

How the warning has gone on against soap as a carrier of germs. This time the crusade makes a clean sweep.

One of the obstacles in the way of the anti-kissing crusade is that most girls would rather be so-called than un-kissed.

The man who threatens to let his whiskers grow if his favorite candidate is not elected has his favorite candidate of the stage.

The political tentacles of the third term candidate have been extended in every direction from which might be gathered voters irrespective of sex, race, color or previous condition, of all vocations, factions and trades into the Progressive fold. By specious promises cunningly adapted to each the column beckons them to follow with blinding approval where ever his bell-wether adjutant may lead in order that Theodore Rex may again sit in the White House.

Tempting bait is thrown to the working people in the minimum wage, to the Socialists in the enlargement of government ownership, to the women in the furtherance of suffrage aspirations, to the farmer in blissful betterment of rural life, etc. Now he appeals to the quacks, those true and hitherto despised men of predatory wealth, offering them tenderest regard and freedom from prejudice "for or against." The following "blanket policy" is offered for protection of our most precious possessions—health and life:

"We favor the union of all the existing agencies for fundamental government dealing with the public health into a single national health service without discrimination against or for any one set of therapeutic methods, school of medicine or school of healing, with such additional powers as may be necessary to enable it to perform efficiently such duties in the protection of the public from preventable diseases as may be properly undertaken by the fundamental authorities, including the execution of existing laws regarding pure food, quarantine and cognate subjects the promotion of appropriate action for the improvement of vital statistics, the extension of the registration area of such statistics and co-operation with the health activities of the various states and cities of the nation."

Thus would votes for Theodore Rex be multiplied.

MANY GOING HOME TO VOTE.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—Outgoing trains today carried the advance guard of officials and government clerks who are returning to their respective homes to vote next Tuesday. The exodus this year promises to be larger than for many years past. The department employees have been impressed with the possibility that a few votes might change the result in congressional contests if not on the national ticket, and each is going home with the intention of throwing his influence on the right side of the scale as it appeals to him. Many of the department clerks are going as far as Iowa, Nebraska and Minnesota to cast their votes.

HOW ONE WOMAN WON

Her Health and Strength Back Again by The Use of Cardui.

Tampa, Fla.—In a letter from this city, Mrs. E. C. Corum writes: "I was all weakened and worn out with womanly troubles. My husband brought me some Cardui as a tonic, and, from the first day, it seemed to help. I had almost lost my reason, but thanks to Cardui, I did not. Soon, I felt and looked like a new woman. I think the remedy is wonderful. I recommend it to my friends, for I have received great benefit from it." Cardui acts specifically on the weakened womanly organs, strengthening the muscles and nerves, and building them up to health. It helps to refresh the worn-out nervous system and relieves the effects of overwork, both mental and physical. Fifty years' successful use fully prove the merit of this purely vegetable, tonic remedy for women. In every community, there live some who have been benefited by Cardui. The beneficial effects of this time-tested woman's remedy, soon show themselves in many different ways. Try it.

N. B.—Write for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 24-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper on request.

A DORP TOO MUCH.
The man who drops his insurance is guilty of a serious indiscretion—he has taken a "drop too much."
Keep up your Insurance, and if you have none, get some—the BRAGAW kind.
Wm. BRAGAW & CO.,
First Insurance Agents in Washington, N. C.

FILENE ANSWERS MR. WANAMAKER

Noted Boston Merchant Appeals to Business Men With Logic for Wilson.

STABILITY WHAT WE NEED

Full Measure of Prosperity Cannot Be Realized Until Country Is Satisfied With Genuine Tariff Reform.

Edward A. Filene is president of Edward A. Filene & Son, Boston, Mass., one of the largest retail dry-goods stores of the country. He is a former president of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, member of the National Council of Commerce, National Civic Federation, National Newspaper League, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce and a member of scores of clubs and other organizations; is the author of many articles on business, civic, labor and industrial relations.

To the Merchants and Business Men of the United States:

John Wanamaker's appeal to you in the New York Herald of Oct. 4, calling for a continent wide rally to the support of Mr. Taft on the part of the merchants and business-men of the country, has no doubt received your serious attention. It has seemed to me that those of us in business who believe Mr. Wanamaker's position is mistaken should make known our firm belief that the business of the country will be best served by the election of Governor Wilson to the presidency.

