

SHOWERS TONIGHT AND SUNDAY. RISING TEMPERATURE. MODERATE VARIABLE WINDS BEC

MANY STRAY TOPICS FROM LITTLE NEW YORK BY CORRESPONDENT

The Metropolis This Year Anticipates a Safe and Safe Fourth of July. Enormous Wealth is Concentrated in City.

Special to the Daily News.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Nothing could illustrate more clearly the cosmopolitan character and vastness of New York City's population and the enormous wealth concentrated in this metropolis than the list recently published of the estates which have contributed to the funds of the State since the passage of the inheritance tax law. The number of estates exceeding \$1,000,000 each is remarkably great, but that is not the most striking feature of the list was left by a man whose name was hardly ever mentioned in public print and of whom but few persons in or out of New York had ever heard. According to the list John S. Kennedy left an estate valued at \$65,530,000, upon which the prescribed inheritance tax was paid. It seems strange that a man of such enormous wealth could manage to escape publicity so effectively that he remained a perfect stranger to the great mass of New York's inhabitants. Of course, his name was by no means unknown in certain business circles, but although it was quite well understood in the financial district that Mr. Kennedy was a capitalist of varied and important interests, the magnitude of the fortune left by Mr. Kennedy was a surprise even to those intimately connected with his business transactions.

tion will be held in Thompson Square a Bohemian festival at First Avenue and Sixtieth Street. Celebration will be held in Washington Park by the Mens Club; in Central Park by the History Club, in Mount Morris Park by the Harlem Board of Commerce, and near Grant's Tomb.

Police Commissioner Waldo is greatly pleased with the work of the Strong Arm Squad established by him, which consists of twelve picked men during the week and is augmented to sixty men on Sundays and holidays. During the month of May the squad made 1,532 arrests. Convictions were obtained in 1,348 cases; cases pending, 80; prisoners discharged, 104; prisoners reprimanded, 106; prisoners placed on probation 73; sent to reformatory 1; suspended cases 139. The aggregate of fines collected was \$3,093.

An Italian laborer was arrested here the other day on the charge of having brutally treated his own daughter, a girl about fifteen years old. At the hearing it was stated that the man was a widower and that his daughter, besides going to school, kept house for her father. When the latter was displeased with her domestic efforts he used to beat her unmercifully and, to keep her from running away, he often chained her to the washtubs in his little flat. The other day, after her father had gone to work, after he had beaten and chained her, the girl broke her chains and fled to a family in the neighborhood. Now the girl is charge of the Children's Society, while her brutal father is in jail and will probably be given a stiff sentence.

Although the police authorities for years have carried on a stiff campaign against the numerous gangs of toughs, gamblers and criminals infesting certain populous districts of New York City, they have never been able to exterminate these dangerous cliques. Every now and then, however, the gangsters themselves come to the assistance of the police by starting a bloody war among themselves. Whenever rival gangs begin to fight it usually means that some of the gangsters are hurt or killed, to the complete satisfaction of the authorities and of all respectable citizens. Unfortunately these feuds are not frequent enough, nor are they conducted with adequate ferocity. Just now several gangs are fighting each other in the lower part of Manhattan and on both sides a number of gangsters have been "done up." Were it not for the fact that the gangsters use pistols and dynamite bombs as their weapons and thereby endanger the life and limb of innocent bystanders, it would be good policy not to interfere with their war.

Burning candles surrounding the bier of a young married woman in an apartment on the lower West side set fire to the draperies and curtains of the room the other night and before the fire was discovered it had progressed so far that the bereaved husband and his mother were seriously burned in their attempt to save the body of the young woman from cremation. The flames spread rapidly and it was with great difficulty that the tenants occupying the upper floors of the apartment house could be saved.

The chauffeur of a prominent millinery merchant of this city had a great surprise the other day. Returning to his bachelor home in the afternoon he heard an unusual noise in his bathroom and when he opened the door he found a strange woman in the bathtub, unconcernedly enjoying a bath. The man discreetly retired and notified the police. It was ascertained that the woman had escaped from Bloomingdale insane asylum and that the attendants of that institution for several days had been dragging every creek and pond in the vicinity, fearing that the woman had drowned herself.

