

# THE PATRON AND GLEANER.

VOLUME 7.

RICH SQUARE, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1898.

NUMBER 23



## Before Retiring....

take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effective remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure without the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is

## THE PILL THAT WILL.

The Jackson and Rich Square Telephone Co. INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Splendid service. Polite agents. Has connection with Jackson, Rich Square, Bryantown, Lasker, Potocasi and Woodland. Messages sent to any point on the line for 10 cents.

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## MATTRESSES.

Mattresses of all grades. I want the patronage of the trade. I think I can please in quality and price. Give me a trial order and see if I can't please you. Address,

J. O. COPELAND, Suffolk, Va.

## MILLET SEED.

Just received a large supply of choice Southern grown German Millet Seed. This is one of the best forage crops grown, and two crops of it can be grown on the same land a year.

M. H. CONNER, Rich Square, N. C.

## SHOES.

You will find the well known Bay State Shoes, for Men, Boys, Ladies and Children at the new store of L. J. & M. R. Bradley, Jackson, N. C. W. B. Wynns, of Margarettsville, is traveling salesman for them.

## DON'T KILL THE HAWKS

But protect your Chickens from their ravages by giving them Nux Vomica in their feed. Hawks will not trouble your chickens if given Nux Vomica. For sale by

M. H. CONNER,

## Cool Drinks.

I am now prepared to furnish the cool drinks of the season—Soda Water, Lemonade, Milkshake etc I also keep on hand a full stock of Lemons, Fresh Candies and Cakes as well as a general assortment of Fancy and heavy Groceries.

J. E. JOHNSON, Rich Square, N. C.

## PEAS AND VINEGAR FOR SALE.

I have a few bushels of Clay Peas for sale, also one barrel of good home made Apple Vinegar.

W. F. OUTLAND, Woodland, N. C.

## CORN FOR CATTLE.

I have a nice car load of White corn that I would like to exchange for cattle.

J. J. PARKER, Lasker, N. C.

## Summer Complaint.

Diarrhoea, loose bowels, cramps colic cured with Dr. David's Pain Cure. At all the stores

## Your Mission.

If you cannot on the ocean Sail among the swiftest fleet, Rocking on the highest billows, Laughing at the storms you meet; You can stand among the sailors; Anchored yet within the bay; You can lend a hand to help them, As they launch their boats away.

If you are too weak to journey Up the mountain steep and high, You can stand within the valley While the multitudes go by. You can chant in happy measure As they slowly pass along; Though they may forget the singer, They will not forget the song.

If you have not gold and silver, Ever ready to command; If you cannot toward the needy Reach an ever open hand, You can visit the afflicted. O'er the erring you can weep; You can be a true deceiver, Sitting at the Saviour's feet.

If you cannot in the harvest Garner up the richest sheave, Many a grain both ripe and golden Will the careless reapers leave. Go and glean among the briers Growing rank against the wall, For it may be that their shadows Hide the heaviest wheat of all.

If you cannot in the conflict Prove yourself a soldier true; If where fire and smoke are thickest There's no work for you to do; When the battlefield is silent You can go with careful tread. You can bear away the wounded, You can cover up the dead.

Do not, then, stand idly waiting For some greater work to do; Fortune is a lazy goddess. She will never come to you, Go and toil in any vineyard, Do not fear to do or dare; If you want a field of labor You can find it anywhere.

—Sel.

## Watch the Goldites

Shylock fattens both in war and in peace, but more especially in war. While the eyes of the country are intent on the war with Spain, Shylock will endeavor to pick the pockets of the people. In every war, in all ages, there has been a gang of financial buzzards feeding upon the miseries of the combatants. Death, destruction, and misery are regarded by them as pawns on the chessboard, where filthy lucre is played against the rights of humanity. The Rothschild combination played for \$4,000,000,000 of English bonds, while England played to destroy Napoleon, and both won. The gold brokers, stockjobbers, and bank manipulators played for a perpetual mortgage on the rights and liberties of the American people, while Lincoln, Grant, Sherman, and Sheridan played for the preservation of the union, and both won. While an outraged people are engaged in removing by a vigorous prosecution of the war the nuisance of Spanish rule from the Western Hemisphere the torics of Wall and Lombard streets are plotting to more thoroughly commit the United States to the single gold standard and rivet the chains of financial contraction more firmly upon the industries of the people. We hope and pray for the success of the former and the defeat of the latter.

