

SWEPT TO DEATH

Snow Slide Demolishes an Idaho Town.

THE EXTENT OF DAMAGE

Avalanche Sweeps Down Mountain Side and Strikes Town—Twenty-five Families or More Were Buried Under the Snow—One Hundred Persons May Be Dead.

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 28.—At least 100 persons have been swept to death by an avalanche at Mace, Idaho. The snow of the heaviest winter in a quarter of a century, loosened by heavy rains and the Chinook wind, swept down on more than 25 families, according to reports received here today from the rescuers. The disaster occurred yesterday.

From Wallace, Idaho, more than seven hundred men were rushed to Mace by special trains, and the work of rescue immediately began.

Within a short time the organized bands had taken out ten bodies.

Many of the victims are buried under tons of snow and may not be brought to the surface for months.

Twenty-five who had been buried alive were saved while they still breathed, and resuscitated.

The avalanche, thirty feet wide, swept down one of the steepest grades in Idaho for a distance of a mile, striking the settlement with immeasurable force.

Buildings were rolled over, buried about and splintered as if made of paper mache.

In the slide were tons of rocks and earth, and the trees which had been torn up by the roots in the slide's fall were hurled at the houses like immense bullets.

The sound of the avalanche echoed through the hills for five miles, bringing in a large emergency force of rescuers.

Within a few hours the first steps at organized rescue work were well under way and appeals for aid had been flashed out by wire.

Two special trains, loaded to capacity with men stocked with food, left Wallace within a short time.

One of the first bodies taken out of the wreckage was identified as that of the son of Engineer Pascoe, an expert mining man, reputed to have a fortune in Idaho.

The major part of Mace lay in a gully overshadowed by a wall of several hundred feet. It was over this cliff that the avalanche dropped with terrific momentum, crushing and sweeping a wide swath.

The slide started above the timber line at one of the highest points in the Coner D'Alenes. In the snow that gave way at first was much that had lain for years in the valleys and on the rocks of the mountains.

It was shortly after midnight that the first tremor came.

According to the survivors, there was a hissing sound and then a rumble that seemed to shake the mountain.

The avalanche cut the town in two, one portion remaining intact but buried. The other demolished. The telegraph wires escaped, however.

INSPECTION

The annual inspection of headquarters and Company G, of the Second N. C. Infantry, takes place here tonight, to be conducted by Col. Strongfield and Lieut. Cliff Butler, the latter a classmate of Maj. W. C. Rodman at West Point. The inspection will be unusually rigid, and the men will be carefully questioned as to rifle work.

Of the regimental and battalion officers there will be several present—Col. Bragaw, commanding the regiment, and Major Rodman, commanding the third battalion, and probably the Rev. Capt. N. Harding, chaplain. Two non-commissioned staff officers, the regimental color-sergeant and a battalion sergeant-major, are stationed here and will undergo the inspection.

The occasion will be public, and ladies will be looked after with every attention as usual. The band will furnish music.

LIST OF LETTERS

The following letters remain uncalled for in this postoffice for the week ending February 26, 1910:

Gentlemen—William Acker, Rev. R. C. Deal, Dullin & Martin Co., John Dozier, Theod. Elliott, James T. Gas-kill, Heath Hdq. Co., R. B. Hearn, Jas. S. Hall, L. H. Hayes, Biddle Nalow, D. C. Parkins, H. Singleton (4), C. E. Taylor, A. Drea, Teofil, William Watson.

Ladies—Mrs. Mary J. Brits, Mrs. Webber Eldon, Mrs. Ethel Johnson, Mrs. Mary E. Peale, Miss Adelle Waters.

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office March 14, 1910, if not delivered before March 14. In calling for the above please say delivered, giving date of list.

SPELLING MATCH

One of the Most Unique Entertainments of the Season at School Auditorium Friday Night.

The spelling match at the public school auditorium next Friday evening promises to be one of the most attractive and interesting occasions of the season. The Blue Back Spellers have arrived and everything is in readiness for the contest. Mr. A. M. Dumay will be in charge of the penmanship spellers and Mrs. M. T. Plyler of the ladies.

Everybody is cordially invited to enter, provided they are good spellers. No poor spellers are allowed. The price of admission will be 10c. This charge is made so as to aid the Woman's Betterment Association in their work towards beautifying the school grounds and city. There are over 400 seats in the auditorium and it is desired that every one of them should be occupied next Friday evening. All those thinking they can spell are invited to enter.

