MESSENGER • INTELLIGENCER.

WADESBORO, N. C., MAY 1st, 1890.

JAS. G. BOYLIN, Publisher.

Charleston is shipping 30,000 quarts of strawberries per day to Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New York and Boston.

Receipts of the Egyptian cotton at Cairo Egypt, this year, exceed those of 1889, by nearly 500,000 cantacs, (twenty-two and a half million pounds.)

It is said that the Syracuse lawyer who is to marry Miss Winnie Davis, although the grandson of a red-hot old abolitionist, is himself a State's rights Democrat.

A corn starch trust has been formed. Nineteen factories are in it. The capital is fixed at $10,000,000. Dividends will be regulated by the tariff limit of 2 cents a pound on imported starch. There is no change made in the tariff on starch in the McKinley bill.

A few lucky persons have heard the phonograph perform in a way that would astonish the general public. The Gladstone cylinder is exhibited only on rare occasions and to distinguished guests. It is already an extremely valuable record, and at Gladstone's death it will probably be worth one thousand dollars.

Thursday night a party of young people met with a shocking accident near Lima, Ohio. Their horses became frightened and ran into a stone wall, killing both horses dashing the occupants against the stone abuttment of a bridge. Minnie and Gertie Pierce were instantly killed, and Ella Hawkins and Cliff Church were probably fatally injured.

The Southern Educational Exposition, to be held at Morehead City, N. C. in connection with the Teachers' Assembly, this summer, promises to be a great success. Nearly all the available space in the Assembly building has been engaged for exhibits by prominent manufacturers, publishers and schools. The art exhibits from some of the seminaries and colleges of the State will be unusually interesting.

A gentleman who has just returned from South Africa says that it is one of the best countries in the world for profitable real estate investments "South Africa," he says, "already has beautiful and thriving towns, and it is destined to be the seat of a great and progressive English speaking race. When I was there some years ago I was surprised at the extensive improvements, at the energy of the people, and the natural resources of the land. It is the place of places to put away a few thousand dollars to let them grow."

The Republican Dilemma.

Ex-Speaker Carlisle in the May Forum.

The Republican Party came into power burdened with obligations which it finds itself unable to discharge, and the most difficult problem it now has to solve, is how to reward its friends and pay even a small part of its political debts without ruining the country. When out of power it promised everything to everybody: but there is not money enough to go around, and as no one is willing to be left out of the distribution or even to reduce his claim, the situation has become quite serious. It has promised the tax payers that it would reduce taxation, and it has promised the soldiers and the subsidy hunters that it would increase the expenditures. It cannot do both, and it dare not refuse to do either. It has promised the friends of silver that it would help them to remove the restrictions now imposed by law upon the coinage of that metal, and it has promised the advocates of the gold standard that it would do nothing to depreciate the value or interfere with the stability of our currency. In a vain effort to keep both of these pledges, it proposes to convert the Treasury Department into a warehouse for the storage of silver bullion, and to issue receipts to be used as money. This is the only new financial policy it has so far developed, but its resources are not yet exhausted, and if the demands of the discontented become sufficiently strong, we may have paper promises to pay issued upon deposits of wheat and corn, or upon farm mortgages. It will be difficult to satisfy the plundered and impoverished farmer that his claim upon the bounty of the government is not as just as the claims of the prosperous owner of silver mines or the wealthy owner of ships.

Divorced From a Dead Husband.

Courier Journal.

The rare ceremony of divorcing a woman from her dead husband, according to the requirements of the old Mosaic law, took place recently in the B'Nai Jakob Synagogue. The woman was Mrs J Levin, whose husband was killed by tramp last summer. She had no children, and the old laws of the orthodox Jews is that in such a case the dead man's eldest brother is to marry the widow and raise up children in the name of the deceased. Mrs Levin, however, did not desire to marry Moses Levin, her husband's brother, nor he her. Accordingly she must be divorced from her dead mate. The ceremony can only be performed by two orthodox Jewish rabbis acting in conjunction. As these could not be found in Louisville they were imported from Chicago for the occasion. An admission fee of twenty five cents was charged, [illegible] quite a number of persons wit[illegible] [illegible] ceremony.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

Detailed Reports of the Several Great Crevasses.

