

Buy Bonds Today and Bring the Rowan Boys Home Tomorrow—
And May God Protect Every One of Them.

Salisbury Evening Post

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WEATHER FORECAST

Fair tonight and Tuesday; little change in temperature.

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SALISBURY, NORTH CAROLINA, MONDAY, SEPT. 30, 1918.

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BULGARIA ACCEPTS ALLIES TERMS

FOCH FIGHTING 5 BATTLES AGAINST HIS ENEMIES

Washington is Today Drawing the Registrants for War Service

BULGARIA ACCEPTS ALLIES TERMS ARMISTICE IS DECLARED TODAY

Paris, Sept. 30.—An armistice has been concluded between the allies and Bulgaria on the terms of the allies.

Several days ago the Bulgarians made overtures to the allies for peace. The commander of allied army replied that the fighting would not be stopped but that he would receive a duly accredited delegation from the Bulgarian government. These delegates reached the allied headquarters on Saturday or Sunday. The dispatch here indicates the elimination of Bulgaria as an opponent of the allies.

Armistice Concluded.

Paris, Sept. 30.—An armistice has been concluded between the allies and Bulgaria on the allies' own terms. The announcement was made officially today.

Siberians Capture Charevo.

London, Sept. 30.—Charevo east of Veles and six miles from the Bulgarian border has been captured by the Serbians and the retreating Bulgarian troops have been cut off, says a Serbian official statement of Sunday. More than 700 prisoners and 20 guns were captured at Charevo.

Bulgarians and British Defeat Germans.

Havre, Sunday, Sept. 29.—Blegian and British armies defeated the Germans today in heavy fighting on the Flanders ridge and on the Messines-Wythaet position, according to an official statement issued by the Belgian war office tonight.

British and Belgian troops on Saturday took more than 9,000 prisoners. They also captured more than 200 guns some of heavy calibre, as well as a considerable quantity of other war material.

British and Americans Push Forward.

London, Sept. 30.—British and Australian troops pushed forward last night on the front between Bellcourt and Gonnellen in the face of the severest opposition. General Haig announced today. Four thousand prisoners were taken by the allied forces yesterday to the north of St. Quentin and 40 guns were captured there.

British forces northwest of Le Catelet German counter attacks pressed the British to the outskirts of Villers-Guisland while to the southwest of Le Catelet similar pressure sent Haig's troops back to the edge of the village of Beny.

On the front southeast of Douai the British have withdrawn from Arleux and Aubenheul-au-Bac.

German Hold Fast Breaking.

Paris, Sept. 30.—Progress in breaking of the hold of German invaders on French soil is shown by the fact that no longer is any French department entirely occupied by the enemy. The situation established by the recapture of four of the department of ordnance agencies.

French troops in the Champagne resumed their attack at daybreak, the war office announces. German violent counter attacks last night south of St. Quentin in Urvillers region in an attempt to recapture hill 88 was broken up by French defenses.

Haig Again Smashes Hindenburg Line.

London, Sept. 30.—1:45 P. M.—

GERMAN POSITIONS IN IMMINENT PERIL

From North Sea to St. Quentin Tremendous Battle is Raging and Cutting Deep Into Huns.

LIGGETT'S AMERICAN ARMY CRUSHING RESISTANCE

Foch's Strategy in Present Battle of Battles Similar to Somme, Marne and St. Mihiel.

(By Associated Press.)

As a result of terrific battles by the allies over five sectors aggregating a length of over 100 miles the German positions in France appear to be in imminent peril.

From the North Sea as far south as St. Quentin region tremendous battles are looming up with the Belgian front on the extreme north, cutting deep into the positions the enemy has held since 1914, with the Americans, British and French smashing the Hindenburg line between Cambrai and St. Quentin north of Soissons.

North of the Aisne the French gained the crest of the ridge along which runs the famous Chemin-des-Dames, the Germans' apparently hastily retreating.

In the Champagne sector General Gouraud's army smashed its way ahead toward the vital German positions west of the Argonne forest.

West of that forest and east of the Meuse General Liggett's American army appears to be crushing the enemy resistance as it rolls irresistibly northward.

Elsewhere the Germans are fighting with desperate valor. There is little indication that the morale of the enemy has broken down under the sledge hammer blows of the allies. It is only by fighting of the bitterest character that gains made during the past day were possible. Realizing that he stands with his back to the wall and is in danger of disaster the enemy is battling with all of the resources at his disposal to check the allies before his lines are forced to break and his entire army in France forced to retreat toward Germany.

