The Messenger and Intelligencer.

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CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

RHEUMATISM

Bone or Back Pains, Swollen Joints
CURED
THROUGH THE BLOOD
By Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.)

TO PROVE IT, B.B.B. SENT FREE. We want every reader of this paper who has rheumatism to send us his or her name. We will send them by return mail a sample of Botanic Blood Balm, the wonderful Blood Remedy which has cured, to stay cured, more old deep-seated, obstinate cases of rheumatism than all other remedies, doctors, hot springs or liniments combined. Botanic Blood Balm kills the uric acid poison in the blood, in its place giving pure red, nourishing blood, sending a rich, tingling flood of warm blood direct to the paralyzed nerves, bones and joints; giving warmth and strength just where it is needed, and in this way making a perfect cure. B. B. B. has cured hundreds of cases where the sufferer has been doubled up for years, or where the joints had been swollen so long they were almost brittle and perfectly rigid and stiff, yet B.B.B unlimbered the joints, straightened out the bent back and made a perfect, lasting cure after all other remedies had failed.

Leading Symptoms.

Bone pains, sciatica, or shooting pains up and down the leg, aching back or shoulder blades, swollen joints or swollen muscles, difficulty in moving around so you have to use crutches; blood thin or skin pale; skin itches and burns; shifting pains; bad taste in mouth or disagreeable odor of the urine are some of the leading symptoms. For this trouble there is no better medicine than B. B. B. It stimulates all the modes of the Kidneys into action, opens up every channel resulting in healthy natural flow of urine, the passing off of the uric acid and all other diseased matter and a lasting cure made. B.B.B. makes the kidneys and bladder strong and healthy.

OUR GUARANTEE.—Take a large bottle of Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) as directed on label, and when the right quantity is taken a cure is certain, sure and lasting. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument.

Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) is a pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens Weak Kidneys and Stomachs, cures Dyspepsia. Sold by all Druggists, $1. Per Large Bottle with complete direction for home cure. Sample Bottle Free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble, and special free medical advice, to suit your case, will be sent in sealed letter.

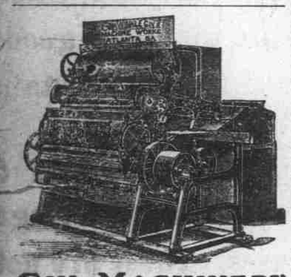
FREY'S VERMIFUGE

is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 60 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. If your child is sick get a bottle of

FREY'S VERMIFUGE
A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN

Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to

E. & S. FREY
Baltimore, Md.
and a bottle will be mailed you.



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Please mention this paper.

DeWITT'S WITCH HAZEL SALVE
THE ORIGINAL.

A Well Known Cure for Piles.

Cures obstinate sores, chapped hands, eczema, skin diseases. Makes burns and scalds painless. We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. The best salve that experience can produce or that money can buy.

Cures Piles Permanently

DeWitt's is the original and only pure and genuine Witch Hazel Salve made. Look for the name DeWITT on every box. All others are counterfeit. PREPARED BY
E. C. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.
FOR SALE BY
THE PARSONS DRUG COMPANY

W. F. GRAY, D. D. S.,
(Office in Smith & Lanier Building.
Wadesboro, North Carolina.
ALL OPERATIONS WARRANTED

J. M. Boyette, M.D. D.D.S.
Has moved his Dental Offices on Green street, four doors below Newson's Bazaar.
Phone 76. : : : : Wadesboro, N. C.

James A. Lockhart. James A. Lockhart, Jr
James A. Lockhart & Son,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law
WADESBORO, N. C.
All business will have prompt attention.

BRITISH STEAMER DETAINED

Stopped by the St. Petersburg in the Red Sea, but Released After Four Hours—Another Vessel Seized.

London, July 18.—A dispatch from Aden to The Daily Mail says that the captain of the British steamer Waipara reports that the Russian volunteer steamer St. Petersburg signaled him to stop by firing across the bows of his vessel on July 15, while 20 miles off Jebelzugur, in the Red Sea.

The Russians examined the papers of the Waipara and declared that they would hold the ship as a prize.