NEW ORLEANS, April 26.—The Times Democrat's Bayou Sara special says: Yesterday morning an early start was made from the crevasses up the river. The day was a beautiful one, and the trip, though somewhat arduous at times, has been much less so than was expected, and the trip has been far from an unpleasant one. While there are no less than ten crevasses in the Point Coupee levee front, there are two that so completely overshadow the others in magnitude and importance, that the other eight seem hardly worth mentioning, though each, when seen by itself, makes a very striking picture. Starting from Bayou Sara the first crevasse on the opposite side of the river is about a mile below town, on the Taylor place. It broke early Monday morning. It is a very moderate sized levee and the break is some two hundred feet wide. The next is a smaller break in the Taylor place, about half a mile up the river. About four hundred yards further up the river is another break on the Pecan place; then comes a long stretch of unbroken levees, but about six miles further up the river is the Fanny Riche crevasse, which is of a more formidable character than those below it. Here the volume of water is some six feet deep, and over four hundred feet wide. The current is very swift, and sends a roaring, ragged looking cataract through the bridge and tearing through a grove of pecans and live oaks that stand just behind the levee. The back water spreads out in a vast lake that touches the swamps and meets the Atchafalaya overflow. There are many houses and cabins standing in the path of the flood, but as yet few, if any, have been washed away. How far the water from this break has been instrumental in flooding the country, it is impossible to determine, for it is assumed that even had the lower levee been held, the water from the upper break would have been here by this time, and the flooding of these plantations has only been a question of a few days at the furthest. As it is the whole river from a point below Taylor's to the old river, if not now under water, will be so soon.

A great deal of stock has been taken out, but much more must be removed or lost in a very short time.

About three miles up the river from the Fanny Rich crevasse comes a small break on the Stonewall place. The crevasse is about six or seven feet deep and 150 feet wide. Morganza proper is about five miles still further up the river, but it was not Morganza break that caused the panic when Mr. Glynne telegraphed that Morganza had gone. That break was in what is known as the New Texas landing levee system, and is a very formidable one, but about half a mile further up the river than what is now the great crevasse of Point Coupee front. The crevasse at this new Morganza is about 15,300 feet wide, carrying inland over 150,000 cubic feet of water per second. This upper break, which was first of the big ones, is about 700 feet wide, and fourteen feet deep. This break is right in the path of the great Morganza crevasse, that has now become a feature of the State history, and the batture between it and the bank of the river distinctly shows the path of the destructive flood at that time.

NEW ORLEANS, April 29.—The Times-Democrat's Bayou Sara special, referring to the great Morganza crevasse, says: Here the water of the river is only about a foot or less below the crown of the levee, which at the break was twenty-six feet high with a base of over two hundred feet. The break is now some fifteen hundred feet wide, and is caving off at the lower end at the rate of three hundred feet in twenty four hours. Capt. Kingman estimated the discharge through this crevasse at over 150,000 cubic feet per second, and as his calculation was based on a breach a little over twelve hundred feet wide, it can readily be understood how rapidly the discharge is increasing. The average cost of this levee was $10 per running foot, so that at the present rate the lower end is wasting away at the rate of $3,000 per day.

Every effort will be used to protect what remains of Morganza with as little delay as possible.

Six Million Dollar Items.

State Chronicle.

An exchange announces that Gen. Russell A. Alger, the millionaire, ex-Governor of Michigan, is negotiating in Burke and other counties in Western North Carolina for large bodies of timber lands.

Mr. Geo. Vanderbilt is spending four million dollars on his recently acquired estate in Buncombe.

John Inman and other parties are contemplating the erection of two half million dollar hotels in Asheville.

The North Carolina Steel and Iron Company, at Greensboro, will at an early day consummate its plans and begin active operations on a paid in capital of half a million dollars.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison is bonding several hundred thousand dollars' worth of mineral land in Rowan, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg counties, with a view of beginning active mining operations at an early day with millions of money to back him.

The large granite quarries near Salisbury are going into the hands of men of capital and vim and are going to be developed and worked extensively.

These and hundred other investments of like character show what is going on in Old Rip Van Winkle. Stop your grumbling and join the new army of progress.

MILLIONS OF METHODISTS.

Quadrennial Conference of the Southern Branch of the Great Wesleyan Church.

New York Herald.