HAS RETURNED

Rev. H. B. Seagriff, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, has returned from Tarboro where he preached Sunday morning and evening. On yesterday he canvassed that town in the interest of Davidson College. We are glad to know that Mr. Seagriff met with much success in his efforts.

THE GAITY

Another fine program is to be presented at the Gaiety theater tonight. The performance last evening was much enjoyed by the large number and today the highest commendation is heard. The following up-to-date program is scheduled for this evening: The Rocky Road (Biograph), His Only Child, The Butler's Trick, magic, hand-colored. The illustrated song is entitled "I'd Rather Float Through a Dreamy Old Waltz With You, You, You." All those contemplating attending this well known playhouse tonight will surely have no reason to regret their determination. The management has a performance full of interest and instruction. The orchestra gives another high-class musical performance.

STARTS TODAY

The Daily News Free-Trip Contest Now Open—Enter at Once and Get an Early Start.

The Daily News Free-Trip to Washington City, Ocean View and other places starts today. Since the announcement of Saturday the trip has been the talk of the city and county. Remember the contest begins today and closes June 25. No such inducement has ever been presented to the citizens of Eastern Carolina. The contest bids fair to be spirited from now on for nearly everyone is anxious to win out.

Twelve are going and twelve are going to be the winners. Start to work now—don't procrastinate. If you would come out ahead it is necessary that you start right away.

No other paper in this section of North Carolina has ever offered such inducements. To visit Washington City, Old Point, Hampton, Ocean View, Norfolk, and other points of interest, free—absolutely free—should be an inducement every young lady in Beaufort and Hyde counties should grasp. There is no time to lose. Somebody is going—there is no reason you should not be one of the twelve.

All necessary expenses are to be paid by the Daily News. Every courtesy will be extended the winners. There is no reason why every young lady in the two counties should not try and they will win if they exert the proper effort. No one can succeed unless effort is exerted. Yes, the great Free-Trip contest is now on. Have your name entered at once and enter, believing you will win. All together—all enter. The greatest proposition in Eastern Carolina journalism is now yours.

AT THE GEM TONIGHT

Another fine show is yours at the Gem theater tonight. Last night large crowds attended and as is usually the case they were carried away. Tonight promises to be a great one for the management as the performance is to be far above the average. Such well-known films as Huckleberry Finn, trick comedy, hand-colored, Betty's Choice, fine drama, hand-colored; Lady Jones Flight, Seventeenth Century Romance; Levinsky's Insurance Policy; or When Thelma Meets Thelma, starring comedy. You are permitted to sit and see pictures of history and then see those that will make you split your sides with laughter—all for the small price of 10c. The orchestra renders another first-class program. This feature of the Gem is one of the many drawing cards.

Mrs. E. A. Braddy will begin an ambulatory class soon. This is a new course of instruction and will no doubt be interesting.

A GENERAL STRIKE

Philadelphia Labor Unionist Vote to Walk Out.

MOBS RESUME RIOTING

Cars are Stoned, Motormen and Conductors are Beaten, and the Police Make Many Arrests—The Threat of General Strike May Bear Fruit in Philadelphia Situation.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 28.—Action fraught with possible momentous consequences to Philadelphia was taken by the Central Labor Union last night when that body, representing 140 unions with a membership of 125,000, it is claimed, voted to begin a sympathetic strike next Saturday in aid of the striking railway employees.

This action came at the end of a secret session of about 700 delegates in labor lyceum hall which lasted more than six hours. There was apparently no question but that the delegates would vote to strike, the split being on the question of whether it would be started immediately. The more conservative element prevailed, however, and the walkout was put off until next Saturday.

Meanwhile there is hope that the street railway strike will be arbitrated, despite the repeated declarations of the Transit Company, controlling all the lines in the city, that "there is nothing to arbitrate."

Nobody doubts that the action of the Central Labor Union makes the situation very grave. There is very strong feeling among business people, that the strike should be settled speedily as all lines of business suffer because of the stagnation resulting from the interference with traffic.

There was surprise at the unanimity of the vote in favor of a general sympathetic strike. There is no doubt, however, of the strength of the feeling that unionism is at stake and the consequent feeling that a fight to preserve the union is necessary.

Not only members of unions affiliated with the Central Labor Union, the allied building trades council, but of every labor organization in Philadelphia in any way connected with the American Federation of Labor, participated in the conference.