The captain protested, and was taken on board the St. Petersburg, where he gave the Russian officers a guarantee that there was neither arms nor ammunition on board the Waipara destined for Japan. The vessel was detained for four hours, and was then allowed to proceed.

The captain confirms the report that the company's steamer Malacca was seized in the Red Sea July 16 by the St. Petersburg, on the ground that she carried arms and munitions of war for the Japanese government.

London and Berlin Irritated.

London, July 18.—Almost without exception, the newspapers this morning, in editorials or otherwise, comment on the Russian volunteer fleet steamers passing the Dardanelles, and the government is urged to take action, especially for the protection of British commerce in the Red Sea and neighboring waters. The daily Telegraph, concluding an outspoken protest written with traces of government inspiration, says:

"There is a limit to compliance when neutral commerce under the British flag is molested in a way to which we have been for a century and a half unused."

Special dispatches from Berlin echo the feeling of irritation that exists in London.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Ten Years of Suffering.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs Mattie Burge of Martinsville, Va. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoea for ten years, and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

HAVE YOU A HIGH TEMPER?

Answer Before Reading This.

Some people have worms and often don't know it. The doctor is too polite to tell them. Here are some of the symptoms: A sick feeling in chest, choking cough with tendency to gag, sudden uneasiness and pains in stomach, itching around corners of nose. All these, and more, indicate worms. An irritable temper is one of the surest signs of worms in adults and children. King's Vermifuge is the cure, and it is sure. For very young children give King's Worm Candy, which is pleasant—tastes good. Children like it. The price for each is 25 cents.

Some days ago I sold one of my customers, Mr ——, of this place, a box of Dr. King's Worm Candy. His wife had been in bad health for some time, and he urged her to take some Worm Candy. She, of course, did not not want to take it, but after some very strong argument he finally prevailed. She took four Lozenges according to directions, and passed sixty-three worms. She had been taking medicine from several physicians and they did her no good. He is willing to be qualified that some of the worms were a foot long. He also gave his child some of the Candy and it passed three worms, making in all sixty-six worms from one box of Dr. King's Worm Candy. This testimonial is entirely unsolicited, but I thought it my duty to inform you of the merits of the Worm Candy in this section. Yours truly,
WALTER B. BARKER.
Jonesville, N. C.
Sold by Anson Drug Co., W. L. Richardson, Manager.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Fred J. Coxe,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
WADESBORO, N. C.
Prompt Attention Given to All Legal Business.
Special care taken in the management of estates for Executors, Administrators and Guardians; investigation of titles to real estate; collection of claims; and the drafting of all kinds of legal instruments.
Office: Over Leak & Marshall's Store.

Drink Water—It is the Best Medicine.

Chicago Tribune.

Drink a glass of water when you get out of bed in the morning. Never mind the size of the glass. Let the water be cold if you will. Some people prescribe hot water, but that isn't necessary. You may have washed your face already and relished the experience. You may have taken a cold plunge into the tub and delighted in the shock and its reaction. The brisk use of the tooth brush has left your mouth clean and the breath sweet. But you are dirty still. Drink a glass of cold water and enjoy the sensation of being clean inside. All that is luxurious in the cold bath cleansing the outside is artificial. That which should prompt the glass of water after sleeping is natural. As a test, tell the nine-year-old protestant against his morning scrub of cold water that he may escape it by drinking half a pint of the fluid. He will jump at the opportunity.

Sleep has drawn upon the water in the blood and the instinct of the animal, under natural conditions, is to replenish the circulatory system and distend the blood vessels anew. The food in the stomach which had so much to do toward inducing sleep has disappeared, leaving a mucous substance in the alimentary canals. Yet man would wash his face and leave these half-clogged canals to the duties of another day.

Drink a glass of cold water in the name of cleanliness. It becomes one of the shortest and easiest of toilet duties. It is swallowed in a second and in five minutes it has passed from the stomach, taking with it the clogging secretions of the alimentary tracts. It has left behind the stimulus that goes with cold water, and, by filling the arterial system to the normal, it puts a spur to the circulation that has grown sluggish in the night. It is one of the greatest of awakeners and one of nature's own stimulants.

