

Fair Tonight and Tomorrow

WILEY TAKES STUMP FOR GOV. WILSON

Terre Haute, Ind., Oct. 4.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, former chief of the Federal Bureau of Chemistry and government pure food expert, made his debut as a Democratic campaign speaker here last night. His speech was devoted largely to an attack upon Colonel Roosevelt, who, he said, was falsely claiming credit for the passage of the pure food and drug act. He announced he would support Wilson and Marshall.

"Read the high-sounding moralities of the Progressive platform," said the doctor, "and compare them with the actual performance of its master builder. They don't seem to consist. I cannot conceive of any more wicked and law-breaking performance. A beneficent law—passed in good faith by Congress—was mercilessly evaded and the disemboweled corpse was turned over to the Secretary of Agriculture for dissection. The Secretary of Agriculture, inspired by his trustees in crime, Solicitor McCabe and Associate Dunlap, attacked the carcass, and soon only the whitening bones of the poor food law remained as mute witnesses of its existence."

Declaring that he had remained loyal to the Republican party for many years in spite of his conviction that it was "yearly becoming a worshipper at the shrine of the dollar and less mindful of honesty in business and the public health and welfare," Doctor Wiley said: "I now believe that the Republican party, as at present constituted, is so completely subjugated by the dollar, so permeated by the canker of big business as its only god, that only disastrous defeat can ever restore it to health."

"In my own case the chief cause of breaking away from my lifelong political affiliations is directly due to the attitude of two Republican administrations, viz., those of Roosevelt and Taft, to the food and drug act."

"Arrayed against this salutary statute had been formed the very worst elements of commercialism that this or any other country could produce. Debasers and misbranders of foods and drugs, seeking to poison the foods that keep us well and debase the drugs that are given us when ill, for years had succeeded in blocking legislation."

"Standing together were those drugging our foods to preserve them from decay and coloring them with poisonous dyes to make them seem fresh, those mixing cheap substitutes with foods and drugs to keep up their weight and volume and deceive and threaten the purchaser, those who, with cheap alcohol, simulated the old and fragrant products of the vineyard and its distilling, who made beer of cheap sugars and wine of coal tar dyes, tanning and saccharin, and those who preyed on the imaginations of the laymen and sold them worthless and harmful remedies."

"During all this time no President of the United States and no Cabinet officer ever said a favoring word for the enactment of this law—except on one or two occasions in a most perfunctory way. Mr. Roosevelt, in one of his messages, alluded to the matter in a short paragraph without accentuation. The secretary of agriculture, on a few occasions in his recommendations to the President, called attention to the agitation going on. But the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture and the Health Department of the city of Washington were active in their opposition to the measure, fearing some infringement on their own activities."

It is said that Great Britain has more women workers in proportion to its population than any other country. There are 416,000 dress-makers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS IN TODAY'S NEWS

- J. K. Hoyt
- Lyric
- Zemo
- Boston Rubber Shoe Co.
- Washington Light and Water Co.
- H. H. Satterthwaite
- Postum Cereal Co.
- Wm. Bragaw & Co.
- Southern Furniture Company
- Othine
- Southern Distilling Company
- Washington Horse Exchange
- James H. Clark

TWO POPULAR YOUNG PEOPLE ARE MARRIED

At the residence of Mrs. William Bowen, at the corner of Union Alley and Second street, yesterday afternoon at 2:30, Mr. Clarence B. Little, of Belhaven, N. C., was happily married to Miss Dianna Bowen, the daughter of Mrs. William Bowen. The impressive and solemn ceremony was performed by Rev. H. B. Sorright, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, in the presence of quite a number of relatives and well-wishers. Miss Mary Elizabeth Thomas, a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. William Bowen, a brother of the bride, best man. The bride wore a handsome going-away gown of brown, with hat and gloves to match. The residence was attractively decorated for the auspicious event and quite number of useful and handsome presents were received, testing to the high esteem in which they are held.

Immediately after the consummation of the nuptials, Mr. and Mrs. Little drove to the Norfolk Southern station, where they boarded the train for Belhaven, N. C., their future home. All their friends wish them every happiness.

Mr. Little is a son of Mr. C. M. Little, Sr., of Bunyan, and a most estimable and energetic young man. At present he is engaged in the insurance business in Belhaven.

