

W. W. Peebles & Son, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, JACKSON, N. C.

Office No. 1 West of the Hotel Burgwyn
One of the firm will be at Rich Square every
second Saturday in each and every
month, at Woodland every third Saturday,
and at Conway every fourth Saturday, be-
tween the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

F. R. HARRIS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, JACKSON, N. C.

Practices in Northampton and adjoining
counties and wherever his services are de-
sired. Office in North end of courthouse.

T. R. RANSOM, Attorney at Law, Jackson, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of North-
ampton, Halifax, Bertie and adjoining
counties.

DR. G. M. BROWN, DENTIST, WOODLAND, N. C.

Teeth extracted without pain.

W. Paul Moore, D. D. S., Jackson, N. C.

Office at residence.

Christmas Goods.

Two thousand dollars worth of
Christmas Goods just bought by our
New York buyer. About half of
this stock was bought at half the
regular wholesale price, and will sell
for about half the regular retail
price. We have about one thousand
different kinds and styles Christ-
mas Goods. Come early before these
Goods in Christmas Goods are picked
over. These goods are not old but
the very latest styles and the most
of them direct from Manufacturers.
Will make special prices to Sunday
schools for Christmas trees, and to
parties who buy in large lots. This
two thousand dollars worth is not
all we expect to have this month.
Such goods will be coming from our
New York buyer from two to three
times per week from now till Christ-
mas. No doubt we have the largest
stock ever brought to this part of
the State.

NEW YORK RACKET STORE,
H. C. SPIERS, Manager,
Weldon, N. C., Dec. 1, 1895.

W. T. Picard, Jackson, N. C. Manufacturer of Hand- Made Harness, Brid- dles, Saddles, &c.

I desire to call the attention of
those wishing to purchase a good
Buggy at a reasonable price that I
have obtained the agency for the
well-known firm of

A. Wrenn & Sons, for Northampton county and am pre- pared to offer special inducements to those desiring to buy a good Buggy at prices to

Suit the Times.

I also keep in stock road carts and
family carriages. Shall be pleased
to get orders for one or two-horse
farm wagons. Please bear in mind
that I make good

Hand-made Harness at about what you pay for machine made.

Dixie Condition Powders

will make your Horse fatten, digest
his food and look 50 per cent. better.
The Dixie is the best Horse Medi-
cine known and if given in time may
save the noble animal. The Dixie
will make your Cows Healthy, Hearty
and give more milk, because it will
make all their food digest and im-
prove the animal.

NOTICE!

CUT RATES, RATES CUT.
Again I call your attention to many
bargains that you will find at De-
Loatch's Store.

Meat, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Tobacco

and many other things at wholesale
prices. I am doing a Wholesale and
Retail business with the general
trade. I give cut rates on Snuff, by
the 4 gross, or \$50 or \$100 worth at
the time. Flour by the barrel, sugar
by the barrel, meat by the 100 or
1000 pounds at Norfolk prices. Come
to see me.

W. R. DeLoatch, Agent and General Mgr., Jackson, N. C.

A CAREFUL MOTHER

will notice if her children have symp-
toms of Worms in the Stomach, and
give at once Dr. David's Worm
Syrup. It is Pleasant, Harmless
and Efficient. It expels the Worms
from the Stomach and gives strength
and health to the child.

Beautiful Lives.

Beautiful faces are those that wear—
it matters little, whether dark or fair.
Whole souled honesty printed there.

Beautiful eyes are those that show,
Like crystal panes where heart's fire glow,
Beautiful thoughts that burn below.

Beautiful lips are those whose words
Leap from the heart like song of birds,
Yet whose utterance wisdom girds.

Beautiful hands are those that do
Work that is earnest, brave and true,
Moment by moment, the long day through.

Beautiful feet are they that go
On kindly ministry to and fro,
Down lowliest ways, if God wills so.

Beautiful shoulders are those that bear
Ceaseless burdens of homely care,
With patient graces and daily prayer.

Beautiful lives are those that bless—
Silent rivers of helpfulness,
Whose hidden fountains few may guess.