Drink a glass of water before breakfast, another before dinner and another before supper. Water is the best, cheapest ann pleasantest medicine.

Why Men Die Young.

Health Culture.

It has been said that few men die of old age and that almost all persons die of disappointment, personal, mental or bodily toil, or accident.

The passions kill men sometimes, even suddenly. The common expression, "choked with rage," has little exaggeration in it, for even though not suddenly fatal, strong passions shorten life. Strong bodied men often die young, weak men live longer than the strong, for the strong use their strength and the weak have none to use—the latter take care of themselves, the former do not. As it is with the body so it is with the mind and the temper; the strong are apt to break, or, like the candle, run; the weak burn out. The inferior animals, which lead temperate lives, have generally their prescribed term of years. Thus the horse lives 25 years, the ox 15 or 20, the lion about 20, the hog 10 or 12, the rabbit 8, the guinea pig 6 or 7.

The numbers all bear proportion to the time the animal takes to grow its full size. But man, of all animals, is one that seldom comes up to the average. He ought to live 100 years, according to the physiological law, for five times 20 are 100; but instead of that he scarcely reaches an average of four times the growing period. The reason is obvious—man is not only the most irregular and most intemperate, but the most laborious and hard working of all animals.

He is always the most irritable, and there is reason to believe, though we cannot tell what an animal secretly feels, that more than any other animal man cherishes wrath to keep it warm and consumes himself with the fire of his own reflections.

A Modern Goliath

Chapel Hill Dispatch.

Mr. M. B. Forbes, who attended the University Summer School for teachers, told of a freak at Albemarle Sound. His name is Lewis Lewark, a son of John Lewark, a fisherman. When he was weaned he weighed over 150 pounds, and now at twenty one years of age he weighs over 710 pounds. When he was a pupil of Mr. Forbes his weight was 500 pounds. He exhibits himself on Virginia Beach and other nearby summer resorts, but seldom ventures beyond the bounds of his home. This is due to his fear of accident, or of sudden sickness. As would be thought, he is amazingly strong. His strength is that of six men. When his father desires his big heavy six-horse wagon washed, Lewis pulls it around in the sound till it is well cleansed, then hauls it back under the shed. He sleeps on a specially constructed iron bed and sits on an iron chair, which even a strong man finds difficulty in lifting. Lewis tumbles them around as though they were toy chairs. A number of circus managers have urged him to join their "side shows," but he prefers to spend his life amid the sands on the beach.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not buy it now? It may save life. For sale by all druggists.

Military Discipline Carried Too Far.

Philadelphia Record.

As an illustration of carrying military discipline too far this story is told by Gen. N. A. Miles: "There was a certain colonel who, in the middle of a campaign, was seized with a sudden ardor about hygiene. He ordered that all men change their shirts at once.

"This order was carried out except in the case of one company, where the privates' wardrobes had been pitiably depleted. The captain of this company was informed that none of his men could change their shirts, since they had only one apiece. The colonel hesitated a moment, and said firmly: " 'Orders must be obeyed. Let the men change shirts with each other.' "

When bilious take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by all druggists.

THOMAS JEFFERSON'S BIBLE

On the Point of Publication by the Government—It is Composed of Clippings From the Gospels and Presenting the Sayings of the Saviour.

Washington, July 9.—Thomas Jefferson's Bible, which has existed only in the original manuscript for nearly a century, is on the point of being published by the Government. Nine thousand copies will be issued, as nearly as possible in the likeness of the original volume—3,000 for the United States Senate and 6,000 for members of the House of Representatives. The binding will be of red morocco, in imitation of the author's own book, which was in his handwriting throughout, and the pages will be accurately reproduced by photolithography. In some respects

THE BOOK WILL BE A SURPRISE.

It contains, for one thing, none of those "mocking comments" which the author of the Declaration was said to have interlineated with the sacred text. There is, in fact, only one written comment (apart from the index) and that is merely an editorial note in Latin. The title page and index are in Jefferson's own hand, the former reading as follows:

Life and Morals
of
Jesus of Nazareth
extracted textually
from the Gospels
in
Greek, Latin,
French & English.

