGRAD ALLIES STILL MAKE PROGRESS AGAINST RUSSIAN DEFENSES ANOTHER GENERAL ATTACK BEGUN BY THE ALLIED FORCES

GERMANS WILL OCCUPY PETROGRAD

Dispatches from Copenhagen Say the Huns are Going to Take Charge of Russian Capital.

TROOPS ALREADY MOVING TO THIS OBJECTIVE POINT

London Gets This Important Piece of News from the Danish Capital.

(By Associated Press.) London, Aug. 13.—The Germans intend to occupy Petrograd, a dispatch to the Copenhagen Politiken from Helsingfors says, according to a telegram from the Danish capital to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT OCEAN VIEW

Blaze Starts in a Closed Kitchen at the Famous Virginia Shore Resort—Hotel Guests Had Narrow Escape When Hotel Caught.

(By Associated Press.) Norfolk, Va., Aug. 13.—Fire early today practically swept clear the amusement portion of Ocean View, the summer place eight miles from Norfolk.

CASUALTY LIST OF TODAY IS SMALL

Total in the Army List is Only Ninety and Only One of These Hails From North Carolina. Private Harrell of Haggood.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 13.—The army casualty list issued today shows: Killed in action, 14. Died of wounds, 3. Died of accident and other causes, 1. Wounded severely, 52. Wounded, degree undetermined, 10. Missing in action, 1. Total, 90.

MOVEMENT AGAINST THE BOLSHIEVIKI IS GROWING

London, Aug. 12.—The anti-Bolshevik movement in Russia is growing rapidly the Bolsheviki soviet organization has virtually gone to pieces, and Nikolai Lenin, the premier, and Leon Trotsky, his war minister, intend to flee to Germany should the situation become too serious, according to recent Russian newspapers, the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen telegraphed.

The Petrograd newspaper Ivestia is quoted by the correspondent as stating that at several points "in that part of Russia not occupied by the enemy" counter-revolutionary movements have broken out in a number of towns. The Bolsheviki soviets have been overthrown in these places and replaced by councils consisting of representatives of the Mensheviki or moderates.

ALLIED FORCES MAKE ATTACK

They Make Gains in An Effort to Break Down the Resistance of Germans in Picardy.

FRENCH MAKE ATTACK ADVANCE AND SHOW GAIN

Heavy Local Fighting is Reported on North Bank of the Vesle River.

(By Associated Press.) Paris, Aug. 13.—The allied forces in Picardy made an attack today on the entire front from Chaules southward in a determined effort to break the resistance of the enemy.

The allied artillery now has full command of the converging roads in and out of Noyon, near the southern end of the line, notably running towards Ham to the north. The danger to the enemy in carrying out a retrograde movement is thus greatly increased.

French Attack and Make Advance.

London, Aug. 13.—The French launched an attack this morning on the southern part of the Picardy front and shortly after noon they were making advance on the Oise. The Germans are evacuating the trenches in the head of the river west of Bailly and the French are occupying them.

To the northward the French are entering on the crest of the Leasnigny-Massif line where heavy fighting is in progress.

At only one corner of the Massif line do the Germans appear to be holding their positions. This corner is one of the highest humps on the hill rising many feet and this position the French are now attacking strongly all along the line, and there seems every prospect of attaining the position.

When the French get their guns to the top of the enemy line of communication with Roye will come under the fire of their guns.

The enemy is reported destroying villages in their rear. The ruins of Peronne are reported to be burning. Fires there are being observed by allied airmen from various points.

Heavy Local Fighting Reported. London, Aug. 13.—(Soissons-Rheims front.)—Heavy local fighting is reported in progress at Sismette on the north bank of the Vesle river where the Franco-American forces are holding the lines. The allies here are attacking the enemy and have forced them back to the south bank of the river.

A counter attack has been launched and the latest reports indicate that the old position of the allies on the north bank of the river has been restored.

British Troops Gain More Ground.

London, Aug. 13.—British troops have gained additional ground north of Roye on the north bank of the river Somme, says the official statement of this morning.

The Germans last night attacked the British position on the Merris center, but they were repulsed.

French Take a Village.

London, Aug. 13.—The village of L'Econville, has been taken by the French and further ground gained by them to the north of St. Claud farm (L'Econville is about 3 1/2 miles to the southeast of Laigny and virtually on the crest of the ridge overlooking the Oise).

French Gain Valuable Positions.

London, Aug. 13.—4:37 p. m.—The French have gained control of the entire Massif of Laasnigny on the south end of Picardy battlefield, according to advices received this afternoon. This gives them command of the town of Laasnigny and the valley of the Dives as well as the entire district to the north.