Fatal Trolley Accident

A man and a boy are dead and four other boys were seriously hurt was the result of a trolley car jumping a switch at Sixth and Jackson streets down town tonight, and crashing into the front of a cigar store.

The dead and injured were all standing in front of the cigar store. There had been a disturbance down the street and some one had turned the unused switch at this point. A trolley car driven at a high rate of speed jumped the track and crashed through the crowd on the sidewalk, only stopping after it had torn the front out of the store.

Realizing that much of the disturbance throughout the city was in many cases started by young children, Archibald Ryan sent a letter which was read in every Roman Catholic Church in the city today warning parents not to allow their children on the streets during the present trouble.

Rioting Resumed. Cars were stoned, motormen and conductors beaten, and many passengers were struck by flying missiles, in the rioting which was renewed here yesterday afternoon after several days of comparative quiet. Nearly a dozen riot calls were received at police headquarters, but in most instances the mobs were dispersed with the use of riot sticks alone. Seventy-five arrests were made.

Driven at a high rate of speed to escape from a mob that was pelting it with bricks and stones, a trolley car struck an obstruction, left the tracks and ploughed into a brick house. The car was demolished and the motorman, conductor and policeman on guard were injured.

HAS SMALLPOX

In response to a telegram yesterday, Dr. Joshua Taylor, the State smallpox expert, went to Plymouth yesterday to see Dr. A. W. Dinsway. His disease was pronounced by Dr. Taylor as smallpox. We are glad to state his case is a light one and there are strong hopes he will soon recover. Dr. Taylor returned to the city last night.

MR. J. J. SMITH DEAD

News has been received in the city announcing the death of Mr. J. J. Smith, of Gaylords. The end came this morning. Mr. Smith was one of the best known citizens of Beaufort county. His death is to be deplored.

OPERATED ON

Misses Biddle, Sanford and Corroll will be operated on at the Washington Hospital this morning for appendicitis. We are glad to state both of the patients are doing as well as could be expected.

MAN KILLED

Colored Man Falls From the Roanoke Railroad & Lumber Company Train Yesterday.

Benjamin Betts, colored, was killed by falling from the log train of the Roanoke Railroad & Lumber Company log train yesterday afternoon near Hobucken.

While the train was running, it full blast he accidentally fell from the car and was crushed beneath the wheels. The remains were brought to this city this morning on the Washington & Tidewater train and will be taken to Tarboro this afternoon for interment.

ST. PAUL'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH

There will be divine services in St. Paul's Church, Wednesday evening at 7:30. The Rev. Nathaniel Harding, rector of St. Peter's Church, will preach. We extend a cordial welcome to all friends and strangers to attend this and all services of the church. Rev. William T. Wood, minister in charge.

CHILD SMOTHERED

The 4-months-old child of G. W. and Sarah Parker, who reside on Van Norden street, was found dead Sunday morning. The surprise is that the child was smothered to death. Dr. Joshua Taylor, the coroner, was summoned and made an investigation. It was found no inquest was necessary.

THE SPLIT-LOG DRAG

Yesterday Mr. Hathaway, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, gave a demonstration of the work which can be done with a split-log drag on the streets of Washington. This is undoubtedly the cheapest method of keeping the streets in good repair, not only the streets, but the roads of Beaufort county.

If each overseer would use one of the drags after each rain we would have far better roads, and it would require less time to keep them up.

The use of these road builders should be encouraged by the Board of County Commissioners in their respective townships and by each member of the board of supervisors for the county.

WAREHOUSES BURN

Quantity of Fertilizer Destroyed at Wilmington.

A STEAMSHIP IS SAVED

Warehouses Were Leased From the Seaboard Air Line by Armour & Co. and Contained Large Amount of Fertilizers and Bags—Germans Steamship Saved With Difficulty.

Wilmington, Feb. 28.—A disastrous fire last night totally destroyed two mammoth warehouses at the freight terminal of the Seaboard Air Line railway in this city. The conflagration was one of the most disastrous in recent years and will seriously impede business until the buildings are replaced. An estimate of the damage is placed at \$200,000. However, the greater part of the loss is covered by insurance.

The fire started in an end of the tremendous building, completed only a month ago. In this building were chemicals, fertilizers, nitrate, etc., owned by Armour & Co., and other firms. The building was soon in a mass of flames and the blaze next spread to warehouse C, leased from the Seaboard by Armour & Co. This was also destroyed.