Beautiful twilight at set of sun
Beautiful goal with race well run,
Beautiful rest with work well done.

—Selected.

Bread. Where? How?

OUR BREAD SECURE.
[For the Patron and Gleaner.]

It is a familiar principle that
famines happen among isolated
people. The case of Irish famines
is the only exception explained by
moral isolation and its results. But even in Ireland,
the evil was removed as soon as
it was fully known. In India,
the famines have occurred in re-
gions physically and morally iso-
lated. But steam has shown its
power to remove both forms of
isolation, and it is gradually ef-
fecting the union of mankind.

Just now, our attention is called
to a complementary fact. Wheat
harvest goes on all the year
round. In November, they are
harvesting in Peru, South Africa,
and North Australia. December
is harvest time in Chili, the Ar-
gentine Republic, and South Aus-
tralia. In January, wheat is
gathered in New Zealand, in Feb-
ruary and March it ripens in
Egypt and South India; in April,
the old wheat fields of North In-
dia, Asia Minor, Persia, and Cy-
prus yield their increase. And so
the reaper marches through the
year.

Our American reaper is going
from May to September inclu-
sive. It is not possible for a
drought or other calamity to af-
fect in one year, more than a
fraction of this perpetually ripen-
ing grain, which, like a linked
chain of gold encircles the earth.
We gain the security of this con-
tinual harvest, by obeying the
spirit of the Creator in His origi-
nal order to multiply and replen-
ish the earth, and the value of
the promise that harvest shall
not fail is secured to us by obe-
dience to the command.

The more the human race is
united, and alert to the opportu-
nities of the earth, the surer are
we of abundance. Then an honest
division of the loaves will se-
cure enough to each, beneficent
laws having secured us in the
possession of enough for all. The
thought crowns life with supreme
satisfaction.

M. H. RICE.

Lahaska, Pa.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Division of Time.

A "solar day" is measured by
the rotation of the earth upon its
axis, and is of different lengths,
owing to the ellipticity of the earth's
orbit and other causes; but a
"mean solar day" is 24 hours
longer, as reckoned by the time-
pieces.

An astronomical day com-
mences at noon and is counted
from the first to the twenty-fourth
hour. A "civil day" commences
at midnight and is counted from
the first to the twelfth hour, and
then again commences with one
and finished with 12. A "nauti-
cal day" is reckoned the same as
the "civil day," only that the
reckoning is begun at noon in-
stead of at midnight.

A "vulgar year" varies
from 28 to 31 days. A "mean lunar
month" is 29 days, 12 hours,
44 minutes, 23 seconds. A "year"
is divided into 365 days. A "solar
year," which is the time oc-
cupied by the sun in passing from
one normal equinox to the other,
consists of 365.24244 days, which
is equal to 365 days, 5 hours, 48
minutes, 49.536 seconds.

A "Julian year" is 365 days
even. A "Gregorian year" is
365.2425 days. The error in the
Gregorian mode of time reckon-
ing amounts to but one day in
each 3,571 years.—St. Louis Re-
public.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Reviewed and Criticised by
a Silver Advocate.

CLEVELAND'S PLAN "PAUPERIZES
THE PEOPLE AND INCREASES
THE PESTIFEROUS BROOD
OF MILLIONAIRES"—
THE GOLD RESERVE.
[For the Patron and Gleaner.]

President Cleveland's recent
message to Congress is charac-
teric only as a revelation of his
character. I have been reading
the messages of our Presidents
for nearly forty years. I have
read the whole of this last one. I
think it is the longest I ever read.
In it there is no allusion to God—
praise or thanks. I remember it
was so in one of his other mes-
sages—possibly in others that I
do not remember. Is he an infidel?
Does he suppose we can
run this government without the
aid of the great King of Kings—
the Prince of Peace? Has he
worshipped the golden calf till he
has forgotten the only true and
Almighty God?