We appeal to the American people to resist every scheme of financial plunder however plausible by means of the cunning and deceptive legislation which the genius of rascality will invent. We promise on our part to watch with care the doings of the enemy, and notify the people of approaching danger. The war with Spain will be prosecuted without regard to consequences, and the war against the rule of gold monopoly must also be fought with vigor, or while we are gaining liberty for Cuba we will lose our own. There is no fear of Spain, but there is cause for fear the Cleverlands, the Harrisons, the Carlises, and the Gages who labor to absorb the wealth of the masses for the benefit of gold monopoly.

—Silver-Knight Watchman.

In the conduct of life, habits count for more than maxims, because habit is a living maxim, because one's maxims is nothing; it is but to change the title of the book. To learn new habits is everything, for it is to reach the substance of life. Life is but a tissue of habits.—Amiel.

## Flags on a Man-of-War.

A story is told of a little cabin boy on board a man-of-war, who by his action in pulling down the enemy's flag during a battle gained victory for his commander. The story illustrates the value of the national flag in naval action, and how much depends upon the sailors seeing it flying from the masthead above them.

It was just at the beginning of a battle between two ships that the cabin boy, who had never been in a fight, asked one of the sailors how long it would take the enemy to surrender, and what his own ship would have to do to beat the other.

"Do you see that?" asked the sailor, pointing to the flag which was flying from the masthead of the other ship. "As long as that is flying the other fellows will fight, but when it comes down they will stop and their ship will surrender."

The cabin boy was too small to fight, but he made up his mind to get the flag for his captain. During the battle, when the ships were lashed together, he crawled on board the enemy's vessel, and while the sailors were busy fighting climbed the rope ladder which ran up the mast, and pulling the flag from its place, wrapped it around his body and carried it back to his own ship. The sailors were fighting bravely, until one, looking up and seeing that the flag was gone, cried to his companion that the captain had pulled down the flag, and there was no use fighting longer. The men threw down their arms, and the mistake was not discovered until it was too late, for the cabin boy's comrades had seized the ship.

The flag of his country is what every soldier and sailor through out the world fights for during a battle; when the flag is gone they lose heart and give up easily. Some of the bravest deeds have been in defense of the flag, and to get it back again when the enemy has captured it.

When a ship goes into battle the national flag is run up to the masthead, the highest point on the vessel, where it flies until the engagement is over. Sometimes, when the other ship is the stronger or its sailors fight better and the captain sees that he is beaten he pulls down his flag to show the enemy that he has had enough and wants to surrender; this act is called "striking the colors." It is a usual thing to run up a white flag in the place of the one which has been hauled down, but often the simple act of striking the colors is enough to end a battle. So long as the captain of a ship sees any flag except a white one flying from the enemy's vessel he will continue to fire upon it, for it is a sign that the sailors have not given up and are ready to fight longer. Sometimes during a naval battle the ropes which hold the flag are shot away, but in such cases there are always some brave sailors who will climb the mast and put another in its place.

During the Revolutionary war, when the ship commanded by Paul Jones was fighting an English vessel, the American flag was shot away and fell overboard into the water. One of the sailors, who saw it fall, jumped after it, and although he was wounded, and almost he was drowned, he swam with it back to the ship, when it was fastened to the top again. When the flag went overboard the Englishmen began to cheer, for they thought that Paul Jones had surrendered, but when they saw it flying from the masthead once more they changed their minds and finally surrendered themselves. The action of the wounded sailor in jumping into the water to rescue the flag made his companions fight all the harder.