The bride is a daughter of the late Mr. William Bowen. She is a woman of magnetism and counts her friends as legion. The Daily News extends congratulations and best wishes.

ADDISCO BOOK CLUB MEETS WITH MISS BETTIE HARVEY

The Addisco Book Club held the first regular meeting of the season yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Bettie Harvey, corner of Main and Van Norden streets. This reunion is always anticipated with great pleasure by the members of the club. The meeting was called to order at 4 o'clock by the new president, Mrs. David T. Taylor. The club feels satisfied that under the guidance of this popular and efficient leader, the year's work will be both profitable and pleasant.

The first business in order was the reports from the book and program committees. The new books and attractive programs in Irish Green, were on hand to speak for themselves and were greeted with pleasure.

The paper for the afternoon, "Resources and Characteristics of Ireland," was read by Miss Wiswall. After most delightful refreshments a Ghost Book was brought out and each guest requested to leave her ghost behind her—a souvenir for the hostess. This occasioned much merriment and fun and then the club adjourned. The club hopes to meet again very soon and make their absence sweet.

JUDGE STEPHEN BRAGAW AN HONOR TO THE BENCH

The Southport Herald, one of the brightest papers in Eastern Carolina, in this week's issue pays the following high, but justly merited compliment to our distinguished townsman, Judge Stephen C. Bragaw.

The Herald says: "Judge Bragaw's charge to the grand jury was given very close attention by a crowd that packed every space of the courtroom and hallway as well. His Honor in defining the duties of the jurors was very clear, concise, and convincing. There was no chance to misunderstand his meaning. The Judge has a fine command of language, never hesitates for a word and possesses a pleasing voice that carries well. He is impartial but fearless in his judgments. Judge Bragaw is competent, just, fearless, a man of high ideals, having all the qualifications that a court judge should possess. It was indeed a pleasure to have this gifted and learned expounder of the law with us at this session of the court."

The Daily News is glad to note the above item and feels confident that it will be read with interest by the numerous friends of Judge Bragaw, not only in Washington, but throughout Beaufort county, where he is best known and admired most.

RAND'S DEATH HAS LESSON FOR EVERYONE

Poor Billy Rand, the boy accidentally killed by having at the State University, certainly died a most unnecessary death, but we are going to learn a lesson from it. Already there is lots of strange agitation for stringent legislation along this line, and it is an excellent movement. But the question that naturally arises in the minds of many serious minded people is why we do not direct legislation toward sources that would save more lives than the comparative few that might be saved by preventing having. Take, for example, the preventable deaths of infants. Did it ever occur to you that Herod's slaughter of the innocents was but a mere incident compared to the destruction of babies today? In the entire world 15,000,000 helpless babies die every year. During the last twenty-four hours not fewer than 40,000 have died, and the same thing is going to occur tomorrow. In the United States alone approximately 1,000 babies die every day. In our own State we lost last year between 8,000 and 9,000 babies. Were any of them near or dear to you? Next year that needless slaughter will probably be repeated. Will any of them be little ones near and dear to you?

Dr. Phelps, at the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography at Washington last week, is quoted as authority for the statement that there is the best reason for believing that at least 50 per cent. of our present infant mortality is readily preventable. The main things needed to accomplish this result are more means of educating the public, particularly the mothers and fathers, as well as those that will later be parents; some common sense laws or rules and regulations regarding milk and food, as well as flies and water; and some means of keeping a careful record of the births and deaths of all infants in the State, in order that we may be better able to tell where these preventable deaths of children occur, and what causes them.

Nor is this true of infant deaths alone. The same thing is true of our high preventable death rates from typhoid fever, tuberculosis, malaria, and other preventable deaths. In other words, let's prevent having, from a humanitarian standpoint; but for the same reason let's not forget the vastly greater number of deaths that we could prevent in other ways.

