

# The Americans Demand an Unconditional Surrender by All Enemies

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### AMERICAN TALK

#### THE LIBERTY LOAN

Our men have gone over, this world war to win. They have put all their best in this fight they are in. They are giving their youth, their careers and their dreams. They are giving up prospect which bright to each seems; They are giving their homes and their friends and their joys. And can we do less than our own gallant boys? Shall we not stand back of their victory drives. When we see they are giving their blood and their lives?

They are fighting to make the world safe for us all. They are rushing to answer humanity's call; They're defending this land from the terrible Hun, And they'll hear every danger 'till victory's won; A wild beast had Europe snatched in its sharp claws, And theirs is to drag her from out of its jaws; And while they are fighting its power arrayed, Are we to stand back and give them no aid?

No! From all the country will pour out the flood; From every known section the tide will pour forth, From the East and the West, from South and the North, From high and from lowly, from rich and from poor, Will come rolling onward the big golden store, Till our mighty resources the enemies own, As they're crucified 'neath the might of the Liberty Loan.

—Baltimore American.

If you are not doing anything to help support these boys in the army, do not speak of them as "our boys." If you are not fighting to support them, back them, claim no part or lot in them. They are not "our boys" to the men and women at home who are selfish and do nothing to aid and support them. The wall to do man at home who will not buy bonds, give to the Y. M. C. A. and other activities, save and conserve, produce and help win the war has no moral right to take any pride in the American lads who have gone to the front.

If you are able to and do not buy bonds, take down your American flag. If you can and do not support the government, help finance this war, do not shout patriotism out of your mouth and clinch down on your pocket book. We have no use for shouters who are not also doers. If you think that you have any interest in the brave lads at the front show it by your acts, not by your words which cost nothing. Buy bonds or stop talking, you American who can and have not bought bonds. Your acts speak louder than your words, and the world can see and read your acts further off than your words.

The boys over there were not sent. They went of their own accord. The fathers and mothers who are bragging about "riving" their sons ought to ask themselves who did the giving? The boy went of his own accord and deserves the full credit. The service flag and the service pin are intended as an honor to the lad, they speak for him, not to proclaim the glory of the one who displays them at home. Honor to the father and mother who are proud of their lad over there. Honor to the sister and wife, the brother and friend who rejoice over the representation they have on the battle front of freedom, but all this is as sounding brass and tinkling symbols unless we work and give, lend and sacrifice and pray for the safety and victory of these men.

Our shouting is an empty dream unless we respond to the calls of the hour. What does it count if the army wins a victory over there and we lose one at home? How far do we get if the fighters drive the Germans back one day and we fall down on a bond issue the next? What have we gained to cut one enemy out and then celebrate by deliberately falling down on our job at home? A victory at home counts as much as a victory over there, and a defeat at home counts as much as a defeat over there.

If we do not subscribe this bond issue we are slackers and failures. We lose a victory and every loss we sustain at home will have to be made up in blood. If we reserve our dollars, withhold them, they will be made up in blood of our sons over there. The more dollars we spend at home the less blood we spend over there, the more slacker dollars over here the more blood sacrifices over there. There is no escaping this.

Unconditional surrender—not Hun conditional—is the only possible answer to the Teutonic camouflaged "Kamerad."—New York Herald.

When the most wasteful nation in the world learns to save peach stones and nutshells, it's a sign that something important has happened to the world.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

# An Unconditional Surrender Millions Answering German Official Note Handed to President Wilson at White House Today Another Military Victory With a Long Trail of Glory

### PRES. STUDYING THE GERMAN REPLY

Official Note Delivered to State Department This Morning by Charge of Swiss Legation.

#### WILSON, LANSING, BAKER AND DANIELS HOLD MEET

London Opposes Anything Short of Unconditional Surrender and Charges Hun Unfaith.

(By Associated Press.) Washington, Oct. 14.—The Swiss charge appeared at the State Department shortly after 11 o'clock and delivered the German note without comment.

Col. E. M. House was in Secretary Lansing's office at the time of the note's delivery. A few minutes later the note was in the hands of the President. A State Department messenger took it to the White House as soon as Secretary Lansing had read the document and found it did not differ from the wireless version. President and Advisers Hold Conference.

Washington, Oct. 14.—German's reply to President Wilson reached cable this morning. It was in German text, a translation of which is the Swiss legation in official form by identical to that received by wireless Saturday night.

Instead of taking the note direct to the White House, as he did Prince Maximilian's peace plea, the Swiss charge communicated it to the State department. He was asked to present it to Secretary Lansing at 11:15 o'clock.