There is every reason to believe that we are on the eve of abundant prosperity, and in my opinion one thing likely to prevent the setting in of such a period would be the re-election of President Taft and the one thing that would make prosperity most certain would be the election of Governor Wilson. This opinion is based upon my belief that for the business world nothing else is so important as stability.

Stability is impossible with Mr. Taft as president; there has been no feeling of stability during his administration. It is not that the president is a disturber of conditions or that he is not sufficiently careful of the business interests of the country. The absence of any feeling of stability during the Taft administration has been and is due to a widespread belief that there are certain reforms which the great body of people want and that the general feeling of unrest will not materially lessen until these reforms are accomplished.

President Taft's re-election would not create any feeling of assurance that there would be a satisfactory solution of the tariff question. By a satisfactory solution I mean a removal of unjust and unnecessary taxation.

Entirely apart from his veto of tariff legislation the mere fact that the president signed the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and later declared that it was the best tariff bill ever written, has made it impossible for the public to have any considerable confidence that they may expect real relief from him.

Roosevelt's Record.

Upon this matter Mr. Roosevelt's record is not much better than that of Mr. Taft, nor is his present position on the tariff much more promising than that of the president. The agitation for reform began while President McKinley was still in office and had then reached such proportions that the country in general approved of the advanced position McKinley took in his Buffalo speech. It increased steadily during the seven and a half years in which Roosevelt was president, but he made no attempt to give the people any relief from tariff exactions. He does not now offer any definite tariff program. These things lead me to believe that his election now, like the re-election of Taft, would mean four years more of tariff agitation.

With Wilson elected one may reasonably expect a satisfactory solution of the tariff question. His expressions on this matter show a full conception of the country wide demand for tariff reform, a thorough knowledge of the ways in which tariff laws are made and a determination to secure as promptly as possible the much needed legislation. At the same time Governor Wilson has shown that he recognizes as a fact the intimate relation which tariff has been made to have to the structure of business in this country and that he would keep this fact in mind in handling tariff legislation.

Governor Wilson's election would mean and would be taken by the country at large to mean that we would have very early in his administration a revision of the tariff which would give the country the relief it is demanding and which at the same time would be made carefully and with a view to preventing business

The weather is now cool enough to suggest something that will bring comfort and we naturally think of

FURS

We have a varied and attractive stock and would be pleased to have you see them. We have the largest stock of

Blankets and Quilts

Ever carried. To see them means to buy, so come and take a look.



Until this is done, or at least until the country feels sure that it is to be done, there cannot be that stability which is so necessary to the fullest development of an era of prosperity.

Truth About Prosperity.

Certainly the facts do not warrant Mr. Wanamaker's conclusion that a Republican administration insures prosperity and that the periods of trade depression which the country has seen from time to time have been due to Democratic tariff revision. Mr. Wanamaker's appeal is based largely on the theory that Democratic tariff revision was responsible for the hard times of 1893. In the face of the facts no authority, however eminent, can reasonably ask that we accept the theory.

Now, according to facts, the panic which was commonly known as that of 1893 might very properly have been known as that of 1890 or 1891, because it was under the McKinley tariff bill, which became a law on Oct. 6, 1890, that the first signs of this disturbance appeared.

On Nov. 17, 1890, Barker Bros., bankers, of Philadelphia, suspended with liabilities of \$5,000,000, and the clearing houses of both New York and Boston voted their certificates to banks in need of assistance. There were other big suspensions and failures in this year and the next.

In 1892, while the country was still under the Republican administration and a Republican tariff law, strike after strike broke out as a result of the workmen's attempt to resist reductions in wages, and these strikes culminated in the great Homestead strike and riot. In other words, the panic of 1893 was well under way when Cleveland came into office.

Under the same tariff law in 1893 there were more than 15,000 failures in the United States, involving losses amounting to \$346,000,000.