ST. LOUIS, April 27, 1890.—One of the greatest religious bodies in the world will meet in this city May 10. The General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South meets quadrennially. Such has been the growth of the Chuch during the past decade that it now stands second among the great Protestant religious assemblies of the world. The General Conference of the Methodist Church alone excels it in the number of communicants represented and the value of property owned by Protestant Church authorities. The Methodists in this country, white and black, and of all kinds, number more than five millons (actual communicants). The Methodist Episcopal Church has nearly three million and the Methodist Episcopal Church South has about one million eight hundred thousand.

Prior to 1844 there was no division among the American Methodists. One General Conference represented the whole Church. At the quadrennial session of the Conference in New York in May, 1844, a division occurred, caused by the slavery agitation, ending in the withdrawal of all the delegates from the slave holding States and Territories. After a very animated and long protracted debate the final separation was arranged, and the Methodists of the Southern States were no longer under the same jurisdiction as those of the North and East. The seceding delegates called a convention at Louisville, which was held in May, 1845, which permanently organized the "Methodist Episcopal Church in the South," adopted a book of discipline similar to that of the old General Conference and containing exactly the same doctrinal teachings and the same forms and ceremonies; in fact, no other difference than that of jurisdiction then existed between the two branches of Methodism.

TO KILL MOSQUITOES.

A Way That is Recommended by an Electrician.

New York Sun.

Not long ago a philanthropic naturalist proposed the establishment of a dragon fly farm where the insect could be propagated for the purpose of eating up the mosquitoes. The dragon fly theory, however, has not justified the sanguine hopes with which it was put forward, and a correspondent comes to the front with another proposition. "It seems to me," he says, "that the best way to rid cities of mosquitoes is to use the electric light." He states that when the arc lamps were first introduced into New Orleans the entire insect population of the neighboring swamps flocked to the city. The region beyond the radius of the lamps was clear of the nocturnal tormentors, while the sidewalks and roads around each light were strewn every morning with dead and dying. He proposes to reverse this operation and, by hanging enormous clusters of electric lights beyond the outskirts of the city, lure thereto the whole of the neighboring insect population. To the ingenuity of this gentleman is allied as commendable, if somewhat sanguine, commercial instinct, for he adds: "Arrangements might be made for collecting these after they had committed suicide, as they all do, by flying at the lamps, and it is probable that they could be sold as fertilizers for a sum large enough to pay the cost of maintaining the lights."

Iowa's Prohibition Law Unconstitutional.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 28.—The United States Supreme Court today rendered an opinion adverse to the constitutionality of State laws in prohibition States providing for the seizure of liquor brought from other states. Such laws, it is held, are interferences with inter-state commerce.

The case in which the decision was made was that of Leisy against Hardin, brought there on appeal from the Supreme Court of Iowa. Leisy, a beer manufacturer, of Peoria, Ills., shipped beer to KeoKuk, Iowa, which was seized in the original package by Hardin, a state official, as having been sent there in violation of the Iowa law.

The Supreme Court of Iowa held that the law under which this official acted, was valid; but the Supreme Court today reversed the decision.

Justices Harlan and Brewer dissented from the opinion of the majority of the court.

Will go to Africa.

Durham Globe.

James Trice, a young Christian colored man, the well known singer of the White Rock church choir, has fully made up his mind to spend the remainder of his days in the "Dark Continent." He thinks that he can do much good there, and says that he believes that it is God's will for him to go. He will wait on both his white and colored friends and solicit their aid in raising the necessary funds to enable him to go. He hopes to sail from New York on the 10th of May with a party of five others.

A Wife Murders Her Husband in Open Court in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 30th.—Jack Ackerman, brought up in this city, and known as a thief, burglar, and highwayman, was arrested yesterday for wife beating. When his case was called in the police court, this morning the wife, who is a prostitute, appeared as a witness, and, without any words, she fired three shots from a pistol concealed under her cloak, all taking effect. Ackerman died one hour after the shooting.

Deep Creek Items.

Cotton is coming up nicely.

The small grain crop will be a failure this year, if we do not get rain soon.

Gardens are somewhat late, though some have transplanted their collard and cabbage plants.

Mr. J. A. Carpenter had the misfortune to lose his milch cow last week. He had her tied and she fell in a stream and was drowned.

Mrs. J. T. Gaddy was visiting friends and relatives in Morven and in Chesterfield county last week.

Miss Lydia Gaddy is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. T. Brasington, of Chesterfield county, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Henry from near your town, were visiting relatives in this community last Saturday and Sunday.

Several men of this community are attending court this week.

Whale, the best way to stop moles is to catch them and kill them.