PAVING WAY TO POOL RESOURCES

Vast Allied Project Reflected by Presence of Lord Reading and L. L. Summers in England.

(By Judson C. Welliver.) (Staff Correspondent of The Globe. Copyright, 1918, by J. C. Welliver.) Washington, Aug. 12.—The reported arrival in England of L. L. Summers, representing the War Trade Board, immediately following the landing of Lord Reading, the British ambassador has special significance in view of the special relations of these two men to the international arrangements for conducting the war in future.

Mr. Summers was recently described by Bernard Baruch, head of the War Trade Board: "It wouldn't be adequate for me to refer to Mr. Summers as my right hand, he said. "Rather he is my thinking hand."

A general statement, for Mr. Baruch, in addition to making decisions—which is his specialty—does a powerful share of the thinking. But he has reposed unlimited faith in Mr. Summers, who likewise has gained the confidence of experts associated with the great bureau of economics direction called the War Trade Board.

International organizations against the central empires is being perfected to a degree not heretofore attempted or deemed necessary. The relations of America to the whole war business have been placed on a new basis by reason of this country's large participation. This country itself has been astounded to discover how much it could do in a short time under pressure. And England has been even more amazed.

To Pool World's Resources.

Mr. Lloyd George, in his House of Commons statement yesterday, observed that the American army soon would be "not far short of the German army itself." This assurance would not have been given thus officially to the British people if Mr. Lloyd George had not known whereof he spoke. When Lord Reading sailed from this country there was little in the announced military programme to warrant such an expectation. The War Department had just defeated a proposal in congress to extend the draft ages, and yesterday General March told the Senate Military Committee that this was done because it was not then expected that America's participation would extend to such a scale.

Lord Reading went home to carry personal assurance to his government that the United States was in the war to a finish; and it is understood, to discuss with his government the opinions of President Wilson and the American attitude about problems which must arise during the remaining period of the war and in connection with peace making and reconstruction thereafter.

The ambassador will be able to inform his government of the understandings that have been reached through diplomatic discussion, while Mr. Summers, on behalf of the War Trade Authorities, will be prepared to take up a great number of practical questions.

REPORT FAVORABLY MAN-POWER BILL

Senate Military Committee Sat—6ed With the Proposed Bill to Make the Draft Ages 18 to 45.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Aug. 13.—The Senate military committee voted today to report favorably the man-power bill extending the draft ages from 18 to 45 years, but with an amendment by Senator Reed of Missouri to have the government provide two years education free to all boys under 21 years, to be given after the war.

Where Finns Fight for Russian Coast



The Finns, aided and instigated by the Germans, are trying to get possession of the town of Murmansk and the coast along the Arctic Ocean. Murmansk is a boom town, the terminal of the railroad which runs south to Petrograd. It has grown up because of the enormous business done there in importations which once went across the Baltic. The map shows where the German and Finnish forces are trying to cut the railroad; also the Gulf of Onega, where German U-Boats are believed to be ready to cooperate with these forces.

GERMANS SINK AMERICAN SHIP U-BOAT USED GAS ON SMITH ISLAND

Liner Leased by the American Government from Norwegians Sent to the Bottom.

THIRTY-ONE OF CREW LANDED IN NEW YORK

Another Ship Sent to the Bottom Off the American Atlantic Coast.

(By Associated Press.) New York, Aug. 13.—German submarines took toll of American shipping in home waters near this port for the second time on yesterday when the Norwegian steamship Somersat was sunk off Fire Island.

The big 3,875 ton freighter was sent to the bottom not far from where the armored cruiser San Diego was sunk on July 19.

The crew of 91 members was brought here today. The ship was chartered by the American shipping board.

The members of the crew picked up 105 miles east of Nantucket were brought here with four survivors of the shipowner Lena May, who reported that their vessel had been sunk by gunfire after being looted by a raiding squad from the U-boat.

France has 1,600,000 widows on the government pension list.

The United States has more than 3,000 women ministers and preachers.

Many great factories employing women now have women physicians in attendance.

Six young women of Indianapolis are earning a livelihood as ice wagon drivers.

JEWISH RELIEF THE NINETEENTH

That is the Day the Governor Asks the State of N. C. to Subscribe to this Cause.

APPEAL MADE FOR THE STARVING PEOPLE

Terrible Conditions Exist in European Countries That Are War Swept.

If an American would appreciate the terrible suffering of a people, let him read the report of the commission which investigated the conditions of the Jews of the battle zone of Europe, especially in Poland, where the armies of the Germans and Russians swept back and forth over a land of people incapable of defending themselves and protecting their all.

