

THE WEATHER: Local Showers Tonight and Friday.

## DANIELS' PLAN FOR THE NAVY YARDS

HOPES TO EQUIP THEM ALL FOR CONSTRUCTION OF BATTLESHIPS.

### WILL DISCUSS MATTER WITH CONGRESS

Washington, July 10.—Following a long conference with the division heads and commanders of the Atlantic coast yards Mr. Daniels announced that he will urge Congress to build a plant at every active yard for the construction of battleships.

Secretary Daniels' plan is as follows:—

—Perhaps the most important matter taken up at the conference between the navy yard commanders and myself was the proposed plan of extending the usefulness of our navy yards by equipping them to build naval vessels of all types.

"I do not mean by this that we had in mind the possibility of the government making all its own naval vessels. We shall continue to let come of them out to private concerns, but it is my idea that our yards should be so arranged that each one of them could build a vessel of some type.

"For instance, the big yards like Brooklyn, Norfolk, Boston and Mare Island would be building the battleships. The smaller yards would be able to build destroyers, or gunboats, or collars, or tenders. Each one of them should be a plant capable of doing some class of construction work.

"To this end I shall ask Congress for an appropriation to so equip our navy yards. I will not ask for money at this time for the erection of buildings or the purchase of more land or even the building of more docks. I shall ask for money to build construction plants instead of enlarging repair plants.

"If our yards were so arranged that we could build our ships, we would thereby guarantee competition in the construction of private plants of such vessels. Otherwise, I am afraid there will be no such competition. We will have a situation very much resembling that in the construction of armor plate.

"And if the government should go into the business of ship building on a larger scale than at present I should expect each of the yards to compete with each other. I should, for instance, expect Brooklyn to compete with Norfolk in the construction of our bigger vessels, and compete in efficiency, in time and in cost."

The Secretary was enthusiastic over the idea of enlarging the naval stations and is now working out the details of his plans before making his recommendations to Congress.

### ALABAMA LAWYERS IN SESSION.

Mobile, Ala., July 11.—The thirty-sixth annual meeting of the Alabama State Bar Association began here today. A discussion of law reforms and election of officers constitute the main business.

### JULY 11 IN HISTORY.

1848—Blackrock taken by the British.

1853—Earthquake destroyed the city of Teheran, the capital of Persia, with a population of 50,000.

1854—New planet discovered by the astronomer Hind, from the observatory at Regent's Park, London.

1864—Confederate forces took possession of telegraph lines at Magnolia, Md., and temporarily shut off communication with Washington.

1863—Battle of Alexandria, during Arab's rebellion.

1884—Grover Cleveland and Thomas Hendricks nominated for the presidency and vice-presidency by the Democrats.

1904—Porfirio Diaz elected president of Mexico.

1913—Protest of Great Britain against the toll provision of the Panama Canal bill was presented to the Senate.

### PROGRESSIVES CELEBRATE.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 11.—Proud and Progressive from several of the States where the movement has gained the strongest foothold are here today participating in the celebration of the first anniversary of the formation of the party. Many prominent men and women will tell about the work that has been accomplished by the Progressives in different States. Among the speakers listed are Col. Roosevelt and Miss Jane Addams.

## AUTOMOBILISTS MAKE 635 MILES IN THREE DAYS

REV. L. B. BRIDGERS AND DR. J. T. NICHOLSON, JR., ARRIVED HERE YESTERDAY FROM GEORGIA.

### MEET WITH NO ACCIDENT

PASSED THROUGH SPARTANBURG, BURLINGTON AND HOGGOD.

Rev. Luther B. Bridgers and Dr. J. T. Nicholson, Jr. of Bath yesterday completed a 936 automobile trip, which took them about three days.

They left Gainesville, Ga., at 9:30 a. m. Monday, July 7th. They arrived at Spartanburg, S. C., 103 miles distant, at 8 o'clock in the evening the same day. They spent the night in Spartanburg and left there at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning.