The index, on a couple of blank pages at the beginning of the book, is headed: "A Table of the Texts from the Evangelists employed in this narrative, and of the order of their arrangement." It consists of references to different books of the four Gospels, with a brief topical description attached to each. This is followed by two folded maps of Palestine and Asia Minor, evidently cut out of some book, to serve as illustrations, and then come the numbered leaves, on which are pasted clippings from the Scriptures, arranged in the order Mr. Jefferson thought most suitable and effective.

There are eighty odd pages covered by these closely pasted clippings, which are in four languages—Greek, Latin, French and English, the sources of the extracts being indicated on the margin in Jefferson's handwriting. L is used to signify Luke, M for Mark and so on.

THE WORDS OF JESUS.

Jefferson, it will be remembered, was vehemently accused by his enemies of being an atheist. Whatever his views in regard to religion may have been, he certainly believed that Jesus was the greatest moral teacher that ever lived, and it was a pet notion of his to select from the Scriptures the sayings of the Saviour and to put them together in a comprehensive and systematic form. He considered that the Gospels contained much extraneous matter, but that by careful pruning there could be selected sayings which were absolutely the words of Jesus Himself. This idea finally took shape in what came to be known as Jefferson's Bible—a work which he had bound handsomely in red leather, with the title, "Morals of Jesus," printed in gold letters on the back.

The work was

BEGUN AT THE WHITE HOUSE,

when Jefferson was President, but at that time he did not carry it very far. Having discussed with the famous Dr. Priestly the teachings of Jesus as compared with those of Socrates, he wrote to him, saying: "You are the person who, of all others, would do it best and most promptly. You have all the materials at hand." This referred to a suggestion which he had made to the effect that Priestly could take up the task he had commenced.

It was not until the winter of 1816 17 that Jefferson himself finally

CARRIED OUT THE DESIGN,

at Monticello. By this time he had abandoned his original idea, which was to make a book of the life and teachings of the Saviour for the use of the Indians; who would be likely to understand it more easily than the Bible, on account of its greater simplicity, and had decided to compose the volume for his own private entertainment and instruction. He used four languages in order that he might have the texts side by side, convenient for comparison. The maps were for incidental study, showing the places which the Saviour visited.

The first definite statement of

JEFFERSON'S PURPOSE

to prepare such a work is contained in a letter, written a century ago, in which he speaks of having obtained from Philadelphia two Greek and two English Testaments, the same editions, "with a design to cut out the morsels of morality and paste them on the leaves of a book." April 19, 1803, he wrote (to Edward Dowse) that he considered "the moral precepts of Jesus more pure, correct and sublime than those of the ancient philosophers."

April 21, 1803, he

WROTE TO DR. BENJAMIN RUSH

an estimate of the merits of the doctrines of Jesus. It was intended for Dr. Rush's private consideration and was accompanied by a few lines in which the writer said: "In confiding it to you I know it will not be exposed to the malignant preversions of those who make every word from me a text for new misrepresentations and calumnies. I am, moreover, averse to the communication of my religious tenets to the public, because it would countenance the presumption of those who have endeavored to draw them before that tribunal."

In 1895 the precious volume was

SOLD TO THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

by Miss Randolph, a granddaughter of Jefferson. But during the first session of the 57th Congress a bill was passed ordering that the work be printed and that 9,000 copies be issued, for Senators and Representatives. It will have an introduction by Dr. Cyrus Adler, of the Smithsonion Institution, telling the interesting story of its origin and history.

Piles Upon Top of Piles.

Piles upon top of piles of people have the Piles, and DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures them. There are many different kinds of Piles, but if you get the genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve made by E. C. DeWitt & Co., of Chicago, a cure is certain. H. A. Tisdale, of Summerton, S. C., says, "I had piles 20 years and DeWitt's Salve cured me after everything else failed." Sold by Parsons Drug Co.

FLED AT SOUND OF "DIXIE"

War Time Incident Recalled by Veteran Who Would Not Hear the Southern Tune.