In the meantime President Wilson had called Secretaries Lansing and Baker to the White House for a conference. The President and Secretary Lansing had been considering the German communication since Saturday night, when the unofficial text reached them, and Secretary Baker, just back from France, was prepared to give first hand information about the situation at the whole front, which brought about the German eagerness for peace.

Col. E. M. House, who accompanied President Wilson last night on his return from France, was present this morning. The only official intimation that has come regarding the probable course of the President is that he is sure to act quickly and positively. Everywhere in Washington, however, confident belief prevails that whatever might be the form of that action it will not contemplate a cessation of hostilities or negotiations for peace with the German government, except upon conditions amounting to unconditional surrender.

It is assumed that since Saturday night at least informal exchanges have taken place between Washington and the capitals of the cobelligerents.

Informed of the views of the allied premiers the President may determine before the day is over whether his reply to the German request that he propose an armistice and peace negotiations shall be a refusal to make any such proposal at the instance of the present German government or a renewed statement of conditions under which peace might be restored.

It was suggested that the President might ask for a joint session of the House and Senate to communicate his decision and the reason for it to congress, the country and the world. Secretary Daniels joined the White House conference, and the President and his advisers were together nearly two hours, then the cabinet members and Colonel House walked over to the State, war and navy building, leaving the President alone in his study where nearly all of his notes and utterances have been drafted.

Wants No Further Communication. Washington, Oct. 14.—Republican Leader Lodge introduced a resolution in the Senate today to declare that it is the sense of the Senate that no further communication be had with the German government on the subject of an armistice and that no further communication be had with that government except on the question of unconditional surrender. Senator Lodge made no comment on the resolution at the time of its introduction.

No Weakening Action to Be Taken. Washington, Oct. 14.—Senator As-

### LAON PLATEAU HAS BEEN WON

Great Military Victory Achieved by the Allied Armies and German Predicament Increases.

#### RESULT IS RUIN TO ENTIRE HUN DEFENSE SYSTEM

Progress Made by the British in Vicinity of Douai is Proving Disastrous to the Huns.

(By Associated Press.) Paris, Oct. 14.—Still another military victory has been added to the long trail of glory by the allied armies.

The Laon plateau at last has been won, crowning the Cambrai-St. Quentin and Champagne offensive. The maneuvers so skillfully elaborated by Marshal Foch and so ably carried out by Generals Haig and Petain enabled this great achievement to be accomplished without inseparable from a direct attack. The result is nothing less than ruin of the entire system built up by the German general staff since 1914, for the corner stone of it was the Laon plateau. It was on the Laon plateau that the German line was pivoted. It was to turn it that the offensive of 1915 and 1916 was carried out. It was against it that the campaign of 1917 was prematurely broken. It was from this plateau that the great sixth German drive toward Paris started. Its failure is a prologue to the total liberation of France for the progress made by the British in the vicinity of Douai puts the Germans in such position that even if they can manage for the time being to cling between Bohain and Solesmes while they evacuate the pocket of which St. Gobain is the bottom they will be obliged to get back along the frontier and more than likely they will not even have time for that.

Highly important strategic positions have been wrested from the enemy by the British and French, while on their sector of the front the Americans have further advanced their line on both sides of the Meuse, obtaining the objectives they sought.

The British advance after days of hard fighting has brought them at last to the gates of Douai, which long has held back the British from closing in upon the great bend in the line which has Lille as its center and which has been considered by the military experts as the keystone to the German defense system through northern Belgium to the sea.

French Blot Out Laon. To the south the French have blotted out both La Fere and Laon and the greater portion of the St. Gobain massif standing in the elbow where the line runs eastward toward the Swiss frontier. Here also the German line has been broken.

The bodies of 75 victims lie in Duluth morgues. Hundreds more along the roads leading to Duluth and Superior lay where they fell when overtaken by the fire.

Twelve thousand homeless and penniless refugees, quartered in hospitals, churches, schools, private homes and in the armory here, resulted from the holocaust in such a war-torn work of enemy agents were circulated here tonight.

Greatest loss of life and property damage is believed to have occurred in the Clouet region where a number of towns have been destroyed and all semi-rural settlements virtually wiped out.

A special train of 20 coaches brought 1,500 refugees to Clouet and Carleton. They confirmed reports that many persons lost their lives in those towns.

### HOW THE PRESIDENT BUYS BONDS

(From the New York World of Oct. 8, 1918)

President Wilson had already bought \$10,000 in Liberty Bonds when Secretary McAdoo called upon him as a canvasser. The President agreed to take \$20,000 more if partial payments would satisfy the Secretary, as of course they did.