Adherence to opinion in the
face of majorities may belong
alike to the highest statesman and
the biggest fool and most thor-
ough cranks. But adherence in
the face of facts, ability to utterly
ignore facts when they conflict
with one's opinions, is not great-
ness. It is ignorance or bribed
vice. No President has ever de-
livered a message to Congress of-
fending and affronting so large a
share of the people. Its treat-
ment of foreign questions will of-
fend very many of the Democrac-
ic party. Its treatment of the
silver question will offend more
than two-thirds of that party in
the whole country and nearly all
of the party South and West of
the Delaware river. It offers to
the people stones whilst they are
crying for bread and homes. It
proposes to crush the life out of
them with the Rothschilds-Mor-
gan golden engine. It commends
us to the tender mercies of Lom-
bard and Wall Streets. With a
stolidity that can be accounted
for only as ignorance or venality,
President Cleveland asks Con-
gress to make the American peo-
ple abject slaves to the Jewish
bankers and usurers of Europe
and the pestiferous millionaires
and combines of America. There
is no Americanism in the mes-
sage—no Democracy—no Republi-
canism. It is unworthy of the
toleration of a free people.

Whilst it may be heroic to "go
down with the ship" for any good
cause, it is something else to deny
facts and distort facts for the
sake of a personal theory. And
before he longer claims kinship
with and friendship for the Democ-
ratic party he must clear his
skirts of the Belmont-Rothschilds
treason and treachery that disin-
tegrated and ruined that grand
old party. Its friends will not
willingly even hear him chant its
requiem unrepentant and un-
nearly. He has repudiated every
plank of the platform upon which
he was elected—has treated the
precepts and examples of Jeffers-
on, Madison, Monroe, Jackson
and Seymour, and all of his illus-
trious Democratic predecessors
and contemporaries as naught,
and looks only to the Rothschilds,
Belmonts, Morgans, boards of
trade and chambers of commerce
for political wisdom and guidance.
What is good for those men is not
good for ninety-nine out of one
hundred of the American people.
They have instituted a form of
slavery more cruel and degrading
than any ever tolerated in this
country. If ours is a govern-
ment of, for and by the people, let
their good be consulted, consid-
ered and conserved.

Our country whipped England
in two wars, the pirates of the
Barbary States in one, Mexico
in one, and went through the
late Civil war with a power
unknown before, without ever
having or dreaming of a gold
reserve of \$100,000,000 or a gold
reserve of any amount. We at-
tained our greatness and renown
without a gold reserve. So did
England, France and Germany.
We and those other countries at-
tained greatness and renown with
free and unlimited coinage of
gold and silver—the United Stat-

es at 16 to 1, France at 15 to 1. Statesmen regulated the national finances then for the benefit of the countries they served. Bankers do it now for the benefit of the banking "financiers"—pretendedly that we may have money "good in Europe," but in reality, that the bankers may monopolize all money and make the whole world slaves to them and their retainers.

It is time now to abolish the gold reserve and let the \$100,000,000 go into general circulation for the benefit of the people generally instead, as now, for the bankers and usurers only. It is time now to coin the \$500,000,000 of silver now on hand at the ratio of 16 to 1, and to make it a full legal tender in the payment of all debts, and to retain all the greenbacks that we have and issue as much more as is necessary with full legal tender qualities requiring no redeemer, and to repeal all internal revenue laws till the courts and monied monopolists will let us have a graduated income tax, and to appear before the world with an independent American financial system.

Mr. Cleveland, your plan helps the classes that need no help and injures the masses who are grievously burdened and sadly in need of help. It pauperizes the people and increases the pestiferous brood of millionaires. A monopoly of money is the father of all monopolies. Nine hundred and ninety-nine out of every one thousand of the people have no gilt-edged securities, no legislative or executive influence, and can get no money from the banks.

SILVER.

Looking Upward.

The following advice, given to a young married woman who was visited by another older and more experienced one, may be helpful to some of our readers:

When the visitor rose to go, the hostess came with her to the door, and out upon the pleasant piazza, which, however, looked a little dusty in the corners.

"Oh, dear!" said the young wife, "how provoking servants are! I told Mary to sweep the piazza thoroughly, and now look how dusty it is."