They reached Burlington, N. C., 215 miles from Spartanburg at 8:30 p. m. Leaving Burlington the following morning, they arrived at Hoggood at 8:30 p. m., covering 135 miles in the day's run. They left Hoggood yesterday morning and arrived at Washington at 11 a. m. This run was of about 55 miles. They arrived safely at Bath at 12:30 p. m. yesterday.

They had practically no trouble with their machine and made the trip without accident of any sort.

## IS APPOINTED COLLECTOR

J. F. FLYNN APPOINTED DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTOR BY BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

J. F. Flynn has been appointed delinquent tax collector by the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Flynn started on his work this week and is making fair headway in collecting overdue taxes for the years of 1911 and 1912.

### MUST REMAIN IN SANITARIUM.

Asheville, N. C., July 10.—Henry Clay Ward, the multimillionaire of Pontiac, Mich., who has figured as the principal in habeas corpus proceedings seeking release from a local sanitarium for the insane, where he was placed last week on representations made by his wife, must remain at the institution indefinitely, according to an order made by Judge Frank Carter in the Superior Court today. This means that Mr. Ward will not go back to Michigan on July 12 as was planned.

### NEGROES SHOULD BUY LAND IN COMMUNITIES TO THEMSELVES.

Present Conditions, It Is Declared, "Give the Negro a Flagrant Unfair Advantage for Driving White People Off the Farms and Taking the Rural South for Himself."

Raleigh, N. C., July 11.—Chairman Clarence Poe announces that the program committee of the National Farmers' Union has asked local unions at their next meetings to discuss the problem of segregating the races in the South's rural districts as is already the policy in the towns. It is asserted that thousands of white farmers are being driven from their homes by the growing number of negro farmers around them and the consequent lack of adequate white social life. The hope is to develop a public sentiment which will require negroes to buy land in communities to themselves instead of breaking up white communities by indiscriminately sandwiching white

## MAYOR F. C. KUGLER WRITES REGARDING VARIOUS CONDITIONS IN THE CITY

### Explains Condition of City Jail and Tells Plans to Remedy Situation

### Also Writes Regarding Drainage in The City And Keeping Streets in Repair.

To the Editor of the Washington Daily News.

Dear Sir:—

I noticed in your paper of July 10 your editorial on the condition of the city jail.

I am pleased that you have made some comment upon the condition of the cells under the city building as it gives me a privilege to make this explanation.

However, I would say in the beginning that the cell in which you have reference is in the back part of the building and has not been used as a cell to incarcerate anyone in for years, so I have been informed.

I thoroughly agree with you that the quarters for prisoners are not of the best and am satisfied could be improved upon without making them beds of ease.

For your information and the information of the public generally, I would like to say that for some time we have had under consideration the construction of an annex on the back of the City Hall to be made of brick (being in the fire district) for the more adequate quarters for the many different departments of the city.

If you or any of the citizens of the city will take a few minutes of your spare time to investigate the conditions in the rear of the City Hall you will easily be convinced of the necessity of having this work done. In fact, I am satisfied that if there were other property than that belonging to the city they would wish it condemned as dangerous and hazardous.

Plans and specifications have been drawn for this annex and bids have been asked for same and we are pushing it along as rapidly as possible. However, I wish to say in behalf of the board, and in behalf of all our citizens that wish public improvements, especially where they are necessary, that it is quite an uphill proposition to the board where the revenues are barely enough to keep up the absolute expenditures.

This as you will easily see will necessitate the borrowing of funds to do this work and will throw us in debt to this extent, but we believe it will be necessary to do something with the old dilapidated building that now stands there, besides giving us a place to put many of the different implements that belong to the city that are now standing in the sun and rain causing a great many of them to go to ruin.

While I am writing this I wish to also state to the citizens through you

that we are making every effort to have the streets of the city put in the best possible condition we can with the means we have at hand.