There is every prospect that New York will this year, as last, enjoy a safe and sane Fourth of July. The Fourth of July Committee has announced the arrangements for this year's safe and sane celebration in this city and promises plans for as many more within a week. The chief celebration of the day will be in City Hall Park, where there will be speeches and a parade. There will be Italian festivals in Mulberry Park and Thomas Jefferson Park. Joseph Barabian plans to give two benefit

The other day when a certain case came up for hearing in the Supreme Court, the lawyer for the defense asked Justice Pitzeck for a three days' adjournment, explaining that he was about to be married and did not wish to be deprived for a few days honeymoon. To the utter consternation of the attorney Justice Pitzeck refused the request. The justice ruled that three days was not sufficient for a honeymoon and won the gratitude of the disappointed lawyer by postponing the hearing one week.

When the work for which the contracts were awarded recently by the State Board of Water Supply is completed the City of New York will own more than 150 miles of wire fence, surrounding the new Kahokan dam in the Catskills and the aqueduct property leading from it to the City. The posts will be of concrete and stone walls will enclose the property where it runs through villages. The fence, probably the longest of its kind in the country, will end at Tombs.

PEATONE BILL BOOKED AT LYRIC NEXT WEEK

The return date of the Campbell Sisters announced by the manager of the Lyric is looked forward to by the many patrons of this place of amusement who are lovers of high class singing and music.

The above mentioned act will again make their second appearance here next Monday evening for a three day engagement coming direct here from Richmond, where they have gained a big reputation for the excellence of their profession.

For the last three days of the week the manager announces the engagement of the Empire Musical Comedy Company consisting of ten excellent players, presenting each night a complete and different act.

This musical company is considered to be a great feature, only a short time ago they were selected to go aboard one of the battleships to furnish an evening entertainment for the officers of the different ships where they was an excellent success both from the press and public.

The patrons of the Lyric have been without amusement of this nature for some time, and especially those who looked for singing and dancing.

ODDS ON TAFT NOW 10 TO 8 BRYAN GAINS

Betting On The Nomination At Chicago And Baltimore Nearly At A Stand Still

NEBRASKA NOW FAVORITE 5 TO 1

Champ Clark Still Leads Among Other Democratic Possibilities

NEW YORK, June 15.—Developments at Chicago have taken the heart out of the pre-convention betting in New York. The only contest on which money was wagered around Wall Street and in the hotels early in the fight was the nomination, and since the throwing out of Roosevelt contests few of the men who like to take a chance on election results are willing to risk any money.

John A. Drake, who always stands to win a large sum on national elections, said today that betting around the stock exchange was at a standstill.

Bryan if Roosevelt bolts.

The odds that Taft will get the nomination are 10 to 8. One man in a brokerage office in the Waldorf-Astoria bet \$2,500 at odds of 8 to 5 that Taft would be elected, if there was no bolt. A curious bet of \$500 was made at even money that Bryan would be nominated at Baltimore if Roosevelt were victorious in the Chicago convention.

A broker in a Broad street office said he had bet \$1,000 at even money that if Roosevelt bolted a Democrat would be elected, and that he had \$100,000 more to bet the same way. Drake said he would be willing to wager his right eye on that proposition.

Bryan Now 3 to 1.

William J. Bryan as a possibility for the Democratic nomination for President is gaining favor among those in the financial district who wager on political events. A week ago Mr. Bryan's chances were quoted at the rather unflattering odds of 10 to 1, but now the best price which the Broad street election bookmakers are willing to name against the one time free silver advocate is 5 to 1. One of the leading makers of odds today said that the Bryan price had been forced down by Tammany money, and that there were not a few men in the financial district who favored his chances of winning out at Baltimore.

Among the other Democratic possibilities, Champ Clark still rules favorite at a nominal quotation of 9 to 5, with the rest of the field scattered out behind. Governor Wilson has some followers who are willing to risk their money on him.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ST. PETER'S CHANGED

The Sunday School of St. Peter's Church has been changed from the afternoon to 9:45 in the morning. This change will be in vogue during the summer months.

Tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock there will be Morning Prayer with sermon by the Rev. Nathaniel Harding. Evening Prayer will be held at six o'clock. All are cordially invited to be present. Seats free.

CARGO OF CEMENT HERE FOR HARDWARE CO.

The schooner William T. Parker, Captain George Howard in command, arrived in port this morning laden with a cargo of cement for the Hart's Hardware Company. The schooner was delayed on her arrival due to running aground in Croatan Sound where she remained several days.

LAST TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Nancy Elizabeth Burke was held this morning at ten o'clock, conducted by Rev. C. H. Brown. The interment was in Oakdale. A large number of sorrowing friends and acquaintances were present to pay their respects to the deceased.