The German steamship, Jarlsburg, was moored at the docks. River steamers and revenue cutter Seminole, pulled the steamer in mid-stream, after the small boats and boats and bridge had been burned.

Loud explosions of chemicals caused much excitement throughout the city. The fire occurred during a driving rain and wind storm. The rain had no effect upon the flames, which were fed by chemicals. Water pressure was poor, owing to the installation of a new water works system.

This is the third large fire this month for Wilmington. The work of rebuilding the warehouses will probably start immediately. The destroyed buildings formed part of a chain of immense warehouses erected here by the Seaboard for storage purposes. Each warehouse contained many cargoes of valuable fertilizers, bags, etc. Insurance will cover the greater part of the loss, but the suspension to business will be very serious.

Farmers admire a cut-rate grocer until he cuts the price of butter and eggs.

A SCHOOL MUSEUM

Prof. L. E. Bennett Reads Excellent Paper.

BEFORE TEACHERS' ASS'N

One of Beaufort County's Most Energetic School Preceptors Reads Valuable Paper to the School Teachers Last Saturday Morning—Should be Carefully Perused.

Anyone who has devoted the least study to the subject of electricity knows that one may run an electric current through pewter but cannot magnetize it; and that one may pass an electric current through iron and have a temporary magnet; but when the current once passes through steel, one has a permanent magnet. So it follows that every thoughtful teacher knows that pupils may very properly be classified as pewter, iron, and steel. As pewter cannot be magnetized, so not the least interest seemingly can be aroused in some pupils. As iron is magnetized only while the electric current is passing through it, so some pupils may be aroused only while in immediate contact with the teacher. And as steel becomes a permanent magnet, so interest once aroused in some pupils remains in them a glowing fire to the very last.

In view of these facts; one of the great problems that confront the teachers of today is to create interest among the children, and to so interest them that they may be held in school, and that while in school they may so apply themselves that their school days will not have been altogether in vain. And it seems to me, that, with the great wealth of material and opportunities surrounding every teacher, no matter where she may be located, it is her fault if she cannot devise some means to help enliven the school days of the Young America placed under her care.

One excellent way in which to make school life more pleasant and at the same time more profitable to the children, is to make a collection of interesting things such as shells, stones, and old relics of every description. I have endeavored to carry out this suggestion at Pantego during the last two or three years, and with what success you, yourselves, may be the judge when I have finished this paper.

One day soon after I began teaching in the Pantego High School, I picked up a little shell of some kind and carried it to the school. Sometime during the day I took occasion to talk to some of the children about it and to admire its curious shape and lovely tints. On the very next day a little girl brought me a small collection of beautiful shells. Of course I admired them very much and thanked her for her kindness and thoughtfulness in bringing her little treasures and presenting them as an offering of good will to the school. I then announced to the school that I should be glad to have them bring any shells, rock, old relic, or curio of any kind to place with these shells and thus start a museum. Interest was at once aroused, not only among the children, but among the parents as well. In a few days after this announcement a little girl brought a fine specimen of an Indian stone ax and also an old flint lock. Another girl brought a beautiful Indian arrowhead. Still another one presented a small bottle filled with dirt from Cornwallis' cave at Yorktown, Virginia. And, by the way, just a few weeks before this time I had been in that cave, so that I was enabled to give the pupils a description at first hand, not only of the case itself but of why it is so-called.

About this time we had a lesson in the study of which we needed a few seeds of some kind. I asked the class to bring them, which they gladly did. I secured some small bottles in which to place the seeds in order to preserve them. From this modest beginning our collection of seeds has grown until we now have about 75 different kinds.

And thus our collection increased, widened out, and took in almost every kind of object. It was interesting, it was delightful, it was inspiring to watch the little busy bees and to see the shining face of the little tiny tot as he came to me and proudly presented his offering of a little pebble, a small shell, a black bug, or an old rusty home-made nail. But the time limit of this paper will not permit me to tell of each offering that was brought. Large and small, teachers and pupils, patron and friend, each and all added an offering to our collection. As it grew others found it out. And we received gifts not only from Pantego and the surrounding county but from other counties—the State; from Raleigh, Greensboro, and other towns of the State; and also from other States as well. Then we secured some nice cases in which to keep them and are now labeling them as fast as we can and the time to do so.