Washington Letter to St. Louis Republic.

Brigadier General "Jack" Hayes, retired, was seated with a friend on the lawn in front of his home one evening when a street pianist came along and began his repertory. It was a fair instrument, and the old soldier liked the music so much that he tossed the man a piece of silver. The Italian picked up the money, arranged the side cinch and then "Dixie" filled the block.

General Hayes got up from his chair without a word, walked into his house, through the hall and to the back yard, where he remained until the street pianist had gone down the street and out of the section. Then the General came out on the lawn again and took the chair beside his friend, without saying anything. The friend, however, was curious.

"General," he said, "I never knew before that you were one of those prejudiced people. What was your idea in galloping away when that Dago began to unwind 'Dixie'? What's the matter with 'Dixie'? Why, I've heard it tumultously cheered in theaters in Boston and New York."

"That's all right, too," replied General Hayes, chewing on his cigar. "The persons who cheered 'Dixie' in theaters in Boston and New York never got such a stampeding through 'Dixie' as I did. Prejudice nothing. I'm not prejudiced against or sore on anybody. But I made a bad break once in conceiton with that 'Dixie' air, so that I've never been able to listen to it since without getting up and walking as far away from the sound as I could get.

"I was an aid on the staff of General Kilpatrick when he was tearing up the railroads around Macon. The Johnnies were never far away from us while we were doing that work. They hovered around our front, watching proceedings. They thought that they were not numerically strong enough to make it worth our while to go after them. They just watched us from their distance in front, making no attempt to bother the men

"One day General Kilpatrick summoned me—I was in charge of a part of the track destroying—to ask me how the job was proceeding. He wanted quicker progress made.

"'Take one of the mounted bands down to the place where the men are working,' said General Kilpatrick to me. 'The boys always work faster when there's music around.'

"I got one of the mounted bands and took it down to where our gang was pulling up the ties and rails. The leader asked me what kind of music I wanted. I told him to go ahead with some of the patriotic airs. He swung off with 'Hail, Columbia,' 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' 'My Country,' etc. The men worked like Trojans under the inspiration of the music. I could see the Johnnies massed among the trees, but they hadn't fired a shot. They were evidently obeying orders not to. I rather appreciated the immunity from the fire of sharpshooters which they gave us, and in a sort of bravado—you've got to remember that I was a lot younger then than I am now—I turned to the band leader and said to him:

"'Those "rebs" are treating us pretty white. Suppose you just reward the poor devils by giving them "Dixie"'?

"Well, the leader gave them the word and the band began to pump 'Dixie.'

At this point General Hayes brought his teeth down hard on his cigar and remained silent for a minute.

"Well?" inquired his friend.

"Oh, nothing," resumed the old soldier, "except that that band hadn't played more than six bars of 'Dixie' before the ground under our feet shook with the blastedest rebel yell any of us had ever heard, and in a minute and a half those Johnnies were on top of us and whipping us terribly."

DEATH OF PAUL KRUGER

The Last of the President of a Massacreed Republic.

Clarens, Switzerland, July 14.—Paul Kruger, former President of the Transvaal Republic, died here at 3 o'clock this morning from pneumonia and supervening heart weakness. Mr. Kruger lost consciousness Monday. His daughter and son-in-law were with him at the time of his death. He had been out only once since his arrival here, at the beginning of last month.

The ex-President's body was embalmed, and this afternoon the remains were placed in a vault pending funeral arrangements. Application will be made to the British Government for authority to transport the remains to the Transvaal. In the meantime they will be temporarily interred here.

Mr. Kruger, who was staying at the Villa Du Boichet, had been gradually failing for a long time, but he was able to attend to affairs, read the newspapers and receive visits until Saturday. A change for the worse set in on Sunday. He became unconscious on Monday and remained so until his death. Besides the Eloffs, Mr. Kruger was attended by his own physician, Dr. Heymann, and by his secretary, Mr. Redel.

On several occasions Mr. Kruger had expressed a desire to be buried beside his wife, in his own country.

About an Honest Lawyer.