"Grace," said the older woman, looking into the disturbed young face with kindly, humorous eyes, "I am an old housekeeper. Let me give you a bit of advice: Never direct people's attention to defects. Unless you do so they will rarely see them."

"Now, if I had been in your place and noticed the dirt, I should have said: 'How blue the sky is!' or 'How beautiful the clouds are!' or 'How bracing the air is!' Then I should have looked up at that as I spoke, and should have gotten you safely down the steps and out of sight, without your seeing the dust."—Household.

Statement.

OFFICE REGISTER OF DEEDS
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY
JACKSON, N. C.
DEC. 2nd, 1895.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 713, of the Code, I submit the following, showing the amounts audited by the Board of Commissioners of said county to the members thereof, from December 1st, 1894, to November 30th, 1895.

WM. P. VICK, CHAIRMAN.	
For 16 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$32.00
For 416 miles traveled at 5c.	20.80
WM. E. HARRIS.	
For 16 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$32.00
For 96 miles traveled at 5c.	4.80
J. G. L. CROCKER.	
For 7 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$14.00
For 112 miles traveled at 5c.	5.60
EVERETT BAUGHAM.	
For 16 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$32.00
For 208 miles traveled at 5c.	10.40
JOSEPH A. GARRISS.	
For 14 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$28.00
For 365 miles traveled at 5c.	18.20
B. D. STANCELL.	
For 4 days services as commissioner at \$2.00 per day.	\$8.00
For 80 miles traveled at 5c.	4.00
Number of days Board was in session.	16.
Total number miles traveled.	1276.
Total amount paid.	\$209.80.

I hereby certify to the correctness of the above statement.

M. F. STANCELL,
Register of Deeds and ex-officio
Clerk Board Co. Com.

FOREIGN LETTER.

Visit to Algiers, Marseilles and Naples.

NOW IN THE LAND OF THE SULTAN
—VIEW OF MT. VESUVIUS—
CHAT WITH A CHAPLAIN
OF THE NAVY—AN
OLD SEAWALL.
[For the Patron and Gleaner.]
U. S. F. "SAN FRANCISCO."
MARSEILLES, FRANCE,
Nov. 9, 1895.

At Algiers I was on shore twice, and each time went into the country, where I saw much of interest. I visited the Botanic garden, also, and saw some curious and wonderful specimens of the vegetable kingdom; among others was the banyan tree, the same as you have seen pictured in books of Natural History etc—a tree having one top and many bodies (or trunks). Standing head and shoulders above a large clump of rose bushes was a very old statue. I thought I recognized the form and features, so stopped to study it, when a French soldier, who was with us, seeing my curiosity, remarked that in New York there was something like this called the "Statue of Liberty." Then I saw plainly it was an exact model of our great Statue standing in N. Y. harbor, which I fully believe was designed from this crumbling old image. The soldier was surprised when I mentioned that the designer of the Statue of Liberty was a Frenchman.

Day before yesterday I bade farewell to that country—don't think I'll ever see it again—and to-day at about 10 o'clock we put in at this port.

French people, as you have heard, are very polite, but they know how to charge high prices on many things that one would expect to find cheap here. Photographs, for instance—ordinary cabinets—per dozen 30 francs (\$6.00).

Sunday night, Nov. 10. I have just returned from liberty. This is called the most important seaport on the Mediterranean. It is quite a large city, and very old, having been founded by Greek colonists 600 years before Christ. There is a great "sea wall," or "break water," along the front of the whole city. This wall is some 25 feet high and 3 miles long—the finest structure of the kind I ever saw. Inside the wall there is a spacious harbor with dock room for hundreds of ships. I saw the "Palais de Justice," some grand churches and other noted buildings. I was on the highest part of the city—so very high that the ascent had to be made on a cable car running up an incline of about 75 degrees. On the top of this mountain there is a great church, with a great tower. Services were going on, so I went in. The place was lighted by hundreds of canoles, beautifully arranged. Everything was very fine—looked more like a theatre than a church. The music was grand, sounding like a big orchestra, but I couldn't tell from whence it proceeded. A man wearing gay uniform and a long sword seemed to be officiating as marshal. He wore a Napoleon hat. The big, fat, old priest was robed in white, with lots of shining metal work. He was attended by 8 handsome boys, 6 of which carried big, long candles; the other 2 put in their time adjusting the robe of the priest. I am persuaded that there are too many priests in these countries—growing fat on the scant incomes of the poor, deluded people—if I lived here I would kick on it.

