

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE TO RECEIVE GIFT

Six Handsome Cups

Mr. Charles H. Fuller of Pawtucket, R. I., Presents the Gift For as Many Prize Exhibits of Corn by Our Farmers.

HALF DOZEN GUNS GIVEN

The first donations to our Agricultural Fair will be here February 1st, and coming as they do from a gentleman who will receive no benefit whatever, the Washington Chamber of Commerce, and the people of Washington, as well as the citizens of Beaufort county, will feel duly grateful for these valuable prizes, consisting of six handsome silver cups.

We do not think the donor owns a foot of land in or near Beaufort county, nor has he any interest whatever in our section except a kindly feeling. Yearly he comes to spend a part of the winter among us, and his coming is hailed with delight.

What was the incentive for him to make these handsome gifts?

Corn Judging Day this gentleman strolled down by the skating rink, and while roaming around became interested in the corn. Noticing that there were not enough workers to properly arrange the exhibits, and being a naturally close observer, he saw that corn from certain sections went in certain boxes, and rolling up his sleeves he helped place the corn. By this time he learned a good lesson from a poor exhibit.

Some of the corn was the largest he had ever seen, and the exhibitors were so intent upon their corn winning a prize that this gentleman became enthused. His pride in old Washington led him on. He wanted to see Corn Judging Day a success, and to help make it so he did not stop when the last corn was placed. There were roasted oysters to be served, and here and there you could see him darting among the thousands of farmers, serving them with oysters and all the side dishes, and by his jolly words making all with whom he came in contact feel more gay and merry.

Little did these farmers think that this genial gentleman who so graciously served them was more than a millionaire. Neither did they know his name, but there are hundreds who, when they again see him will recall "Corn Judging Day."

Several days later this gentleman, Mr. Charles H. Fuller, a manufacturing jeweler of Pawtucket, R. I., who for many years past has brought his handsome yacht, the Thetis, here and spent most of the cold months in Washington, dropped into the Chamber of Commerce and introduced a friend, stating he saw by the papers that we were going to have an Agricultural Fair, and that as many of our merchants had given prizes Corn Judging Day, he wanted to know if he would be allowed to participate in the donation of prizes. That he had become so enthused over the extra sides and exhibits of corn that he was anxious to see what our section could do in other lines, and desiring to have some interest in the affair he would like to give six silver cups for as many prize exhibits.

Mr. Fuller was so enthusiastic and talked so earnestly that his friend, a Mr. Page, president of the Stevens Arms Co. of Springfield, Mass., manufacturers of high grade guns and pistols, became interested and inquired if he too would be allowed to make a donation. If so, he would be pleased to send down a half dozen guns to be awarded to the different prize winners.

The Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce not only accepted these generous offers in the name of the people, but asked that the articles be sent at an early date, so that we could in a measure show our appreciation by exhibiting the cups and guns, which would further assist us in getting our home folk to do their part now and not wait until the last moment, which is usually the case.

Mr. Fuller is a successful business man; he has made millions of dollars. His motto is: "Act in Time," which is one of the reasons the New England States are so far ahead of us, who have natural advantages to spare. Our drawback is that we do not appreciate the importance of starting in time. We conceive the ideas, our judgment is often of the best, but our procrastination is the damnation of the South. We put off until tomorrow, and next month catches our projects unstarted.

If we cannot improve our methods in any other way, let's all take the bootwork treatment and see if we cannot then follow New England's

NOTED SPEAKERS TO BE PRESENT

Mass Meeting at Opera House Sunday Afternoon.

A great day is promised for Washington tomorrow. As was stated in Friday's News the respective ministers of the city met yesterday morning in conjunction with a committee from the Young Men's Christian League, and perfected arrangements for the Laymen's meeting scheduled for Sunday. It was decided to hold a union meeting in the opera house at 3:45 o'clock, at which hour all the churches of the city will unite with the Young Men's Christian League. Every citizen of Washington is urged to be present. The speakers for the occasion will be Dr. B. F. Dixon, State Auditor; Mr. Fred W. Old, secretary of the Raleigh Chamber of Commerce, and the well known newspaper correspondent, and Mr. J. R. Hunter. These gentlemen will arrive in the city this evening.

Washington is especially fortunate in having such gifted speakers to visit the city, and their coming should bring out a large number, and no doubt will. There will be special music. All the different churches will have their usual services at 11 o'clock, but at night it is more than probable some of the visiting gentlemen will speak. Due announcement of this, however, will be made from the respective pulpits Sunday morning. The opera house will be well heated for the services Sunday afternoon, so no one need have any apprehension along this line.