HEAD OF NEW CHILDREN'S BUREAU



Miss Julia Lathrop, whom President Taft selected as chief of the newly created children's bureau in the department of commerce and labor, has long been prominent in Chicago and the country generally as a social economist. She is an associate of Miss Jane Addams in the work at Hull House, a member of the Illinois board of charities and a graduate and trustee of Vassar college.

Thumb Nail Sketches Of Republican Convention

Special to the Daily News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The following is a Thumb Nail Sketch of the Republican Candidates for President of the United States.

William H. Taft.

Born in Cincinnati, Sept. 15, 1857, the son of Alphonso Taft, who was a member of President Grant's cabinet.

Graduated from Yale in 1878 and from the Cincinnati Law School in 1880.

Appointed assistant prosecuting attorney for Hamilton County, Ohio, in 1881.

Appointed collector Internal revenue by President Arthur in 1882.

Resigned his official position in 1883 to begin the practice of law.

Appointed assistant solicitor in 1885.

Appointed Judge of the Superior Court of Cincinnati in 1887.

Elected to the Superior Court in 1888 for a term of five years.

Resigned from the bench in 1890 to become solicitor general at Washington.

Appointed Judge of the United States Circuit Court in 1892.

Became dean and professor in the law department of the University of Cincinnati in 1896.

Became first civil governor of the Philippines in 1901.

Declined an offer of appointment on the supreme bench of the United States.

Resigned his position as governor of the Philippines in 1903.

Became Secretary of War in President Roosevelt's cabinet in 1904.

Restored order in Cuba as Provisional governor in 1906.

Again declined the offer of a place on the supreme bench of the United States.

Announced his candidacy for the Republican presidential nomination in 1907.

Inaugurated the first Philippine Assembly at Manila in October 1907.

Nominated for President at Chicago, June 15, 1908.

Announced his candidacy for re-nomination in 1911.

Theodore Roosevelt.

Born in New York City, October 27, 1858.

Graduated from Harvard in 1880.

Member of the New York assembly from 1881 to 1889.

Chairman of the New York State Board of the Republican national convention in 1884.

Re-elected to the United States senate in 1911.

Conference of "Progressive Republicans" held at Chicago, Oct. 16, 1911, in which Senator La Follette for President.

Albert S. Cummins.

Born at Carrollton, Mo.

Unsuccessful candidate for Mayor of New York City in 1886.

United States civil service commissioner from 1889 to 1895.

Police Commissioner of New York City in 1895-6.

Assistant secretary of the navy in 1897-98.

Colonel of the "Rough Riders" in the Cuban campaign in 1898.

Elected governor of New York in 1898.

Elected vice president of the United States in 1900.

Became President on the death of President McKinley, September 14, 1901.

Elected President in 1904.

Acted as mediator in restoring peace between Russia and Japan in 1905.

Completed his term as President on March 4, 1909, and sailed three weeks later for his memorable hunting expedition in Africa.

Returned to New York, June 11, 1910, and accepted a position as associate editor of the Outlook.

Formally announced his candidacy for Republican nomination for President in February, 1912.

Robert M. LaFollette.

Born at Primrose, Wis., June 14, 1855.

Graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1879.

Elected district attorney of Dane County in 1880 and re-elected in 1887.

Re-elected to Congress in 1886 and 1889.

Defeated for re-election in 1890 and returned to the practice of law in Madison.

Became a leader of reform element in Republican party in Wisconsin.

Unsuccessful candidate for nomination for governor in 1896 and 1898.

Elected governor in 1900 and re-elected in 1902 and 1904.

While governor secured the enactment of laws providing for nominating candidates by direct ballot, for increased taxation of railroad property, and for the State control of railroad rates within its borders.

Resigned the governorship in 1905 to take his seat in the United States senate.

Re-elected to the United States senate in 1911.

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THE FIFTEENTH NATIONAL CONVENTION OF REPUBLICANS

HIGH WIND CAPSIZES A SMALL BOAT

Captain M. D. Brinson, one of the leading fishermen of this section, had his boat to capsize yesterday off Hill's Point, a few miles from this city, about four o'clock. Captain Brinson and his crew succeeded in grasping the overturned boat and clung to her until she drifted to shore. They then succeeded in bailing her out and after arranging the sail etc., they once again headed for this city where they all landed safe and sound. It was lucky that all were saved.