NAPLES, ITALY, NOV. 19.

Last Friday night we received orders to proceed at once to Turkey, where, it is reported there is much trouble—missionaries and whole christian societies being massacred by the Mohammedan Turks. So, on Saturday we pulled out from Marseilles, Sunday passed between the large Islands of Corsica and Sardinia and yesterday steamed into this beautiful harbor—the Bay of Naples.

Vesuvius is spouting away, as of old; but owing to an unusually violent eruption, which happened sometime last summer, the aspect of its summit is somewhat

changed—in addition to the large crater at the top, there is now on the side a few hundred feet below, a large, long crater, which, at night resembles a long line of logheaps burning.

We are about 15 miles out from the city; only stopped here to coal up and to get a supply of stores, which were shipped from New York.

I just hear the word passed on deck that we will sail this evening. Where we will stop next I don't know, but somewhere in Egypt, Syria or Turkey in Asia.

This trouble in Turkey has been going on for a long time, so the great powers of Europe have decided to work in joint action and put a stop to it. Russia, Germany, England, France and Italy all have fleets out there, and we hear that England has already declared war against the Sultan. England will fight—it's just her "pie" to bombard a foreign town, like she did Alexandria 12 years ago—sent shells bounding up the streets, so the natives told me, as big as barrels. Our "Marblehead" is out east now; we'll meet her before long.

Our chaplain, a large, fat, good natured man, comes forward and talks to us sometimes—lately about fighting the Turks. "Well," says he, "I know you all want to fight for the christians, don't you?" "Yes, sir," sing out about a dozen, but as soon as he is gone they say, "Let the missionaries lookout for themselves."

J. BARNES.

How They Differ.

A man is a creature of cast iron habits; woman adapts herself to circumstances; this is the foundation of the moral difference between them.

A man does not attempt to drive a nail unless he has a hammer; a woman does not hesitate to utilize anything, from the heel of a boot to the back of a brush.

A man considers a cork screw absolutely necessary to open a bottle; a woman attempts to extract the cork with the scissors; if she does not succeed readily, she pushes the cork into the bottle, since the essential thing is to get at the fluid.

Shaving is the only use to which a man puts a razor; a woman employs it for a chiropodist's purposes.

When a man writes, everything must be in apple-pie order; pen, paper and ink must be just so, a profound silence must reign while he accomplishes this important function. A woman gets any sheet of paper, tears it perhaps from a book or portfolio, sharpens a pencil with the scissors, puts the paper on an atlas, crosses her feet, balances herself on the chair, and confides her thoughts to paper, changing from pencil to pen and vice versa from time to time, nor does she care if the children romp or the cook comes to speak to her.

A man storms if the blotting paper is not conveniently near; a woman dries the ink by blowing on it, waving the paper in the air, or holding it near a lamp or fire.

A man drops a letter unhesitatingly in the box; a woman reads the address, assures herself that the envelope is sealed, the stamp secure, and then throws it violently into the box.

A man can cut a book only with a paper-cutter; a woman deftly inserts a hairpin, and the book is cut.

For a man "good-by" signifies the end of a conversation and the moment of his departure; for a woman it is the beginning of a new chapter, for it is just when they are taking leave of each other that women think of the most important topics of conversation.

A woman ransacks brain trying to mend a broken object; a man puts it aside and forgets that for which there is no remedy. Which is the superior?—Minnie J. Conrad, in Lipdincott's.

HERE YOU ARE!

Xmas presents for all your family and friends, almost given away. I have purchased a full line of Christmas Goods including Confectioneries, Toys and other things generally wanted at Christmas Times.