Again the Daily News urges every citizen of the city to attend the Laymen's meeting Sunday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. It will pay all.

Church Directory

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. Market Street.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor. 9:45 A. M.—Sunday school. Lesson subject, "The Baptism and Temptation of Jesus."

11 A. M.—Morning worship. Sermon subject, "Temptation a Badge of Discipleship."

7:30 P. M.—Evening worship. Sermon subject, "A Night at Endor." Monday, January 11, 3:30 p. m., Ladies' Aid Society, election of officers.

Tuesday, January 11, 3:30 p. m., Ladies' Missionary Society, election of officers.

Wednesday, January 12, 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting. Subject, "Ecclesiology." 8:15 p. m., choir practice.

ST. PETER'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Bonner Street.

Rev. Nathaniel Harding, rector. 3:00 P. M.—Sunday school, C. H. Harding, superintendent.

11 A. M.—Morning prayer with sermon. 7:30 P. M.—Evening prayer. Seats free. All welcome.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Gladden Street.

Rev. H. B. Searight, pastor. Preaching morning and evening at usual hour by pastor. Congregational meeting after 11 a. m. sermon for election of officers.

Sunday school, 3 p. m., J. B. Sparrow, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. All receive a cordial welcome.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH. West Second Street.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor. 3:00 P. M.—Sunday school, E. R. Mizon, superintendent; H. C. Carter, Jr., assistant superintendent. All welcome.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. East Second Street.

Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. 3:00 P. M.—Sunday school, T. W. Phillips, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. All invited.

Thank goodness, the price of postage stamps hasn't gone up!

example and immediately put our dreams into execution.

The following letter from Mr. Fuller was dated New Year's day: "Mr. A. C. Hathaway, Sec'y, Washington, N. C.

"Dear Sir— You may expect six silver cups by February 1, made by the F. M. Whitling Mfg. Co., a very reliable firm I have known for 25 years. Keep the bright sun from shining directly on the goods. They are of sterling silver, and I think quite pretty. I will attend to the engraving at the proper time gratis.

"Wishing you all a happy and prosperous New Year, I am Sincerely yours, (Signed) "C. H. FULLER."

"Our agricultural committee will shortly make its report. We have no time to lose, November will soon be here. The sooner we get all the details planned, the more successful will be our fair.

PUBLIC SPIRITED PEOPLE SHOULD APPLY AT ONCE

Enumerators Scarce

Census Director Durand Says He Finds That in Many Sections Not Sufficient Applications for Enumerators.

SHOULD APPLY AT ONCE

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8.—Census Director Durand stated today that as a result of his conferences with the supervisors of census throughout the country he finds that in many sections, especially in the larger cities, there have not been as yet sufficient applications for the positions of enumerators. It looks, he thinks, as if the country is so prosperous that people are not as anxious to get these responsible places as had been expected.

The scarcity is giving the Director some concern, as only a few weeks remain before the date for closing the consideration of applications. It will be impossible generally to extend the application time limit, as to examine the "test" papers, with the necessary care to insure the designation of qualified persons, will consume every moment of the time allowed for this phase of the work of selecting the enumerators, leaving nothing for an extension of the date for shutting down on applications.

The Director therefore urges all persons desiring places as enumerators to make application as quickly as possible, and he hopes that, in order to help get a perfect census, public-spirited and energetic people throughout the country will offer themselves for these positions, even though they may not care for them from the standpoint of the pay involved. He also trusts that employers will deem it their duty to give leave of absence to their employees who may desire to act as enumerators. Some slight sacrifice of this sort will be amply repaid by the improved quality of the census returns. Continuing, the Director said:

"Although the actual work of taking the census will not begin until April 15, it is essential that those who wish to act as enumerators should apply immediately. Except under unusual circumstances, no application received after January 25 will be considered. About 68,000 enumerators will be required. Each will work in his own locality. Any competent person is entitled to apply for this position, and will be fairly considered for appointment.

"Political recommendations are not necessary. The supervisors, to whom application must be made, have been instructed to consider all candidates and to select solely on the basis of efficiency. For the purpose of aiding the supervisors in determining the competence of the candidates, a written test will be prescribed, and any person between the ages of 18 and 70 who is a citizen of the United States will be permitted to take it. "The test will be of a strictly practical character, substantially the same as was used in 1900. It will consist of filling out a sample schedule of population, and, in the case of rural districts, filling out also a sample schedule of agriculture, these schedules being precisely the same as will actually be used by the enumerators in their work later on. In order to assist candidates in preparing for the test, copies of the blank schedules and general instructions regarding the manner of filling them will be furnished to each candidate in advance. Any person of ordinary common-school education and good judgment should have no difficulty in passing.