The S. S. at Union, which was organized the first Sunday in this month with 35 scholars, now has 76 scholars. We hope this good work will go on.

Mr. Thomas Jarman is on the sick list this week.

The Deep Creek Alliance is on a regular boom. Members are initiated nearly every meeting. It has gotten so it can stand on its feet. We want to see every farmer put his shoulder to the driving wheel and push.

Jinks, Union Alliance meets the second and fourth Saturday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m. TYRO.

Goodman Items.

Farmers are about through planting in this section.

Capt. R. B. Gaddy, of Polkton, will deliver a Sunday School address at Rocky Mt. church the second Sunday in May, at ten o'clock a. m.

Jack Simpson was bitten by a pachydermata animal or by the essence of maize, one, last Sunday, and it affected him so that he went out to his barn and harnessed up Logan to his wagon, put on his wagon bed without a single standard in his wagon and drove down to Mr. F. M. Edwards', and desired to carry Mr. E. to Wadesboro that evening. He drove over a good portion of Mr. E.'s plantation and thought all the time he was in the road. His friends hope he will recover soon.

Sandy and Press have been thinking for some time that they were their own men, so last week they concluded that they would run away and go to Matthews and cut big Ike, but Press could not secure his Sunday suit without his father suspicioning that they were going to leave, so Sandy, who is a very sharp lad, soon thought of a plan by which he might secure them. Sandy said to Press: "You know I have been sparking Miss Dosia for some time, and it has already been reported that we are going to jump the broom pretty soon, so I will tell your pap that I am going to marry and want you to go with me and by telling him that he will let you go; then I will come by with my trunk, and while you are putting on your Sunday suit, I'll put your other things in my trunk and your pap will not know it." They tried their plan and Press secured his clothes and the dudes put off for Matthews. The old man has been expecting Press home from the wedding every day since and stands in his door and calls Pressly with all his might.

E. S.

The Hardest Headed Darkey Yet.

Wilmington Messenger.

The hardest headed darkey yet found is "Big Six," a noted pugilist at Birmingham, Ala. He has just won $5 by butting an ox to death. An account says:

"The ox was three years old and well grown. When their heads came together the noise could be heard a block away. Four times in rapid succession the colored giant's head struck the ox squarely in the forehead with terrific force. Then the animal began to reel and stagger, and, gathering himself for a final plunge, 'Big Six' drew back a full arm's length and ran his head against that of the ox with the force of a battering-ram. The animal fell to the ground, and in five minutes was dead.

"There was a small lump on 'Big Six's' head, but he said that he felt no pain whatever. 'Big Six' is about five feet ten inches high, and weighs 240 pounds."

The Forum for May.

The May number of The Forum contains "Republican Promise and Performance," by ex-Speaker Carlisle, who writes a reply to Senator Dawes's review of the present administration; "Canada through English Eyes," by Prof. Goldwin Smith, which is a criticism of a portion of Sir Charles Dilke's book on "Probems of Greater Britain;" "The Sufficiency of the New Amendments," by Gen. Roger A. Pryor, which is an answer to Judge Tourgee's argument that the Negro might be disfranchised in spite of the post-bellum amendments to the constitution; "Literary Criticism," by Archdeacon F. W. Farrar, a review of notable mistakes that have been made by critics about great pieces of literature; "The Coinage of Silver," by Frederick A. Sawyer, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who argues for a single gold standard; "Bible Instruction in Colleges" by the Rev. Benjamin W. Bacon, a statement of the scientific method of studying religious literature as it has recently been begun at Yale; "Jury Verdicts by Majority Vote," by Sigmund Zeisler, of the Chicago bar, an argument to show the desirability of a majority instead of a unanimous vote by juries; "The Naval Battle of the Future," by Lieut. Bradley A. Fiske of the United States Navy, who pictures the nature of a conflict between war ships that have all the modern equipments; "Woman's Intuition," by Grant Allen, a study of the peculiar qualities of the mind of woman as distinguished from the mind of men; "Government by Rum sellers," by the Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, who shows the controlling power in politics, especially in New York City, and points out the remedy; "When the Farmer will be Prosperous," by C. Wood Davis, a calculation to show that the home consumption of food products will soon catch up with the utmost production of the country. The May Forum is now at all news-stands. [THE FORUM PUBLISHING COMPANY, 253 Fifth Ave., N. Y. 50c. a copy; $5.00 a year.