In thus using his credit for the war the President is entirely safe. His first payment is \$2,000. The rest may be taken up pretty much as he pleases. He may not be able to meet the "Government-plan" instalments as they fall due; in that case the Washington banks, like those of New York, will loan money on the bonds as security. The one important thing is that the Treasury gets the shoes and uniforms, the guns and shells and airplanes.

The example of the President in this simple transaction is a good one for other people. Not even in the United States can a loan of \$6,000,000,000 be placed upon a cash basis. Buyers, large and small alike, are doing a patriotic service in buying upon credit and paying upon instalment. Even if there were risk, the process would be praiseworthy. There is none.

### 500 ARE DEAD, 12,000 HOMELESS

Fatal and Destructive Forest Fires Sweep Over Sections of Minnesota. Monetary Loss Runs Into Millions—Refugees Taken From Burning District On Special Trains.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 13.—With probably 500 persons dead, thousands homeless and without clothing, and with property damage amounting far into millions of dollars, whole sections of northern Wisconsin and Minnesota timber land, tonight are smoldering, fire stricken areas, with only the charred ruins of abandoned, depopulated towns to accentuate the general desolation.

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Moose Lake, Minn., Oct. 13.—Adjutant General W. F. Rhinow, of St. Paul, here to supervise relief work in the devastated north country, estimated tonight that more than 300 lives were lost in Moose Lake and its immediate vicinity. Between 300 and 400 caskets have been ordered shipped here by the adjutant general for distribution here.

Woman Dies Suddenly. Mrs. Amanda Cline, aged 65 years, died suddenly at the home of her son, near Salisbury on the old Concord road Sunday afternoon. The funeral will be at the residence tomorrow at 11 o'clock and the interment will be in the cemetery at Franklin Presbyterian church. Two children survive.

### POST IS HARD HIT; PATIENCE MUST PREVAIL.

Conditions Are Such That Every One Having Any Business With The Post Must Exercise a Patience Conditions Require.

The Salisbury Evening Post is short several men and we do not know how many carrier boys. We have been short of help all year, and this week seems to promise an unusual hard condition in both issuing and distribution of the Evening Post.

Three carrier boys were sick Saturday and at this time we do not know how many there will be down today. Every person having business of any kind with this office must be generous and patient. Our carrier in Spencer is sick and we are trying to get his route carried, in case we cannot the papers will have to be left at the end of the car line and patrons get their Post there. We hope this will not be necessary.

Subscriptions taken in the office are taken with the distinct understanding that they will be started as soon as it is possible, it may be two days and it may be a week. Articles for the Post will have to wait their turn and be printed according to their importance, and those interested in such are warned that they will have to exercise an undue patience and which the conditions of the day demand.

W S S

Cable From Walter Neel. Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Neel this morning received a cablegram from their young son, Walter, who is a prisoner of war in Germany. The message as brief but gave the pleasing information that the young Salisbury man is well. It merely read: Prisoner, Camp Stargard; well. Walter Neel, International Red Cross.

W S S

Machine Gun Fires Prematurely. (By Associated Press) New York, Oct. 14.—Soldiers at Camp Mills, Long Island, received a tragic foretaste of war today when a machine gun attached to an airplane in flight accidentally went off, sending bullets among the men of the sanitary corps. One soldier was fatally wounded and two others were hurt seriously.

W S S

Essad Pasha, the Albanian leader, hears that Turkey means to hold out till the last in hope of better terms. It may soon, however, become apparent that there are not going to be any better terms.—Springfield Republican.

### UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER BEST

This Seems to Be the Sentiment That is Forming in America and Allied Countries.

#### LONDONERS WITHHOLD AN EXPRESSION ON HUN NOTE

The Sentiment However is Towards a Demand for An Unconditional Surrender.

(By the Associated Press)

London, Oct. 13.—While the London public today seemed generally disposed to await an authoritative lead before forming any definite opinion on Germany's reply, expressions of suspicion of Germany's purpose, were heard on all sides. Unconditional surrender is the allied response and this seems to be gaining ground most rapidly with the citizens.

Paris Paper Not Enthusiastic.

Paris, Oct. 14.—Paris newspapers do not appear to be enthusiastic over the German response. It is admitted there should and must be a military surrender.

Wilson Mum On Leaving New York.

New York, Oct. 14.—President Wilson on leaving New York yesterday evening for Riverside to visit Mr. Dodge gave no expression of any kind regarding the German note. He returns to Washington this afternoon.

Berlin Workers Jubilant.

Berlin, Oct. 14.—When the workers quit the factories in the suburbs of Berlin Saturday night many thousands of men and women thronged the center of the city and waited for hours for the German reply to President Wilson, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Extra editions of the papers with a text of the reply were issued at 10 o'clock and received with enthusiasm, many women bursting into tears.