"This test is not a civil-service examination. It will be conducted under the direction of the supervisors of the census, and the papers will be examined only by the supervisors and by the Census Bureau. In order that convenient examination places may be provided for all candidates, local civil-service examining boards and postmasters will be called upon to preside at the actual taking of the test in certain cases, but in this respect they will act merely as the representatives of the supervisors of the census.

"It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of obtaining a correct census of the population and agriculture of the country. The correctness of the returns depends wholly upon the competence of the enumerators.

"The enumerators will earn about \$40 each. Those in the rural districts must complete their work within thirty days, and those in cities of

INSURGENTS WIN FIRST VICTORY

Speaker Cannon is Struck By Lightning

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—Political observers in Washington declare that the situation created by today's development is the most tense for many years. What the outcome will be no one is willing to prophesy.

In the House of Representatives today Speaker Cannon lost his first fight to the "insurgents," who combining with the Democrats, caused to be adopted an amendment to the Hallinger-Pinchof Inquiry resolution so as to take from the speaker the power to appoint the house members of the joint special committee of investigation. The margin of victory was a narrow one of three votes, but the insurgents and Democrats alike are jubilant tonight. The dismissal of Pinchof has lent fuel to the flame of their celebration and they are venturing all manner of predictions as to what is to happen in the future.

Three Republicans, not classed as insurgents, but who profess their friendship for Pinchof, voted with insurgents and Democrats for the amendments which call for the selection of the house investigators by election from the floor.

The Cannon Jolt. Speaker Cannon received his "jolt" today in the House of Representatives in the vote on the amendment offered by Representative Norris, of Nebraska, the insurgent leader, and the vote was 149 to 146, five voting present.

So unexpectedly was the victory accomplished that the insurgents and their Democratic allies could scarce believe their ears. For an instant almost complete silence reigned; then the storm broke and for almost a full minute the noise in the chamber was deafening.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

Large Crowd in Front of Hoyt's Store This Morning.

Long before the hour, 8:30, this morning, a large crowd gathered in front of Mr. J. K. Hoyt's store to take advantage of securing the three loads of wood and the 250 packages of merchandise he advertised in the Daily News he would give away at that hour. The sidewalk and street were lined with pedestrians and others and when the slips were showered down on them from the window of the store pandemonium reigned for a little while. The packages contained useful articles of wearing apparel, etc., and of course the wood came in handy. This mode of advertising was a novel one and shows that Mr. Hoyt is always abreast of the times.

RECITAL.

The music class of Miss Lillian Bonder gave a recital in the public school building last evening. The program, which was interesting and entertaining, was excellently rendered by the pupils. Quite a large number were present.

MARRIAGE A MISTAKE.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Savage to Mr. Jack Robbins, reported to have occurred in Rocky Mount Thursday evening, notice of which appeared in yesterday's Daily News, seems to be a mistake. The information was phoned to this office by some woman, who stated at the time she was at the Washington Hospital. This paper had no knowledge of the reputed marriage until so informed by phone. We gladly make the correction.

PASTOR RETURNS.

Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor of the First Methodist Church, returned yesterday from Gatesville, N. C., where he spent the holidays with Mrs. Plyler's parents. He will fill pulpit morning and evening at the usual hour. All cordially invited.

LESTER WYNN SUCCESSFUL.

Master Lester Wynn, the son of Mr. James R. Wynn, drew the chocolate set at the Galey theater last evening. He is a fortunate little fellow.

MISS MAYO WINS.

Miss Lottie Mayo was the winner of the umbrella stand given away at the Gem theater last night. She is to be congratulated on her good fortune. The prize was a most valuable one.

GOES TO SMITHFIELD.

Mr. D. H. Creech, who has been the efficient druggist at the Washington Drug Company since last July, has resigned his position and will leave next week for Smithfield, N. C., where he has purchased the drug store of Johnson & Holt. Mr. and Mrs. Creech, since their residence in Washington have made many friends. The best wishes of all go with them to their new home.

5,000 and more population at the preceding census within two weeks, from April 15, 1910.

BELIEVES THE KINGDOM OF LABOR COMING

So Intimates Edison

The Inventor Predicts That the Workers of the Future Will Live as Well as Does the Capitalist of Today.

TO CHEAPEN COMMODITIES

New York, Jan. 7.—Thomas A. Edison, looking into the future, thinks the prospect of the laboring man is a particularly bright one.