On the other hand, after the Democratic revision had gone into effect in 1894 the number of failures fell to 18,000, and the amount involved fell to \$173,000,000, or less than half. In 1895 the number of failures was nearly 1,000 less, and the amount involved remained about half. There were more failures than this in 1911 under Taft (\$1,441).

Mr. Wanamaker is silent regarding the Republican panics of 1873 and 1907.

In view of the facts, then, is Mr. Wanamaker justified in his appeal? Do not the facts prove quite the opposite of his contention?

There is another matter, in my opinion very important, for us as business men to keep in mind, and that is the bearing of the coming election upon the development of a better basis of credit. The Republican tariff and Republican policies have fostered great concentrations of capital in monopolies and trusts.

Upon this great question also Governor Wilson is entitled to our support. Mr. Roosevelt favors the recognition of monopolies as inevitable, and this is logical, as he favors a controlled continuation of the conditions under which they have developed. Mr. Taft is against monopoly, but he is for a continuation of the laws which have brought them into being. Governor Wilson, alone of the candidates, has taken a consistent position for the preservation of the individual in the business world, he alone of the candidates is pledged to legislation which will prevent such financial confederacies as now control the business and credit of the nation.

Therefore, being convinced that prosperity now awaits only stable conditions and a proper basis of credit, I am firmly of the opinion that we, as business men, should work and vote for Governor Wilson.

EDWARD A. FILENE

Subscribe to the Daily News.

TRY A NEWS WANT AD

CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY.

Miss Laura Leggette celebrated her 15th birthday last Saturday night at her home.

The following were present: Misses Neta Hardison, Lucie Hardison, Lillie Perry, Minnie Perry, Ruby Leggette, Bettie Willard, Myrtle Leggette, Martha Leggette, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Leggette, Messrs. Pearl Daniel and Bruce Leggette, Simon Doyal and Josh Hardison, David Martin, Albert and Sam Willard, Ralph, Dave and Floyd Perry, Frank Cherry, Roy and Luther Perry, Bennie Hardison, Alexander Beacham, Joe Willard, Duke and Marshall Jackson, Sam Williams, Leslie Hodges, Norman Oliver, Jas. Ball, N. L. Jackson, and others too numerous to mention.

No social function of the season was enjoyed more and everybody voted the hostess both charming and entertaining. The rooms were decorated in cream and red roses. Many games were played and the guest were served with delicious refreshments. Messrs. R. H. Pearl and Bruce Leggette were the musicians.

Miss Lucie Hardison, assisted the hostess in receiving the guest. Miss Leggette received many handsome and useful presents, going to show the high esteem in which she is held in the community. Her many friends wish her many more bright and happy birthdays.

"Lightning" says a modern philosopher, "never hesitates when it has anything to do; it goes straight to the mark." Our observation is that lightning does nothing of the sort, but it makes an atrociously crooked track.

J. D. PAUL NOT A CANDIDATE.

High Point, N. C., Oct. 19.

Mr. Editor: I would like to ask space in your paper to make a few statements to my friends in Beaufort county.

In my mail today I received the Daily News for Oct. 12, in which I see that my name is put down as the nominee of the Republican party for the office of representative of Beaufort county. Some of my friends in the county have written me informing me of the same; therefore, I suppose I am the "Paul" that was intended.

I want to say to my friends that my employment is such now that I am certainly in no position to take more responsibilities and hence I cannot accept the nomination. However, I wish to kindly thank them for the courtesy shown me. I believe I feel as loyal to my home county as anyone, but I know that we have plenty of good men in the county who would make worthy representatives in our legislature and I rather see them go there.

I think our county is getting in a better condition politically now. I am glad to see that so many people of the old parties are throwing off some of their old party allegiance and coming out more as independent thinkers and voters (and I think, Mr. Editor, that you have done much to bring about such a condition.)

Until our people do this we can expect nothing but "bossism" and "ring rule" domination in our county government.

Sincerely,
J. D. PAUL.

WHERE CITIZENS CAN WORSHIP TOMORROW

ALL THE CHURCHES ORDINALLY INVITE STRANGERS TO THEIR SERVICES—THE MUSIC GIVE OF THE FRANKLIN

First Methodist Church.
West Second street. Rev. R. H. Brown, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Strangers and visitors welcome. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. R. R. Nixon, Supt.