Why go elsewhere to buy your Holiday Goods when you

CAN SAVE MONEY

by buying them right here at home? I buy my goods at low prices and sell them at low prices, and am determined not to be undersold by anyone, so come and see me and I will name you prices right and sell you good goods.

If you are wanting

FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE,
a Pair of Shoes or Boots, a Suit of Clothes or a Pair of Pants, here is the place to buy them.

The ladies have not been forgotten. I have goods specially for them and cordially invite them to call. I am kept busy, but have time to wait on the ladies.

Don't fail to come and examine my goods.

J. J. PARKER,
Lasker, N. C.

J. J. BURNETT'S, JACKSON, N. C.,

Headquarters for Fancy and Heavy Groceries, Confectioneries, Christmas Goods in season, Fine Tobacco and Cigars. When in need of any goods in my line don't fail to come and see me. Remember that my store is

Headquarters for Good Goods

at low prices, and that my constant endeavors are to please my customers in every way.

My store is now being enlarged so that I can increase my stock.

The New York RACKET STORE, H. C. SPIERS, Manager, WELDON, N. C.

Floor Matting, 7 to 15 cts. per yard.
Floor Oil Cloth, 22 to 30 cts. per yard.
Table Oil Cloth, 18 to 15 cts. per yard.
Curtain Poles with brass fixtures, 19c. each.
Window Shades all colors on rollers, 15 to 25 cents.
Carpets, 10 to 40 cts. per yard.
Rugs, 25 cts. to \$2.00.
Alarm Clocks, 68 cts.
Eight Day Clocks 22 inches high, \$2.25.
Wall Paper, 4 to 10 cts. per roll.
Window Glass at half regular prices.
Envelopes, 2, 3 and 4 cts. for 25.
Writing Paper, 3 to 7 cts. per quire.
48 doz. Banjo, Guitar and Violin Strings, 1 to 4 cts. each.
50 doz. Men's Shirts, 15 to 75 cts. each.
25 Good Sewing Needles, 1 cent.
14 Rows Pins, 1 cent.
3 Papers Hair Pins, 1 cent.

277 We have a large lot of Laces, Hamburgs, Ribbons and Millinery of all kinds. Also Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware and thousands of other articles in stock. Printed price list of the same will be sent on application. Mail orders will have prompt attention.

T. W. Harrison, Salesman.

NOTICE

By virtue of a decree of the Superior court of Northampton county, in the case of Walter Boone vs. R. L. Boone, I shall, on Monday, Jan'y 6, 1896, at the courthouse door in Jackson, sell for cash, by public auction, the two tracts of land below described, situated in said county, to wit: One tract in Wicaccawee township, adjoining the W. H. Ivey tract, R. H. Deloatch, the "A. J. Allen" tract, and others and known as the "John T. Deloatch home" tract, and containing about 400 acres it being the tract on which R. L. Boone formerly resided; 2nd, one tract situated in said township, known as "The Barkley" tract, containing 640 acres, more or less, and adjoining the "W. H. Ivey" tract and others, it formerly belonging to said John T. Deloatch.
This Dec. 6th, 1895.
12-6-4. B. S. GAY, com.

A Full Line of School Books just received at

J. A. BUXTON & CO'S,
Jackson, N. C.

RESTAURANT.

I hereby announce to the people of Northampton and the public generally that I have opened a Restaurant in Jackson, nearly in front of the postoffice, where meals will be furnished at prices to suit the times. Give me a call.

J. R. CHAVEZ,
Jackson, N. C.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I wish to announce to my friends and the public that I am keeping a stock of General Merchandise at my home in Gumberry and desire a share of their patronage. Good goods sold at low prices and full value paid for country produce.

Respectfully,
B. J. WALL.

JOS. K. MARTIN, MILWAUKEE, N. C. Dealer in

**Buggies, Road Carts, Har-
ness, Wagons, &c.**

I make a specialty of Buggies which I sell on a positive guarantee. Please come and examine my stock. Low prices guaranteed. 10-10-3m