"In 200 years, by the cheapening of commodities, the ordinary laborer will live as well as a man does now with \$200,000 annual income. Automatic machinery and scientific agriculture will bring about this result," Mr. Edison says, in the current issue of the Independent. "Not individualism but social labor will dominate the future; you can't have individual machines and every man working by himself. Industry will constantly become more social and interdependent. There will be no manual labor in the factories of the future. The men in them will be merely superintendents, watching the machinery to see that it works right.

Eight Hours of Brain Work.

"The work day, I believe, will be eight hours. Every man needs that much work to keep him out of mischief and to keep him happy. But it will be work with the brain, something that men will be interested in, and done in wholesome, pleasant surroundings. Less and less man will be used as an engine, or as a horse, and his brain will be employed to benefit himself and his fellows.

"The clothes of the future will be so cheap that every young woman will be able to follow the fashions promptly, and there will be plenty of fashions.

"Communication with other worlds has been suggested. I think we had better stick to this world and find out something about it before we make us ashamed of ourselves.

"The moral does not appeal to me. It was a fundamental mistake that our railroads were built on a 4 foot 9 inch gauge instead of a 6 foot gauge, which we will probably have to come to yet.

Aeroplane of the Future.

"The aeroplane of the future will, I think, have to be on the helicopter principle. A successful air machine must be able to defy the winds. If Wright's aeroplane had one-twentieth of its surface, the wind would not affect it. The helicopter principle is the only way to rise above atmospheric conditions. By increasing the velocity of propeller revolutions the size of the machine can be diminished and thereby we vanquish the hostility of the wind. A helicopter could have foot-size planes distributed on a 100 to 150 foot circle and controlled from the center by wires.

"Chemical food has been worked out pretty well by Emil Fischer and his students, but it won't be a commercial proposition. You can't beat the farm as a laboratory, commercial speaking. If we should dry up like Mars and couldn't raise vegetables on the earth, we might turn to a chemical diet.

"Society will have to stop this whiskey business which is like throwing sand in the bearings of a steam engine.

"Among the many problems which await solution in the future one of the most important is to get full value out of fuel. The wastefulness of our present methods of combustion is tremendous.

"There is not as much power in a ton of 40 per cent dynamite as there is in a ton of coal.

"Everything in nature would burn up if it were not for the fact that nearly everything except coal is already burned up. Iron would burn up and make a good fuel—if in a very fine powder—but it has already been consumed in Nature's furnace.

"We may discover the germ of getting all the power from fuel tomorrow, and then again it may take a long time to find out.

"To get rid of friction in our machines is one of the future problems. The only machine without friction that we know is the world, and it moves in the resistless ether."

NO LEAGUE MEETING.

On account of the Laymen's meeting in the opera house Sunday afternoon, there will be no meeting of the Young Men's Christian League at the Chamber of Commerce rooms at 4 o'clock. All the members of the league are requested to attend the Laymen's meeting instead.

WRITER COMMENDS ARTICLE

Comments Stand on Good Roads.

Editor Daily News:

I see in the Daily News of January 6 an article headed "A few things about good roads."

I want to compliment the News on the publication of this article, as I think it is the best that I have seen in print and I have read many in different papers from different writers. Your article excels them all. I believe if the question was submitted to the voters of the county it would be carried by a large majority. I hope the Daily News will continue to agitate this question of better roads, as in my judgment it is the very first step toward a higher civilization. Better roads and better schools are the two most important things to be considered in the county and State.

I see there is to be an election held in the Old Ford section soon, for the purpose of voting to increase the taxes to aid in educating the poor children in the community. This is one of the very best steps the citizens of the community have taken. I would like very much to see an article in the Daily News advocating the election to be held at Old Ford February 8, as ably written as the one on the question of good roads. I want to see the manhood and intelligence of Old Ford show itself on the 8th day of February, as it did in old Bath township, District No. 4, white; thereby showing by their votes that they are in favor of a higher education of the youth. Let's stamp out ignorance and illiteracy in one of the best sections on earth. I think it would be a lasting disgrace to this section of Beaufort county to fail to carry the election. As our sister districts in the county are establishing higher schools for their children, I believe every man in this section who has the best interest of his section at heart and who wants to see the boys and girls, soon to take our places, grow up to be intelligent men and women, will give their time, talent and influence to this scheme and vote for it.

ONE INTERESTED.

HEAVY FROST.

One of the heaviest frosts of the season visited Washington this morning.