LILA ROPER CELEBRATES HER 10th NATAL DAY

Miss Lila Roper, the sweet and attractive ten-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Roper, celebrated her tenth natal day at her home on East Main street yesterday afternoon. The occasion was one of the most enjoyable of the season among the youngsters. The home of Miss Lila was attractively decorated in autumn shades—the color scheme being red and yellow. The feature of the afternoon was a peanut contest. This game was entered with a spirit and enthusiasm by all present. Miss Blanch Richardson was awarded the prize and she was the subject of many congratulations. After quite a number of games were indulged in delicious and tempting refreshments were served. Miss Lila proved herself a charming and wise little hostess and all who partook of her hospitality will ever remember her. She is wished many happy and joyous returns. Those present were: Elizabeth Oden, Florence Harris, Ina Paul, Baird Brooks, Blanch Ricks, Mary Bridgman Little, Theodore Rodman, Charlotte Redman, Francis Bender Grease, George Zinne, Milton Jefferson, Ruth Satterthwaite, Virginia White, Christine Baugham, Mary Robbins, Vira Edwards, Latham Tanfield, Dail Tanfield, Mary Car Bland, Lottie Bess Myers, Harriet Brown.

INDISPOSED.

The friends of Mr. N. E. Selesby, manager of the Candy Kitchen, will regret to learn of his illness. It is to be hoped that he will soon be convalescent and able to attend to his business duties.

The salary of President G. W. Perkins, of the International Union of Cigar-makers, has been increased from \$30 to \$40 a week.

POPULAR AMONG LATIN-AMERICANS



One of the most accomplished and most popular members of Latin-American society in Washington is Senora de la Cueva, wife of the first secretary of the Mexican embassy.

Two Distinguished Speakers To Address Washington People.

Another gifted son of North Carolina is to speak in the city on Monday, October 14, at the Court House. Beaufort County knows Hon. W. M. Bond and the announcement that he is to address the citizens carries with it a pleasure that is catholic. Mr. Bond believes that Senator F. M. Simmons should be returned to the United States Senate and he proposes to tell the good people of this county the reason for the faith that is within him. Mr. Bond is one of the State's attractive speakers not only locally but before a jury. His coming is universally hailed with pleasure and no doubting Thomas need fear he will not have a large audience. Both speeches are anticipated with pleasure.

RESPECTIVE REGISTRARS POLLING PLACES SAT.

On each Saturday during the period of registration, the registrar will attend with his registration books at the polling place of his precinct for the registration of voters.

The registrars for Washington will sit in the following places each Saturday:

- First Ward—E. L. Archbell, Hasell Supply Co.
- Second Ward—W. R. Bright, City Hall.
- Third Ward—J. R. Proctor, Winfield's Stables.
- Fourth Ward—J. F. Flynn, Paul's Store, Market street.

NOTES FROM THE LABOR WORLD

Springfield, Mass., telephone girls have organized a union.

Members of the San Francisco fire department demand a twelve-hour workday.

One hundred thousand persons could find work in New York if they would go into the domestic service.

For death, sick or disability insurance national unions reported disbursements of \$7829,121 in 1908, including \$5,164,385 for death of members, \$853,700 for temporary disability, \$198,618 for superannuation, and \$592,321 other miscellaneous benefits.

BAY STATE'S NOTABLE IDENTITY CASE STILL ON; END TOT YET IN SIGHT.

Already Fifty Days Have Been Consumed in The Actual Proceedings. This Second Trial of Famous Case.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 4.—The trial of the Daniel Blake Russell identity case in East Cambridge has now passed its 50th day of actual proceedings, and the end is not yet in sight. This is the second trial of the famous case and is being conducted before a master appointed by the East Cambridge Superior Court. The first trial took place last winter in the Middlesex Probate Court and was one of the longest and most sensational of the kind in the history of American legal jurisprudence. Like the first trial, the present proceedings have been up to date enlivened with romantic features, surprises and sensations which would find difficulty of belief if appearing in a work of fiction.

The Russell case is probably the most notable identity case ever tried in an American court. It rivals in interest and resembles in many respects the famous Tichborne case, which ran for 170 days before Lord Chief Justice Cockburn in England some thirty years ago.

In the first trial Judge Lawton decided against "Dakota Dan," who claims to be Daniel Blake Russell, son of the late Daniel Russell of Melrose, and who also claims his share of the \$500,000 estate now held by William C. Russell, another son of Daniel Russell. Apparently not in the least discouraged over his decision, the Dakota claimant went to work to have the case reopened and, though without funds or the help of counsel, he succeeded in securing another trial of his case.