We have been delayed somewhat in reroading the streets on account of being unable to procure the proper teams. For some weeks past we have endeavored to get teams to do this, it taking four horses or mules to handle the scraper. Owing to the recent heavy rains we have been compelled to delay the street scraping until Mr. Hodges could get the grass out of his crops as we had agreed with him to get teams. Again, we have been delayed on the general cleaning up of the streets on account of these heavy rains as many of the sewers were stopped and our street force was compelled to attend to these.

This again brings up the matter of drainage of the town ditch and general drainage of the town.

The drainage matter is a serious one to Washington, and no doubt has been a serious matter for many years, much longer than the writer can remember.

We have men in this ditch at the present time, doing all they can to clean it out as much as possible.

There is such little natural elevation or fall to it that it is impossible to be very successful in this way. With such rains as we had a week or so ago it is impossible to get the water off. This fact all the citizens know that have had any experience along this line. It is the opinion of the writer it will be quite expensive to have the town properly drained, but would in the end be worth thousands of dollars to the city as well as increase the healthful conditions far beyond any cost that might be attached to having the city properly drained.

As one of our prominent citizens stated "The old fellow that layed out the town put it in the wrong place," hence it is more expensive to us to have these healthful conditions than those living in a more natural drainage district. But we never forget that Washington also has its advantages and with these advantages I am satisfied that our people will continue to be wide awake to have what we are justly entitled to. To do this it takes some sacrifice and much co-operation of all our people. Let's keep moving forward for better things and more healthful surroundings.

Very truly yours,  
FRANK C. KUGLER,  
Mayor.

## POPULAR TALKS ON LAW

### THE RIGHT OF SELF DEFENSE

By Walter K. Towers, A. B., J. D., of the Michigan Bar.

John Rice fell into a dispute with Loren Devlin which rose to a point where Rice rushed upon Devlin and struck at him, though he failed to touch him. Thus assaulted Devlin took vigorous action and proceeded to pound Rice into a state of insensibility. The public prosecutor proceeded against Devlin in a criminal action for assault and battery, and he was found guilty and fined. Rice also sued Devlin in a civil action for assault and battery and recovered damages. Devlin claimed that he had acted only in self defense.

While there is a right of self defense recognized by law it is not broad enough to cover an action such as Devlin's. One whose person is assaulted may defend himself; but in defending himself he may not use more force than is reasonably necessary under the circumstances. If you are assaulted you may strike back, but you may not strike back more vigorously than is necessary to defend your person from the threatened attack. In this case Devlin was justified in resisting Rice. Rice having been resisted, and having consented to attack, however, Devlin was

not justified in continuing further. In doing so he became the assailant, and his further action was a new assault and battery for which he was liable both in a civil suit for damages and in a criminal action. The law does not require that the vigor of the defense be absolutely adjusted to the vigor of the attack, since it recognizes that this is not always possible of accurate determination. It is required, however, that the defender do not step beyond the bounds of reason in his acts of defense.

As the New York Court has remarked: "Self defense is a primary law of nature, and it is an excuse for breaches of the peace, and even for homicide itself. But care must be taken that the resistance does not exceed the bounds of mere defense, protection, or recovery, so as to become vindictive; for then the defender would himself become the aggressor. The force used must not exceed the necessity of the case."

To justify the use of force on the ground that it was in self defense there must have been an actual attempt to offer bodily harm. The at-

(Continued on Page Three.)

### LICENSES TAXES DUE.

The specific and license taxes levied by the Board of Aldermen were due in June and those who have not paid same will take notice that unless it is paid at once we will be forced to collect as provided by law.

GEO. N. HOWARD,  
Specific License Tax Collector.  
7-11-10tc

## JACK JOHNSON WILL RETURN NO MORE

### IS NOW IN FRANCE AND INTENDS TO MAKE THAT COUNTRY HIS HOME IN FUTURE.

Paris, France, July 11.—Jack Johnson, the colored pugilist arrived here yesterday on board the Corinthian and immediately upon landing announced his determination never to return to the United States. He said he would in the future take up his residence in Paris.

### May Forfeit \$50,000 Bond.

Washington, July 11.—Jack Johnson's announcement that he would never return to the United States caused Department of Justice officials immediately to consider steps to bring about the forfeiture of his \$50,000 personal bond pending in Chicago for his appearance in connection with white slave indictments upon which he has not yet been tried.