First Presbyterian Church.
Gladden street (near Coast Line Station.) Rev. H. B. Seagriff pastor. Good music. Strangers and visitors cordially invited to worship with us. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. C. M. Brown Jr., Supt.

Christian Church.
East Second street. Rev. Robert Y. Hope, minister. Services at 11:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Strangers and all others invited.

St. Peter's Episcopal Church.
Corner Main and Bonner Sts. Rev. Nathaniel Harding, rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock; evening prayer at 8:00. Sunday school, E. K. Willis, Jr., Supt., and Men's Bible class, H. S. Ward leader, at 9:45 a. m.

First Baptist Church (Market Street, between Second and Third Sts.) Preaching every Sunday 11 A. M., and 8 P. M. Rev. H. P. Dalton, pastor.
Sunday School 9:30 A. M. Mr. S. P. Willis, Superintendent. We cordially invite strangers, visitors and all people to these services.

Colored Churches.
Disciple.—Rev. J. R. Spencer, pastor. Preaching every first and fourth Sundays. Morning worship at 11 o'clock; evening service at 7:30. Lord's Day school at 9 p. m. Thomas Spencer, Supt. Visitors are invited and cordially welcomed.

YOUR GROCER BILL AND YOUR BALLOT

It Costs \$5.50 For Week's Necessaries; \$4 in 1904.

The housekeeper and the wage earner can see at a glance from these figures what the "high cost of living" means under a monopoly tariff.

ACTUAL RETAIL GROCERY PRICES BEING THE AVERAGE PAID IN NEW YORK, PHOENIX, ST. LOUIS AND NEARBY CITIES IN 1904 AND NOW

	1904	1903	% Inc.	1904	1903	% Inc.
Butter	27c	25c	8%	100 lbs	10.00	10.00
Lard	15c	14c	7%	100 lbs	15.00	15.00
Coffee	25c	22c	14%	100 lbs	25.00	25.00
Tea	35c	30c	17%	100 lbs	35.00	35.00
Eggs	30c	28c	7%	1 doz	3.00	3.00
Sugar	12c	11c	9%	100 lbs	12.00	12.00
Flour	11c	10c	10%	100 lbs	11.00	11.00
Cheese	14c	13c	8%	100 lbs	14.00	14.00
Prunes	12c	11c	9%	100 lbs	12.00	12.00
Potatoes	8c	7c	14%	100 lbs	8.00	8.00
Codfish	14c	13c	8%	100 lbs	14.00	14.00
Milk	11c	10c	10%	1 gal	1.10	1.10

Can strict economy reduce the quantity of these staple articles required for a family of five who wish to maintain the boasted "American standard of living"? Let the high protectionists try to do with less if they will. But let them reflect that it is costing them \$1.50 a week more than it did eight years ago for \$4 worth of necessities for the table—37% per cent increase in the span of two presidential terms of Republican "prosperity."

Have YOUR wages, Mr. Voter, kept pace with this advance? Do YOU see any reason for paying a tariff tax of 35 per cent on eggs or 23 per cent on beef or 63 per cent on sugar? Food—food alone—costs the average family now 42% per cent of the total family expense.

The average cost of food per family in the United States has risen as follows:

1900	2514
1904	347
1912	428

President Taft vetoed bills reducing the tariff on all such necessities of life.

A vote for Woodrow Wilson is a vote to insure an honest revision of the tariff and a reduction of your grocer bills.

The whole business of politics is to bring classes together upon a common platform of accommodation and common interest—Woodrow Wilson.

RAIN COATS

Cravenettes and Rubbers, ranging in price From \$5.00 to \$20

The rainy season is now on and a waterproof coat is a necessity, not a luxury. Do not take the risk of contracting pneumonia. Buy One Before It's Too Late

THE HUB

The Home Of Good Clothes

WASHINGTON PRODUCER MARKETS

SATURDAY, NOV. 1, 1912.

