

ANOTHER AMERICAN CONSULATE BOMBED, DAMAGE IS SLIGHT

Note Protesting Conviction of Italians Place Under Door Before Portuguese Consulate is Bombed.

Lisbon, Nov. 1.—A bomb exploded this morning on the staircase at the American consulate here.

The bomb, which apparently was some form of grenade, had been placed before the door of the quarters of the American consulate.

Damage Slight Washington, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from Consul General Hollis at Lisbon was received today at the state department and reports the bomb explosion in the consulate there.

Threats Investigated An investigation has been instituted by the department of justice into the threats being made by radicals in connection with the cases of Sacco and Vanzetti.

HOSPITAL TAKEN OVER THIS MORNING Mr. Kenneth Montcastle, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Montcastle, of Lexington, was operated on at the Salisbury hospital this morning.

11 WERE DROWNED IN N. J. STORM, BELIEVED

Anglesea, N. J., Nov. 1.—Eleven fishermen are believed to have been drowned by the upsetting of a small fishing boat in the sea storm that prevailed along the New Jersey coast yesterday.

MR. MARSH TALKS TO ROTARY CLUB

Mr. E. H. Marsh, superintendent of the Spencer transfer sheds, was the guest of the Salisbury Rotary club at the noon luncheon today and made a very instructive talk to the club on the scope of the transfer business at this point.

DECLINES AN INJUNCTION

Washington, Nov. 1.—Justice Hitz of the District of Columbia supreme court has declined to enjoin Attorney General Daugherty and United States Marshal Spain and others from serving subpoenas or other legal process on the National Coal Association and John D. A. Morrow.

COTTON MARKET

Cotton Market Quiet New York, Nov. 1.—The cotton market was quiet today during early session and the opening at an advance of 2 to 3 points was a poor response to relatively firm cables.

Cost of building street railway lines in streets varies from \$35,000 to \$75,000 a mile.

STATE READY TO COLLECT INCOME TAXES THIS YEAR

Sheriffs Have Collected it Heretofore—Free Employment Bureaus in State Getting Jobs.

Raleigh, Nov. 1.—Tax gatherers from the State Department of Revenue will soon be sent out from Raleigh in search of some several hundred thousand North Carolinians who have listed their incomes for taxation for the year, 1921.

Heretofore collection of state income taxes has largely gone by default. The sheriffs were charged with the work and while they cannot be accused of failing to do their duty it is a fact that thousands escaped payment while the county officers were running down criminals.

PARENT-TEACHERS HERE FOR THREE-DAY CONVENTION

Convention Will Be Formally Opened Tonight—About Seventy-Five Delegates Here.

About seventy-five delegates from sixty branches of the Parent-Teachers Association gathered in Salisbury this afternoon for the opening session of the annual state convention of the association.

The actual opening of the convention will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Methodist church, however, when the delegates assemble to hear the reports of the state officers for the past year.

At the formal opening tonight, the delegates will be welcomed to the city by Mr. Stahl Linn while Mr. Fred Archer, of Greensboro, will respond.

PROBABLY BURY FLEER IN PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Thomasville, Nov. 1.—Arrangements for the funeral of Frank H. Fleer, 64 years old, wealthy chewing gum manufacturer of Philadelphia, who died at his lodge three miles from here at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon following a stroke of apoplexy, will not be completed until the arrival of a sister and other relatives from Lansdowne, Pa. It was stated at the Fleer home today that the body would probably be taken to Lansdowne, Pa., Mr. Fleer's old home, where the funeral service would be held and that the interment would probably take place in Philadelphia.

HULL OF TENNESSEE TO HEAD NAT. DEM. COM.

St. Louis, Nov. 1.—Cordell Hull, of Tennessee, will be chosen chairman of the national Democratic committee this afternoon to succeed George White, of Marietta, Ohio, it was announced following the refusal of Edward F. Goltra, committeeman from Missouri, to resign to make way for Breckenridge Long, of St. Louis and Washington. Mr. Long and Mr. Hull were the only two on which all factions were agreed upon.