Judge Carpenter a few days ago declined to declare the bond forfeited until it was clear that Johnson would not appear when wanted by the Department of Justice, it is said, will probably seek official confirmation of his announced purpose not to return, and present the matter again to Judge Carpenter.

Government attorneys expressed no regret over the negro's announcement. A few days ago officials considered the advisability of asking France to deport him upon arrival, but it was decided to let the case take its usual course. Their view was that there could be no objection to his absence from the country, and if he should ever return the year's imprisonment sentence would always be enforceable, providing the Circuit Court of Appeals approved the verdict.

Jack Johnson may not find refuge in France, in the opinion of the State Department officials. They say that while probably there is no provision in the extradition treaty with France under which his surrender could be demanded, even without a formal appeal from this government, may deport Johnson, as like most European countries, France is understood to have laws prohibiting the immigration of a person convicted of crime in his own country.

### LYRIC THEATRE TODAY.

Rosen & Bowen opened at the Lyric last evening for a three days engagement, presenting eccentric act singing, talking and dancing.

The above mentioned artists provided a drawing card on the evening's program and handled their act in one of the most refined manner, which could be appreciated by an audience who enjoys a vaudeville act of a high degree.

Today's program at the Lyric offers these artist in an entire change from that given last evening, offering new songs and jokes. The motion picture program that appears on the evening's bill also is another feature that could be mentioned. The motion pictures this place of amusement has been exhibiting are very creditable and ones that are very much enjoyed.

The Lyric's main drawing card is that of the ventilating system that makes it cool and comfortable where you can spend the evening in solid comfort.

### Here's Real Adventure.

New York Expedition to a New Treasure Island. The Captain says that tons of gold bars, bullion, gold plate and plenty of diamonds are hidden there. He, himself, handled them. \* \* \* This is but one of the many features of next Sunday's New York World. Get the big 24-page magazine and separate Fun Book. Both given free.

MEN'S CLOTHING 1-4 OFF AT J. K. Hoyt's.

## TOBACCO MEN PRESENT THEIR VIEWS.

BUYERS AND PLANTERS FROM VARIOUS PARTS OF COUNTRY TESTIFY.

### COMMISSION INQUIRES COST OF PRODUCTION

Washington, July 11.—The tobacco business by buyer and planters from various sections of the country were presented today to the Joint Tobacco Commission investigating the cost of producing tobacco and the influence of foreign governments upon the price in this country.

F. D. Williams, a buyer at Richmond, Va., testified as to prices paid for the Virginia product. He expressed the opinion that the raising of tobacco must yield some profit to the growers or they would not persist in raising it. He advocated diversified crops for farmers as distinguished from an exclusive tobacco crop.

Others before the committee were: P. E. Thomas, of Lynchburg, Va.; D. M. Gannaway, president of the farmers union of Virginia; A. B. Jarvis and Samuel V. Dixon, of Henderson, Ky.; Joseph H. Fulton, of Mt. Airy, N. C.; and A. B. Jenkins, of Cumberland, Va.

## FOUR CASES IN RECORDER'S COURT

ASSISTANT RECORDER LONG RENDERS JUDGMENT IN FOUR CASES.

Assistant Recorder Tom Long gave judgment in four cases in court this morning.

Rev. Askew was charged with allowing his horse to graze at large. He was found guilty. Judgment was suspended upon payment of costs.

A man thoughty was found guilty of the same charge. Similar sentence was imposed.

Alphonso was brought before the court, charged with speeding his automobile through the city. He pleaded guilty and was fined two dollars and costs of court.

James Whitefield, colored, was found guilty of beating his wife. He was fined sixty dollars. From this he appealed and was placed under a one hundred dollar justified bond.

### "Ad-Readers, Incorporated"

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III. Plan your yearly expenditure for the necessities, pleasures and recreations of this life with strict regard for what your newspaper tells you.

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