Every boy who has read American history knows about the battle of Lake Erie and of how Commodore Perry carried the flag from his sinking ship and hoisted it upon another. When the English captain saw Perry going in a rowboat from the sinking ship with the flag thrown over his shoulder he ordered the sailors to sink the boat so that the flag couldn't be hoisted at the masthead of another vessel. He knew

that if the American sailors saw that their flag was lost they would lose heart and surrender, and as he expected, when they saw the flag flying again, they worked the harder and finally beat all his ships.

A ship going into action carries several flags, the national colors, which are hoisted in the most prominent place, the union jack, the pennant, which is a long narrow streamer flying from the masthead, and a set of signal flags, which are used to send messages from one ship to another. When a squadron of vessels, under one admiral, or captain, goes into a fight, the ship which has on board the commanding officer is called the flagship, and flies, besides the other flags mentioned, one which donates the rank of that officer. In the old days, when war vessels were made of wood and had three masts, most of the flags were hoisted to the top of these masts; nowadays, however, many of our fighting ships have only one mast and several flags may be hoisted upon that, but the stars and stripes are always at the top.

Sometimes a flag is hoisted at the end of the yardarm, usually in the case of signal flags.

The use of these signal flags in a battle are very important. By means of them the commander of a fleet, from his flagship, can communicate to the captains of the other vessels his orders or whatever he thinks they should know.

When the squadron is waiting for the enemy's ships, and they are sighted, the signal, "prepare for action," is run up on the flag ship. It is also necessary during a battle that the commander direct the movements of the ships, the same as in a land engagement a general directs the movements of his soldiers. On each ship is stationed a few sailors, who understand signals, and who keep their eyes on the flagship to learn what the commander wishes their captain to do. Aboard the flag ship certain sailors are detailed to signal the order the commander wishes to give, and the system has been made so perfect that there are seldom mistakes.

As every one knows, the nationality of a ship is told by the flag which she flies from her masthead. During all the naval wars it has been the custom for the captains of naval vessels to have on board the flags of other countries besides their own, and frequently one of these flags are used to advantage. During one of the long naval wars between England and some of the other European countries the captain of a small English war vessel, sighted several big French men-of-war, which, did they attack him, would have either sunk or captured his vessel. France and Spain were fighting against England, so he made haste to pull down the British flag and run up in its stead a Spanish flag. When the Frenchmen saw the latter flag they did not bother with the little vessel and the Englishman escaped.

During the war of 1812 an English captain made himself a great deal of trouble through fear that some of the sailors on board his ship might pull down his flag before he had beaten the enemy. Just before the battle he ordered a sailor to climb to the top of the mast and nail the flag there. The American ship proved the better and before long the Englishman wanted to surrender, but when he wished to pull it down he couldn't. The sailors were busy fighting, so the captain himself had to climb the mast and tear down the British ensign.

There have been instances where the commander of a ship nailed his flag to the mast and left it flying there until the vessel sank; the last object which appeared.—Atlanta Constitution.

Given Satisfaction. One, N. C., May 23, 1898. As a general family medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla gives satisfaction everywhere and its marvelous cures of some of the worst blood diseases after all other preparations had failed have won for it the title of America's greatest medicine. A. G. Hays, dealer in general merchandise of this place says, "I have used and sold Hood's Sarsaparilla for the past eight years, and it has given entire satisfaction to me and my customers."

## The Sounds of North Carolina

The ocean does not touch the mainland of North Carolina, except in one small place. The sea coast is narrow, sandy islands. Between these islands and the mainland is a chain of sounds.

The most northern sound is Currituck. This sound is about forty miles long, and is from three to seven miles wide. It extends into Virginia to near Norfolk. Only small boats can sail on Currituck Sound, because it has many shallow places. Many men living along the sound make a business of killing wild fowl during the winter, and sending off to cities to be sold.

Albemarle Sound extends east and west about fifty miles. It is from five to fifteen miles wide. In this sound are the biggest fisheries. Every year they catch millions of herring and shad and other kinds of fish. Albemarle and Currituck are fresh water sounds.