Captain Brinson states that in his many years experience on Pamlico River he never knew the wind to blow with the velocity it did on yesterday.

The boat and outrigger was damaged to the amount of about \$50. It is gratifying to his many friends to know that he escaped a watery grave.

DR. SNELL'S CONDITION NOT SO FAVORABLE

From a private source it is learned that the condition of Dr. Henderson Snell who recently was stricken with paralysis at Suffolk, Va., is not so well. His condition is such that he has been carried to hospital in Norfolk for treatment.

EDITOR OF EVANGEL TO PREACH AT OLD FORD

Rev. Pendell Bush, editor of the North Carolina Christian Evangel, of Wilmington, N. C., will preach at the Old Ford Christian Church tomorrow morning and evening. Mr. Bush has only recently been made editor of the Evangel and this is his first visit to this section. No doubt he will be heard by large and attentive congregations.

ICE CREAM SUPPER TONIGHT

There will be an ice cream supper given at the Charitable Brotherhood Hall, Bunyan, this evening. The proceeds will go towards aiding the Union Sunday School at that place which is reported to be already in a flourishing condition.

ORPHAN SINGING CLASS

The singing class of the orphan asylum at Goldsboro, N. C., under the auspices of the Odd Fellows, will give an entertainment in Washington on the evening of June 24. The class is now making an extensive tour of Eastern Carolina.

FIFTY-SIX YEARS SINCE BIRTH IN PITTSBURGH

First Conv. Was Held in Philadelphia in 1856 On June 17.

Special to the Daily News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The gathering of delegates at Chicago next Tuesday forms the fifteenth national convention held by the Republican party since its birth in Pittsburgh more than half a century ago. The first convention was in Philadelphia in 1856, and Edward D. Morgan called it to order on June 17. Robert Emmett of New York was temporary chairman and Henry S. Lane, of Pennsylvania permanent chairman, with David Wilnot as head of the committee on resolutions. The platform declared against the extension of slavery into new States and Territories, demanded the admission of Kansas, and advocated the building of the Union Pacific railroad. The candidates nominated were John C. Fremont—he defeated John McLean, of Ohio, on the first ballot—and William L. Dayton, of New York. The ticket was beaten by the Democratic ticket nominated at St. Louis and headed by Buchanan.

The second, but in point of importance really the first, convention of the party was held in Chicago, assembling June 13, 1860. The platform declared for the preservation of the Union, denounced the extension of slavery, and advocated tariff laws "which would encourage the development of the industrial interests of the country." Abraham Lincoln was nominated for President on the third ballot and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine was nominated for Vice President on the second ballot. This ticket was successful in the fall, easily beating the divided Democracy.

The third Republican convention met in Baltimore on June 7, 1864. The platform declared for the carrying on of the war, advocated a constitutional amendment forever prohibiting slavery anywhere in the Union, returned thanks to the Federal soldiers and sailors, and endorsed the emancipation proclamation. Abraham Lincoln was renominated, receiving all the votes except those of Missouri which were cast for General Grant. Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee was named for Vice President. This ticket was successful at the polls.

The record of Republican national conventions and candidates held since the close of the civil war is as follows:

Chicago, May 30, 1868—Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, and Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana.

Philadelphia, June 5, 1872—Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, and Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts.

Cincinnati, June 14, 1876—Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio, and William A. Wheeler, of New York.

Chicago, June 2, 1880—James A. Garfield, of Ohio, and Chester A. Arthur, of New York.

Chicago, June 8, 1884—James G. Blaine, of Maine, and John A. Logan, of Illinois.

Chicago, June 19, 1888—Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, and Levi P. Morton, of New York.

Minneapolis, June 7, 1892—Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, and Whitelaw Reid, of New York.

St. Louis, June 7, 1896—William McKinley, of Ohio, and Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1900—William McKinley, of Ohio, and Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.

Chicago, June 21, 1904—Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, and Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana.

Chicago, June 16, 1908—William H. Taft, of Ohio, and James S. Sherman, of New York.

The convention next week will be the seventh that the Republican party has held in Chicago. Of the Republican candidates nominated in that city, Lincoln and Garfield were assassinated. Blaine died a disappointed, if not a heartbroken man. Arthur, who succeeded Garfield, tried to realize the full meaning of political integrity. Harding, although re-nominated at Minneapolis, was elected. The ticket in Grand Rapids, Michigan, was the first to carry a majority of the votes in a