The Vorwarts of Berlin publishes an article warning pan-Germans who are preparing for counter action to secure continuance of the old system that they are pursuing a dangerous course and should beware of exhausting the peoples patience. It declares every conspiracy will be stopped with a strong hand.

A proclamation demanding a Social republic has been published but the newspapers printing it were seized. Scandinavian newspapers believe peace is near.

British Oppose Armistice.

London, Oct. 14.—While certain developments are taking place the Central News Agency learns that it can be stated that the British government resolutely is opposed to any armistice to Germany unless absolute guarantees, both military and naval, are forthcoming.

Unconditional Surrender Demanded.

London, Oct. 14.—No temporary armistice nor any armistice at all unless accompanied by Germany's unconditional surrender is the dominant note of most of the comment on the peace situation in this morning's newspapers.

"The allies will take nothing less than unconditional surrender in the field and there must be no armistice until defeat in the field is acknowledged by the enemy," says the Post, "otherwise the war has been fought in vain."

The newspapers see a German endeavor to open peace negotiations merely to avoid disaster and save her military reputation, and adds: "It is no, the first time Germany has erroneously assumed that President Wilson does not understand the people with whom he is dealing. But Mr. Wilson knows the enemy as well as he does the allies. The German idea in this discussion is to steal the advantage. Her design is to first create dissension between the United States and the allies. If Dr. Solt with a sham of democracy can get the allies and America to talking he will have achieved the purpose for which Prince Maximilian was appointed."

W S S

The question of an armistice will not be granted without a complete naval and military guarantee that Germany will not merely sheath the sword but is also powerless to resume hostilities.

W S S

Chicago man has been arrested charged with having six living wives.

### ADVANCE OF ALLIES SOMEWHAT SLOWER

This May Indicate That Germans Have Reached the Hunding or Brunhild Line of Defense.

#### GERMANS FOLLOW TACTICS OF MARNE AND SOMME

In the Region of Douai British Are Fighting Their Way Forward in Spite of Resistance.

(By the Associated Press)

With the exception of the area north of Douai there appears to be a slowing down of the allied advance during the past couple days. At no point have the British and Americans swept ahead as they did Thursday and Friday of last week. This may indicate that Germany has reached what is known as the Hunding or Brunhild line. This position, while much less formidable, so far as known, than the Hindenburg line system still is rough enough to retard pursuit by the allies and hold them up for some time.

French and British forces have virtually reached this line. East of Cambrai and St. Quentin British units are reported at Ansolesmes while the French further south are in four miles of Guise.

On the Cambrai front General Berthelot is less than five miles from Rethel, while further east General Gouraud has taken Vouziers but has not penetrated much north of that place.

The Americans fighting in the Arzonne region are through the Kriemhild line but their progress there is very slow.

The steadiness of the tactics followed by the Germans the past week has shown that they are following the methods of retreat used in the Marne and Somme salients in July and August. They have held their flanks fairly secure and withdrawn in the center. They have thus apparently escaped disaster around Laon where military experts said the Germans had delayed their retirement too long for their own safety.

In the region of Douai the British troops are fighting their way forward against desperate resistance and in spite of a number of waterways which serve to hold up the advance, Douai virtually has been reached reached while to the north the line is sagging sharply east. Should Douai fall the British will be able to advance on Valenciennes.

Allies Progress on Belgian Post. Allied Armies in Flanders, Oct. 14.—Reports from advanced positions this morning indicated the three groups of allied troops were making excellent progress in the Belgian port salient from which the Germans have been precipitately removing war material two weeks.

Americans Repulse Attack. Washington, Oct. 14.—Repulse of strong and repeated enemy counter attacks upon newly won American positions on both sides of the Meuse and continued participation by American divisions in successful operations by the British south of Le Cateau and the French in the Champagne is reported by General Pershing in his communication for Sunday.

Violent Artillery Action Today. American Forces Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 14.—Noon—Violent artillery action was in progress today along the greater part of the American front. Little change was made in the line but the Germans late last night laid down barrages in preparation for counter attacks. The most determined effort made by the enemy was on the left across thierver Ais between St. Juvin and St. Georges. The Germans advanced in open order and fought with a steadiness indicating fresh troops. In an hour the American artillery supporting the infantry with machine guns had brought the little offensive to a halt.

W S S

STATE OF SEIGE IN PORTUGAL.

(By the Associated Press) Lisbon, Portugal, Oct. 14.—The Portuguese government has declared a state of seige for all Portuguese territory. The president as commander-in-chief of the naval and military units has taken command of these forces. Tranquility reigns throughout the country.

W S S