Croatan Sound and Roanoke Sound, on either side of Roanoke Island, connect Albemarle sound with Pamlico. They are eight miles long. Croatan Sound is much deeper than Roanoke, and most of the water from Albemarle Sound passes through Croatan Sound to Pamlico.

Pamlico Sound is the largest of all. It is about seventy-five miles long, and from ten to thirty miles wide. This sound is salt water, but Neuse River and Pamlico River that empty into it, are fresh; and both fresh water and salt water fish are caught in Pamlico Sound. It has large oyster banks. Chowan, and Albemarle Sounds are deep, and can accommodate large vessels.

Core sound extends south west to Beaufort; then Bogue Sound, to Onslow County. Each is about thirty miles long, and they vary in breadth from one to six miles. They are very shallow, being in some places only one foot deep. More mullets are caught in these sounds than anywhere else on the Atlantic coast. There are also many blue fish, Spanish mackerel, and trout.

The sounds continue to the South Carolina line, and beyond but they are so narrow, they are not generally shown on the maps. They are all shallow, but small boats sail on them.

The sounds of North Carolina cover 3,300 square miles, as much as the States of Rhode Island and Delaware.—School Supplement

## How to get Rich

Among the rich men of Chicago is F. W. Peck. His advice to young men who desire to get rich in money is as follows:

There is no rule which can be laid down which will lead to the desired end, but there are certain elements which are essential and without which the attainment of wealth is impossible. Prominent among these may be mentioned industry, thrift, persistence and courage, and above all, proper habits in life, combined with system. But it should always be borne in mind by young men that persistent application is absolute necessary to success. Few things are impracticable in themselves, and it is for want of application rather than means that men fail of success, as has been said by a French writer. Too many young men are discouraged because of the obstacles they find early in life. They cannot pursue a path of roses, but must not be discouraged by the thorns that inevitably appear. The importance of the courage referred to above is expressed by Shakespeare in the following words:

"Our doubts are traitors, And make us lose the good we fear might win By fearing to attempt."

"I think if the young man of today would cut out the above quotations and impress them on his mind they would prove valuable through life."

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarella's Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. It Cures C. fast, cures, druggists refund money.

## Our Own Standard.

He was wise who wrote, "Half the sting of poverty or of small means is gone when one has a house for one's own comfort, and not for comment of one's neighbors." Deny it as we will, few of us have the moral force to set up a standard of our own, based upon our own income and our own particular home environments. We commit the folly of regulating our expenses by the income of some one else. If the Browns across the street hang up expensive lace curtains, we are discontented until lace curtains have gone up to our windows, no matter how much smaller our income may be than that of the Browns. If the Smiths put down a velvet carpet, our neat and pretty rug becomes an eye sore to us. We are extremely mindful of what our neighbors will think of many things that ought not to concern them in the least. We have no standards of our own. Our dress, and even our tables must be regulated by the standard of others. We have not the courage nor the independence to be indifferent to the comment of our neighbors. This form of moral cowardice is causing many families to live beyond their incomes. They can face debt and forfeit their self-respect earlier than they can face the unfavorable comment of their friends and neighbors. The extent to which this imitation of others is carried would be ludicrous did it not bring so much unhappiness in its train. It is frequently the direct cause of the discord and discontent and debt that have driven happiness from the family hearthstone. Let us have a standard of our own, based upon our own tastes, our own incomes, our own needs, and let us cheerfully and bravely adhere to this standard, heedless of that dreadful bugbear, "What will the neighbors say?"—Harper's Bazar.

Are You One of These?

How often do we hear men complaining that theirs is the hardest lot in the world. They have to work harder and longer than any body else, and get less for it. They have more sacrifices to make, meet with more trials and temptations, and have fewer joys and pleasures than anybody else in the world. They are restless and discontented themselves, and make other people unhappy by their continual bemoanings. And how seldom do we hear rejoicing over the success and happiness that are theirs. Every one has something to be thankful for, and he is acting the part of an ingrate who fails to express his gratitude to Him who has so often blessed him. We love to hear men rejoice over the goodness of the Lord toward them. It is a benediction to be in their presence. They are always contented, happy, and successful themselves; and they make life brighter and fuller and better for those with whom they come in contact.—Christian Sun.