The heaviest hail storm on record passed over Baltimore on Sunday afternoon; some of the stones measured more than two inches in diameter and weighed more than four ounces; great damage was done, and it is probable that a number of people were injured.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Rocky River Springs

—FOR—

Sale or Rent.

—O—

The celebrated Springs, located in Stanly county, will either be sold or rented on liberal terms. For further information address

J. C. FOREMAN, or
T. A. COBLE,
Silver, N. C.

STATE NEWS.

Thus far only $2,000 has been collected for the Soldiers' Home.

S. Younts, a wealthy and aged merchant and a prominent citizen of Pineville, Mecklenburg county, N. C. died on Sunday.

A contract has been awarded for the construction of a large tobacco warehouse for the Farmers' Alliance at Oxford.

Fayetteville has put $125,000 in small manufactories during the past few months. That is the way to build up a town—Encourage the smaller enterprises.

Raleigh Visitor: Representative Cheatham, of North Carolina, the solitary member of his race in this Congress, will soon appoint a negro cadet to Annapolis. He will be the second negro ever at the naval school if he gets in.

The congregation of the Baptist Tabernacle Church enjoyed the sermon of Rev H W Battle, Pastor of the Baptist Church in New Berne, last night. He ranks among the ablest divines of the State. He leaves for him home today, having been in the city, attending the session of the Board of Trustees of the Baptist Female College, he being a member of said Board.—Raleigh Visitor.

A triple tragedy occurred in Mitchell county, about a mile from Elk Park, Saturday. The fight occurred in a country bar room. The Elk Park Post reports that Ham Oaks was shot through the liver and right arm and lived two days. Dave Oaks was shot through the groin, and Will Bass was stabbed nearly through with a dirk; it entered on the right side about the fourth rib and the flesh has turned purple on his back in a line with the wound. The pistol used was a 44 British bulldog which was in the hands of Will Bass. No one seemed to know who cut Bass. Ham Oaks is dead, and but little hope is enterianed as to the recovery of Bass. Dave Oaks has a serious risk to run, of course, but he may survive.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

NEW YORK

RACKET :: STORE,

WADESBORO, N. C.

We are too busy to write an advertisement this week.

New goods coming in every day. Come and see us, our prices will astonish you.

Do you wear Pants? Well, we've got the goods to make 'em. Do you use a Fan? We've just received a beautiful lot,--all kinds and prices from 1c. up.

Yours truly,

New York Racket Store,

WADESBORO, N. C.

New York Office 549, 551, 553 Broadway.

Central Hotel For Rent

—O—

The Central Hotel, situated in Wadesboro is for rent. Will rent to a good hotel man for a term of years on reasonable terms. Come early, as I am going to rent by September 1st, 1890.

D. L. PARKER, Proprietor.

STANLEY'S

Rescue of Emin.

Agents Wanted. Send your own, and address of all book agents you know and we will send you a copy Free. FRANKLIN NEWS CO., 720 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Sale .-' of .-' Land

—FOR—

TAXES.

—O—

I will sell for taxes at the Court House in Wadesborough, on the

5th day of May, 1890,

it being the first Monday in May, all the lands in Anson county on which the Taxes for the year 1889 are due and unpaid. The following is a list of the lands to be sold at said sale and the amount of taxes due thereon together with the persons who are owners of said lands, and the descriptions of the same as they appear on the Tax books in my hands.

In addition to the taxes on these lands and lots I will, in selling them, sell for and collect out of these lands and lots the taxes on personal property due and owing by the persons by whom and in whose name these lands and lots are listed for taxes, and I now select and designate these lands and lots for sale and charge against them the taxes on the personal property.

MORVEN TOWNSHIP.

S C Cox. 48 acres, Shady Grove, 96c.
Harry Flowers (Bittle), 133 acres, Old Morven, 6.40.
Henry Johnson, 1 town lot, 2.67.
S C Liles, 530 acres, balance, 8.73.
Alex Lindsay, 115 acres, 4.76.
Thos J Liles, 100 acres, 1.33.
S A Liles, 8 3 4 acres, 2 23.
H D Parker, 50 acres, 3.27.
Jas Ratliff est., 419 acres, Jones Creek, 9.13.
Bradley Robinson, 21 acres, 2.27.
Mrs C B Teal, 234 acres, 2 34.
Mrs. Susan Wallace, 65 acres, 1.52.