Persons in daily attendance at the present hearing in the East Cambridge court have been much impressed by the story told by "Dakota Dan" and the evidence of the witnesses who have testified in his behalf. In his fight for recognition the claimant has told on the stand, in a simple way and with remarkable memory, of the events which took place in the home which he says he left in Melrose a quarter of a century ago. For a time he lived the life of a tramp, getting from one part of the country to another as best he might. He has worked with circuses and as a deck hand, shod horses in blacksmith shops, and spent winters as a hand in lumber camps and mills, according to his story. The tale of his wanderings and the vicissitudes of his life since 1885 has taken him in retrospect from the docks of Liverpool, where he paid his passage in the steerage, to the woods of north-

ern Michigan, and finally to the Bad Lands of North Dakota. There he settled down to some extent and for some time had been employed as a ranch manager. Finally a desire to return to his old home seized him and he arrived in Melrose something more than a year ago to find that the man whom he claims as his father had died and left an estate of \$500,000 and a will in which was the provision that the long-missing son should share half the fortune in the event of his return. But the elder son, William C. Russell, in whose possession the estate was held, not only refused to surrender any portion of it, but positively denied the claims of relationship set up by the man from Dakota.

To support his claim as Daniel Blake Russell a large number of witnesses have appeared at the present hearing to identify the claimant as the son of Daniel B. Russell. Of these, some have known him for 40 and others for 25 years. They knew him intimately in many cases, and were acquainted with the peculiarities and characteristics of his youth. One of the most important of the recent witnesses has been the former sweetheart of Daniel Blake Russell, Miss Hattie M. Keith, who told on the stand her friendship with the long missing son of the late Daniel Russell. With great positiveness Miss Keith declared that Daniel Blake Russell and "Dakota Dan," the claimant, are the same person.

To oppose the claim of "Dakota Dan" and the testimony of his witnesses, the respondents, William C. Russell and Ferdinand B. Almy, the latter of whom is said to have had the entire administration of the estate since the death of Daniel Russell, have declared that the claimant is an imposter and have undertaken to prove that he is not Daniel Blake Russell, but James Delbert Ruseau, who was born of poor parents in Bombay, N. Y., in 1865.

Not the least remarkable feature of the contest has been the part played by the man called "Fresno Dan," who mysteriously appeared on the scene when the first trial of the case was near an end. "Fresno Dan" was taken into the home of William C. Russell and was publicly accepted as the long missing heir, though so far as is known none of the older residents of Melrose was able to detect any resemblance between "Fresno Dan" and the missing Daniel Blake Russell.

MANAGER ROLLINS HOME FROM NORFOLK VIRGINIA

Mr. Frank H. Rollins, manager of the Havers Grain Mill, one of the largest of its kind in Eastern Carolina, returned home last evening from Norfolk, where he went to attend the Grain Dealers' National Association, which has been in session in that progressive city for the past three days.

Mr. Rollins speaks in the very highest terms of his trip and says that the citizens and business men of Norfolk gave the visitors a royal good time.

Some of the country's best and energetic grain dealers were present. Not only were the business sessions of the association profitable, but the many social functions tendered were enjoyable and much enjoyed.

The next meeting of the association is to meet in the City of New Orleans. Delegates from all parts of the United States were present.

PREPARATORY SERVICES.

There will be preparatory services held at the First Presbyterian church this evening at 8 o'clock, anticipating the celebration of the Holy Communion on Sunday morning next. All members of the church are urged to attend.

Industrially, Belgium is the most highly developed country in Europe. It has at the present time a population of about eight million, of which 1,250,000 persons are engaged in industrial pursuits. 300,000 of them are women.

JURY IN DYNAMITE CASE NOT CHOSEN

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 4.—Thirty-four veniremen had been excused and 12 remained in the box still under consideration at the conclusion of today's examination for the selection of a jury to try the 46 men accused by the government of complicity in the "dynamite plot."

It was thought the jury might be completed this afternoon. The trial of the defendants, headed by Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and including other officials of that union together with members of two other unions, will then begin.

District Attorney Charles W. Miller will open the case for the government. His opening statement, already prepared, contains 800 typewritten pages and will cover the ground upon which the prosecution intends by testimony to sustain its charges; that the dynamite conspiracy continued for five or six years; that Orrie E. McManigal's confession is corroborated by persons from many sections of the country; that the McManaras were not alone in financing and arranging for a widespread system of blowing up the works of employers of non-union labor.

The reading of this government's opening statement is to occupy several days. The defense has not yet indicated whether it will present an opening statement. The first witness will next be called.