Beef	24 cts
Chickens, grown, 48 cents	
Chickens, young, 35 cents to 40c	
Bee Wax	27c
Lamb skins, each	10c to 20c
Sheep skins, each	10 to 15c
Tallow	12c
Dry salt hides, per lb.	14c
Green salted hides, 12 1/2 cts	
Ory hides, 2 good, per lb.	4c to 5c
Green Hides	12c
Wool again lint	28c
Wool skin suit	19c
Deer skin lint	24c
Good Cotton	3 1/2 cts
R. H. Pass	21 1/2 cts
Damaged	10c to 15c
Wool	11 1/2 cts

Mr. J. E. Taylor returned from Greenville, N. C., yesterday evening.

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKING.

The Democratic nominees for county officers will address the citizens of Beaufort County at the following times and places. Other Democratic speakers will meet with the candidates in the various precincts.

Thursday, Oct. 31.
Blount's Creek at 10 a. m.
Chocowinity at 2 p. m. (MILL.)
Friday, Nov. 1.
Tranter's Creek at 7:30 p. m.
Saturday, Nov. 2.
Beaver Dam at 7 p. m.
LINDRAY C. WARREN,
Chairman Dem. Exec. Com.
Beaufort County.

TRY A DAILY NEWS WANT AD

5 or 6 dozen 40c will break any case of Chills & Fever, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. Price 25c.

WE WILL MAIL YOU \$1

For each set of old Gold, Silver and Platinum coins paid for old Gold, Silver, and Watches, Broken Jewelry, Trunk, Suits, etc. MONEY SENT BY RETURN MAIL. Phila. Smelting & Refining Company ESTABLISHED 1848. 863 Chestnut St. Philadelphia, Pa. TO DENVER: We will buy your Gold, Silver, Gold Scrap, and Platinum. Highest prices paid.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

All of the land owners within the Broad Creek Drainage District, and all parties to the proceeding entitled "J. A. Wilkinson and others vs. W. B. Rodman and others, whose lands are classified and assessed therein are hereby notified that an election will be held at Acre Station on the 29th day of October, 1912, for three persons to be appointed as the Board of Drainage Commissioners of said District, pursuant to the decree this day made in said proceeding. Said election will be conducted under the supervision of Rev. Thos. Green and the three persons receiving the highest vote will be entitled to appointment as such commissioners. The voting box will open at 9 a. m. and close at 4 p. m. on the day of election.

This October 7th, 1912.
GEO. A. PAUL,
Clerk Superior Court.
19-18-3wo

Cure for Scoring.
The invention of a 1001 steel bar is held against the upper lip by slings to prevent persons from scoring. It is announced in the patent office, but many persons are convinced that a crooked driver defies the law, the crooked is the only permanent cure.

Japan Fosters Home Industries.
The Japanese are making great strides in the woolen industry, and by importing the latest modern machinery are striving to manufacture all classes of woolen goods that are marketed in Japan.

Freckled Girls

It is an absolute fact that one 50 cent jar of WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM will remove your freckles or even them to fade and that two jars will give the most severe cases completely cured. We are willing to personally guarantee this and to return your money without argument if your complexion is not fully restored to its natural beauty. WILSON'S FRECKLE CREAM is fine, fragrant and absolutely harmless. Will not make hair grow but will gradually remove TAN, PIMPLES and FRECKLES. Come in today and try it. The jars are large and results absolutely certain. Sent by mail if desired. Price 50c. Manufactured by H. O. WILSON'S FINE SKIN SOAP ETC. For sale by HARDY DRUG STORE

LYRIC THEATRE

Today.

VAUDEVILLE

"The Billie Lancelles"

Singing Talking and Dancing.

Motion Pictures

THE RANGERS REWARD.

Lubin Comedy.

A POLITICAL KIDNAPPING.

Kalem Drama.

THE ESCAPE FROM BONDAGE.

Edison Drama.

MATINEE SATURDAY

3 to 5 P. M.

NURSES FREE

Admission --- 5c. & 10c

OPEN FROM 7:30 to 11:30 P. M.
The Ad is Charged Daily.
SUBSCRIBE TO DAILY NEWS.

Ladies Tailored Coat Suits

Big Assortment Just Received, in the Newest Colorings and the Latest Styles

J. K. HOYT, Washington's Greatest Store.