Reports of the past day seem to indicate that Marshal Foch's strategy in the present battle of battles is similar to that followed during the Marne, Somme and St. Mihiel drives. He is attacking the wings of the German position and intends by exertion of pressure there to compel the center of the enemy line to retire.

Again, the offensive tactics of the allies can be likened to an immense pincer which is slowly but inexorably closing.

Further to the north the Belgians have cut deep into the German position and not only threaten the enemy submarine bases on the Belgian coast but also has placed the German line further south in extreme peril.

Murphy Ordered Back to Sofia. Washington, Sept. 30.—Dominick Murphy, American consul general in Sofia who accompanied the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries to Saloniki where they arranged the armistice, has been ordered back to his post by the state department. No criticism was made of Mr. Murphy here but it was made plain that he had no instructions to participate in the negotiations and probably acted only as an observer.

HERTLING GETS OUT.



COUNT VON HERTLING
The German Chancellor, Von Hertling, and the Foreign Minister, Von Hintze, have vacated their office with the Imperial Government.

SPENCER SHOPS ARE ON THE JOB

Every Department is Organized for the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign.

PRESBYTERIANS TO HOLD REVIVAL SERVICES SOON

All Kinds of Dwelling Houses are in Great Demand in the Railway Town.

(By A. W. Hicks)

Spencer, Sept. 30.—The Fourth Liberty Loan campaign opened with a vim in Spencer. Every department in the Spencer shops has a man on the job securing subscriptions and there is a friendly rivalry between the various shops in an effort to make the best showing. In the Third Liberty Loan every employe, even to a mule used for dragging lumber on the yards, bought one or more bonds and it is expected the Fourth will show up equally as well, and that Spencer will raise her quota. It is stated that the large amount subscribed in the shops at Spencer is credited to the District of Columbia where the home office of the Southern is located and that in this way the town does not get full credit for the money raised here.

Mrs. Mary L. Hackett, aged 83 and one of the oldest citizens of this section of Rowan county, suffered a hard stroke of paralysis at her home near Spencer Saturday night and her condition is critical. A son, H. T. Hackett, of St. Anthony, Iowa, and other relatives have been summoned. Two cases of Spanish influenza have been reported from East Spencer, the victims being Mr. Wallace Swarringen and his mother. Both are doing nicely and are considered out of danger. An East Spencer young man, Mr. Gideon Fesperman, a student at the State University, also has the disease and is in the hospital there. He is also improving nicely. So far as is known there have been no cases in Spencer proper.

Miss Jennie Lynn, one of the efficient teachers in the Spencer schools who recently came from Bartow, Fla., to this place, has resigned on account (Continued on Sixth Page.)

PRESIDENT WILSON DRAWS FIRST NO.

Drawing for Standing of Registrants of September Registration Now in Progress.

JOHN CALVIN AREY FIRST ROWAN MAN TO BE DRAWN

Only First Hundred Numbers Drawn to be Given Out by Wire—Others to Follow.

Washington, Sept. 30.—President Wilson personally opened the ceremony in the drawing of the numbers of the 13,000,000 men registered in the new draft. He drew the first capsule which contained number 322.

The same procedure as that which governed the other drawing is to be followed. As the capsules are drawn from the bowl by a blindfolded person it is opened by another who calls out the number marked on the small strip of paper within it is recorded by clerks and at the same time written on a large blackboard for checking purposes. As the numbers are read tellers record them on sheets to be hurried to the government print-office for official master lists. This when completed will be distributed by the Provost Marshal General to district boards throughout the country which in turn will give to registrants and newspapers.

Only the first numbers drawn are to be sent over the country by telegraph. No. 1 is 322. The order of the first fifty numbers drawn today is as follows:

- 322, 727, 6078, 1027, 16169, 53366, 1697, 7123, 9283, 2761, 6147, 10086, 438, 904, 12368, 1523, 7512, 6360, 3748, 6540, 3808, 1240, 16846, 1907, 12521, 6593, 5941, 3073, 13738, 20, 8657, 1255, 14122, 11101, 2132, 10762, 3235, 739, 16657, 6869, 8772, 7034, 535, 8691, 11060, 8858, 219, 15118, 4287, 1289, 625, 72, 11338, 832, 10491, 1123, 14043.