ATHLETIC FIELD FOR WAKE FOREST

Wake Forest, N. C., Oct. 31.—After several years of waiting and prolonged discussion of various and sundry plans Wake Forest College is at last to have a new athletic field. This has been made possible thru the generous offer to build the rest of excavating and grading the new field made by Mr. and Mrs. Claud Gore of Rockingham and Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Gore, of Wilmington. The contract for the excavating has been let to Chandler and Ragland of Louisville, who began work last week. It is expected that the new field will be ready by February, 1922. The new field is located several hundred yards off the west boundary of the campus and is 450x400 feet, situated in a natural semi-basin affording excellent facilities for the construction of a stadium. The cost of grading will approximately \$7,500.

MILKMAN DIDN'T ARRIVE IN NEW YORK THIS MORNING

New York, Nov. 1.—Approximately eight million people in New York and surrounding cities found no milk and cream on their dumb waiters or back step this morning. The milk wagon drivers' union is on a strike for a wage increase of five dollars per week and an annual vacation of two weeks with pay.

\$500,000 ROWAN BONDS SOLD TODAY

Bring \$101.15 With No Commissions—Said to Be Highest Price Paid in North Carolina.

The board of county commissioners today sold \$500,000 worth of Rowan bonds at a figure said to be the highest yet paid for like securities in the state of North Carolina. The bonds bringing \$101.15, with interest to date of delivery, no commissions and no deposit arrangements being made, it being a straight cash sale.

These are the same bonds they were advertised for sale last May, the highest bid at that time being around \$96. However, the board of county commissioners rejected all of the bids at that time and exercising foresight and judgment and waiting until this time saved the county approximately \$25,000 on the issue.

SALARY RAISE MADE TO RETAIN COMPETENT MEN

Washington, Nov. 1.—Defrauding its action increasing the salaries of employees of the New York federal reserve bank the federal reserve board, replying to a senate resolution of inquiry, declared the advance was made "in order to retain the services of officers who were constantly being tempted with outside offers at high salaries."

HISTORICAL SOCIETY HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

Raleigh, Nov. 1.—An address by Dr. D. H. Hill, president, and addresses by several men of note in the state and nation will feature the annual meeting of the North Carolina Literary and Historical association to be held here December 1 and 2. An interesting part of the meeting will be a conference on the teaching of history in every field of education in North Carolina. A series of papers on state history is being arranged, and leading poets and writers will read works composed for the occasion. This is the 21st year of the association, and it has proven of inestimable value in stimulating interest in the history and literature of North Carolina.

STRATEGY BEAT HARVARD ACCORDING TO M'ILLIN

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 1.—"Bo" McMillin, Centre college's star, said he had reached the zenith of his football ambitions when he crossed the Harvard goal Saturday. "I am the happiest man in the world," was the way he expressed it after the game. "Last year," he added, "when Captain Horween offered me the ball used in the game we lost I refused it, and told him that to the victor belonged the spoils. I also told him that I would be back next year to win the pigskin. Now I've got it, and I'll keep it for my kids." He disclaimed all individual credit, saying that without the play of Armstrong, Roberts and the rest he could not have scored. "I just tried to carry out orders," he said. He attributed the winning of the game to the strategy of the Centre coaches. At a conference between players and coaches before the game it was decided not to resort to open play. "I think this fooled the Harvard eleven," he went on. "The treatment accorded us by the Harvard officials and the sportsmanship displayed by the team could not have been improved upon."

FOCH PRAISES AMERICANS FOR WAR ACTIVITY

Was Prodigious Effort on the Part of Entire Nation's Intelligence, He Says.

Kansas City, Nov. 1.—Marshal Foch, principal guest of honor today, entered the American legion convention hall from a side entrance and went to his box amid cheers just as the convention was called to order. He was preceded by a guard of American soldiers, holders of the Congressional Medal of honor.