Over in Norwich, says the New York Press, a farmer asked a leading lawyer to bring suit against a man who owed him $50. The lawyer said: "What's the use? It will cost you more than $50 to win the case. This may seem strange advice; but, my friend, an honest lawyer is the noblest work of God." The farmer learned next day that the lawyer was retained by the man he wanted to sue. He went back to his plodding with the remark, "Wal, I guess! An honest lawyer may be the noblest work of God; I know he's the scarcest."

Safeguard the Children.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however, that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all druggists.

FEW DOGS ARE MAD.

Dr. Perry Talks of the Superstition of Disease.

Greenville (S. C.) News.

"I noticed a report in the Greenville News several days ago," said Dr. Hext M. Perry, president of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, "about a police officer having been called to kill a mad dog. I had been in hopes that the 'mad dog scare' would not be thrown upon us this summer, and that we would all be spared the anxiety and annoyance of it. As the representative of the society, I have studied much and given no little attention to this subject. The best authorities give the following facts on the subject, which are contradictory in every instance almost to popular belief and tradition:

"First—It is supposed that a mad dog dreads water. It is not so. The mad dog is very likely to plunge his head to the eyes in water, though he cannot swallow it and laps it with difficulty.

"Second—It is supposed that a mad dog runs about with evidences of intense excitement. It is not so. The mad dog never runs about in agitation, he never gallops; he is always alone, usually in a strange place, where he jogs along slowly. If he is approached by dog or man he shows no signs of excitement, but when the dog or man is near enough he snaps and resumes his solitary trot.

"Third—If a dog barks, whelps, whines or growls that dog is not mad. The only sound a mad dog is ever known to emit is a hoarse howl, and that seldom. Even blows will not bring an outcry from a mad dog.

"Fourth—It is supposed that a mad dog froths at the mouth. This is not so. If a dog's jaws are covered or flecked with white froth, that dog is not mad. The surest sign of all that a dog is mad is a thick brown mucous clinging to his lips, which he often tries vainly to tear away with his paws or to wash away with water.

"Fifth—If a dog should be bitten by any other dog watch him carefully. If he is infected with rabbies you will discover signs of it possibly from six to ten days. Then he will be restless, often getting up only to lie down again, changing his position impatiently, turning from side to side and constantly licking or scratching some particular part of his limbs, head or body. He will be irritable and inclined to dash at other animals and he will sometimes snap at objects which he imagines to be near him.

"He will be excessively thirsty, lapping water eagerly and often. Then there will be glandular swelling about his jaws and throat. If he can, he will probably stray away from home and trot slowly and mournfully along the highway or across country, meddling with neither man nor beast, unless they approach him, and then giving a little snap. The only exception to this behavior occurs in ferocious dogs, which during the earlier stages of excitement may attack any living object in sight.

"In New York city, where from twenty-five thousand to fifty thousand dogs are handled yearly by the society, not a single case of hydrophobia has been found or come under their observation in the past thirty years, the existence of the society. The experience in the S. P. C. A. is identical with that of every eminent neurologist as S. Solis Cohen and Charles W. Dulles, of Philadelphia; Prof. Spitzka, of New York, of every neurological society which has conducted investigations in this field.

"The spectacle of this survival of a superstition born in the dark ages is not a pleasant spectacle on the threshold of the twentieth century."

One Lady's Recommendation Sold Fifty Boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

I have, I believe, sold fifty boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these Tablets.—P. M. SHORT, Druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these Tablets makes them a favorite with ladies everywhere. For sale by all druggists.

Wood's Seeds.

Crimson Clover

Sown at the last working of the Corn or Cotton Crop, can be plowed under the following April or May in time to plant corn or other crops the same season. Crimson Clover prevents winter leaching of the soil, is equal in fertilizing value to a good application of stable manure and will wonderfully increase the yield and quality of corn or other crops which follow it. It also makes **splendid winter and spring grazing, fine early green feed**, or a **good hay crop.** Even if the crop is cut off, the action of the roots and stubble improve the land to a marked degree.

Write for price and special circular telling about seeding etc.

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