GULLEDGES TOWNSHIP.

Gilliam Baucom, (heirs), 41 acres, 82c
Malcom Campbell, 78 acres, 1.00.
P A Sellers, 17 acres, Bethel, 3.00.
Ben Teal, Sr., 239 acres, 4.40.

WHITE'S STORE TOWNSHIP.

Sherwood Rushing, 303 acres, 6.00.

BURNSVILLE TOWNSHIP.

W J Caudle, 39 acres, 53c.
C D Cox, 100 acres, 2 71.
Mahala Dunn, 125 acres, 2.00.
Handy Griffin, 45 acres, 1 07.
Charley Griffin, (heirs), 303 acres, balance, 2 50.
Louisa Horneback 250 acres, 3.64.
W H Helms, 71 acres, 94.
B F Pritchard, 485 acres, 9 45.
J A Phifer, 121 acres, 4.83.
J W Thomas, 404 1-2 acres, 9.83.
Jacob A Thomas, 134 acres, 4.89.
T E Winfield, 150 acres, 4.67.
J M Wright, 100 acres, 1.66.

LANESBORO TOWNSHIP.

Jno Bivens est., by W L White, 150 acres, 3.33.
Jessie F Caudle, 100 acres, 2.00.
Geo T Caudle, 82 acres, 3 77.
C M Curlee, 170 acres, 6.08.
W T Dabbs, 70 acres, 2 37.
J F Griffin, 150 acres, 3 00.
W T Horne, 422 acres, 9.71.
W E Horne, 20 acres, 2 54.
David H Hildreth, 111 acres, 2.06.
W D Mask, 171 acres, 6.99.
Armstead Maness, 75 acres, 3.19
Mrs Mary Pemberton, 98 acres, 2.00.
Willis Rushing, 17 acres, 3 50.

LILESVILLE TOWNSHIP.

Wash Diggs, 21 acres, 42c.
E F. Henry, 75 acres, 1 67.
W B Ingram, 40 acres, 2 03.
Mrs W S Knotts, 272 acres, 9.06.
Mrs A E Parker, 23 acres, 1 00.
Mrs C N Smith, 346 acres, 9 33.
J H Sanders, 15 acres, 2 69.
Martin Shepherd, 11 acres, 2.50.
Mrs Eliza Wall, 400 acres, 10.67.

ANSONVILLE TOWNSHIP.

James M Allen, 11 acres, 2 town lots, 10.00.
J A Avitt, 30 acres, 67c.
Jos A Crump, 675 acres, 20.36.
Mrs Sallie George, 190 acres, 3.13.
Prince Henry, 18 acres, 3.33.
L S McLendon, 316 acres, 4.00.
Jeff D Porter, 54 acres, 3.06.
G W Smith, 65 acres, 3.20.
Mrs E K Sibley, 400 acres, 5.33.
Joe Threadgill, 27 acres, 77c.
I H Waddell, 178 acres, 7.23.
William Watkins, 124 acres, 1.71.

WADESBORO TOWNSHIP.

J A Avitt, 421 acres, 11.49.
Thos Allen, one town lot, 2.67.
Chas Allen, one town lot, 17c.
H L Beverly, 52 acres, 3.33.
R E Buchanan, 383 acres, 9.22.
W A Braswell, 1 town lot, 2.94.
Henry Bailey, 83 acres, 5.67.
W M Billingsley, 45 acres, 3.80.
W M Billingsley, agent, 24 acres, 1.64.
J C Birmingham, 30 acres, 60c.
Jno Cash, 1 town lot, 2.33.
Jno Chavis, 1 town lot, 3.73.
Henry Chavis, 1 town lot, 2.57.
Dr T F Costner, 7 acres near Wadesboro, 23c
R A Carter, 20 acres, near Depot, 1.33.
Mrs C Douglas, 60 acres, 1.82.
O D Davis, 29 acres, 58c.
Allen Edwards, 1 lot near C C R R, 2.20.
W F Garris, 185 acres, 1 lot near Depot, 8.09.
Mrs. Elizabeth Horne 300 acres, 6.00.
Sandy Ingram, 1 town lot, 3.77.
H M Ingram, 120 acres, 2.72.
W S Ingram, 1 town lot, 3.33.
W H Knight, 40 acres, 1 town lot, 2.93.
Frank Kendall, 18 acres, Salisbury road, 3.73.
Ed Little, 1 town lot, 2.80.
S H McLendon, 22 acres, 67c.
Pem Ramsey, 1 town lot, 2.50.
J H Rhyne, 93 acres, 1 town lot, 7.08.
J L Sinclair 4 acres, 3.67.
Thos Streater, 1 town lot, 3.69.
Hettie Simons, 206 acres, 5.85.
Ida Sturdivant, 1 town lot, 33c.
Mrs Samalia Seago, 3 acres near Wadesboro, 14c.
J W Taylor, 83 acres on White's Store road, 4.36.
Chas Tillman, 14 acres, 74c.
L L Treadaway est, 4¾ acres near Depot, 2.00
Richard Talton, 112 acres, balance, 2.13.
Mrs V B Threadgill's est., 1 town lot, 66.
Henry Waddell, 1 town lot, 2.67.
Dick Winfield, 1 town lot, 33c.
Monroe Willoughby, 1 town lot, 2.35.
James Whishnant, 1 town lot, 83c.