Education of Children in Finland.

Consul Smith, of Moscow, on March 24, 1880, in writing to the State Department at Washington, says:

About 38 per cent of the population in Finland can read and write. There are 1,400 schools, supported in part by the Government; 21 of these are intermediate schools. Each of the 400 districts has an inspector besides a board of directors. Children commence school at the age of 10, from 7 to 10 they receive instruction at home from the parish priest. Coeducation has been most successful in these schools. In Finland, women share in all industries, and are especially capable as teachers. Both men and women teachers receive careful instruction and preparation. They are treated with the greatest deference, nor are their duties confined to the schoolroom; they exercise a supervision over the selection of books for home reading, and during the summer vacations they accompany the children on excursions, giving them lessons from nature.

The greater includes the less. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, and may be depended upon to cure boils and pimples.

## From FACTORY TO CONSUMER.

**\$1.39** buys this (exact) Rattan Rocker, the largest size ever made; per dozen, \$14.99. Write for it. If you wish samples containing Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Lamps, Pictures, Mirrors, Bedding, etc., etc., it is yours for the asking. Special supplements just issued are also free. Write to-day.

CARPET CATALOGUE in lithographed colors is also mailed free. Write for it. If you wish samples send 5c. stamp. Matting samples also mailed free. This month and freight paid on 99 purchases and over.

**\$7.45** buys a made-to-your-measure All-Wool Cheviot Suit, expressage prepaid to your station. Write for free catalogue and samples. Address (exactly as below), JULIUS HINES & SON, Dept. 909, BALTIMORE, MD.

## Now Arriving.

Stock of Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes &c., as well as a general assortment of goods to suit town or country trade. My stock of Clothing is of the latest styles and lowest prices—to fit the person or pocket of all. Ladies Dress Goods at prices to meet all competition. When in Rich Square don't fail to call and examine my stock even if you do not want to purchase.

H. J. RUBIN, Manager

## Closing Out.

We are closing out several thousand dollars worth of goods at and below cost. These goods must be sold in the next 60 days.

Spring calico, 3, 34c, yard wide, percales 6c, yard wide, drapery 5c, men's wide brim straw hats 5c, boys straw hats 6c, unbleached cloth 3, 4c, white dress goods 3, 4, 5c, lace curtains 11 X 34 yards 75c, ladies fine worsted skirts \$1.25, 1425 yards dress goods 3, 4, 6c, 75 pairs men's Sunday shoes 98c, men's pants 45, 50, 75c, 36 styles dress linings 34, 4, 5c, window shades on spring rollers 124, 15, 20c, 150 pairs ladies Oxfords and Newport ties 35, 45, 60c, drug gets 5 yards \$1.50, 78 yards 23c, to \$1.25, heavy overalls 38c, ladies shirt waist 20, 30c, large line late style sailors and dressed hats for ladies and children; croquette sets 60, 85, 98c, men's shirts 13c, men's laundered shirts 23, 28.

We have a large stock of China and Japanese cotton and linen warp matting; we bought these mattings before the rise, we are selling out fast, prices on these mattings just two thirds the price as the same style was last year, only 72 rolls left 8, 10, 12c.

Remember we prepay freight on all goods bought at one time amount to \$5.00 and over.

SPIERS & DAVIS, PROP. N. Y. Racket Store Weldon, N. C.

## GROVES



MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS. TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50c. GALATIA, ILL., NOV. 16, 1892. Groves' Tasteless Chill Tonic is sold by all druggists and guaranteed by all dealers to cure chills and fever and all forms of malaria. Educate Your Bowels With Cascarella's Candy Cathartic. Cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. It Cures C. fast, cures, druggists refund money.