Any numbers above 4594 will not apply to Rowan registrants as only that number were registered in this county in the registration of September 12th last. The numbers as drawn will correspond to the number of the registrant on the list of the local board.

John Calvin Arey, R. F. D. No. 3, Salisbury, has the distinction of being number 322 on the list of the local board from Rowan county, the number drawn from the bowl by President Wilson and which started the ball rolling in the drawing at Washington today. He is married and is 39 years old.

Concord Barber Shoots Himself With a Pistol.

Concord, Sept. 29.—Henry Morgan, a barber, is in a local hospital, not expected to live as the result of a pistol shot wound which he says was self-inflicted. Morgan walked into a restaurant tonight and fired the shot into his breast, the ball coming out of his back. He was taken to a hospital, where he declared that he had shot himself. With him at the time were Henry Kiser and Henry McLean, and they were later arrested and placed in jail. It is declared that all the men were drinking at the time of the tragedy.

Mr. J. N. Maxwell, who suffered a slight stroke of paralysis last week, is getting along fairly well today, but is unable to leave his bed.

MARSHAL FOCH FIGHTING FIVE BATTLES AT THE SAME TIME

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, Sept. 30.—Marshal Foch is fighting five battles simultaneously and successfully, a feat unparalleled in the history of war. Each is so timed and placed that each army supports another, all forming an indispensable part of the whole effort.

General Grant's idea of continuous concurrent attack by a multiplicity of the country's forces on many fronts is being realized by the allied generalissimo.

There are five battles today; there may be more tomorrow, all inter-related and working as smoothly as the cylinders of a well regulated automobile engine; all directed to the same end—wearing down the enemy's strength.

Marshal Foch alone knows when the allies will strike the decisive blow.

The enemy is still fighting well; still offering splendid resistance west of the Argonne, but how long can he keep it up?

Expert commentators agree that the enemy will withdraw to a shorter line, probably that at Antwerp, Brussels, Mezieres and Metz is imminent.

Some believe he has hung on too long and will have great difficulty in preventing his retreat from degenerating into a rush.

BOND SALES ON IN FINE SHAPE

Liberty Bonds Are Being Sold the Land Over, Some Have Gone Over With Their Allotment—Local Interest Keen—Program of Some Meetings.

The bonds are selling fine, the spirit of the American people is intensely loyal and the subscriptions to the Liberty bonds are coming in every where. Numerous towns have gone over the top with their allotment and others are close to their allotment. Black Mountain reported \$250,000 on Saturday. The allotment was \$50,000.

The local committees and banks of the city are at work and the campaign to place the bonds is on. The coming of a car of war relics was noted in the Post the other day, and today Chairman Rouzer says that he is to have a wounded soldier for several days and this overseas fighter will go before the people and tell them some things about the war.

Patriotic Meetings.

The following schedule is arranged for some meetings in the county: October 1, 1918, Central School—Speakers: W. H. Woodson, H. A. Rouzer. Wednesday, Oct. 2, 1918—Beaver's School No. 2—Speakers—R. A. Kohlous, P. S. Carlton. Friday, Oct. 4, 1918—Mill Bridge. Speakers: Frank Hudson, Dr. Clarke, W. B. Strachan. Saturday, Oct. 5, 1918, Liberty School—Speakers: Mrs. Cotton, A. H. Price, Hayden Clement. Saturday, Oct. 12, 1918, Prosperity

PRESIDENT FAVORS WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Mr. Wilson Will Go Before the Senate This Afternoon and Urge the Passage of Resolution As War Measure.

(By A. P.) Washington, Sept. 30.—President Wilson will address the Senate at 1 o'clock this afternoon on the pending Federal amendment for woman suffrage.

The President will ask the Senate to adopt the resolution as a war measure.

HERTLING AND HINTZE RESIGN.

Chancellor and Foreign Secretary of Germany Present Resignations to the Emperor.

(By A. P.) Amsterdam, Sept. 30.—Chancellor von Hertling and Foreign Secretary Hintze have tendered their resignations to the emperor, the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin says it understands.

Battleship Minnesota in Dry Dock.

(By A. P.) Washington, Sept. 30.—The battleship Minnesota which struck a mine yesterday off the Atlantic coast arrived safely at a naval station today and is now in dry dock; the navy department announces.

School—Speakers: Walker Woodson, R. A. Kohlous, H. A. Rouzer.