Vassar Girls Here on Monday, 17

No amusement event of the present season in Washington will prove more thoroughly enjoyable to music-lovers and others seeking an evening's refreshing recreation than the concert to be given here on January 17 by the Eight Vassar Girls, under the auspices of the Radcliffe Entertainment Bureau.

Composed of a group of attractive and clever young women, brilliantly equipped for high class concert work and educated in the best musical and literary schools of the country, this organization made a tremendous hit when it first appeared in the North some years ago and since it joined the lycum ranks has become steadily more popular. Today it is distinctly one of the select number of stellar attractions that stand at the head of the various entertainment companies now touring the country. Wherever they have appeared heretofore, the charming Vassar Girls have carried everything before them, and they come to Washington with every prospect of a large audience and a similar success here.

The program will be chiefly musical and will be a decided departure from the ordinary. Among the especially attractive features will be a sextette of saxophones, a sextette of brass instruments, cornets and trombones, a sextette of wood wind instruments, a quartette of clarinets corresponding to the tenor, soprano, alto and bass of the human voice and trios and duets in various combinations of instruments. In addition there will be many instrumental solos and several numbers by an excellent vocal soloist.

EXPORTS DURING PAST TEN YEARS TEN BILLION DOLLARS

Washington, Jan. 7.—Nine billion dollars worth of agricultural products was exported from the United States during the last ten years, according to the bureau of statistics. Cotton, the largest item in the agricultural group, shows the total exportation during the decade of 3,651 million dollars.

Breakdowns come second on the list, meat and dairy products constitute the third largest class. During the last fiscal year Europe took 25 million dollars' worth of American tobacco out of a total export of 31 million. For American cotton, Europe also was the largest foreign market, taking nine tenths of the cotton exports.

THE PRESIDENT RECOMMENDS MANY CHANGES

Sweeping as to Trusts

Would Compel Corporations Having an Inter-State and Foreign Business to Take Out Federal Charter and Protect Them.

AS TO THE RAILROADS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7.—President Taft today sent to Congress his long delayed and much discussed message on interstate commerce and anti-trust legislation. In it he strikes at the existence of holding corporations, by which major trusts control their subsidiaries and at the watering of corporation stock. To insure the more complete control of railroads, by the government, he demands the formation of a court of commerce, to comprise five judges, having power to act as a court of appeals from the rulings of the interstate commerce commission.

The President dips into railroad employes' safety, urging new features of the liability law.

State control of corporations is vigorously attacked; the President charges it with the responsibility for many corporation and abuses and he takes a firm stand for centralized power.

He demands that railroads be forbidden to control their competitors and would give the interstate commerce commission sweeping increases in power.

Declaring distinction between good and bad trusts to be impossible, the President says emphatically that if the trusts are to be kept within the law, new legislation, creating national corporations under charter, is urgently needed.

This, the main provision of the anti-trust section, was announced some time ago, as was many of the other terms of the message.

Such a move, the President points out, is got to afford the trusts a refuge, as the Sherman law's repeal is not contemplated.

The proposed statute, according to the message, "is not to be framed so as to permit the doing of the wrong which it is the purpose of that (the Sherman) law to prevent, but only to foster a continuance and advance of the highest industrial efficiency without permitting industrial abuses."

A NIGHT SCHOOL.

Citizen Suggests One Be Started in the City.

A citizen in talking to a News representative this morning made a wise suggestion. He thinks some effort should be made to establish a night school in the city for the benefit of the boys and young men who are employed in the daytime. From necessity many of the boys in the city have to work in order to assist their parents. By doing this they are denied the advantages of an education. If a night school could be started here for their benefit, it would not only work to their advantage but the entire community. Some steps should be taken at once looking toward this end.

KILLED A MAN BY BLOW WITH SHOVEL

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 7.—Following a row at work yesterday afternoon John Harris struck Dan Boulware with a shovel handle last night, the blow resulting in death two hours later. Harris made his escape and up to this time the police have no clue that will lead to his whereabouts.

According to the only eye witness Boulware kicked Harris while at work, trouble being narrowly averted at that time. After work was over the three started home, the route taking them across a field in front of the negro A. & M. College. Harris asked Boulware what in the h— he kicked him for and receiving no reply struck him across the head with the shovel handle, which he was using for a walking stick.

- New Advertisements in Today's News. J. K. Hoyt—Outlet Sale. Gem Theater. Galey Theater. Wm. Bragaw & Co.—Insurance. Capudine. Vick's Remedies. Laxative Bromo Quinine. Cardui. Frank Miller—Pure Whiskey. Don's Kidney Pills.