Following is text of Marshal Foch's address before the American Legion convention: "Officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the great American army:

"My dear comrades of the American Legion: "I cannot tell you how great is my satisfaction at finding myself amongst you, valiant soldiers of 1918, to live again our glorious memories. Three years ago, on the first of November, 1918, the entire American army in France took up vigorously the pursuit of the defeated enemy and did not halt until the German surrender. "Hour of glory for the American army, a proper culmination for a military effort, prodigious alike in its intensity as in its rapidity. One and all, you have had your share in it. You may well be proud.

"In responding in mass to the call to arms of your government, in equipping, training and organizing yourselves as rapidly as possible you had in view only the purpose to take place as soon as possible in the line of battle. "In numbers: eighteen months after the declaration of war by the United States on Germany, the American army had passed from effective of 9,500 officers and 125,000 men to 180,000 officers and 3,500,000 men.

"Affair of organization: If, in the month of March, 1918, you had in France but six divisions, six months later you had 41, of which 31 engaged in battle. "Effort in instruction: In order to have officers, non-commissioned officers and men rapidly trained, you multiplied in America as in France, your schools and camps, which became centers of prodigious activity.

"In order to arm you and camp you the American manufacturers worked without respite and supplied all your needs. "Admirable effort also in transportation. You swept away every obstacle which interfered with bringing your units from the centers of instruction to the ports of embarkation.

"In France, you improved the ports of debarkation, created new installations, increased the traffic of the railroad system by work of all kinds and multiplied your storehouses and hospitals. "Your shipyards were organized for intensive production in such a way that when the war ended you utilized for your ocean transportation almost four millions of marine tonnage, instead of 94,000 available at the beginning of the war.

"And meanwhile your splendid war fleet, thanks to its vigilance and its fine military qualities, protected with an efficiency to which I am happy to pay tribute here, the transportation of your troops and material. "A prodigious effort on the part of your entire nation's intelligence, will power and energy. A prodigious effort which has filled your associates with admiration and gratitude and confounded your enemy.

"This splendid spirit of an entire nation we find again on the battlefields of France, where it was blazoned in the admirable virtues of bravery and heroism. "It was the spirit of the second and third American army divisions which, one month later took part in the battle of the Marne and distinguished themselves immediately in operations around Chateau Thierry and in Belleau wood. Again it was the spirit of those five divisions which, on the eighteenth of July participated in the victorious counter offensive of the tenth and sixth-French armies between the Aisne and the Marne and contributed in great measure to that victory.

"Finally, it was that spirit which animated all the American army when, on the twenty-fourth of July, General Pershing formed your splendid units under his own direct command. "On the twelfth of September, 1918, the first American army delivered its first battle on the soil of France. It dislodged the enemy from the St. Mihiel salient, where he had entrenched himself for nearly four years, threw him back beyond the foot of the hills of the Meuse. From the very first the American army entered into glory. How many further laurels was it yet to win? "The St. Mihiel operation was nearly ended when the American army attacked on a new front. On (Continued on page three.)

U. S. Soldiers Hanged In France Without A Trial, Watson Charges

DIVORCED WOMAN, NOW DEFENDS HER IN MURDER TRIAL

Former Students Northwestern University Held for Murder of Los Angeles Broker.

Los Angeles, Nov. 1.—Mrs. Madalynne Obenchain and Arthur C. Burch, once fellow students at Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., were placed under arrest within twenty-four hours of the time J. Belton Kennedy, young Los Angeles insurance broker, was shot to death on August 5 last. A week later they were indicted for murder. When they were arraigned, Ralph R. Obenchain, divorced husband of the woman defendant, who was also a student at Northwestern while she and Burch were there, appeared as her counsel, having dropped his law practice in Chicago to come to her aid.

The police found Kennedy had been shot through the back of the neck, the spinal column having been shattered. A shotgun had been used, it was ascertained. Mrs. Obenchain professed to know of no motive for the shooting. She said she had divorced her husband because of her love for Kennedy, but said she had refused offers of the latter to marry her, because of opposition on the part of his parents.