The sum of twenty cents will be added to the taxes and collected on each piece of land sold as above advertised, and the sum of ten cents to the taxes on each town lot to defray the expenses of advertising the same.

JOWN W. McGREGOR,
Sheriff Anson County.

April 3rd, 1890.

Notice.

I have this day qualified as executor of the will Lucy S. Keeler, late of the County of Anson, State of North Carolina, and hereby notify all pertons having claims against the estate of said testatrix to exhibit the same to me on or before the 25th day of April A. D. 1891, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must pay promptly.

L. L. DUNTON,
Ex'r of Lucy S. Keeler, dec'd.

April 22nd, 1890.

NORTH CAROLINA,
Anson County—Superior Court,
Before the Clerk.

Edmund D. Gaddy, Administrator, D. B. N. C. T. A. of Thos. J. Gaddy, and Administrator of Elizabeth G. Gaddy, deceased, plaintiff,

vs.

Joel T. Gaddy and others, defendants.

PETITION FOR FINAL SETTLEMENT AND DISCHARGE.

The non-resident denfendants, Stephen H. Gaddy, Ellis D. Gaddy, Charles C. Gaddy, Ann Redfearn and her husband, Joseph Redfearn, Ellen McGregor, and her husband, William T. McGregor, are hereby notified and commanded to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for Anson County, at the Court House in Wadesborough, on the 29th day of May, 1890, and plead by answer or demurer to the Petition of the plaintiff now on file in this office, or judgment will be rendered according to the prayer of said Petition, the same praying for final settlement of the estates of Thos. J. Gaddy and Elizabeth G. Gaddy. Done at office in Wadesboro this, the 14th day of April, 1890.

JOHN C. McLAUCHLIN,
Clerk of Superior Court.

NOW IS YOUR TIME.

There is nothing to prevent you from a call on us. We are all fixed up for the company of customers with a

FIRST - CLASS LINE OF GOODS

in various styles, kinds and qualities. We have plenty room and take great delight in waiting on our customers. If you want

A Huge Bargain

now is the time, and OURS is the STORE. We will give you the lowest possible prices ever made on a square deal for **CASH.**

Will call your attention to our all wool CASHMER 36 inches wide ta 35 cents per yard.

Remember we carry a full line of Shoes and Hats. Don't fail to give us a call.

Very Respectfully,

TURLINGTON, WOODALL & GUY.

See These

Prices

AND COME TO THE OLD

Racket Store.

FOR

BargainS

I have recently bought a large stock at less than COST and am giving my customers the benefit of it. I am offering special inducements in Shoes. I enumerate a few prices below of different articles:

Pins 1 cent a paper.
Needles 1 cent a paper—the best made.
3 lead pencils 1 cent.
1 lead pencil, rubber tip, 1 cent.
7 slate pencils 1 cent.
Button-hole twist, silk thread, 1 cent spool.
200 yard spool thread 2 cents,
Coats, Merrick's or Kere's thread 4 cents a spool.
4 half pint tin cups 5 cents.
3 pint tin cups 5 cents.
The best table Oil Cloth 18 cents per yard.
1500 pairs of Shoes from 50 cents per pair up.

Ladies and Gents Straw Hats, spring styles, at low figures.

Dress Goods, Notions, Glassware, and all other goods at less than usual price.

Come before they are all gone.

I. H. HORTON.

Old Racket Store on Rutherford St.