Let us remember that the most interesting things we have: Deer horns and foot, bear's tooth, eagle's claw, rabbit's foot, gray squirrel's head and tail, birds' nests, hornets' nests twice as big as your head or even larger, yellow jackets' nest, honeycomb and beeswax, an alligator's egg, hen's egg in bottle (I placed the egg in the bottle myself), stuffed owl, preserved snake in bottle, cat's skull, skeleton of king crab, a piece of whalebone, sea weed, branch coral, brain coral (a fine specimen of which was given me in this city, Washington), blank cartridge, minnie ball, grape shot, cannon ball, Confederate money, domestic and foreign postage stamps, old coins, printer's type, a large collection of sea shells, a collection of eighty different rocks and minerals purchased at Washington, D. C., for about 30 cents, and with the exception of a stuffed alligator and a large sponge almost the only things that were purchased—all the others having been donated; some pieces of stalactite and stalagmite from the Luray Caverns in Virginia, which rival in beauty and grandeur of scenery the famous Mammoth Cave in Kentucky; some fossil shells and the imprint of shells in stone from the mountains of West Virginia, which so graphically teach the lesson that the Appalachian mountain system was once beneath the bed of the ocean; an old square brick, imported from England, from the St. Thomas Episcopal Church at Bath, the oldest church in the State, having been built in 1734; piece of brick from Teache's Kettle at Bath, around which one can weave so many strange stories; piece of kaolin from the old Spanish fort in St. Augustine, Florida, the oldest fort in the United States, and a fort about which many weird, fanciful, and interesting stories are told; an old sword used in the Civil War, piece of an old Indian bow, a handmade door latch, made in 1729, from the parlor of the old Little Homestead. The first piano ever brought in North Carolina, it is said, was placed in this room. A piece of stone from the door of the Old Soldiers' Hospital in Richmond, Virginia. It was picked up by a lady when visiting her husband who was in the hospital during the Civil War. And a piece of tar that was burned by the Yankees during the Civil War on top of a hill in Murfreesboro, N. C. An old flax hackel, distaff, spinning wheel, etc., to show to future generations how their ancestors worked up their flax, cotton and wool into homespun, but which has been pushed into the background today by the factories.

But enough lest I weary you. Although we have many other interesting things of which I could tell, nevertheless we make use of them, for there is scarcely a day passes but what some of these articles are used to illustrate something in our lesson. They serve both to awaken interest and to create a more vivid impression of the object or subject under consideration. But aside from all this, to watch the children day after day looking at the different specimens in the museum with such pleasure and interest, is enough to repay any teacher for a great deal of effort in making such a collection.

As another result of the interest created in the museum, we have received from different persons more than twenty volumes of old books ranging in age from 75 to 270 years old. The oldest volume we have was printed in London, England, in 1649, making the book now 270 years old.

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HAS ARRIVED

The Milliner for Mr. J. K. Hoyt Has Arrived and Preparations are Being Made for the Opening.

Miss Cora Blinnel, of New York City, who has only been in Beaufort larger cities as an expert milliner for the largest wholesale houses in New York, has arrived in the city and will be the head trimmer for Mr. J. K. Hoyt. Last season she was in Newport News, having worked there for the past two seasons. She was employed by the largest concern there. The season preceding this she was employed in Charlotte and Greensboro.

Active preparations are now going on by Mr. Hoyt for opening, the date of which will be announced through the columns of the Daily News later.

LAYMAN'S MEETING AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

There will be an important meeting at the Presbyterian church tomorrow night (Wednesday) under the auspices of the Laymen's committee. E. L. Stewart, Esq., will deliver the address. There will be special music. The public cordially invited and all members of the church urged to be present.

TAKEN TO ASYLUM

Deputy Sheriff John Lucas left yesterday afternoon for Goldsboro where he took Noah Brinkley, colored, to the asylum. Brinkley is the negro who assaulted Alderman J. G. Chauncey at the county home last week.