Mrs. Obenchain was detained as a witness. While the investigation was proceeding the next day, the clerk of a downtown hotel in Los Angeles came to the sheriff's office with the tale of a man who had rented a room there several days before. The room was almost exactly opposite the offices in a building across the street, occupied by Kennedy and his father. The clerk said the man went out the night before carrying a long package tied with newspapers, and returned without it, and checked out of the hotel in the morning.

Investigators established that the man was Arthur C. Burch, son of the Rev. William A. Burch, of Evanston, Ill., and that he had taken a train for Chicago after leaving the hotel. Telegrams were sent along the route of the train with the result Burch was arrested the same afternoon at Las Vegas, Nev. He was brought to Los Angeles two days later.

The investigator declared they ascertained Burch came to Los Angeles at the request of Mrs. Obenchain, and that he told a passenger on the train coming out that he was on his way to "help a friend who was in trouble," also that he sent Mrs. Obenchain 855 before leaving here. They also declared Mrs. Obenchain said nothing of Burch when telling her story after the shooting. Kennedy's parents denied their son sought to marry Mrs. Obenchain, declaring that it was she who "pursued him."

Another development about this time was the finding of two empty shotgun cartridges near the scene by Judge Anderson in federal court at Indianapolis. The strike, as far as could be learned here, was not authorized by any officials of the United Mine Workers of America and was instituted by local miners on their own account.

F. H. FLEER, GUM KING, DIES AT HUNTING LODGE

Thomasville, Nov. 1.—Frank H. Fleer, multi-millionaire chewing gum king, of Philadelphia and Thomasville, died suddenly at his country home, Cedar Lodge, three miles south of here, this evening at 6:30 o'clock from a stroke of apoplexy. He had just eaten a hearty dinner and, accompanied by Mrs. Fleer, his bride of only a few months, had gone up stairs. Surviving, in addition to Mrs. Fleer, are two daughters, Mrs. Gilbert Mustin and Mrs. Russell Berger, of Lansdowne, Penn., the Fleer summer home. No funeral arrangements have been made as yet, but the remains will be carried to Lansdowne some time tomorrow for burial. (Continued on page three.)

WORKING AS OBJECT OF CHARITY; GETS \$50,000

Youngstown, Ohio, Nov. 1.—While working in the parks here as one of the city's unemployed C. P. Virtus, 28 years old, a former Canadian soldier, received a letter from a trust company at Edmonston, Canada, informing him that he become sole heir to his father's estate, valued at between \$40,000 and \$50,000. The letter said a will leaving the property to Fiske University at Nashville, Tenn., had been found but as this will had not been witnessed it was not regarded as valid under the Canadian laws.

NEW EVIDENCE IN THE THOMAS CASE

Hearing at Charlotte As to Bond for Man Charged With Killing at Kannapolis.

Charlotte, Nov. 1.—Habeas corpus proceedings were held here at 11:30 o'clock this morning in the case of O. G. Thomas, held in connection with the killing at Kannapolis on the night of September 25, of Arthur J. Allen, of Concord. All of the evidence as presented before the coroner was heard and new evidence by Miss Globie Lawing, of Kannapolis, was presented for the prosecution. Judge T. J. Shaw, who presided at the hearing, announced that he would render a decision this afternoon.

The new evidence by Miss Lawing, 13-year-old daughter of E. E. Lawing, of Kannapolis, was to the effect that she was an eye witness to the shooting, saying that she saw a big car drive up and a Ford sedan then drove up toward the larger car; people in the big car called to the ones in the Ford; people came back from the Ford car to the big car. One of these was either a boy or a woman. They got in the big car and talked about five minutes. A man got out and as he walked away the first shot was fired; then he turned around and as he did so two more shots were fired.

Solicitor Hayden Clement went to Charlotte this morning to appear for the state in the hearing and to resist efforts to have Thomas liberated on bail. He will prosecute Thomas at the January term of Cabarrus superior court, at which time the case will be called at Concord.