No people on earth have suffered more than the Jews who were caught by the waves of fighting that swept over the battle lands of Europe, and no people more need the support and aid of the rich and resourceful people of America. Millions of these people are in the army. Many of them in Russia where the old autocratic conditions denied them rights and liberties that any people ought to have assured them; they fought for their native land at the time that they knew their aged and children at home were not permitted to live and move among conditions that ought to be assured any people. Many of them are in the allied armies and numerous of the allies are fighting in the American army today, and many thousands are now preparing to go. Well informed American ought to secure and read this report referred to here. It shows the most awful conditions known to man and reveals the terrible conditions under which so many people are living today—facing starvation and the horrors of an awful living.

The Jews of America are making a strenuous effort to relieve the immediate needs of these people and the whole American people are appealed to join in the movement to secure funds to bring relief to a great race of people in great distress of mind and body.

Governor Bickett has named August 19th as the day for co-operation in this state. This is the date the people of this state are asked to subscribe to the fund, and the organization which has recently been formed in the state is organizing the whole state. Mr. Leo Wallace is the chairman for Rowan county.

A telegram to the publisher of the Post this morning asks that we cooperate to make this campaign in the state a success. We know of nothing better than we can do than to urge our people to give liberally. Once the true conditions are known they will be no doubt about the American people giving. The Jews are modest and retiring in this respect and haven't pushed their claims as they might, but their friends in America are now aroused to do the best work of relief and if possible to raise sufficient money to relieve this great suffering.

A telegram to Mr. Henry Morganthau, former minister to Turkey, and a big patriotic American statesman urges us to make this contribution during the days of August 19th to 21st inclusive. Starving women and children look to big rich Americans for aid and once the real conditions are known there will be a ready response.

Young Caldwell's mother was Miss Rosa McCorkle, of Salisbury.

The eight months old child of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Ellis died yesterday in Cedar, S. C. The remains were brought to Salisbury this afternoon on No. 136 and taken to the home of little one's grandmother, 638 East 11th street, where the funeral was conducted this afternoon at 4 o'clock by Rev. W. A. Lambeth of the First Methodist church and the interment was in Chestnut Hill cemetery.

ALLIES BEGIN A GENERAL ATTACK

German Lines Running from Chaules South to Oise Now Under Fire of Allied Guns.

IMPORTANT GAINS ARE MADE AT VARIOUS POINTS

Germans are Abandoning Their Trenches in the Bed of Oise River Near Village Bailly.

(By Associated Press.) The allied forces this morning began a general attack against the German line running from Chaules south to the Oise on a front of about 25 miles.

Dispatches filed at London this afternoon report important gains at various points, especially on the vital sector south of Laasnigny near the Oise.

The Laasnigny-Massif, the steep slopes of which have been strongly defended by the Germans, is reported to be almost within the grasp of the French, and unofficial dispatches say there is every prospect that this natural fortress will soon be wrested from the enemy.

Farther south the French had advanced to the village of L'Econville, just south of the eastern extremity of Theiscourt wood and virtually on the crest of the hills overlooking long reaches of the Oise river.

West of L'Econville they have made progress north of St. Claud farm.

As an immediate result of gains made in that sector the Germans are abandoning their trenches in the bed of the Oise river near the village of Bailly east of Ribencourt.

North of Laasnigny in the region of Roye and along the railroad running northward to Chaules there are so far no reports of progress.

If the allies succeed in carrying the heights south of Laasnigny they will force the enemy to retire from the Roye district, as they will have the Roye-Noyon road under fire and will dominate the whole region with their artillery.

The advance reported during the last few hours, is continued, probably would have an effect on the German positions in the Ourcamp and Carlespont forest east of the Oise. If the Germans are outflanked by the allied movement a retirement from the district would be probable and it would necessitate a relocation of the lines running from the Oise and the Aisne at Soissons.

Thus the attack launched this morning would appear to have a direct relation to the battle fought along the Aisne and Vesle by the allies.

Late dispatches tell of hard fighting Vesle between Soissons and Reims.

The allies, among which Americans are known to be fighting, were forced from the village by the Germans and had to cross the Vesle but an immediate counter attack is reported to have restored the allied position on both sides of the river.

From Chaules northward to the Arras river the allies appear to have held up the desperate German defense.

Town of Gury on Bank of the Somme Captured.

London, Aug. 13 (By the Associated Press)—The allies have captured the town of Gury on the right bank of the Somme battle front, according to news from the front this morning.

The French war office in Sunday morning's statement announced that the French had reached the position of Gury. This town is an important point on the Laasnigny massif, which covers a mile of Laasnigny front, which is the immediate French objective in this sector, possession of which would be likely to cause a considerable retirement by the Germans back to the Oise and to the west on the east of the battle line.