Interesting things we have: Deer horns and foot, bear's tooth, eagle's claw, rabbit's foot, gray squirrel's head and tail, birds' nests, hornets' nests twice as big as your head or even larger, yellow jackets' nest, honeycomb and beeswax, an alligator's egg, hen's egg in bottle (I placed the egg in the bottle myself), stuffed owl, preserved snake in bottle, cat's skull, skeleton of king crab, a piece of whalebone, sea weed, branch coral, brain coral (a fine specimen of which was given me in this city, Washington), blank cartridge, minnie ball, grape shot, cannon ball, Confederate money, domestic and foreign postage stamps, old coins, printer's type, a large collection of sea shells, a collection of eighty different rocks and minerals purchased at Washington, D. C., for about 30 cents, and with the exception of a stuffed alligator and a large sponge almost the only things that were purchased—all the others having been donated; some pieces of stalactite and stalagmite from the Luray Caverns in Virginia, which rival in beauty and grandeur of scenery the famous Mammoth Cave in Kentucky; some fossil shells and the imprint of shells in stone from the mountains of West Virginia, which so graphically teach the lesson that the Appalachian mountain system was once beneath the bed of the ocean; an old square brick, imported from England, from the St. Thomas Episcopal Church at Bath, the oldest church in the State, having been built in 1734; piece of brick from Teache's Kettle at Bath, around which one can weave so many strange stories; piece of kaolin from the old Spanish fort in St. Augustine, Florida, the oldest fort in the United States, and a fort about which many weird, fanciful, and interesting stories are told; an old sword used in the Civil War, piece of an old Indian bow, a handmade door latch, made in 1729, from the parlor of the old Little Homestead. The first piano ever brought in North Carolina, it is said, was placed in this room. A piece of stone from the door of the Old Soldiers' Hospital in Richmond, Virginia. It was picked up by a lady when visiting her husband who was in the hospital during the Civil War. And a piece of tar that was burned by the Yankees during the Civil War on top of a hill in Murfreesboro, N. C. An old flax hackel, distaff, spinning wheel, etc., to show to future generations how their ancestors worked up their flax, cotton and wool into homespun, but which has been pushed into the background today by the factories.

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TWO TERM POLICY

Citizen Favors County Officers Holding Two Terms.

ALL ARE DEMOCRATS.

Citizen Has Communication Advancing the Present Office Holders Stopping Aside and Giving Other Loyal Members of the Party a Chance, for Sake of Party Harmony.

Winstedville, N. C., February 28, 1910.

Dear Editor: I am sending you a letter which I will thank you to publish in your valuable paper, of which I am a subscriber. Our present county officers were nominated by the Democratic voters of Beaufort county in the faith that they were loyal Democrats, having at heart the welfare of the party. The Democratic voters of the county still have that faith in them. These officers are largely indebted to the party, and should be the first to give its welfare their consideration. They above all Democrats should be willing to do what they can for the preservation of harmony in the party, and for the perpetuation of the party in the county, because in addition to sharing in the benefits of a Democratic administration in common with all our citizens, they are receiving, and for some years have been receiving, the honor and money rewards which Democratic success affords.

If the doctrine is accepted that "the horse that pulls the plow should eat the fodder," then when certain of these horses have been fed with fodder for years they should make way for other "plow pullers," and there are others, without whom these who are still "eating the fodder" could not have done the plowing. There is strong sentiment throughout the county, even among the loyal friends of our present office holders, that occasional changes should be made and opportunity given to other good Democratic workers to receive some honor and recognition of party work and party loyalty.

There is strong sentiment and belief that adoption of a "two term" precedent and custom will increase interest in the party, cause many who are now indifferent to become again zealous and active, bring about harmony and strengthen the only party through which good government can be assured.

There is strong sentiment in nation and State against life terms and long terms. There is but little to stimulate zeal year after year for the same set of men for office when others go on year after year without reward or recognition. There is stagnation and ultimate death in this policy. In Washington last spring this argument was used against the Mayor and Board of Aldermen. It was conceded that they were all good men and Democrats, but there was a cry "Let us have a change." Did not some of our present county officials recognize the force of this and vote for new men?

If there is any truth in what I have written, and I know the feeling exists, then why will not our present office holders who owe the party most step aside and make way for other "plow pullers"? We have not been selfish where they are concerned. Let them for party welfare be unselfish toward others, their co-workers and friends heretofore. The man in office because his friends have put him in office has an advantage over any other good Democrat in the county in a contest. County officers come in daily contact with voters from all over the county because of their official position, and they can make a personal canvass of voters in their own behalf; that one not a county officer cannot do. The county officer thus has this tremendous advantage as the direct result of the support of his friends who put him in office.

Will our county officers use this advantage against those who put them in these positions, or will they now turn in and help for harmony by giving their endorsement to the "two term" custom? Let us hear from them and let us hear from others not in office.

If our present officers will not endorse this plan do we not owe to our party a greater duty than we owe to individuals, and ought we not to establish the "two term" rule? (Signed) W. F. WINSTEAD.

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