FIGHT FOR ESTATE OF HER DEAD SISTER

Kinston, Nov. 1.—An offer will be made by counsel for Miss Bessie Thornton to establish a nuncupative will for the administration of the estate of the late Mrs. Walter Redd. The procedure has been resorted to in this section.

It was announced today that Miss Thornton, sister of Mrs. Redd, was instructed by the latter on her death bed to "take charge of her children and property" and that several witnesses would testify to the fact. This counsel for Miss Thornton claimed, established the nuncupative will. The action is to be contested by relatives of Mrs. Redd's late husband, it was understood.

INDEPENDENT MINE STRIKE

Athens, O., Nov. 1.—Between 275 and 300 union miners employed in mine No. 26 of the New York Coal Company at Floodwood, this county, went on strike this morning as a protest against the check off injunction issued yesterday by Judge Anderson in federal court at Indianapolis. The strike, as far as could be learned here, was not authorized by any officials of the United Mine Workers of America and was instituted by local miners on their own account. (By A. W. Hicks.)

ENGINEER IMPROVED

Spencer, Nov. 1.—Engineer J. S. Lawson, of Spencer, who was injured by jumping from his engine when it crashed into a work train near Burlington a month ago and who has since been in a hospital at Salisbury, is improving. His condition improves very slowly, though it is thought he will recover. Mr. Lawson is suffering principally from an injured leg which was badly broken in the accident.

Investigation By Special Committee Ordered Following Charges of Ga. Senator Who Produced Alleged Picture of Gallows.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Investigation by a special committee of charges by Senator Watson, Democrat, of Georgia, that American soldiers in France were hanged without court martial or other trial was today ordered by the senate by unanimous vote. The committee will be appointed by the president of the senate and Senator Watson will be invited before it to produce proof.

The special committee, as named by Senator Cummins of Iowa, president pro tem of the senate, will be headed by Senator Brandegee, Republican, of Connecticut, and consists of Senator Ernst, Republican, of Kentucky; Senator Willis, Republican, of Ohio; Senator Overman, Democrat, of North Carolina, and Senator Pomerene, Democrat, of Ohio.

The charges by Senator Watson that American soldiers serving in France had been hanged without court martial or other form of trial precipitated a heated debate in the senate. Chairman Wadsworth of the military committee invited the Georgia senator to appear before his committee to produce evidence to support his charges. Senator Watson produced a small photograph of an alleged hanging and insisted that the charges were true.

Senator Watson declared this charge could not be "lightly brushed aside or excused on the ground of excitability in debate," and he demanded that Senator Watson produce the proof. Senator Watson replied that he presented the "demand" and would "tell foot to foot and shoulder to shoulder" that he was the equal of any senator and assumed full responsibility for the charges. He said he would refuse to go before any committee with his evidence or produce witnesses unless guaranteed immunity.

"I mean every word I say," Senator Watson added, "and did not over paint the picture. I have photographs of the gallows upon which soldiers were hanged and can produce witnesses who saw it if it is safe for them to appear. A picture of white men hanged like dogs! I can produce men who were safe, who saw men shot without trial. I cannot compel men to come here and incur danger. I saw food was piled up mountains high in France and actually given to the French when our men were starving. I can prove our men were unnecessarily exposed and left to die on the road. I know ex-service men who saw these things and told me about them. They told me letters were censored and censored to conform to regulations and how many soldiers who did not want to be subjected to barbarous treatment. These men are not going back to Europe to fight again, and they say they would die before they would go. They were treated inhumanely and told me about themselves."

Senator Watson while speaking and refusing to produce evidence before the military committee said he would do so before another "impartial" committee.

Senator Lenoir, Republican, of Wisconsin, characterized the Georgia senator's charges as "sensational" and declared he discredited the impartiality of prominent Democrats on the military committee, as well as Republicans in refusing to appear before the military committee. Senator Wadsworth, who had been challenged the truth of Senator Watson's charges.